ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

SECTION EC

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Read Gi section, "HOW TO READ WIRING DIA	AGRAMS"	
• Read EL section, "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING		BR
When you perform trouble diagnoses, read GI		
TROUBLE DIAGNOSES" and "HOW TO PERFORI		(05Z
INCIDENT".		ST

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DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX

Alphabetical & P No. Index for DTC

ALPHABETICAL INDEX FOR DTC

li num m		Reference	
Items (CONSULT screen terms)	ECM*1	CONSULT GST*2	page
Unable to access ECCS		_	EC-86
*COOLAN T SEN/CIRC	P0125	0908	EC-149
ABSL PRES SEN/CIRC	P0105	0803	EC-119
AIR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0110	0401	EC-127
CAM POS SEN/CIR	P0340	0101	EC-249
CLOSED LOOP	P1148	0307	EC-334
CLOSED TP SW/CIRC	P0510	0203	EC-311
COOLANT T SEN/CIRC	P0115	0103	EC-133
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CPS/CIRCUIT (OBD)	P0335	0802	EC-244
CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0608	EC-235
CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0607	EC-235
CYL 3 MISFIRE	P0303	0606	EC-235
CYL 4 MISFIRE	P0304	0605	EC-235
ECM	P0605	0301	EC-316
EGR SYSTEM	P0400	0302	EC-255
EGR SYSTEM	P1402	0514	EC-359
EGR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P1401	0305	EC-353
EGRC SOLENOID/V	P1400	1005	EC-348
EGRC-BPT VALVE	P0402	0306	EC-263
EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	P1447	0111	EC-391
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P1440	0213	EC-366
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0440	0705	EC-272
EVAPO SYS PRES SEN	P0450	0704	EC-294
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0130	0303	EC-154
FR O2 SEN HEATER	P0135	0901	EC-186
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0133	0409	EC-173
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0132	0410	EC-167
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0131	0411	EC-161
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0134	0412	EC-181
FUEL SYS DIAG-LEAN	P0171	0115	EC-219
FUEL SYS DIAG-RICH	P0172	0114	EC-225
FUEL TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0180	0402	EC-231
IACV/AAC VLV/CIRC	P0505	0205	EC-304

u	DTC*5		Reference	
Items (CONSULT screen terms)	ECM*1	CONSULT GST*2	page	
IGN SIGNAL-PRIMARY	P1320	0201	EC-336	
INT/V TIMING CONT	P1110	0805	EC-326	
KNOCK SEN/CIRCUIT	P0325	0304	EC-240	
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT*3	P0100	0102	EC-110	
MAP/BAR SW SOL/CIR	P1105	1302	EC-318	
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0701	EC-235	
NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED	P0000	0505		
NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED	No DTC	Flashing*4	EC-54	
OVER HEAT	_	0208	EC-446	
P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	P1706	1003	EC-431	
PURG CONT/V & S/V	P1493	0312	EC-423	
PURG CONT/V S/V	P1492	0807	EC-417	
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P1444	0214	EC-378	
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0443	1008	EC-283	
REAR 02 SENSOR	P0138	0510	EC-197	
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0137	0511	EC-190	
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0140	0512	EC-210	
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0139	0707	EC-204	
RR O2 SEN HEATER	P0141	0902	EC-215	
THRTL POS SEN/CIRC*3	P0120	0403	EC-138	
TOR CONV CLTCH S/V	P1775	0904	EC-436	
TOR CONVICTOR S/V	P1776	0513	EC-441	
TW CATALYST SYSTEM	P0420	0702	EC-268	
VC CUT/V BYPASS/V	P1491	0311	EC-411	
VC/V BYPASS/V	P1490	0801	EC-406	
VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC	P0500	0104	EC-300	
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1446	0215	EC-386	
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1448	0309	EC-400	
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0446	0903	EC-289	

^{*1:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). These numbers are controlled by NISSAN.

^{*2:} These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.
*3: When the fail-safe operation occurs, the MIL illuminates.

^{*4:} While engine is running.
*5: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX

Alphabetical & P No. Index for DTC (Cont'd)

Reference

page EC-283

EC-289 EC-294 EC-300

EC-304 EC-311 EC-316

EC-318 EC-326

EC-334 EC-336 EC-343

EC-348 EC-353 EC-359

EC-366 EC-378 EC-386

EC-391 EC-400

EC-406 EC-411 EC-417

EC-423 EC-431 EC-436

EC-441 EC-446 GI

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P NO. INDEX FOR DTC

	DTC*	5		5.6		DTC*5			
	CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	Items (CONSULT screen terms)	Reference page	CONSU GST*:	i	ECM*1	Items (CONSULT screen terms)	
	_	_	Unable to access ECCS	EC-86	P044	3	1008	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	
	No DTC	Flash-	NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC	EC-54	P0446	6	0903	VENT CONTROL VALVE	
	NODIO	ing*4	FAILURE INDICATED	20-34	P0450	0	0704	EVAPO SYS PRES SEN	
	P0000	0505	NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED	_	P0500	0	0104	VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC	
	P0100	0102	MAF SEN/CIRCUIT*3	EC-110	P0508	5	0205	IACV/AAC VLV/CIRC	
	P0105	0803	ABSL PRES SEN/CIRC	EC-110	P0510	o	0203	CLOSED TP SW/CIRC	
	P0110	0401	AIR TEMP SEN/CIRC	EC-113	P0605	5	0301	ECM	
	P0115	0103	COOLANT T SEN/CIRC	EC-127	P1105	5	1302	MAP/BAR SW SOL/CIR	
	P0113	0403	THRTL POS SEN/CIRC*3	EC-133	P1110)	0805	INT/V TIMING CONT	ĺ
	P0125	0908	*COOLAN T SEN/CIRC	EC-138	P1148	3	0307	CLOSED LOOP	
	P0130	0303	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-149 EC-154	P1320)	0201	≀GN SIGNAL-PRIMARY	
		0303	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-154 EC-161	P1336	6	0905	CPS/CIRC (OBD) COG	
	P0131 P0132	0410		EC-161	P1400)	1005	EGRC SOLENOID/V	
	P0132	0409	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-167 EC-173	P1401	.	0305	EGR TEMP SEN/CIRC	
		0409	FRONT O2 SENSOR		P1402	2	0514	EGR SYSTEM	
	P0134		FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-181	P1440)	0213	EVAP SMALL LEAK	
	P0135	0901	FR O2 SEN HEATER	EC-186	P1444	ı	0214	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	
	P0137	0511	REAR O2 SENSOR	EC-190	P1446	;	0215	VENT CONTROL VALVE	
	P0138	0510	REAR O2 SENSOR	EC-197	P1447	,	0111	EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	
	P0139	0707	REAR O2 SENSOR	EC-204	P1448	3	0309	VENT CONTROL VALVE	
	P0140	0512	REAR O2 SENSOR	EC-210	P1490	.	0801	VC/V BYPASS/V	
	P0141	0902	RR O2 SEN HEATER	EC-215	P1491		0311	VC CUT/V BYPASS/V	ĺ
	P0171	0115	FUEL SYS DIAG-LEAN	EC-219	P1492	:	0807	PURG CONT/V S/V	
	P0172	0114	FUEL SYS DIAG-RICH	EC-225	P1493	.	0312	PURG CONT/V & S/V	
	P0180	0402	FUEL TEMP SEN/CIRC	EC-231	P1706		1003	P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	
	P0300	0701	MULTI CYL MISFIRE	EC-235	P1775		0904	TOR CONV CLTCH S/V	
	P0301	0608	CYL 1 MISFIRE	EC-235	P1776		0513	TOR CONV CLTCH S/V	İ
	P0302	0607	CYL 2 MISFIRE	EC-235	_	İ	0208	OVERHEAT	
	P0303	0606	CYL 3 MISFIRE	EC-235	*1: In Dia	anos	tic Test I	Mode II (Self-diagnostic	resi
	P0304	0605	CYL 4 MISFIRE	EC-235				e controlled by NISSAN.	103
	P0325	0304	KNOSK SEN/CIRCUIT	EC-240	*2: These	num	bers are	e prescribed by SAE J20	
	P0335	0802	CPS/CIRCUIT (OBD)	EC-244			ail-safe	operation occurs, the Mi	IL ill
	P0340	0101	CAM POS SEN/CIR	EC-249	nates. *4: While		e is run	nnina.	
	P0400	0302	EGR SYSTEM	EC-255				the same as DTC No.	
	P0402	0306	EGRC-BPT VALVE	EC-263	,				
	P0420	0702	TW CATALYST SYSTEM	EC-268					
	P0440	0705	EVAP SMALL LEAK	EC-272					
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PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

Special Service Tools

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description	
KV10117100 (J36471-A) Heated oxygen sensor wrench	NT379	Loosening or tightening front heated oxygen sensor with 22 mm (0.87 in) hexagon nut
KV10114400 (J-38365) Heated oxygen sensor wrench		Loosening or tightening rear heated oxygen sensor
	NT636	a: 22 mm (0.87 in)

Commercial Service Tools

Tool name	Description	
Fuel filler cap adapter		Checking fuel tank vacuum relief valve open- ing pressure
	NT653	
Leak detector (J41416)		Locating the EVAP leak.
	NT703	
EVAP service port adapter (J41413-OBD)		Applying positive pressure through EVAP service port.
	NT704	
Hose clipper (—)		Clamping the EVAP purge hose between the fuel tank and EVAP canister applied to DTC P1440 [EVAP control system (Smail leak — Positive pressure)].
	Approx. 20 mm (0.79 in)	
	NT720	

PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG"

The Supplemental Restraint System "AIR BAG", used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger in a frontal collision. The Supplemental Restraint System consists of air bag modules (located in the center of the steering wheel and in the instrument panel on the passenger side), a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the RS section of this Service Manual. **WARNING:**



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To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance should be performed by an authorized NISSAN dealer.

Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system.

LC

Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses are covered with yellow insulation either just before the harness connectors or on the complete harness, for easy identification.

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Precautions for On Board Diagnostic (OBD) System of Engine

The ECM has an on board diagnostic system. It will light up the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) to warn the driver of a malfunction causing emission deterioration.

MT

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Be sure to turn the ignition switch "OFF" and disconnect the negative battery terminal before any repair or inspection work. The open/short circuit of related switches, sensors, solenoid valves, etc. will cause the MIL to light up.

AT

Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after work. A loose (unlocked) connector will cause the MIL to light up due to the open circuit. (Be sure the connector is free from water, grease, dirt, bent terminals, etc.)

FA

Be sure to route and secure the harnesses properly after work. The interference of the harness with a bracket, etc. may cause the MIL to light up due to the short circuit.

Be sure to connect rubber tubes properly after work. A misconnected or disconnected rubber tube may cause the MIL to light up due to the malfunction of the EGR system or fuel injection system, etc.

Be sure to erase the unnecessary malfunction information (repairs completed) from the ECM before returning the vehicle to the customer.

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Engine Fuel & Emission Control System

ECM

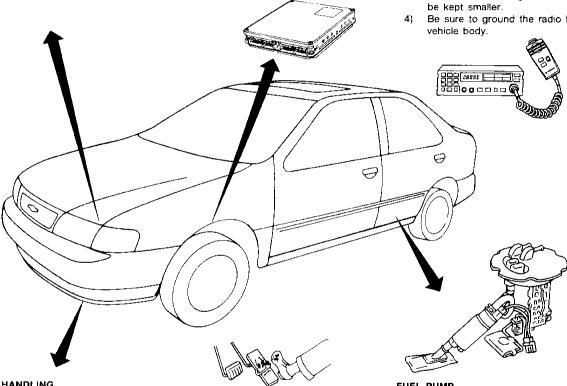
- Do not disassemble ECM (ECCS control module).
- Do not turn on-board diagnostic test mode selector forcibly.
- If a battery terminal is disconnected, the memory will return to the ECM value. The ECM will now start to self-control at its initial value. Engine operation can vary slightly when the terminal is disconnected. However, this is not an indication of a

Do not replace parts because of a slight

WIRELESS EQUIPMENT

- When installing C.B. ham radio or a mobile phone, be sure to observe the following as it may adversely affect electronic control systems depending on its installation location.
- Keep the antenna as far as possible away from the electronic control units.
- 2) Keep the antenna feeder line more the 20 cm (8 in) away from the harness of electronic controls. Do not let them run parallel for a long distance.
- Adjust the antenna and feeder line so that the standing-wave ratio can

Be sure to ground the radio to



ECCS PARTS HANDLING

BATTERY

power source.

running.

Always use a 12 volt battery as

Do not attempt to disconnect

battery cables while engine is

- Handle mass air flow sensor carefully to avoid damage.
- Do not disassemble mass air flow sensor.
- Do not clean mass air flow sensor with any type of detergent.
- Do not disassemble IAC valve-AAC valve.
- Even a slight leak in the air intake system can cause serious problems.
- Do not shock or jar the camshaft position sensor.

WHEN STARTING

- Do not depress accelerator pedal when starting.
- Immediately after starting, do not rev up engine unnecessarily.
- Do not rev up engine just prior to shutdown

FUEL PUMP

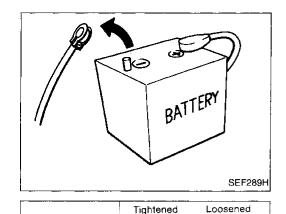
- Do not operate fuel pump when there is no fuel in lines.
- Tighten fuel hose clamps to the specified torque.

ECM HARNESS HANDLING

- Securely connect ECM harness connectors.
 - A poor connection can cause an extremely high (surge) voltage to develop in coil and condenser, thus resulting in damage to ICs.
- Keep ECM harness at least 10 cm (4 in) away from adjacent harnesses, to prevent an ECM system malfunction due to receiving external noise, degraded operation of ICs, etc.
- Keep ECM parts and harnesses dry.
- Before removing parts, turn off ignition switch and then disconnect battery ground cable.

AEC802

PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION



Indicator

SEF308Q

SEF291H

MEF040D

Precautions

Before connecting or disconnecting the ECM harness connector, turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect negative battery terminal. Failure to do so may damage the ECM because battery voltage is applied to ECM even if ignition switch is turned off.

MA

When connecting ECM harness connector, tighten securing bolt until the gap between orange indicators disappears.

LC

■: 3.0 - 5.0 N·m (0.3 - 0.5 kg-m, 26 - 43 in-lb)

EC

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When connecting or disconnecting pin connectors into or from ECM, take care not to damage pin terminals (bend or break).

AT

Make sure that there are not any bends or breaks on ECM pin terminals, when connecting pin connectors.

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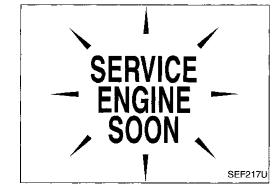
Before replacing ECM, perform Terminals and Reference Value inspection and make sure ECM functions properly. Refer to EC-95.

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Perform ECM in-

replacement.

put/output signal) inspection before

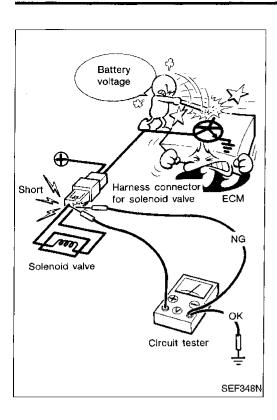
OLD ONE

Rend

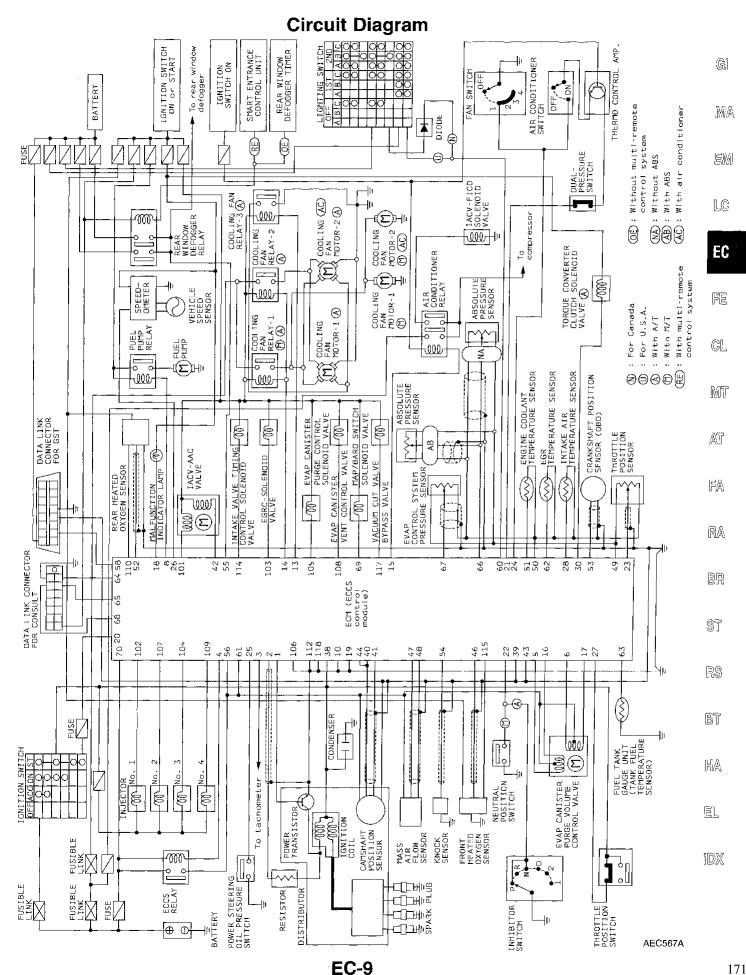
After performing each TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS, perform "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" or "DTC (Diagnostic Trouble Code) CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE". The DTC should not be displayed in the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" if the repair is completed. The "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" should be a good result if the repair is completed.

PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

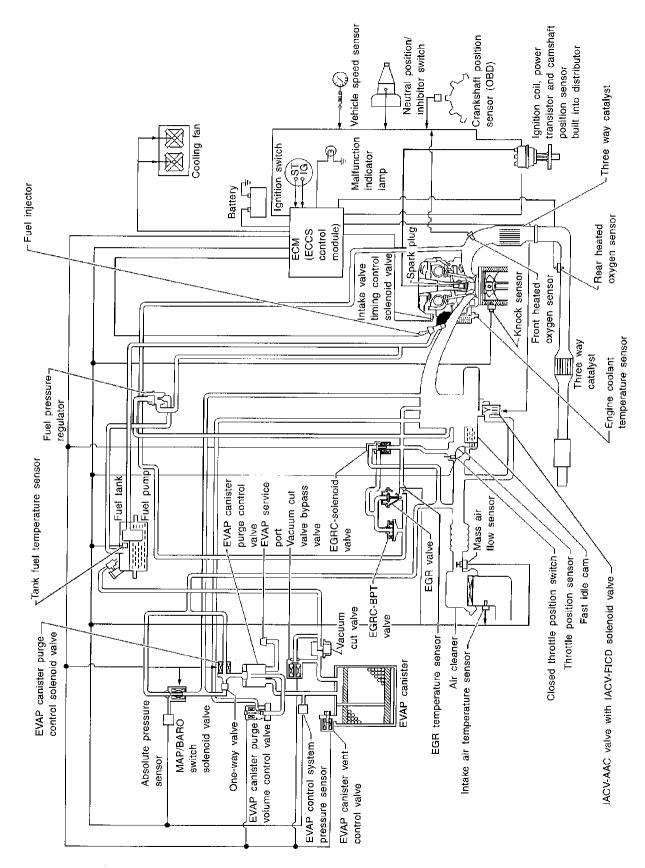
Precautions (Cont'd)



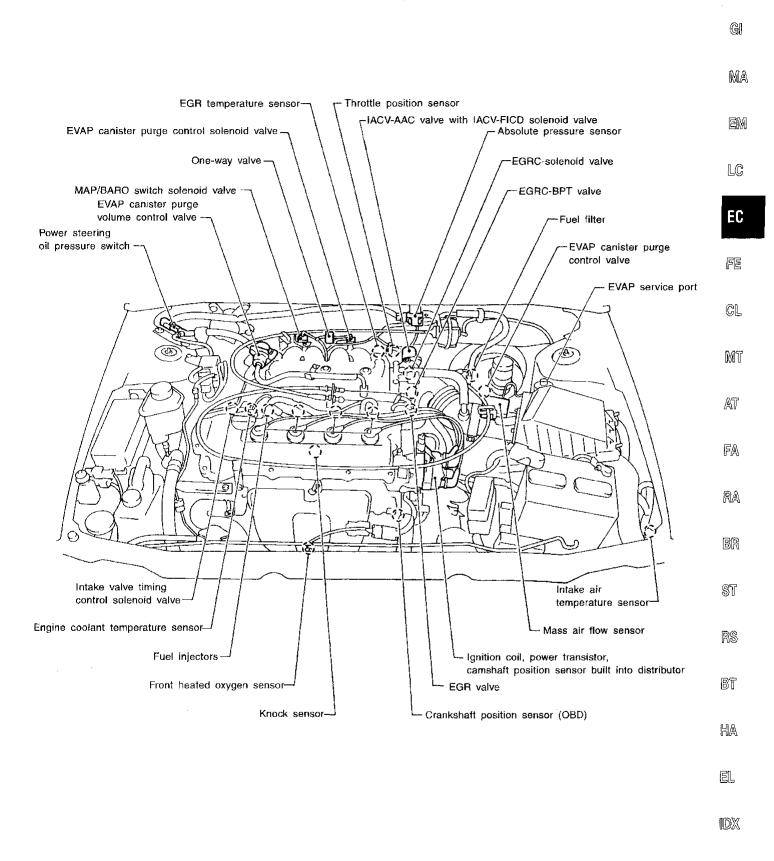
 When measuring ECM signals with a circuit tester, never allow the two tester probes to contact each other.
 Accidental contact of probes will cause a short circuit and damage the ECM power transistor.



System Diagram

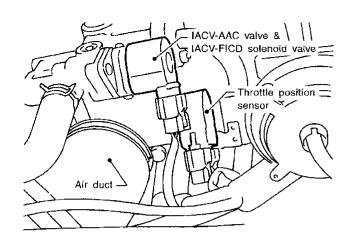


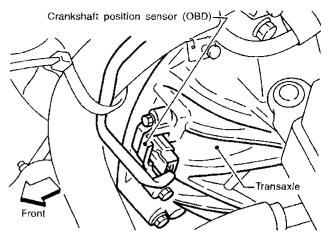
ECCS Component Parts Location

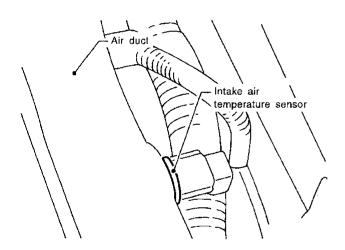


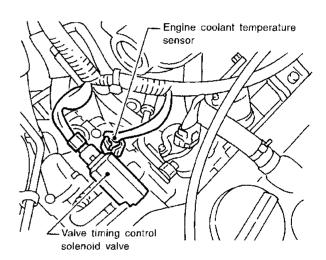
ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL OVERALL SYSTEM

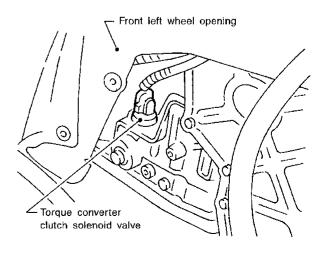
ECCS Component Parts Location (Cont'd)











ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL OVERALL SYSTEM

ECCS Component Parts Location (Cont'd)

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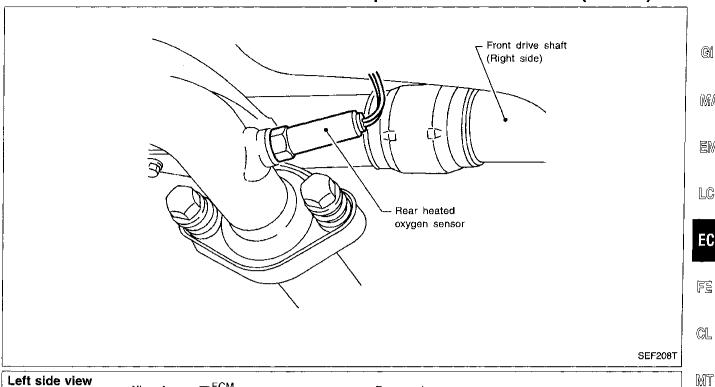
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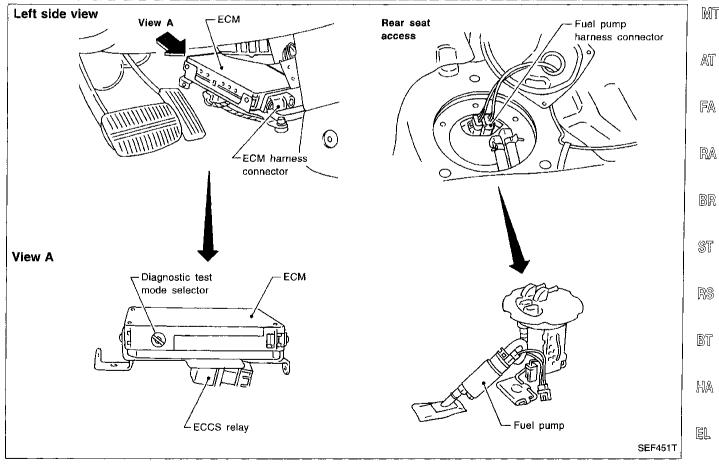
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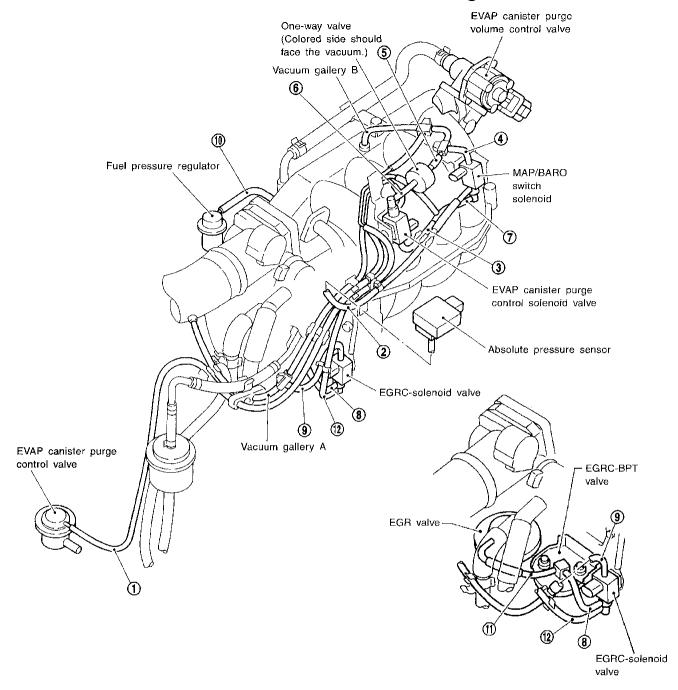
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Vacuum Hose Drawing



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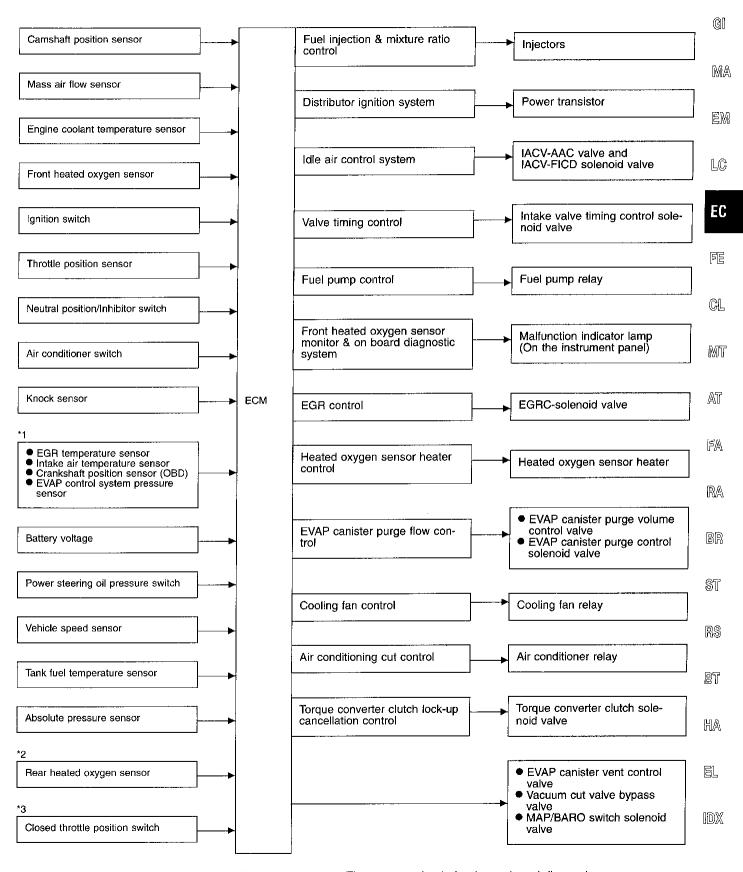
- EVAP canister purge control valve to EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve
- Absolute pressure sensor to MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve
- ③ EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve to Vacuum gallery A
- 4 MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve to Vacuum gallery B
- One-way valve to Vacuum gallery B
- 6 One-way valve to EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve
- MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve to Vacuum gallery A
- (8) EGRC-solenoid valve to EGRC-BPT valve
- (9) EGRC-solenoid valve to Vacuum gallery A
- Fuel pressure regulator to Intake manifold collector
- (1) EGR valve to EGRC-BPT valve
- (12) EGRC-solenoid valve to Vacuum gallery B

Refer to "System Diagram" in ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL OVERALL SYSTEM for vacuum control system.

Note: Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hoses or purge hoses.

ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL OVERALL SYSTEM

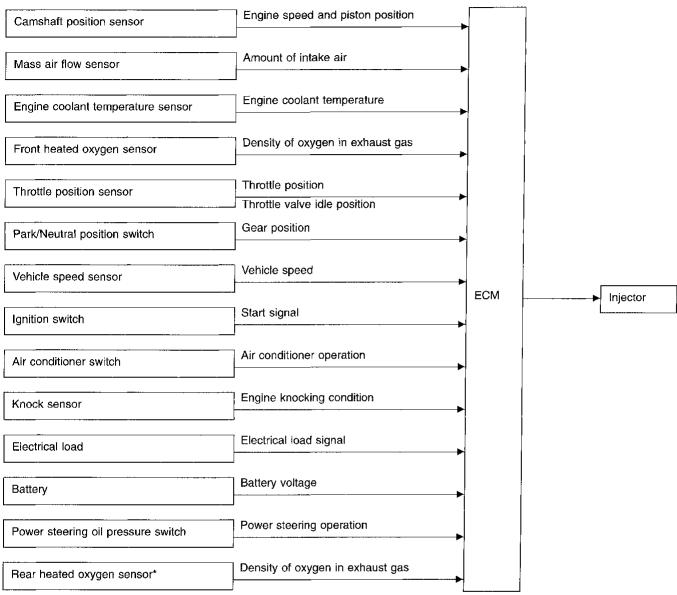
System Chart



- *1: These sensors are not used to control the engine system. They are used only for the on board diagnosis.
- *2: Under normal conditions, this sensor is not for engine control operation.
- *3: This switch will operate in place of the throttle position sensor to control EVAP parts if the sensor malfunctions.

Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System

INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



^{*} Under normal conditions, this sensor is not for engine control operation.

BASIC MULTIPORT FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM

The amount of fuel injected from the fuel injector is determined by the ECM. The ECM controls the length of time the valve remains open (injection pulse duration). The amount of fuel injected is a program value in the ECM memory. The program value is preset by engine operating conditions. These conditions are determined by input signals (for engine speed and intake air) from both the camshaft position sensor and the mass air flow sensor.

VARIOUS FUEL INJECTION INCREASE/DECREASE COMPENSATION

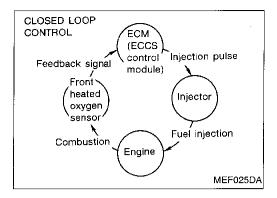
In addition, the amount of fuel injected is compensated to improve engine performance under various operating conditions as listed below.

<Fuel increase>

- During warm-up
- · When starting the engine
- During acceleration
- Hot-engine operation
- When selector lever is changed from "N" to "D" (A/T models only)
- · High-load, high-speed operation

<Fuel decrease>

- During deceleration
- During high engine speed operation



Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System (Cont'd) MIXTURE RATIO FEEDBACK CONTROL (CLOSED LOOP CONTROL)

The mixture ratio feedback system provides the best air-fuel mixture ratio for driveability and emission control. The three-way catalyst can then better reduce CO, HC and NOx emissions. This system uses a front heated oxygen sensor in the exhaust manifold to monitor if the engine operation is rich or lean. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse width according to the sensor voltage signal. For more information about the front heated oxygen sensor, refer to EC-154. This maintains the mixture ratio within the range of stoichiometric (ideal air-fuel mixture). This stage is referred to as the closed loop control condition. Rear heated oxygen sensor is located downstream of the three-way catalyst. Even if the switching characteristics of the

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OPEN LOOP CONTROL

The open loop system condition refers to when the ECM detects any of the following conditions. Feedback control stops in order to maintain stabilized fuel combustion.

heated oxygen sensor shift, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

- Deceleration and acceleration
- High-load, high-speed operation
- Malfunction of front heated oxygen sensor or its circuit
- Insufficient activation of front heated oxygen sensor at low engine coolant temperature
- High engine coolant temperature
- During warm-up
- When starting the engine

MIXTURE RATIO SELF-LEARNING CONTROL

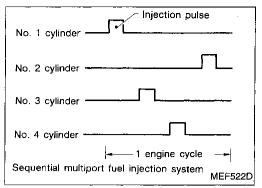
The mixture ratio feedback control system monitors the mixture ratio signal transmitted from the front heated oxygen sensor. This feedback signal is then sent to the ECM. The ECM controls the basic mixture ratio as close to the theoretical mixture ratio as possible. However, the basic mixture ratio is not necessarily controlled as originally designed. Both manufacturing differences (i.e., mass air flow sensor hot film) and characteristic changes during operation (i.e., injector clogging) directly affect mixture ratio. Accordingly, the difference between the basic and theoretical mixture ratios is monitored in this system. This is then computed in terms of "injection pulse duration" to automatically compensate for the difference between the two ratios.

"Fuel trim" refers to the feedback compensation value compared against the basic injection duration. Fuel trim includes short term fuel trim and long term fuel trim.

"Short term fuel trim" is the short-term fuel compensation used to maintain the mixture ratio at its theoretical value. The signal from the front heated oxygen sensor indicates whether the mixture ratio is RICH or LEAN compared to the theoretical value. The signal then triggers a reduction in fuel volume if the mixture ratio is rich, and an increase in fuel volume if it is lean.

"Long term fuel trim" is overall fuel compensation carried out long-term to compensate for continual deviation of the short term fuel trim from the central value. Such deviation will occur due to individual engine differences, wear over time and changes in the usage environment.

EC-17 179



No. 3 cylinder No. 1 cylinder No. 2 cylinder No. 3 cylinder No. 4 cylinder No. 4 cylinder No. 4 cylinder No. 5 cylinder No. 6 cylinder No. 6 cylinder No. 7 cylinder No. 8 cylinder No. 9 cylinder No. 1 cylinder

Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System (Cont'd) FUEL INJECTION TIMING

Two types of systems are used.

Sequential multiport fuel injection system

Fuel is injected into each cylinder during each engine cycle according to the firing order. This system is used when the engine is running.

Simultaneous multiport fuel injection system

Fuel is injected simultaneously into all four cylinders twice each engine cycle. In other words, pulse signals of the same width are simultaneously transmitted from the ECM.

The four injectors will then receive the signals two times for each engine cycle.

This system is used when the engine is being started and/or if the fail-safe system (CPU) is operating.

FUEL SHUT-OFF

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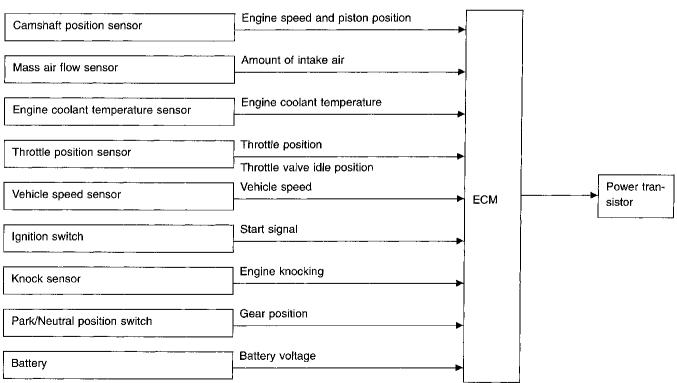
Fuel to each cylinder is cut off during deceleration or operation of the engine at excessively high speeds.

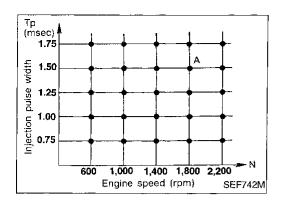
Distributor Ignition (DI) System

INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE

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Simultaneous multiport fuel injection system





Distributor Ignition (DI) System (Cont'd) SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The ignition timing is controlled by the ECM to maintain the best air-fuel ratio for every running condition of the engine.

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The ignition timing data is stored in the ECM. This data forms the map shown.

The ECM receives information such as the injection pulse width and camshaft position sensor signal. Computing this information, ignition signals are transmitted to the power transistor.

e.g., N: 1,800 rpm, Tp: 1.50 msec A°BTDC

During the following conditions, the ignition timing is revised by the ECM according to the other data stored in the ECM.

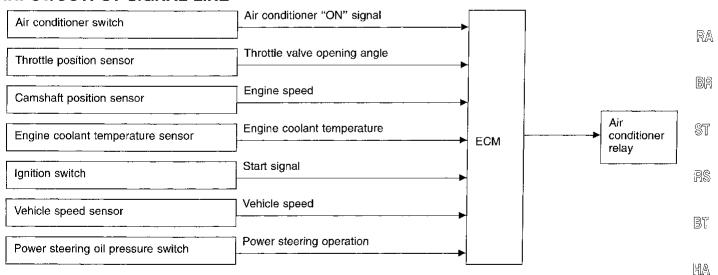
- At starting
- During warm-up
- At idle
- At low battery voltage
- During acceleration

The knock sensor retard system is designed only for emergencies. The basic ignition timing is programmed within the anti-knocking zone, if recommended fuel is used under dry conditions. The retard system does not operate under normal driving conditions.

If engine knocking occurs, the knock sensor monitors the condition. The signal is transmitted to the ECM. The ECM retards the ignition timing to eliminate the knocking condition.

Air Conditioning Cut Control

INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

This system improves engine operation when the air conditioner is used.

Under the following conditions, the air conditioner is turned off.

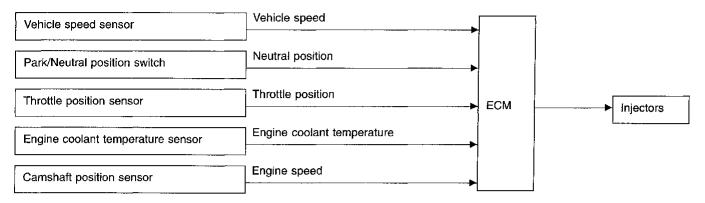
- When the accelerator pedal is fully depressed.
- When cranking the engine.
- At high engine speeds.

- When the engine coolant temperature becomes excessively high.
- When operating power steering during low engine speed or low vehicle speed.
- When engine speed is excessively low.

EC-19 181

Fuel Cut Control (at no load & high engine speed)

INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



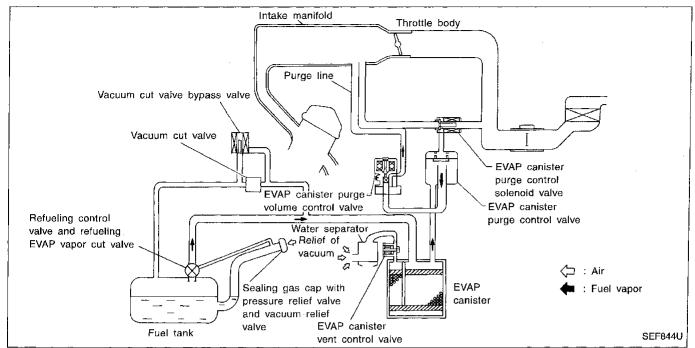
If the engine speed is above 4,000 rpm with no load, (for example, in neutral and engine speed over 4,000 rpm) fuel will be cut off after some time. The exact time when the fuel is cut off varies based on engine speed.

Fuel cut will operate until the engine speed reaches 2,000 rpm, then fuel cut is cancelled.

NOTE:

This function is different from deceleration control listed under "Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System", EC-16.

Description

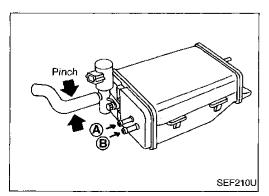


The evaporative emission system is used to reduce hydrocarbons emitted into the atmosphere from the fuel system. This reduction of hydrocarbons is accomplished by activated charcoals in the EVAP canister.

The fuel vapor in the sealed fuel tank is led into the EVAP canister which contains activated carbon and the vapor is stored there when the engine is not operating or when refueling to the fuel tank.

The vapor in the EVAP canister is purged by the air through the purge line to the intake manifold when the engine is operating. EVAP canister purge volume control valve is controlled by ECM. When the engine operates, the flow rate of vapor controlled by EVAP canister purge volume control valve is proportionally regulated as the air flow increases.

EVAP canister purge control valve also shuts off the vapor purge line during decelerating and idling.



Inspection

EVAP CANISTER

Check EVAP canister as follows:

- 1. Pinch the fresh air hose.
- 2. Blow air into port (A) and check that air flows freely through port (B).

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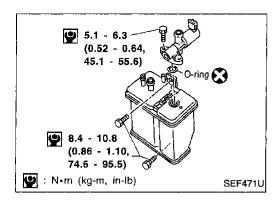
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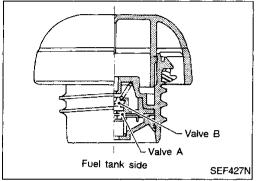
EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

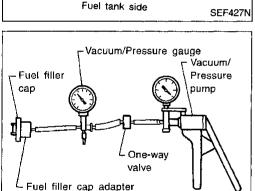


Inspection (Cont'd) TIGHTENING TORQUE

Tighten EVAP canister as shown in the figure.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly between EVAP canister and EVAP vent control valve.





FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (Built into fuel filler cap)

- 1. Wipe clean valve housing.
- Check valve opening pressure and vacuum.

Pressure:

16.0 - 20.0 kPa (0.163 - 0.204 kg/cm², 2.32 - 2.90 psi)

Vacuum:

-6.0 to -3.5 kPa (-0.061 to -0.036 kg/cm², -0.87 to -0.51 psi)

3. If out of specification, replace fuel filler cap as an assembly. **CAUTION:**

Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION (EVAP) CANISTER PURGE CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-423.

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VACUUM CUT VALVE AND VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE

Refer to EC-411.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION (EVAP) CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-378.

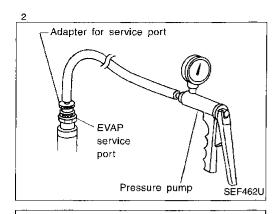
EVAPORATIVE EMISSION (EVAP) CANISTER PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-423.

TANK FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-231.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM



Inspection (Cont'd) EVAP SERVICE PORT

Positive pressure is delivered to the EVAP system through the evaporator service port. If fuel vapor leakage in the EVAP system occurs, use a leak detector to locate the leak.

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EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE APPLY PRESSURE TO EVAP SYSTEM FROM SERVICE PORT USING HAND PUMP WITH PRESSURE GAUGE AT NEXT SCREEN.

NEVER USE COMPRESSED AIR OR HIGH PRESSURE PUMP!

DO NOT START ENGINE.

TOUCH START.

How to detect fuel vapor leakage CAUTION:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not start engine.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in EVAP system.

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NOTE:

Improper installation of adapter to the service port may cause a leak.

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- Attach the adapter securely to the EVAP SERVICE port.
- 2. Also attach the pressure pump and hose.

Turn ignition switch "ON".

Select the "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT MODE" with CONSULT.

Touch "START". A bar graph (Pressure indicating dis-

play) will appear on the screen.

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- Apply positive pressure to the EVAP system until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.
- 7. Remove adapter and hose with pressure pump.



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 Attach the adapter securely to the EVAP service port and pressure pump with pressure gauge to the EVAP service port.

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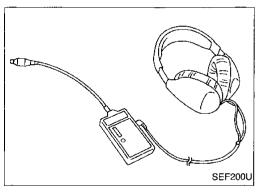
- Apply battery voltage to between the terminals of both EVAP canister vent control valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve to make a closed EVAP system.
 - the 🖭
- To locate the leak, deliver positive pressure to the EVAP system until pressure gauge points reach 1.38
 2.76 kPa (0.014 0.028 kg/cm², 0.2 0.4 psi).

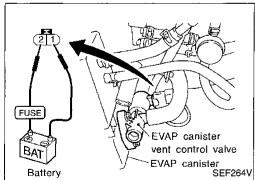
Remove adapter and hose with pressure pump.

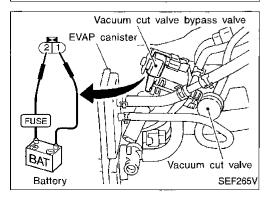
5. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", on next page.

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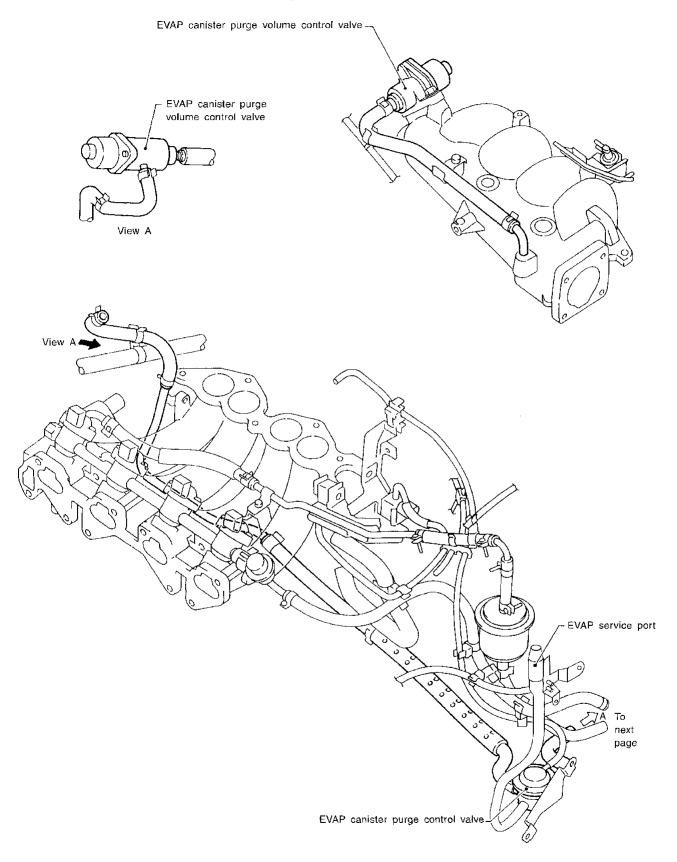






EC-23 185

Evaporative Emission Line Drawing

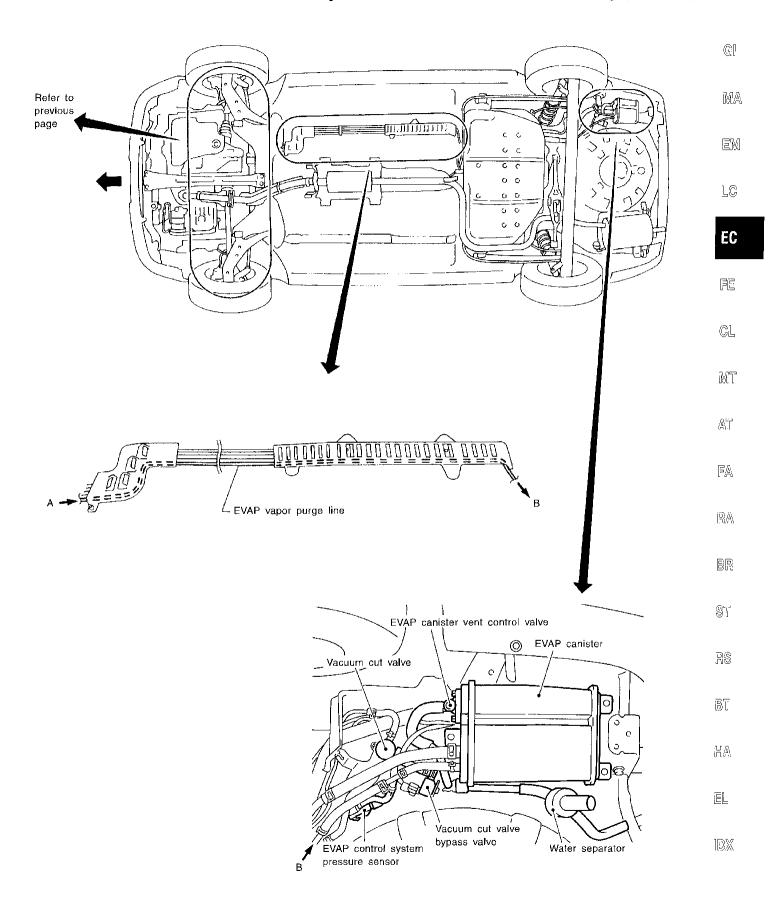


Note: Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hoses or purge hoses.

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EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

Evaporative Emission Line Drawing (Cont'd)

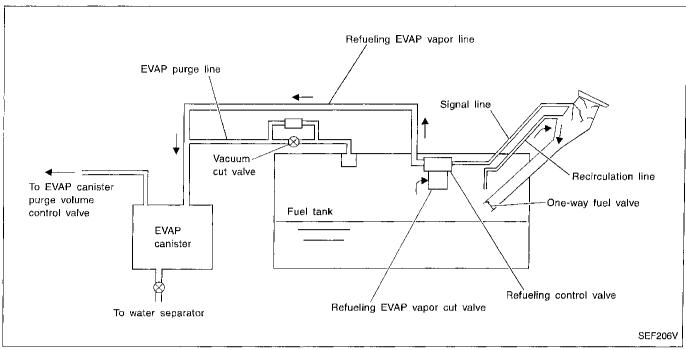


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On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR)

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



From the beginning of refueling, the fuel tank pressure goes up. When the pressure reaches the setting value of the refueling control valve (RCV) opening pressure, the RCV is opened. After RCV opens, the air and vapor inside the fuel tank go through refueling EVAP vapor cut valve, RCV and refueling vapor line to the EVAP canister. The vapor is absorbed by the EVAP canister and the air is released to the atmosphere.

When the refueling has reached the full level of the fuel tank, the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve is closed and refueling is stopped because of auto shut-off. The vapor which was absorbed by the EVAP canister is purged during driving.

The RCV is always closed during driving and the evaporative emission control system is operated the same as conventional system.

WARNING:

When conducting inspections below, be sure to observe the following:

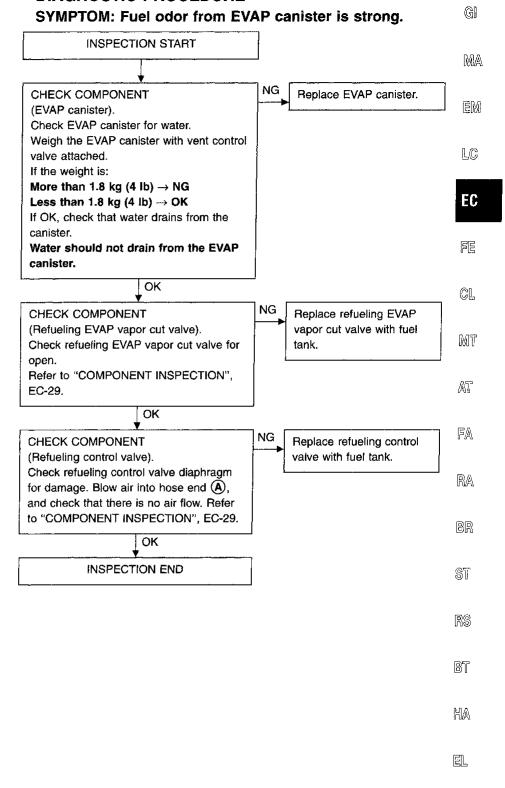
- Put a "CAUTION: INFLAMMABLE" sign in workshop.
- Do not smoke while servicing fuel system. Keep open flames and sparks away from work area.
- Be sure to furnish the workshop with a CO₂ fire extinguisher.

CAUTION:

- Before removing fuel line parts, carry out the following procedures:
- a. Put drained fuel in an explosion-proof container and put lid on securely.
- b. Release fuel pressure from fuel line. Refer to "Fuel Pressure Release".
- c. Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Always replace O-ring when the fuel gauge retainer is removed.
- Do not kink or twist hose and tube when they are installed.
- Do not tighten hose and clamps excessively to avoid damaging hoses.
- After installation, run engine and check for fuel leaks at connection.

On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

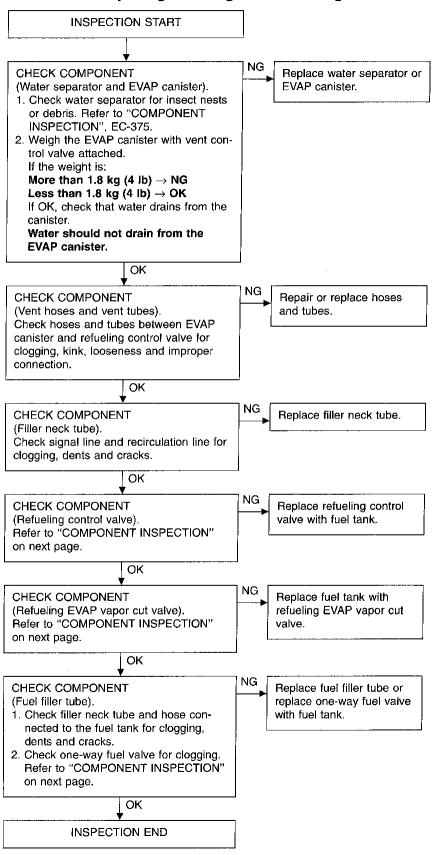


EC-27 189

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On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR) (Cont'd)

SYMPTOM: Cannot refuel/Fuel odor from the fuel filler opening is strong while refueling.



EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR) (Cont'd)

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COMPONENT INSPECTION

Refueling control valve

Check refueling control valve as follows:

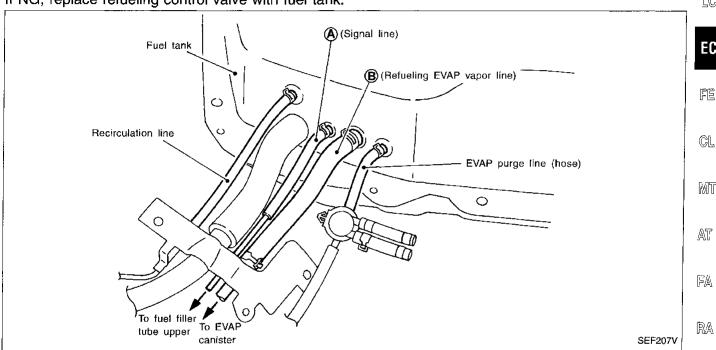
1. Remove fuel filler cap.

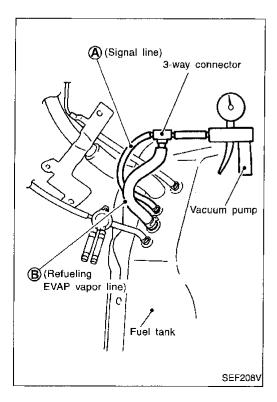
2. Check air continuity between hose ends (A) and (B). Blow air into the hose end (B). Air should flow freely into the fuel tank.

3. Blow air into hose end (A) and check there is no leakage.

4. Apply pressure to both hose ends (A) and (B) [20 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg)] using a pressure pump and a suitable 3-way connector. And check there is no leakage.

If NG, replace refueling control valve with fuel tank.





Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve

Remove fuel tank. Refer to "FUEL SYSTEM" in FE section. Drain fuel from the tank as follows:

a. Remove fuel feed hose located on the fuel gauge

retainer. b. Connect a spare fuel hose, one side to fuel gauge

retainer where the hose was removed and the other side to a fuel container.

c. Drain fuel using "FUEL PUMP RELAY" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

- OR Remove fuel gauge retainer.

 b. Drain fuel from the tank using a hand pump into a fuel container.

Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for stuck to close as

Blow air into the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve (from hose end (B)), and check that the air flows freely into the tank.

Check EVAP vapor cut valve for stuck to open as following.

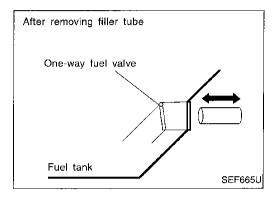
Connect vacuum pump to hose ends (A) and (B) using a suitable 3-way connector.

Remove fuel gauge retainer with fuel gauge unit.

On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR) (Cont'd)

Always replace O-ring with new one.

- c. Put fuel tank upside down.
- d. Apply vacuum pressure to both hose ends (A) and (B) [-13.3 kPa (-100 mmHg, -3.94 inHg)] with fuel gauge retainer remaining open and check that the pressure is applicable. If NG, replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.



One-way fuel valve

- Drain fuel from the tank.
 Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" of refueling EVAP vapor cut valve on previous page.
- 2. Remove fuel filler tube and hose.
- 3. Check one-way fuel valve for operation.
 When a stick is inserted, the valve should open; when removing stick, it should close.

Do not drop any material into the tank.

If NG, replace one-way fuel valve with fuel tank.

Description

This system returns blow-by gas to the intake collector.

The positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) valve is provided to conduct crankcase blow-by gas to the intake manifold.

During partial throttle operation of the engine, the intake manifold sucks the blow-by gas through the PCV valve.

Normally, the capacity of the valve is sufficient to handle any blow-by and a small amount of venti-

The ventilating air is then drawn from the air duct

into the crankcase. In this process the air passes through the hose connecting air inlet tubes to rocker cover.

Under full-throttle condition, the manifold vacuum is insufficient to draw the blow-by flow through the valve. The flow goes through the hose connection in the reverse direction.

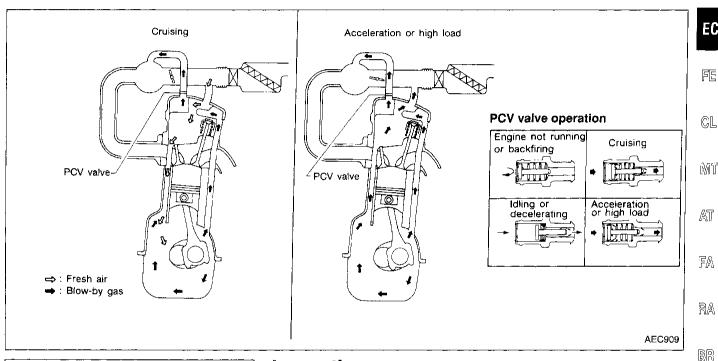
On vehicles with an excessively high blow-by, the valve does not meet the requirement. This is because some of the flow will go through the hose connection to the intake collector under all condiG

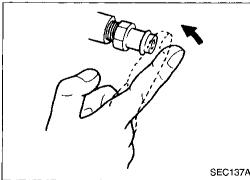
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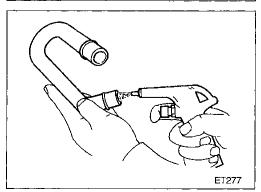
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Inspection

PCV (Positive Crankcase Ventilation) VALVE

With engine running at idle, remove PCV valve from breather separator. A properly working valve makes a hissing noise as air passes through it. A strong vacuum should be felt immediately when a finger is placed over the valve inlet.

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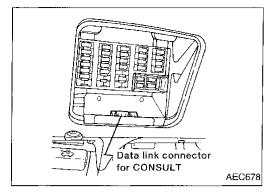
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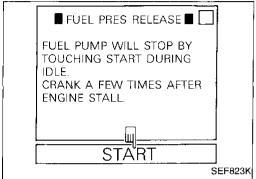
VENTILATION HOSE

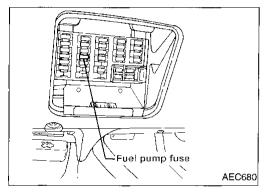
- Check hoses and hose connections for leaks.
- Disconnect all hoses and clean with compressed air. If any hose cannot be freed of obstructions, replace.

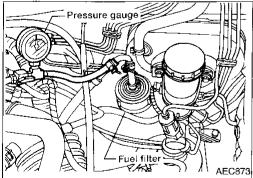
IDX

BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE









Fuel Pressure Release

Before disconnecting fuel line, release fuel pressure from fuel line to eliminate danger.



- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Perform "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine.
- 4. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF.



- Remove fuse for fuel pump.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- 4. Turn ignition switch off and reconnect fuel pump fuse.

Fuel Pressure Check

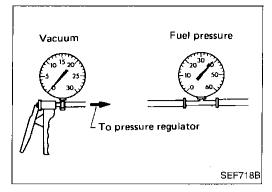
- When reconnecting fuel line, always use new clamps.
- Make sure that clamp screw does not contact adjacent parts.
- Use a torque driver to tighten clamps.
- Use Pressure Gauge to check fuel pressure.
- Do not perform fuel pressure check with system operating. Fuel pressure gauge may indicate false readings.
- 1. Release fuel pressure to zero.
- Disconnect fuel hose between fuel filter and fuel tube (engine side).
- Install pressure gauge between fuel filter and fuel tube.
- 4. Start engine and check for fuel leakage.
- 5. Read the indication of fuel pressure gauge.

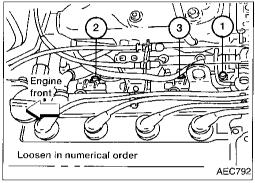
At idling:

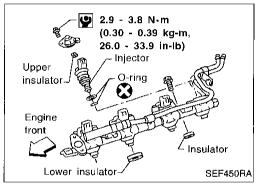
With vacuum hose connected
Approximately 235 kPa (2.4 kg/cm², 34 psi)
With vacuum hose disconnected
Approximately 294 kPa (3.0 kg/cm², 43 psi)

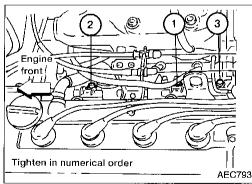
If results are unsatisfactory, perform Fuel Pressure Regulator Check.

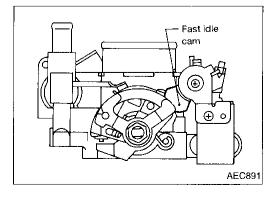
BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE











Fuel Pressure Regulator Check

- Stop engine and disconnect fuel pressure regulator vacuum hose from intake manifold.
- Plug intake manifold with a rubber cap.
- Connect variable vacuum source to fuel pressure regulator.
- Start engine and read indication of fuel pressure gauge as vacuum is changed.

Fuel pressure should decrease as vacuum increases. If results are unsatisfactory, replace fuel pressure regulator.

Injector Removal and Installation

- Release fuel pressure to zero.
- Remove injector tube assembly with injectors from intake manifold.
- Remove injectors from injector tube assembly. 3.
 - Push injector tail piece.
 - Do not pull on the connector.
- Install injectors.
 - Clean exterior of injector tail piece.
 - Use new O-rings.
 - Face metal plate of upper insulator to injector.

CAUTION:

After properly connecting injectors to fuel tube assembly, check connections for fuel leakage.

- Assemble injectors to injector tube assembly.
- Install injector tube assembly to intake manifold.
- Tighten fuel tube bolts to 9.32 to 10.8 N·m (0.95 to 1.10 kg-m, 6.9 to 8.0 ft-lb) as shown in the figure. Then tighten the bolts to 20.6 to 26.5 N·m (2.10 to 2.70 kg-m, 15 to 20 ft-lb).

Fast Idle Cam (FIC)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The FIC is installed on the throttle body to maintain adequate engine speed while the engine is cold. It is operated by a volumetric change in wax located inside the thermo-element. The thermo-element is operated by engine coolant temperature.

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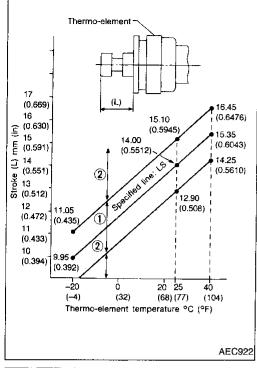
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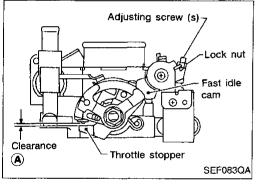
EL

BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

Fast Idle Cam (FIC) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

- If engine is not completely cold, remove throttle body from engine. Then, wait for at least 3 hours.
 (This step is necessary to bring the temperature of the thermo-element to the room temperature.
- Measure thermo-element stroke (L) and room temperature.
- 3. Check thermo-element stroke (L) as shown in the figure. If the stroke is not within the range ①, replace thermo-element with new one. Then return to step 1 again.





4. Adjust clearance (a) between throttle stopper and throttle adjusting screw to specification by turning adjusting screw (S).

Models	Clearance (A) mm (in)
M/T	0.72 - 1.18 (0.0283 - 0.0465)
A/T	0.95 - 1.43 (0.0374 - 0.0563)

 Rotate adjusting screw (S) clockwise or counterclockwise by Z turns according to the following equation, then tighten the adjusting screw lock nut.

- Value of the specified line (Ls) at the temperature of thermoelement actually measured.
 - Y = 0.8 mm (0.031 in)
- Direction of adjusting screw (S) rotation
- (1) Positive (+) Z: Counterclockwise
- (2) Negative (-) Z: Clockwise

Fast Idle Cam (FIC) (Cont'd) For example:

	Case I	Case II
Thermo-element temperature °C (°F)	25 (77)	40 (104)
Thermo-element specified stroke (Ls) mm (in)	14.0 (0.551)	15.35 (0.6043)
Thermo-element stroke (L) mm (in)	14.8 (0.583)	14.15 (0.5571)
Revolutions of adjusting screw (Z) mm/in	$Z = \frac{14.8 - 14.0}{0.8} = 1.0 /$ $\frac{0.583 - 0.551}{0.031} = 1.0$	$Z = \frac{14.15 - 15.35}{0.8} = -1.5 / $ $\frac{0.5571 - 0.6043}{0.031} = -1.5$
Direction of revolution	Counterclockwise	Clockwise

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EC-35 197

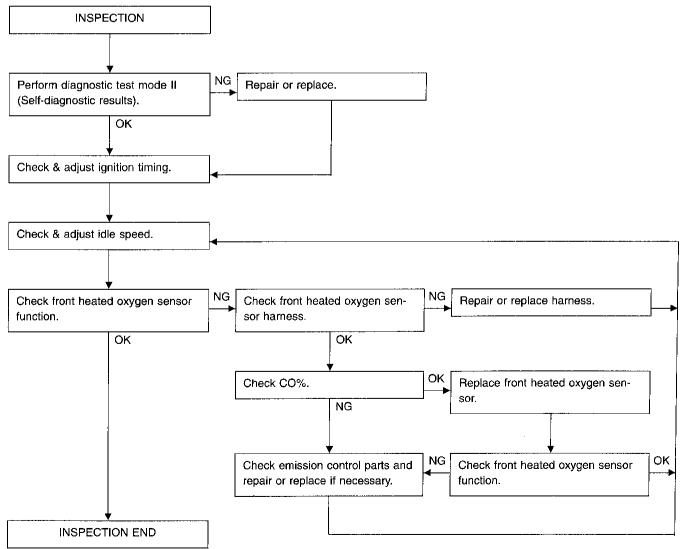
Idle Speed/Ignition Timing/Idle Mixture Ratio Adjustment

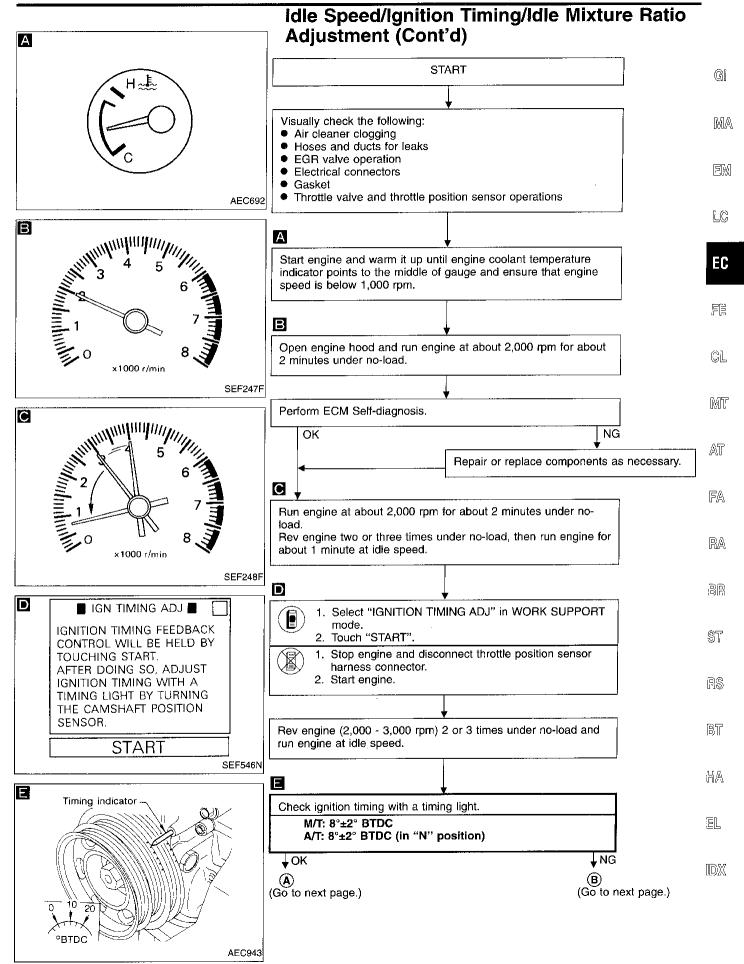
PREPARATION

- Make sure that the following parts are in good order.
- (1) Battery
- (2) Ignition system
- (3) Engine oil and coolant levels
- (4) Fuses
- (5) ECM harness connector
- (6) Vacuum hoses
- (7) Air intake system
 (Oil filler cap, oil level gauge, etc.)
- (8) Fuel pressure
- (9) Engine compression
- (10) EGR valve operation
- (11) Throttle valve
- (12) EVAP system

- On models equipped with air conditioner, checks should be carried out while the air conditioner is "OFF".
- On models equipped with automatic transaxle, when checking idle speed, ignition timing and mixture ratio, checks should be carried out while shift lever is in "N" position.
- When measuring "CO" percentage, insert probe more than 40 cm (15.7 in) into tail pipe.
- Turn off headlamps, heater blower, rear window defogger.
- Keep front wheels pointed straight ahead.
- Make the check after the cooling fan has stopped.

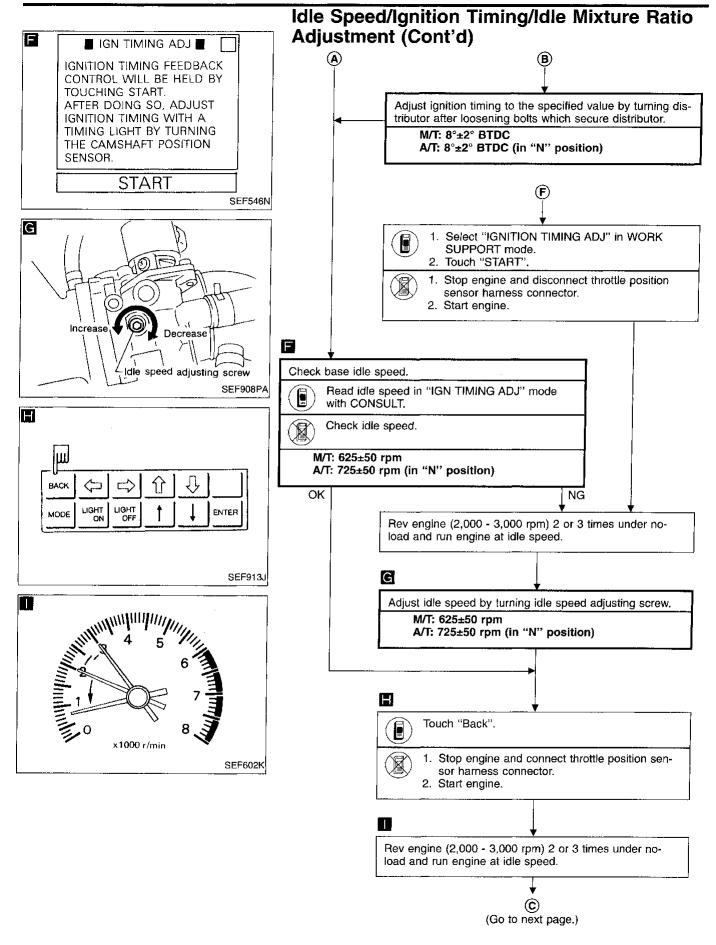
Overall inspection sequence

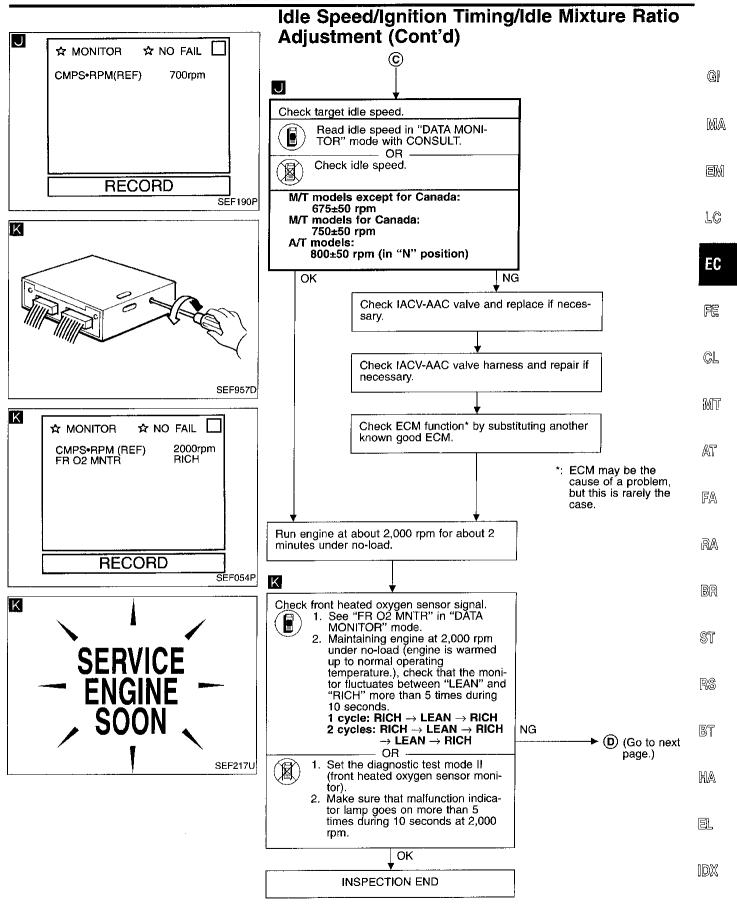




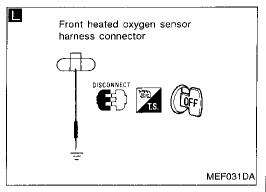
EC-37

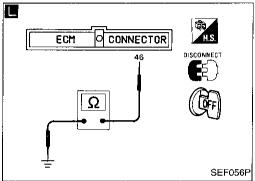
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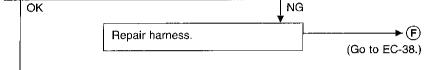
Idle Speed/Ignition Timing/Idle Mixture Ratio Adjustment (Cont'd)

Check front heated oxygen sensor harness:

- Turn off engine and disconnect battery ground cable.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector from ECM.
- Disconnect front heated oxygen sensor harness connector and connect terminal for front heated oxygen sensor to ground with a jumper wire.
- Check for continuity between terminal No. 46 of ECM harness connector and ground metal on vehicle body.

Continuity exists ... OK
Continuity does not exist ... NG

Connect ECM harness connector to ECM.





- 1. Select "ENG COOLANT TEMP" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 2. Set "COOLANT TEMP" at 5°C (41°F).

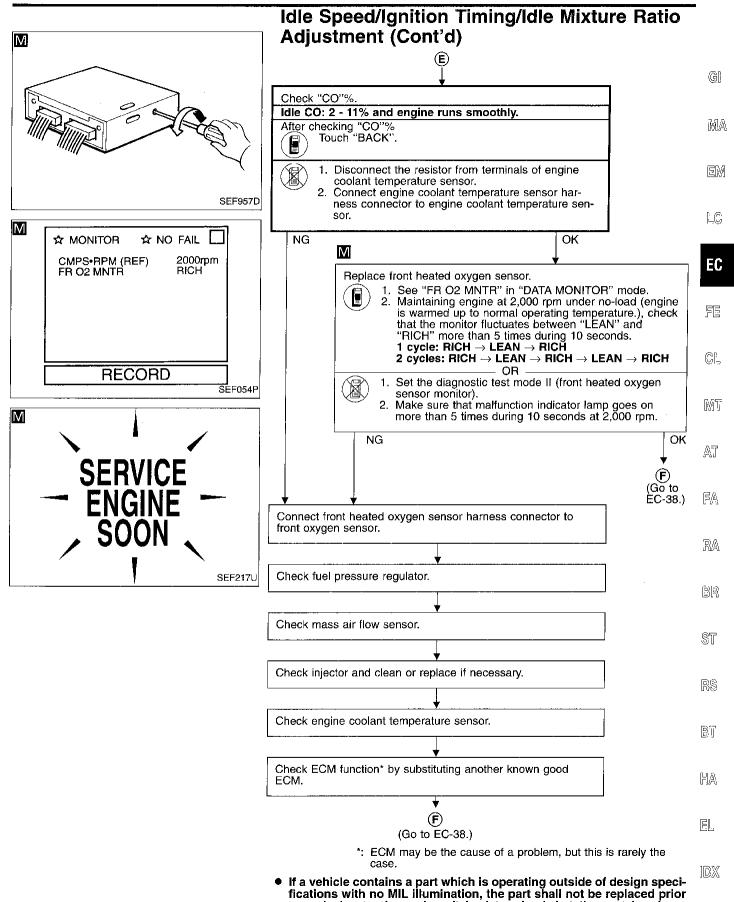


- Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 2. Connect a resistor (4.4 k Ω) between terminals of engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.

Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points to the middle of gauge. (Be careful to start engine after setting "COOLANT TEMP" or installing a 4.4 k Ω resistor.)

Rev engine two or three times under no-load then run engine at idle speed.

(Go to next page.)



EC-41 203

to emission testing unless it is determined that the part has been tampered with or abused in such a way that the diagnostic system cannot reasonably be expected to detect the resulting malfunction.

Introduction

The ECM has an on board diagnostic system, which detects malfunctions related to engine sensors or actuators. The ECM also records various emission-related diagnostic information including:

1st Trip Freeze Frame data

The above information can be checked using procedures listed in the table below.

•	DTC	1st trip DTC	Freeze Frame data	1st trip Freeze Frame data	SRT code	Test value
Diagnostic test mode II (Self- diagnostic results)	0	O*1				
CONSULT	0	0	0	0	0	
GST	0	○ *2	0		0	0

^{*1:} When DTC and 1st trip DTC simultaneously appear on the display, they cannot be clearly distinguished from each other.

The malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) on the instrument panel lights up when the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips (Two trip detection logic), or when the ECM enters fail-safe mode (Refer to EC-86.).

Two Trip Detection Logic

When a malfunction is detected for the first time, 1st trip DTC and 1st trip Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up at this stage. <1st trip>

If the same malfunction is detected again during the next drive, the DTC and Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL lights up. The MIL lights up at the same time when the DTC is stored. <2nd trip> The "trip" in the "Two Trip Detection Logic" means a driving mode in which self-diagnosis is performed during vehicle operation. Specific on board diagnostic items will cause the ECM to light up or blink the MIL, and store DTC and Freeze Frame data, even in the 1st trip, as shown below.

	MIL			DTC		1st trip DTC	
Items	1st trip		2nd trip	1st trip	2nd trip	1st trip	2nd trip
	Blinking	Lighting up	lighting up	displaying	displaying	displaying	displaying
Misfire (Possible three-way catalyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0304 (0701, 0605 - 0608) is being detected	x			x		×	
Misfire (Possible three-way catalyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0304 (0701, 0605 - 0608) has been detected		x		x		x	
Closed loop control — DTC: P1148 (0307)		х		х		х	
Fail-safe items (Refer to EC-86.)		Х		X*1	·	X*1	
Except above			Х		Х	Х	Х

^{*1:} Except "ECM".

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^{*2: 1}st trip DTCs for self-diagnoses concerning SRT items cannot be shown on the GST display.

Emission-related Diagnostic Information

DTC AND 1ST TRIP DTC

The 1st trip DTC (whose number is the same as the DTC number) is displayed for the latest self-diagnostic result obtained. If the ECM memory was cleared previously, and the 1st trip DTC did not reoccur, the 1st trip DTC will not be displayed. If a malfunction is detected during the 1st trip, the 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up (two trip detection logic). If the same malfunction is not detected in the 2nd trip (meeting the required driving pattern), the 1st trip DTC is cleared from the ECM memory. If the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, both the 1st trip DTC and DTC are stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up. In other words, the DTC is stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up when the same malfunction occurs in two consecutive trips. If a 1st trip DTC is stored and a non-diagnostic operation is performed between the 1st and 2nd trips, only the 1st trip DTC will continue to be stored. For malfunctions that blink or light up the MIL during the 1st trip, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are stored in the ECM memory.

Procedures for clearing the DTC and the 1st trip DTC from the ECM memory are described in "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION". Refer to EC-52.

For malfunctions in which 1st trip DTCs are displayed, refer to EC-50. These items are required by legal regulations to continuously monitor the system/component. In addition, the items monitored non-continuously are also displayed on CONSULT.

1st trip DTC is specified in Mode 7 of SAE J1979. 1st trip DTC detection occurs without lighting up the MIL and therefore does not warn the driver of a problem. However, 1st trip DTC detection will not prevent the vehicle from being tested, for example during Inspection/Maintenance (I/M) tests.

When a 1st trip DTC is detected, check, print out or write down and erase (1st trip) DTC and Freeze Frame data as specified in "Work Flow" procedure Step II, refer to page EC-80. Then perform "Diagnostic trouble code confirmation procedure" or "Overall function check" to try to duplicate the problem. If the malfunction is duplicated, the item requires repair.

How to read DTC and 1st trip DTC

DTC and 1st trip DTC can be read by the following methods.

 $\binom{NO}{TOOLS}$ 1. The number of blinks of the malfunction indicator lamp in the Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-Diagnostic Results) Examples: 0101, 0201, 1003, 1104, etc. These DTCs are controlled by NISSAN.

2. CONSULT or GST (Generic Scan Tool) Examples: P0340, P1320, P0705, P0750, etc. These DTCs are prescribed by SAE J2012.

(CONSULT also displays the malfunctioning component or system.)

1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

Output of a DTC indicates a malfunction. However, Mode II and GST do not indicate whether the malfunction is still occurring or has occurred in the past and has returned to normal. CONSULT can identify malfunction status as shown below. Therefore, using CONSULT (if available) is recommended.

■ SELF-DIAG RESULTS ■ **FAILURE DETECTED** TIME IACV-AAC VLV/CIRC [P0505] ERASE PRINT FFdata -SEF225U

A sample of CONSULT display for DTC is shown at left. DTC or 1st trip DTC of a malfunction is displayed in SELF-DIAGNOS-TIC RESULTS mode of CONSULT. Time data indicates how many times the vehicle was driven after the last detection of a DTC.

If the DTC is being detected currently, the time data will be "0".

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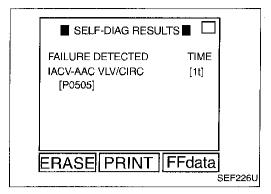
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Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

If a 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM, the time data will be "[1t]".

FREEZE FRAME DATA AND 1ST TRIP FREEZE FRAME DATA

The ECM records the driving conditions such as fuel system status, calculated load value, engine coolant temperature, short term fuel trim, long term fuel trim, engine speed, vehicle speed and absolute pressure sensor at the moment a malfunction is detected.

Data which are stored in the ECM memory, along with the 1st trip DTC, are called 1st trip freeze frame data. The data, stored together with the DTC data, are called freeze frame data and displayed on CON-SULT or GST. The 1st trip freeze frame data can only be displayed on the CONSULT screen, not on the GST. For details, see EC-65.

Only one set of freeze frame data (either 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data) can be stored in the ECM. 1st trip freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory along with the 1st trip DTC. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data and it is updated each time a different 1st trip DTC is detected. However, once freeze frame data (2nd trip detection/MIL on) is stored in the ECM memory, 1st trip freeze frame data is no longer stored. Remember, only one set of freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM. The ECM has the following priorities to update the data.

Priority	Items				
1	Freeze frame data				
2	Except the above items				
3	1st trip freeze frame o	lata			

For example, the EGR malfunction (Priority: 2) was detected and the freeze frame data was stored in the 2nd trip. After that when the misfire (Priority: 1) is detected in another trip, the freeze frame data will be updated from the EGR malfunction to the misfire. The 1st trip freeze frame data is updated each time a different malfunction is detected. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data. However, once freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory, first trip freeze data is no longer stored (because only one freeze frame data or first trip freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM). If freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory and freeze frame data with the same priority occurs later, the first (original) freeze frame data remains unchanged in the ECM memory.

Both 1st trip freeze frame data and freeze frame data (along with the DTCs) are cleared when the ECM memory is erased. Procedures for clearing the ECM memory are described in "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION". Refer to EC-52.

SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE

System Readiness Test (SRT) code is specified in Mode 1 of SAE J1979. It indicates whether the self-diagnostic tests for non-continuously monitored items have been completed or not.

Inspection/Maintenance (I/M) tests of the on board diagnostic (OBD) II system may become the legal requirements in some states/areas. All SRT codes must be set in this case. Unless all SRT codes are set, conducting the I/M test may not be allowed.

SRT codes are set after self-diagnosis has been performed one or more times. This occurs regardless of whether the diagnosis is in "OK" or "NG", and whether or not the diagnosis is performed in consecutive trips. The following table lists the five SRT items (18 test items) for the ECCS used in B14 models.

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

SRT items	Self-diagnostic test items	G[
Catalyst monitoring	Three-way catalyst function P0420 (0702)	
	EVAP control system (Small leak — Negative pressure) P0440 (0705)	
EVAP system monitoring	● EVAP control system (Small leak — Positive pressure) P1440 (0213)	MA
	● EVAP control system purge flow monitoring P1447 (0111)	
	● Front heated oxygen sensor (Response monitoring) P0133 (0409)	
	 Front heated oxygen sensor (Rich shift monitoring) P0132 (0410) 	
Oxygen sensor monitoring	Front heated oxygen sensor (Lean shift monitoring) P0131 (0411)	
	● Front heated oxygen sensor (Circuit) P0130 (0303)	
	● Front heated oxygen sensor (High voltage) P0134 (0412)	L©
	 Rear heated oxygen sensor (Response monitoring) P0139 (0707) 	
	 Rear heated oxygen sensor (Max. voltage monitoring) P0138 (0510) 	
	 Rear heated oxygen sensor (Min. voltage monitoring) P0137 (0511) 	EC
	 Rear heated oxygen sensor (High voltage) P0140 (0512) 	
Owner concerns to the star manifester.	● Front heated oxygen sensor heater P0135 (0901)	
Oxygen sensor heater monitoring	 Rear heated oxygen sensor heater P0141 (0902) 	FE
	● EGR function (Close) P0400 (0302)	
EGR system monitoring	● EGR function (Open) P1402 (0514)	
-	● EGRC-BPT valve function P0402 (0306)	GL

Together with the DTC, the SRT code is cleared from the ECM memory using the method described later (Refer to EC-52). In addition, after ECCS components/system are repaired or if the battery terminals remain disconnected for more than 24 hours, all SRT codes may be cleared from the ECM memory.

How to display SRT code



1. Selecting "SRT STATUS" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT.

For items whose SRT codes are set, a "CMPLT" is displayed on the CONSULT screen; for items whose SRT codes are not set, "INCMP" is displayed.



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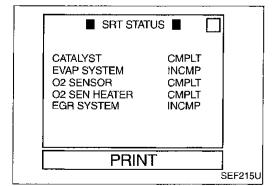
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2. Selecting Mode 1 with GST (Generic Scan Tool).



A sample of CONSULT display for SRT code is shown at left. "INCMP" means the self-diagnosis is incomplete and SRT is not set. "CMPLT" means the self-diagnosis is complete and SRT is set.

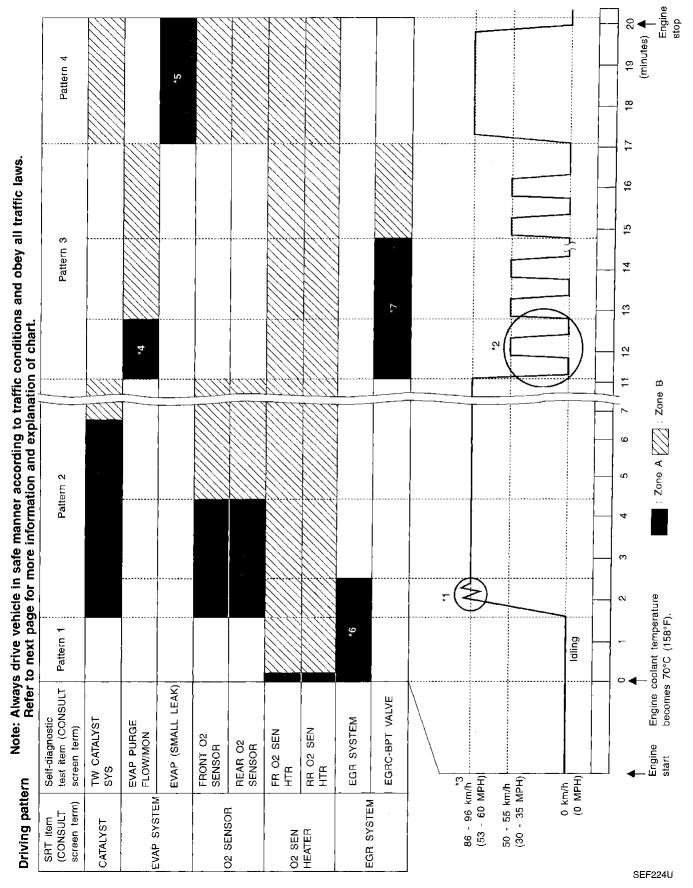
How to set SRT code

To set all SRT codes, self-diagnosis for the items indicated above must be performed one or more times. Each diagnosis may require a long period of actual driving under various conditions. The most efficient driving pattern in which SRT codes can be properly set is explained on the next page. The driving pattern should be performed one or more times to set all SRT codes.

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Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

Driving pattern



Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

 The time required for each diagnosis varies with road surface conditions, weather, altitude, individual driving habits, etc.

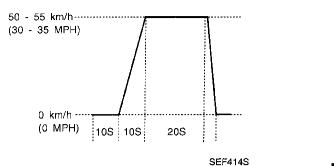
Zone A refers to the range where the time required, for the diagnosis under normal conditions*, is the shortest. Zone B refers to the range where the diagnosis can still be performed if the diagnosis is not completed within zone A.

- *: Normal conditions refer to the following:
- Sea level
- Flat road
- Ambient air temperature: 20 30°C (68 86°F)
- Diagnosis is performed as quickly as possible under normal conditions.

Under different conditions [For example: ambient air temperature other than 20 - 30°C (68 - 86°F)], diagnosis may also be performed.

- Pattern 1: The engine is started at the engine coolant temperature of –10 to 35°C (14 to 95°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminals ⑤ and ⑥ is 3.0 4.3V).
 - The engine must be operated at idle speed until the engine coolant temperature is greater than 70°C (158°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminals (51) and (50) is lower than 1.4V).
 - The engine is started at the tank fuel temperature of warmer than 0°C (32°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal 63 and ground is less than 4.1V).
- Pattern 2: When steady-state driving is performed again even after it is interrupted, each diagnosis can be conducted. In this case, the time required for diagnosis may be extended.
- Pattern 3: The driving pattern outlined in *2 must be repeated at least 3 times.

 On M/T models, shift gears following "suggested upshift speeds" schedule on the following page.
- Pattern 4: Tests are performed after the engine has been operated for at least 17 minutes.
 - The accelerator pedal must be held very steady during steady-state driving.
 - If the accelerator pedal is moved, the test must be conducted all over again.
- *1: Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH), then release the accelerator pedal and keep it released for more than 10 seconds. Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH) again.
- *2: Operate the vehicle in the following driving pattern.
 - 1) Decelerate vehicle to 0 km/h and let engine idle.
 - Repeat driving pattern shown below at least 10 times.
 - During acceleration, hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible. (The THROTL POS SEN value of CONSULT should be between 0.8 to 1.2V.)
 - Repeat steps 1 and 2 until the EGR system SRT is set.



- *3: Checking the vehicle speed with CONSULT or GST is advised.
- *4: The driving pattern may be omitted when "PURG FLOW P1447" is performed using the "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- *5: The driving pattern may be omitted when "EVAP SML LEAK P0440" is performed using the "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- *6: The driving pattern may be omitted when all the following are performed using the "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
 - "EGR SYSTEM P0400"
 - "EGR SYSTEM P1402"
- *7: The driving pattern may be omitted when all the following are performed using the "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
 - "PURGE FLOW P1447"
 - "EGRC-BPT/VLV P0402"



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Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

Suggested transmission gear position for A/T models

Set the selector lever in the "D" position with "OD" ON.

Suggested upshift speeds for M/T models

Shown below are suggested vehicle speeds for shifting into a higher gear. These suggestions relate to fuel economy and vehicle performance. Actual upshift speeds will vary according to road conditions, the weather and individual driving habits.

For normal acceleration in low altitude areas [less than 1,219 m (4,000 ft)]:

Gear change	ACCEL shift point km/h (MPH)
1st to 2nd	24 (15)
2nd to 3rd	40 (25)
3rd to 4th	65 (40)
4th to 5th	70 (43)

For quick acceleration in low altitude areas and high altitude areas [over 1,219 m (4,000 ft)]:

	, ,
Gear change	km/h (MPH)
1st to 2nd	25 (16)
2nd to 3rd	55 (34)
3rd to 4th	75 (47)
4th to 5th	80 (50)

Suggested maximum speed in each gear

Downshift to a lower gear if the engine is not running smoothly, or if you need to accelerate. Do not exceed the maximum suggested speed (shown below) in any gear. For level road driving, use the highest gear suggested for that speed. Always observe posted speed limits and drive according to the road conditions to ensure safe operation. Do not over-rev the engine when shifting to a lower gear as it may cause engine damage or loss of vehicle control.

Gear	km/h (MPH)
1st	50 (30)
2nd	90 (56)

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

TEST VALUE AND TEST LIMIT (GST only — not applicable to CONSULT)

The following is the information specified in Mode 6 of SAE J1979.

Gl "

The test value is a parameter used to determine whether a system/circuit diagnostic test is "OK" or "NG" while being monitored by the ECM during self-diagnosis. The test limit is a reference value which is specified as the maximum or minimum value and is compared with the test value being monitored. Items for which these data (test value and test limit) are displayed are the same as SRT code items (9 test items).

MA

These data (test value and test limit) are specified by Test ID (TID) and Component ID (CID) and can be displayed on the GST screen.

:EM

X: Applicable
—: Not applicable

L

					-: Not applicat	016
SRT item	Self-diagnostic test	Test value (GST display)			EC
(CONSULT display)	item	TID	CID	Test limit	Application	-0
CATALYST	Three-way catalyst	01H	01H	Max.	X	 FE
CATALYST	function	02H	81H	Min.	X	_ ,_
EVAP SYSTEM	EVAP control system (Small leak)	05H	03H	Max.	х	— GL
EVAF STSTEM	EVAP control system purge flow monitoring	06H	83H	Min.	Х	MT
		09H	04H	Max.	X	— AT
		0AH	84H	Min.	X	
	Front heated oxygen sensor	овн	04H	Max.	×	— — FA
	Oxygen dender	0CH	04H	Max.	×	 RA
O2 SENSOR		0DH	04H	Max.	X	
		19H	86H	Mìn.	X	
	Rear heated	1AH	86H	Min.	X	
	oxygen sensor	1BH	06H	Max.	X	8 R
		1CH	06H	Max.	X	
	Front heated	29H	08H	Max.	×	ST
O2 SENSOR	oxygen sensor heater	2AH	88H	Min.	х	
HEATER	Rear heated	2DH	0AH	Max.	Х	- R\$
	oxygen sensor heater	2EH	HA8	Min.	Х	
		31H	8CH	Min.	х	- 87
		32H	8CH	Min.	X	_
	EGR function	33H	8CH	Min.	X	- HA
EGR SYSTEM		34H	8CH	Min.	Х	_
		35H	0CH	Max.	Х	
	EGRC-BPT valve	36H	0CH	Max.	Х	
	function	37H	8CH	Min.	Х	– LDX

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Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION ITEMS

X: Applicable
—: Not applicable

Items	DTO	C*4	1	Toot walking!		1
(CONSULT screen terms)	CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	SRT code	Test value/ Test limit	1st trip DTC	Reference page
NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAIL- URE INDICATED	P0000	0505	_	_	-	_
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0100	0102		_	X	EC-110
ABSL PRES SEN/CIRC	P0105	0803			· x	EC-119
AIR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0110	0401		-	х	EC-127
COOLANT T SEN/CIRC	P0115	0103	_	-	Х	EC-133
THRTL POS SEN/CIRC	P0120	0403	_	_	X	EC-138
*COOLAN T SEN/CIRC	P0125	0908		_	х	EC-149
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0130	0303	х	X	X*3	EC-154
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0131	0411	х	х	X*3	EC-161
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0132	0410	х	X	X*3	EC-167
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0133	0409	х	Х	X*3	EC-173
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0134	0412	х	Х	X*3	EC-181
FR O2 SEN HEATER	P0135	0901	х	Х	X*3	EC-186
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0137	0511	X	х	X*3	EC-190
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0138	0510	х	Х	X*3	EC-197
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0139	0707	х	X	X*3	EC-204
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0140	0512	х	x	X*3	EC-210
RR O2 SEN HEATER	P0141	0902	x	Х	X*3	EC-215
FUEL SYS DIAG-LEAN	P0171	0115	_	_	Х	EC-219
FUEL SYS DIAG-RICH	P0172	0114			x	EC-225
FUEL TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0180	0402		_	х	EC-231
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0701	_		х	EC-235
CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0608		_	х	EC-235
CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0607		_	×	EC-235
CYL 3 MISFIRE	P0303	0606	_	_	×	EC-235
CYL 4 MISFIRE	P0304	0605			x	EC-235
KNOCK SEN/CIRCUIT	P0325	0304	_	_	х	EC-240
CPS/CIRCUIT (OBD)	P0335	0802		_	Х	EC-244
CAM POS SEN/CIR	P0340	0101	_	– .	х	EC-249
EGR SYSTEM	P0400	0302	Х	х	X*3	EC-255
EGRC-BPT VALVE	P0402	0306	Х	х	X*3	EC-263
TW CATALYST SYSTEM	P0420	0702	Х	х	X*3	EC-268
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0440	0705	х	х	X*3	EC-272
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0443	1008		_	Х	EC-283
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0446	0903			X	EC-289
EVAPO SYS PRES SEN	P0450	0704			х	EC-294

^{*1:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). These numbers are controlled by NISSAN.
*2: These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.
*3: These are not displayed with GST.
*4: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

	•	,				
DI	ГС*4	T			—: Not applicable	G
CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	SRT code	Test value/ Test limit	1st trip DTC	Reference page	. MA
P0500	0104	_	_	X	EC-300	- 1000
P0505	0205	_	_	х	EC-304	=3.0
P0510	0203	_	-	x	EC-311	· EM
P0605	0301			×	EC-316	•
P1105	1302		_	x	EC-318	LC
P1110	0805	_		×	EC-326	
P1148	0307	_		х	EC-334	EC
P1320	0201	_	_	×	EC-336	
P1336	0905	_	_	X	EC-343	
P1400	1005	_		х	EC-348	FE
P1401	0305	_		×	EC-353	
P1402	0514	Х	Х	X*3	EC-359	CL
P1440	0213	х	х	X*3	EC-366	
P1444	0214	_	_	×	EC-378	MT
P1446	0215	_		×	EC-386	000 0
P1447	0111	×	x	X*3	EC-391	WCD.
P1448	0309		_	х	EC-400	Æij'
P1490	0801	_		х	EC-406	
P1491	0311		_	×	EC-411	
P1492	0807	_	_	X	EC-417	
P1493	0312	_	_	×	EC-423	RA
P1706	1003	_	_	×	EC-431	0 20 13
P1775	0904	_	_	х	EC-436	G-16-5
P1776	0513	_	_	×	EC-441	명
	CONSULT GST*2 P0500 P0505 P0510 P0605 P1105 P1110 P1148 P1320 P1336 P1400 P1401 P1402 P1440 P1444 P1446 P1447 P1448 P1490 P1491 P1492 P1493 P1706 P1775	DTC*4 CONSULT GST*2 P0500 0104 P0505 0205 P0510 0203 P0605 0301 P1105 1302 P1110 0805 P1148 0307 P1320 0201 P1336 0905 P1400 1005 P1401 0305 P1402 0514 P1444 0213 P1444 0214 P1446 0215 P1447 0111 P1448 0309 P1490 0801 P1491 0312 P1706 1003 P1775 0904	CONSULT GST*2 ECM*1 SRT code P0500 0104 — P0505 0205 — P0510 0203 — P0605 0301 — P1105 1302 — P1110 0805 — P1110 0805 — P1148 0307 — P1320 0201 — P1336 0905 — P1400 1005 — P1401 0305 — P1402 0514 X P1440 0213 X P1444 0214 — P1446 0215 — P1447 0111 X P1448 0309 — P1490 0801 — P1491 0311 — P1492 0807 — P1493 0312 — P1706 1003 — P1775	DTC*4 SRT code Test value/ Test limit CONSULT GST*2 ECM*1 SRT code Test value/ Test limit P0500 0104 — — — P0505 0205 — — — P0510 0203 — — — P0605 0301 — — — P1105 1302 — — — P1106 1302 — — — P1110 0805 — — — P1148 0307 — — — P1148 0307 — — — P1320 0201 — — — — P1336 0905 —	DTC*4	DTC*4 SRT code Test value Test value Test limit
^{*1:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). These numbers are controlled by NiSSAN.
*2: These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.
*3: These are not displayed with GST.
*4: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

EC-51 213

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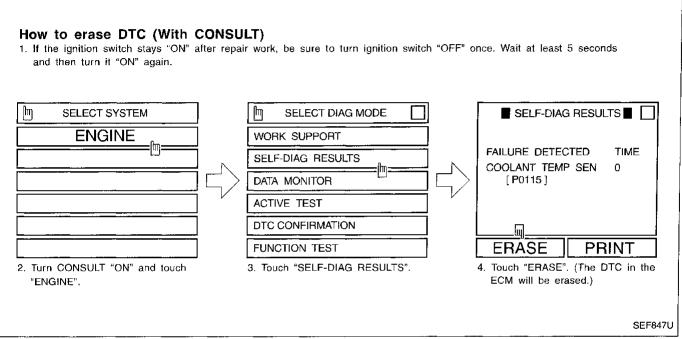
1DX

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION

(How to erase DTC (With CONSULT)

- 1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.
- 2. Turn CONSULT "ON".
- 3. Touch "ENGINE".
- 4. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
- 5. Touch "ERASE". (The DTC in the ECM will be erased.)



The emission-related diagnostic information can be erased by selecting "ERASE" in the "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT.

How to erase DTC (With GST)

- 1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.
- 2. Select Mode 4 with GST (Generic Scan Tool).

The emission-related diagnostic information can be erased by selecting Mode 4 with GST (Generic Scan Tool).

(NO Tools)

- 1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" again.
- 2. Change the diagnostic test mode from Mode II to Mode I by turning the mode selector on the ECM. (See EC-55.)

The emission-related diagnostic information can be erased by changing the diagnostic test mode from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Mode I by turning the mode selector on the ECM. (Refer to EC-55.)

NOTE:

- If the battery is disconnected, the emission-related diagnostic information will be lost after approx. 24 hours.
- Erasing the emission-related diagnostic information using CONSULT or GST is easier and quicker than switching the mode selector on the ECM.
- The following data are cleared when the ECM memory is erased.
- 1. Diagnostic trouble codes
- 2. 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

- 3. Freeze frame data
- 4. 1st trip freeze frame data
- 5. System readiness test (SRT) codes
- 6. Test values
- 7. Others

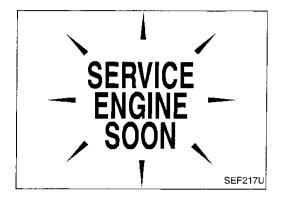
Actual work procedures are explained using a DTC as an example. Be careful so that not only the DTC, but all of the data listed above, are cleared from the ECM memory during work procedures.



MM



LC



Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)

 The malfunction indicator lamp will light up when the ignition switch is turned ON without the engine running. This is a bulb check.



If the malfunction indicator lamp does not light up, refer to EL section ("WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME") or see EC-481.

FE

2. When the engine is started, the malfunction indicator lamp should go off.

CL

If the lamp remains on, the on board diagnostic system has detected an engine system malfunction.

MT

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM FUNCTION

The on board diagnostic system has the following four functions.

AT

Diagnostic Test Mode I

- 1. BULB CHECK
- : This function checks the MIL bulb for damage (blown, open circuit, etc.)
- FA
- If the MIL does not come on, check MIL circuit and ECM test mode selector. (See next page.)
- RA

- 2. MALFUNCTION WARNING
- This is a usual driving condition. When a malfunction is detected twice in two consecutive driving cycles (two trip detection logic), the MIL will light up to inform the driver that a malfunction has been detected. The following malfunctions will light up or blink the MIL in the 1st trip.
- BR

- "Misfire (Possible three-way catalyst damage)"
- "Closed loop control"
- Fail-safe mode

ST

Diagnostic Test Mode II

- 3. SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS
- : This function allows DTCs and 1st trip DTCs to be read.

RS

- 4. FRONT HEATED OXY-GEN SENSOR MONI-TOR
- : This function allows the fuel mixture condition (lean or rich), monitored by front heated oxygen sensor, to be read.



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Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

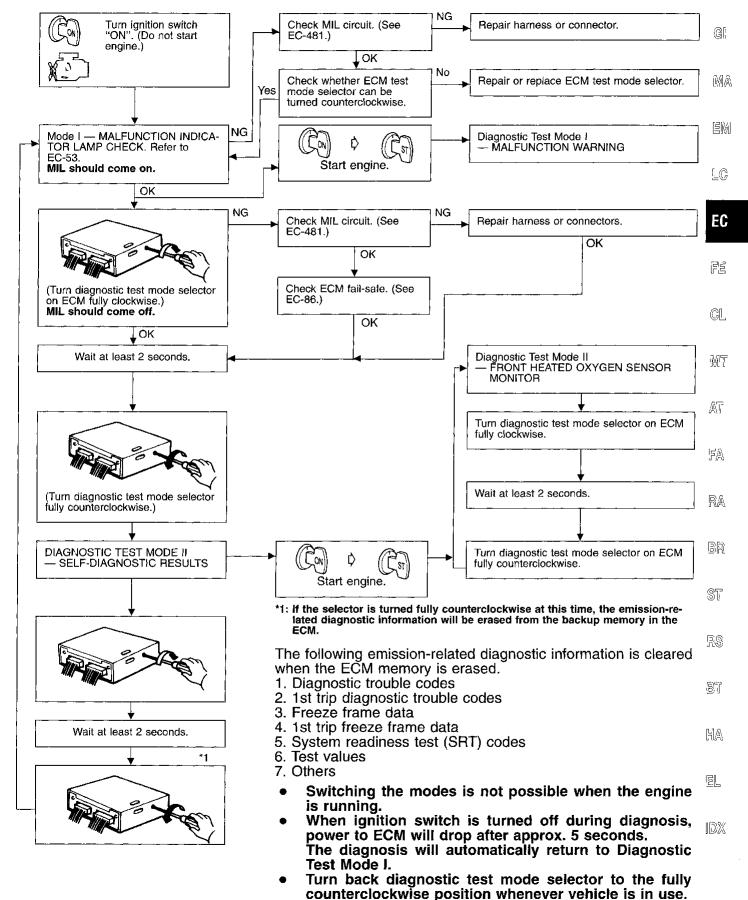
MIL flashing without DTC

If the ECM is in Diagnostic Test Mode II, MIL may flash when engine is running. In this case, check ECM test mode selector following "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODES" on next page. How to switch the diagnostic test (function) modes, and details of the above functions are described later. (Refer to EC-55.)

. Condition		Diagnostic Test Mode I	Diagnostic Test Mode II
Ignition switch	03	BULB CHECK	SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS
tion	Engine running	MALFUNCTION WARNING	FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR

Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODES



EC-55 217

Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I—BULB CHECK

In this mode, the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP on the instrument panel should stay ON. If it remains OFF, check the bulb. Refer to EL section ("WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME") or see EC-481.

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I—MALFUNCTION WARNING

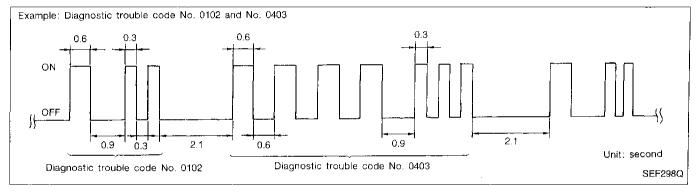
MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP	Condition
ON	When the malfunction is detected or the ECM's CPU is malfunctioning.
OFF	No malfunction.

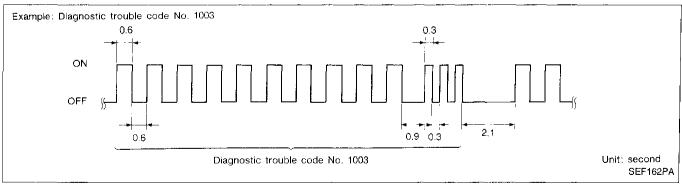
These Diagnostic Trouble Code Numbers are clarified in Diagnostic Test Mode II (SELF-DIAGNOS-TIC RESULTS).

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE II—SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS

In this mode, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are indicated by the number of blinks of the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP.

The DTC and 1st trip DTC are displayed at the same time. If the MIL does not illuminate in diagnostic test mode 1 (Malfunction warning), all displayed items are 1st trip DTC's. If only one code is displayed when the MIL illuminates in diagnostic test mode II (SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS), it is a DTC; if two or more codes are displayed, they may be either DTC's or 1st trip DTC's. DTC No. is same as that of 1st trip DTC. These unidentified codes can be identified by using the consult or GST. A DTC will be used as an example for how to read a code.





Long (0.6 second) blinking indicates the two LH digits of number and short (0.3 second) blinking indicates the two RH digits of number. For example, the malfunction indicator lamp blinks 10 times for 6 seconds (0.6 sec \times 10 times) and then it blinks three times for about 1 second (0.3 sec \times 3 times). This indicates the DTC "1003" and refers to the malfunction of the neutral position switch.

In this way, all the detected malfunctions are classified by their diagnostic trouble code numbers. The DTC "0505" refers to no malfunction. (See DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) INDEX, EC-2.)

Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

How to erase diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results)

The diagnostic trouble code can be erased from the backup memory in the ECM when the diagnostic test mode is changed from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Diagnostic Test Mode I. (Refer to "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODES".)

G

If the battery is disconnected, the diagnostic trouble code will be lost from the backup memory after approx. 24 hours.

MA

Be careful not to erase the stored memory before starting trouble diagnoses.

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE II -- FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR

In this mode, the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP displays the condition of the fuel mixture (lean or rich) which is monitored by the front heated oxygen sensor.

IEM

LC

MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP	Fuel mixture condition in the exhaust gas	Air fuel ratio feedback control condition
ON	Lean	Closed loop system
OFF	Rich	Closed loop system
*Remains ON or OFF	Any condition	Open loop system



To check the front heated oxygen sensor function, start engine in the Diagnostic Test Mode II and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points to the middle of the gauge.

Next run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no-load conditions. Then make sure that the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP comes ON more than 5 times within 10 seconds with engine running at 2,000 rpm under no-load.

IMP.

AT

FA

OBD System Operation Chart

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL. 1ST TRIP DTC, DTC, AND DETECTABLE ITEMS

When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory.

BA

When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL will come on. For details, refer to "Two Trip Detection Logic" on EC-42.

88

The MIL will go off after the vehicle is driven 3 times with no malfunction. The drive is counted only when the recorded driving pattern is met (as stored in the ECM). If another malfunction occurs while counting, the counter will reset.

The DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 40 times (driving pattern A) without the same malfunction recurring (except for Misfire and Fuel Injection System). For Misfire and Fuel Injection System, the DTC and freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 80 times (driving pattern C) without the same malfunction recurring. The "TIME" in "SELF-DIAGNOS-TIC RESULTS" mode of CONSULT will count the number of times the vehicle is driven.

RS

圖丁

The 1st trip DTC is not displayed when the self-diagnosis results in "OK" for the 2nd trip.

SUMMARY CHART

Items	Fuel Injection System	Misfire	Other	
MIL (goes off)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)	
DTC, Freeze Frame Data (no display)	80 (pattern C)	80 (pattern C)	40 (pattern A)	EL
1st Trip DTC (clear)	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern B)	
1st Trip Freeze Frame Data (clear)	*1, *2	*1, *2	1 (pattern B)	 IDX

Details about patterns "B" and "C" for "Fuel Injection System" and "Misfire" are on EC-59.

Details about patterns "A" and "B" for "Other" are on EC-61.

EC-57 219

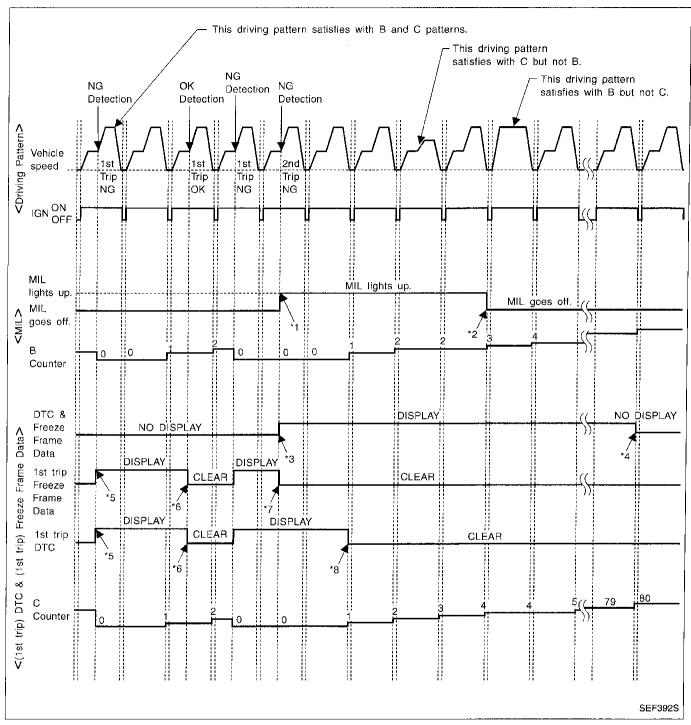
^{*:} Maintains conditions just before switching to open loop.

^{*1:} Clear timing is at the moment OK is detected.

^{*2;} Clear timing is when the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip.

OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd)

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE" <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>, "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



- *1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.
- *2: MIL will go off after vehicle is driven 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.
- *3: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 80 times (pattern C) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)
- *5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *6: The 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared at the moment OK is detected.
- *7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.
- *8: 1st trip DTC will be cleared when vehicle is driven once (pattern C) without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.

OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd)

EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

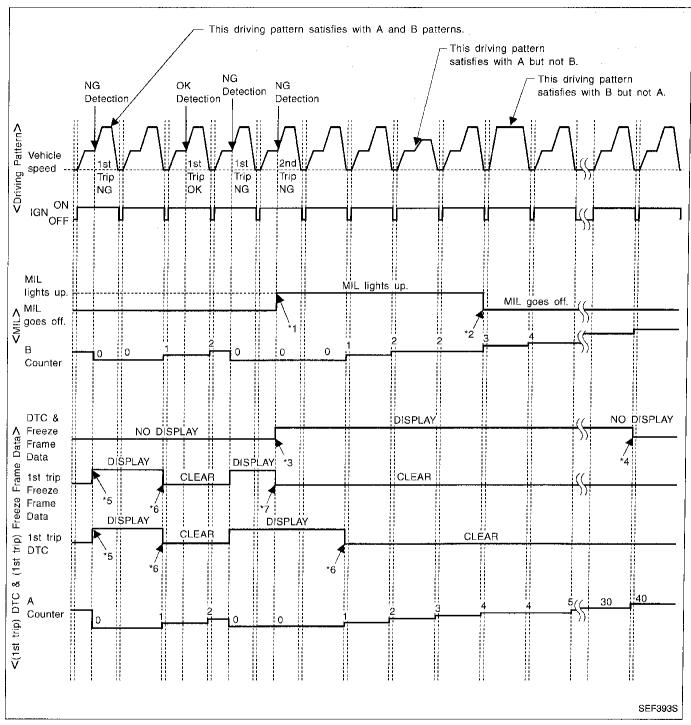
<Driving pattern B> (GII Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows: All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system. The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pat-MA The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunction. The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3. (*2 in "OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART") <Driving pattern C> Driving pattern C means the vehicle operation as follows: LC (1) The following conditions should be satisfied at the same time: Engine speed: (Engine speed in the freeze frame data) ±375 rpm Calculated load value: (Calculated load value in the freeze frame data) x (1±0.1) [%] EC Engine coolant temperature (T) condition: When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70°C (158°F), "T" should be lower than 70°C (158°F). When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F), "T" should be higher than FE or equal to 70°C (158°F). Example: If the stored freeze frame data is as follows: C(L Engine speed: 850 rpm, Calculated load value: 30%, Engine coolant temperature: 80°C (176°F) To be satisfied with driving pattern C, the vehicle should run under the following conditions: Engine speed: 475 - 1,225 rpm, Calculated load value: 27 - 33%, Engine coolant temperature: more MIT than 70°C (158°F) The C counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of (1). The C counter will be counted up when (1) is satisfied without the same malfunction. AT The DTC will not be displayed after C counter reaches 80. The 1st trip DTC will be cleared when C counter is counted once without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM. FA RA BRST RS BT HA

EC-59 221

[D)X

OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd)

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS <u>EXCEPT</u> FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



- *1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.
- *2: MIL will go off after vehicle is driven 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.
- *3: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 40 times (pattern A) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)
- *5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *6: 1st trip DTC will be cleared after vehicle is driven once (pattern B) without the same malfunction.
- *7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.

OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd)

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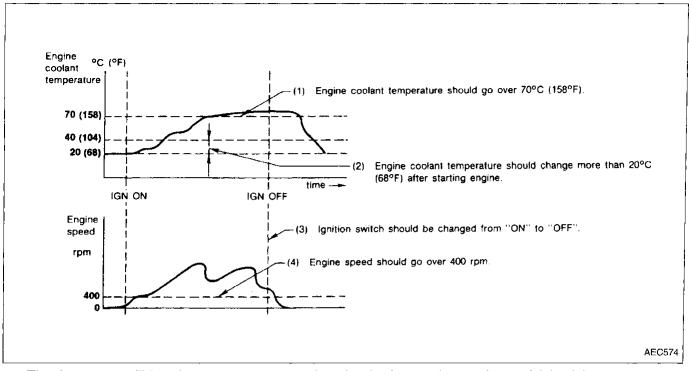
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EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS <u>EXCEPT</u> FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

<Driving pattern A>



- The A counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of (1) (4).
- The A counter will be counted up when (1) (4) are satisfied without the same malfunction.
- The DTC will not be displayed after the A counter reaches 40.

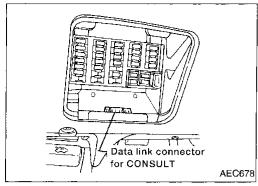
<Driving pattern B>

Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows:

All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system.

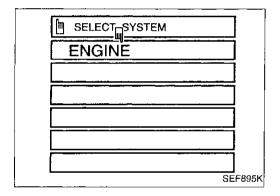
- The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern.
- The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunctions.
- The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3 (*2 in "OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART").

EC-61 223



NISSAN CONSULT START

SUB MODE



SELECT DIAG MODE

WORK SUPPORT
SELF-DIAG RESULTS

DATA MONITOR

DTC CONFIRMATION
FUNCTION TEST

ACTIVE TEST

	- 5
SELECT DIAG MODE	A
ECM PART NUMBER	
	<u>.</u>
w	S

CONSULT

CONSULT INSPECTION PROCEDURE

- 1. Turn off ignition switch.
- Connect "CONSULT" to data link connector for CONSULT. (Data link connector for CONSULT is located behind the fuse box cover.)
- 3. Turn on ignition switch.
- 4. Touch "START".

5. Touch "ENGINE".

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6. Perform each diagnostic test mode according to each service procedure.

For further information, see the CONSULT Operation Manual.

This sample shows the display when using the UEOBD98 program card. Screen differs in accordance with the program card used.

CONSULT (Cont'd) ECCS COMPONENT PARTS/CONTROL SYSTEMS APPLICATION

		DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE							
ļ		wee:	SELF-DI	AGNOSTIC LTS*1			F14:0	CONFIR	
	Item	WORK SUP- PORT		FREEZE FRAME DATA*2	DATA MONITOR	ACTIVE TEST	FUNC- TION TEST	SRT STATUS	DTC WORK SUP- PORT
	Camshaft position sensor		Х	Х	Х				
	Mass air flow sensor		Х		Х				
	Engine coolant temperature sensor		Х	Х	Х	X			
	Front heated oxygen sensor		X		Х		Х	Х	Χ
	Rear heated oxygen sensor		Х		Х			Х	Х
	Vehicle speed sensor		Х	Х	X		Х		
	Throttle position sensor	Х	Х		Х		X		
	Tank fuel temperature sensor		X		Х	Х			
	EVAP control system pressure sensor		х		Х				
	Absolute pressure sensor		X		Х				
	EGR temperature sensor		Х		Х				
INPUT	Intake air temperature sensor		Х		Х				
	Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)		Х						
	Knock sensor		X						
	Ignition switch (start signal)				Х		X		
	Closed throttle position switch		Х						
	Closed throttle position switch (throttle position sensor signal)				х		Х		
	Air conditioner switch				Х				
	Park/Neutral position switch		Х		Х		Х		
	Power steering oil pressure switch				X		X		
	Air conditioner pressure switch				X				
:	Battery voltage				X				·
	Ambient air temperature switch			ļļ	X				
	Injectors	<u> </u>			Х	X	Х		
	Power transistor (Ignition timing)	х	X (Ignition signal)		x	х	Х		
	IACV-AAC valve	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х		
	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve		х		х	х	х		
	Torque converter clutch solenoid valve		х		х				х
	EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve		х		х	х			х
ООТРІ	vaive		Х		X	х			X
	Air conditioner relay Fuel pump relay	X			X	х	Х		
	EGRC-solenoid valve	^_	Х		X	X	X*3		
	Front heated oxygen sensor heater		X	+	X	^ +	^ 3	х	
			×		x			X	
	Rear heated oxygen sensor heater Cooling fan					х	Х	^	
	EVAP canister vent control valve		X		X	X	^ +		
			X		X	- X			Х
	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve								
	MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve		Х	- V	X	X			
	Calculated load value			X	X		i		

X: Applicable

^{*1:} This item includes 1st trip DTCs.

^{*2:} This mode includes 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data. The items appear on CONSULT screen in freeze frame data mode only if a 1st trip DTC or DTC is detected. For details, refer to EC-44.

^{*3:} If this function test mode is not available, use "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

CONSULT (Cont'd)

FUNCTION

Diagnostic test mode	Function
Work support	This mode enables a technician to adjust some devices faster and more accurately by following the indications on the CONSULT unit.
Self-diagnostic results	Self-diagnostic results such as 1st trip DTC, DTCs and 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data can be read and erased quickly.*1
Data monitor	Input/Output data in the ECM can be read.
Active test	Diagnostic Test Mode in which CONSULT drives some actuators apart from the ECMs and also shifts some parameters in a specified range.
DTC confirmation	The status of system monitoring tests and the self-diagnosis status/result can be confirmed.
Function test	Conducted by CONSULT instead of a technician to determine whether each system is "OK" or "NG".
ECM part numbers	ECM part numbers can be read.

- The following emission-related diagnostic information is cleared when the ECM memory is erased.

 1. Diagnostic trouble codes
 2. 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
 3. Freeze frame data
 4. 1st trip freeze frame data
 5. System readiness test (SRT) codes
 6. Test values
 7. Others

WORK SUPPORT MODE

WORK ITEM	CONDITION	USAGE
THRTL POS SEN ADJ	CHECK THE THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL. ADJUST IT TO THE SPECIFIED VALUE BY ROTATING THE SENSOR BODY UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS. IGN SW "ON" ENG NOT RUNNING ACC PEDAL NOT PRESSED	When adjusting throttle position sensor initial position
IGNITION TIMING ADJ	 IGNITION TIMING FEEDBACK CONTROL WILL BE HELD BY TOUCHING "START". AFTER DOING SO, ADJUST IGNITION TIMING WITH A TIMING LIGHT BY TURNING THE CRANK- SHAFT POSITION SENSOR. 	When adjusting initial ignition timing
IACV-AAC VALVE ADJ	SET ENGINE SPEED AT THE SPECIFIED VALUE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS. • ENGINE WARMED UP • NO-LOAD	When adjusting idle speed
FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE	 FUEL PUMP WILL STOP BY TOUCHING "START" DURING IDLING. CRANK A FEW TIMES AFTER ENGINE STALLS. 	When releasing fuel pressure from fuel line
EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE	OPEN THE VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE AND CLOSE THE EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE IN ORDER TO MAKE EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS. IGN SW "ON" ENGINE NOT RUNNING AMBIENT TEMPERATURE IS ABOVE 0°C (32°F). NO VACUUM AND NO HIGH PRESSURE IN EVAP SYSTEM TANK FUEL TEMP. IS MORE THAN 0°C (32°F). WITHIN 10 MINUTES AFTER STARTING "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE"	When detecting EVAP vapor leak point of EVAP system

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CONSULT (Cont'd)

SELF-DIAGNOSTIC MODE

DTC and 1st trip DTC

Regarding items of "DTC and 1st trip DTC", refer to "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX" (See EC-2.).

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Freeze frame data and 1st trip freeze frame data

Freeze frame data item*	Description	EM
DIAG TROUBLE CODE [PXXXX]	 ECCS component part/control system has a trouble code, it is displayed as "PXXXX". [Refer to "Alphabetical & P No. Index for DTC" (EC-2).] 	LC
FUEL SYS DATA	 "Fuel injection system status" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed. One mode in the following is displayed. "MODE 2": Open loop due to detected system malfunction 	EC
TOLL STS DATA	"MODE 3": Open loop due to driving conditions (power enrichment, deceleration enrichment) "MODE 4": Closed loop - using oxygen sensor(s) as feedback for fuel control "MODE 5": Open loop - has not yet satisfied condition to go to closed loop	
CAL/LD VALUE [%]	The calculated load value at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	_ (Cl.
COOLANT TEMP [°C] or [°F]	The engine coolant temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	_
S-FUEL TRIM [%]	 "Short-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed. The short-term fuel trim indicates dynamic or instantaneous feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule. 	MT
L-FUEL TRIM [%]	 "Long-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed. The long-term fuel trim indicates much more gradual feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule than short-term fuel trim. 	- AT - FA
ENGINE SPEED [rpm]	The engine speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	- 11-7
VHCL SPEED [km/h] or [mph]	The vehicle speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	- RA
ABSOL PRESS [kPa] or [kg/cm²] or [psi]	The absolute pressure at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	- BR

^{*:} The items are the same as those of 1st trip freeze frame data.

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EC-65 227

CONSULT (Cont'd)

DATA MONITOR MODE

Monitored Serve			-	
Monitored item [Unit]	ECM input signals	Main signals	Description	Remarks
CMPS·RPM (REF) [rpm]	0	0	Indicates the engine speed computed from the REF signal (180° signal) of the camshaft position sensor.	 Accuracy becomes poor if engine speed drops below the idle rpm. If the signal is interrupted while the engine is running, an abnormal value may be indicated.
MAS AIR/FL SE [V]	0	0	The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor is displayed.	When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.
COOLAN TEMP/S [°C] or [°F]	0	0	 The engine coolant temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the engine coolant temperature sensor) is displayed. 	•
FR O2 SENSOR [V]	0	0	 The signal voltage of the front heated oxygen sensor is displayed. 	
RR O2 SENSOR [V]	0	0	The signal voltage of the rear heated oxygen sensor is displayed.	
FR O2 MNTR [RICH/LEAN]	0	0	 Display of front heated oxygen sensor signal during air-fuel ratio feedback con- trol: RICH means the mixture became "rich", and control is being affected toward a leaner mixture. LEAN means the mixture became "lean", and control is being affected toward a rich mixture. 	 After turning ON the ignition switch, "RICH" is displayed until air-fuel mixture ratio feedback control begins. When the air-fuel ratio feedback is clamped, the value just before the clamping is displayed continuously.
RR O2 MNTR [RICH/LEAN]	0		 Display of rear heated oxygen sensor signal: RICH means the amount of oxygen after three-way catalyst is relatively small. LEAN means the amount of oxygen after three-way catalyst is relatively large. 	When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.
VHCL SPEED SE [km/h] or [mph]	0	\bigcirc	 The vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed sensor signal is displayed. 	
BATTERY VOLT [V]	0	0	 The power supply voltage of ECM is dis- played. 	
THRTL POS SEN [V]	0	0	 The throttle position sensor signal voltage is displayed. 	
TANK F/TMP SE [°C] or [°F]	0		 The fuel temperature judged from the tank fuel temperature sensor signal volt- age is displayed. 	
EGR TEMP SEN [V]	0		 The signal voltage of the EGR tempera- ture sensor is displayed. 	
INT/A TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	0		 The intake air temperature determined by the signal voltage of the intake air tem- perature sensor is indicated. 	
START SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	0	0	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the starter signal. 	 After starting the engine, [OFF] is dis- played regardless of the starter signal.

NOTE:

Any monitored item that does not match the vehicle being diagnosed is deleted from the display automatically.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION CONSULT (Cont'd)

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM input signals	Main signals	Description	Remarks	
CLSD THL/P SW [ON/OFF]	Ö	0	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the closed throttle position sensor signal.		_
AIR COND SIG [ON/OFF]	0	0	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the air conditioner switch as determined by the air conditioning signal. 		
P/N POSI SW [ON/OFF]	0	0	 Indicates [ON/C·FF] condition from the park/neutral position switch signal. 		
PW/ST SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	0	0	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the power steering oil pressure switch deter- mined by the power steering oil pressure signal. 		
LOAD SIGNAL	0	0	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the rear defogger signal. 		_ [
IGNITION SW [ON/OFF]	0		 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from ignition switch. 		 :
HEATER FAN SE [ON/OFF]	0		 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the heater fan switch. 		(
INJ PULSE [msec]		0	 Indicates the actual fuel injection pulse width compensated by ECM according to the input signals. 	When the engine is stopped, a certain computed value is indicated.	_ [
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]		0	 "Base fuel schedule" indicates the fuel injection pulse width programmed into ECM, prior to any learned on board cor- rection. 		
GN TIMING [BTDC]		0	 Indicates the ignition timing computed by ECM according to the input signals. 		_
ACV-AAC/V [%]		0	 Indicates the idle air control valve (AAC valve) control value computed by ECM according to the input signals. 		_ [
PURG VOL C/V [step]			 Indicates the EVAP canister purge volume control valve computed by the ECM according to the input signals. The opening becomes larger as the value increases. 		<u> </u>
A/F ALPHA [%]		0	 Indicates the mean value of the air-fuel ratio feedback correction factor per cycle. 	 When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated. This data also includes the data for the air-fuel ratio learning control. 	
EVAP SYS PRES [V]			 The signal voltage of EVAP control sys- tem pressure sensor is displayed. 		
NIR COND RLY ON/OFF]			 Indicates the air conditioner relay control condition (determined by ECM according to the input signal). 		
FUEL PUMP RLY ON/OFF]			 Indicates the fuel pump relay control condition determined by ECM according to the input signals. 		

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CONSULT (Cont'd)

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM input signals	Main signals	Description	Remarks
INT/V TIM SOL [ON/OFF]			The control condition of the valve timing solenoid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. ON Intake valve timing control operating OFF Intake valve timing control not operating	
COOLING FAN [HI/LOW/OFF]			 Indicates the control condition of the cooling fan (determined by ECM according to the input signal). HI High speed operation LOW Low speed operation OFF Stop 	
EGRC SOL/V [ON/OFF]			 Indicates the control condition of the EGRC-solenoid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal). ON EGR valve is operational OFF EGR valve is cut-off 	
VENT CONT/V [ON/OFF]			 The control condition of the EVAP canister vent control valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. ON Closed OFF Open 	
TCC SOL/V			 The control condition of the torque converter clutch solenoid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. ON Lock-up is cancelled OFF Lock-up is operational 	
FR O2 HEATER [ON/OFF]			 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of front heated oxygen sensor heater determined by ECM according to the input signals. 	
RR O2 HEATER [ON/OFF]			 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of rear heated oxygen sensor heater determined by ECM according to the input signals. 	
VC/V BYPASS/V [ON/OFF]			 The control condition of the vacuum cut valve bypass valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. ON Open OFF Closed 	
PURG CONT S/V [ON/OFF]			 The control condition of the EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve (computed by the ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. ON Canister purge is operational OFF Canister purge operation is cutoff 	
CAL/LD VALUE [%]			"Calculated load value" indicates the value of the current airflow divided by peak airflow.	

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION CONSULT (Cont'd)

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM input signals	Main signals	Description	Remarks	Ğ
ABSOL TH-P/S [%]			 "Absolute throttle position sensor" indi- cates the throttle opening computed by ECM according to the signal voltage of the throttle position sensor. 		- M
MASS AIRFLOW [gm/s]			 Indicates the mass airflow computed by ECM according to the signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor. 		
MAP/BARO SW/V [MAP/BARO]			 The control condition of the MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. MAP Intake manifold absolute pressure BARO Barometric pressure 		EC
ABSOL PRES/SE [V]			 The signal voltage of the absolute pres- sure sensor is displayed. 		
VOLTAGE [V]			Voltage measured by the voltage probe.		CL.
PULSE [msec] or [Hz] or [%]			Pulse width, frequency or duty cycle measured by the pulse probe.	 Only "#" is displayed if item is unable to be measured. Figures with "#"s are temporary ones. They are the same figures as an actual piece of data which was just previously measured. 	MT AT

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CONSULT (Cont'd)

ACTIVE TEST MODE

			
TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)
FUEL INJECTION	 Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Change the amount of fuel injection using CONSULT. 	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	 Harness and connector Fuel injectors Front heated oxygen sensor
IACV-AAC/V OPENING	 Engine: After warming up, idle the engine. Change the IACV-AAC valve opening percent using CON- SULT. 	Engine speed changes according to the opening percent.	Harness and connector IACV-AAC valve
ENG COOLANT TEMP	 Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Change the engine coolant temperature indication using CONSULT. 	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	 Harness and connector Engine coolant temperature sensor Fuel injectors
IGNITION TIMING	 Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Timing light: Set Retard the ignition timing using CONSULT. 	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	Adjust initial ignition timing
POWER BAL- ANCE	 Engine: After warming up, idle the engine. Air conditioner switch "OFF" Shift lever "N" Cut off each injector signal one at a time using CONSULT. 	Engine runs rough or dies.	 Harness and connector Compression Injectors Power transistor Spark plugs Ignition coils
COOLING FAN	 Ignition switch: ON Turn the cooling fan "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT. 	Cooling fan moves and stops.	Harness and connector Cooling fan motor
FUEL PUMP RELAY	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn the fuel pump relay "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT and listen to operating sound. 	Fuel pump relay makes the operating sound.	Harness and connector Fuel pump relay
EGRC SOLE- NOID VALVE	 Ignition switch: ON Turn EGRC-solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT and listen to operating sound. 	EGRC-solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connector EGRC-solenoid valve
VALVE TIMING SOL	 Ignition switch: ON Turn intake valve timing control solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT and listen to operating sound. 	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	 Harness and connector Intake valve timing control sole- noid valve
SELF-LEARNING CONT	 In this test, the coefficient of self-learning control mixture ratio returns to the original coefficient by touching "CLEAR" on the screen. 		
PURG VOL CONT/V	 Engine: After warming up, run engine at 1,500 rpm. Change the EVAP canister purge volume control valve opening step using CONSULT. 	Engine speed changes according to the opening step.	 Harness and connector EVAP canister purge volume control valve

CONSULT (Cont'd)

TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)	
VENT CONTROL/V	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT and listen to operating sound. 	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connector Solenoid valve	- G(
VC/V BYPASS/V	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT and listen to operating sound. 	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connector Solenoid valve	- En - LC
PURG CONT S/V	 Start engine. Turn the EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT and lis- ten for operating sound. 	EVAP canister purge control sole- noid valve makes an operating sound. Check vacuum signal for EVAP canister purge control valve. VC ON Vacuum exists. VC OFF Vacuum does not exist.	 Harness and connector EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve Vacuum hose 	EO
MAP/BARO SW/V	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn the MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve between "MAP" and "BARO" using CONSULT and listen for operating sound. 	MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connector MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve	CL
TANK F/TEMP SEN	Change the tank fuel temperature	using CONSULT.		AT

DTC CONFIRMATION MODE

SRT STATUS mode

For details, refer to "SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE", EC-44.

DTC WORK SUPPORT MODE

TEST MODE TEST ITEM		CONDITION	REFERENCE PAGE	8	
	PURGE FLOW P1447		EC-391		
	VC CUT/V BP/V P1491		EC-411	 \$1	
EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM	PURG CN/V & S/V P1493	Manager - Annual - An	EC-423	<u></u>	
	PURG VOL CN/V P1444		EC-378		
	EVAP SML LEAK P0440		EC-272	 R9	
	EVAP SML LEAK P1440		EC-366		
	FR O2 SENSOR P0130		EC-154		
ED OO OENOOD	FR O2 SENSOR P0131		EC-161	Bī	
FR O2 SENSOR	FR O2 SENSOR P0132	Refer to corresponded trouble diagnosis for DTC.	EC-167		
	FR O2 SENSOR P0133	1010.	EC-173		
	RR O2 SENSOR P0137		EC-190	HA	
RR O2 SENSOR	RR O2 SENSOR P0138		EC-197		
	RR O2 SENSOR P0139		EC-204	 El	
	EGR SYSTEM P0400		EC-255		
EGR SYSTEM	EGRC-BPT/VLV P0402		EC-263		
	EGR SYSTEM P1402		EC-359		
A/T (TCC S/V)	TCC S/V FNCTN P1776		EC-441		

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CONSULT (Cont'd)

FUNCTION TEST MODE

FUNCTION TEST	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT		CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)			
SELF-DIAG RESULTS	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Displays the results of onboard diagnostic system.	_		Objective system			
CLOSED THROTTLE	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Closed throttle position sensor circuit is tested when throttle is opened and 	Throttle valve: opened	OFF	 Harness and connector Throttle position sensor (Closed throttle position) Throttle position sensor 			
POSI	closed fully. ("IDLE POSI- TION" is the test item name for the vehicles in which idle is selected by throttle posi- tion sensor.)	Throttie valve: closed	ON	 (Closed throttle position) adjustment Throttle linkage Verify operation in DATA MONITOR mode. 			
THROTTLE POSI SEN CKT	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Throttle position sensor circuit is tested when throttle is opened and closed fully. 	Range (Throttle valve fully opened — Throttle valve fully closed)	 Harness and connector Throttle position sensor Throttle position sensor adjustment Throttle linkage Verify operation in DATA MONITOR mode. 				
PARK/NEUT POSI SW CKT	OSI (Engine stopped) Inhibitor/Neutral position		OFF	 Harness and connector Neutral position switch or inhibitor switch Linkage or inhibitor switch adjustment 			
FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Fuel pump circuit is tested by checking the pulsation in fuel pressure when fuel tube is pinched. 	There is pressure pulsation on feed hose.	the fuel	 Harness and connector Fuel pump Fuel pump relay Fuel filter clogging Fuel level 			
EGRC SOL/V CIR- CUIT*	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) EGRC-solenoid valve circuit is tested by checking solenoid valve operating noise. 	The EGRC-solenoid valve make ating sound every 3 seconds.	ne EGRC-solenoid valve makes an oper- ing sound every 3 seconds.				
VALVE TIMING S/V CKT	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Intake valve timing control solenoid valve circuit is tested by checking solenoid valve operating sound 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	The intake valve timing control solenoid alve makes an operating sound periodially.				
COOLING FAN CIR- CUIT	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Cooling fan circuit is tested when cooling fan is rotated. 	The cooling fan rotates and stop seconds.	The cooling fan rotates and stops every 3 econds.				

^{*:} If this function test mode is not available, use "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION CONSULT (Cont'd)

FUNCTION TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)			
START SIGNAL CIRCUIT	 Ignition switch: ON → START Start signal circuit is tested when engine is started by operating the starter. Before cranking, battery voltage and engine coolant temperature are displayed. During cranking, average battery voltage, mass air flow sensor output voltage and cranking speed are displayed. 	Start signal: OFF → ON	Harness and connector Ignition switch			
PW/ST SIGNAL	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine running) Power steering circuit is tested when steering wheel 	Locked position	ON	Harness and connector Power steering oil pressure		
CIRCUIT	is rotated fully and then set to a straight line running position.	Neutral position	OFF	switch Power steering oil pump	(
VEHICLE SPEED SEN CKT	 Vehicle speed sensor circuit is tested when vehicle is running at a speed of 10 km/h (6 MPH) or higher. 	Vehicle speed sensor input signa greater than 4 km/h (2 MPH)	Harness and connector Vehicle speed sensor Electric speedometer	- . [
IGN TIMING ADJ	 After warming up, idle the engine. Ignition timing adjustment is checked by reading ignition timing with a timing light and checking whether it agrees with specifications. 	The timing light indicates the sar on the screen.	The timing light indicates the same value on the screen.			
	Air-fuel ratio feedback circuit (injection system, ignition			INJECTION SYS (Injector, fuel pressure regulator, harness or connector) IGNITION SYS (Spark plug, power transistor, ignition	(%) [III]	
MIXTURE RATIO FEST	system, vacuum system, etc.) is tested by examining the front heated oxygen sensor output at 2,000 rpm	Front heated oxygen sensor COI than 5 times during 10 seconds	Front heated oxygen sensor COUNT: More than 5 times during 10 seconds			
	under non-loaded state.		 circuit Front heated oxygen sensor operation Fuel pressure high or low Mass air flow sensor 			

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CONSULT (Cont'd)

FUNCTION TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)
POWER BALANCE	 After warming up, idle the engine. Injector operation of each cylinder is stopped one after another, and resultant change in engine rotation is examined to evaluate combustion of each cylinder. (This is only displayed for models where a sequential multiport fuel injection system is used.) 	Difference in engine speed is greater than 25 rpm before and after cutting off the injector of each cylinder.	 Injector circuit (Injector, harness or connector) Ignition circuit (Spark plug, power transistor, ignition coil, harness or connector) Compression Valve timing
IACV-AAC/V SYSTEM	 After warming up, idle the engine. IACV-AAC valve system is tested by detecting change in engine speed when IACV-AAC valve opening is changed to 0%, 20% and 80%. 	Difference in engine speed is greater than 150 rpm between when valve opening is at 80% and at 20%.	 Harness and connector IACV-AAC valve Air passage restriction between air inlet and IACV-AAC valve IAS (Idle adjusting screw) adjustment

CONSULT (Cont'd)

REAL TIME DIAGNOSIS IN DATA MONITOR MODE (Recording vehicle data)

CONSULT has two kinds of triggers and they can be selected by touching "SETTING" in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

- 1. "AUTO TRIG" (Automatic trigger):
 - The malfunction will be identified on the CONSULT screen in real time.
 In other words, DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will be displayed at the moment the malfunction is detected by ECM.

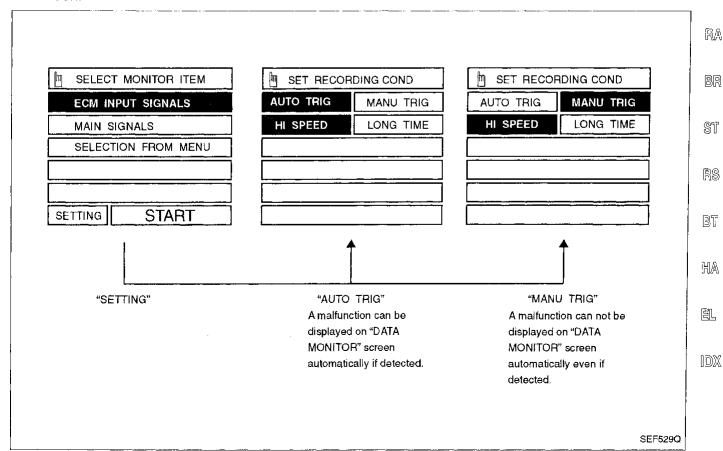
DATA MONITOR can be performed continuously until a malfunction is detected. However, DATA MONITOR cannot continue any longer after the malfunction detection.

- 2. "MANU TRIG" (Manual trigger):
 - DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will not be displayed automatically on CONSULT screen even though a malfunction is detected by ECM.
 DATA MONITOR can be performed continuously even though a malfunction is detected.

DATA MONITOR can be performed continuously even though a manunction is detected

Use these triggers as follows:

- 1. "AUTO TŘÍG"
 - While trying to detect the DTC/1st trip DTC by performing the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE", be sure to select to "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode. You can confirm the malfunction at the moment it is detected.
 - While narrowing down the possible causes, CONSULT should be set in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode, especially in case the incident is intermittent.
 When you are inspecting the circuit by gently shaking (or twisting) the suspicious connectors, components and harness in the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE", the moment a malfunction is found the DTC/1st trip DTC will be displayed. (Refer to GI section, "Incident Simulation Tests" in "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT".)
- 2. "MANU TRIG"
 - If the malfunction is displayed as soon as "DATA MONITOR" is selected, reset CONSULT to "MANU TRIG". By selecting "MANU TRIG" you can monitor and store the data. The data can be utilized for further diagnosis, such as a comparison with the value for the normal operating condition.



EC-75 237

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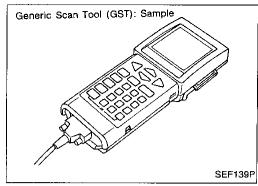
FE

(CL

MT

AT

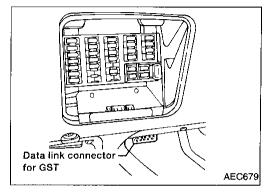
FA



Generic Scan Tool (GST) DESCRIPTION Generic Scan Tool (OBDII scan tool has 7 different functions explained

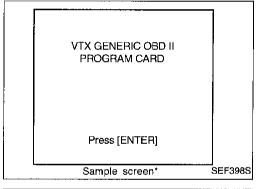
Generic Scan Tool (OBDII scan tool) complying with SAE J1978 has 7 different functions explained on the next page. ISO9141 is used as the protocol.

The name "GST" or "Generic Scan Tool" is used in this service manual.



GST INSPECTION PROCEDURE

- Turn off ignition switch.
- 2. Connect "GST" to data link connector for GST. (Data link connector for GST is located under LH dash panel near the fuse box cover.)



3. Turn on ignition switch.

 Enter the program according to instruction on the screen or in the operation manual.

(*: Regarding GST screens in this section, sample screens are shown.)

OBD II FUNCTIONS

F0: DATA LIST
F1: FREEZE DATA
F2: DTCS
F3: SNAPSHOT
F4: CLEAR DIAG INFO
F5: O2 TEST RESULTS
F6: READINESS TESTS
F7: ON BOARD TESTS
F8: EXPAND DIAG PROT
F9: UNIT CONVERSION

Sample screen* SEF416S

Perform each diagnostic mode according to each service procedure.

For further information, see the GST Operation Manual of the tool maker.

Generic Scan Tool (GST) (Cont'd)

FUNCTION

	Diagnostic test mode	Function	_
MODE 1	READINESS TESTS	This mode gains access to current emission-related data values, including analog inputs and outputs, digital inputs and outputs, and system status information.	- G1
MODE 2	(FREEZE DATA)	This mode gains access to emission-related data value which were stored by ECM during the freeze frame. [For details, refer to "Freeze Frame Data" (EC-65).]	- MA
MODE 3	DTCs	This mode gains access to emission-related power train trouble codes which were stored by ECM.	- IM
MODE 4	CLEAR DIAG INFO	This mode can clear all emission-related diagnostic information. This includes: Clear number of diagnostic trouble codes (MODE 1) Clear diagnostic trouble codes (MODE 3) Clear trouble code for freeze frame data (MODE 1) Clear freeze frame data (MODE 2) Reset status of system monitoring test (MODE 1) Clear on board monitoring test results (MODE 6 and 7)	L©
MODE 6	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This mode accesses the results of on board diagnostic monitoring tests of specific components/systems that are not continuously monitored.	FE
MODE 7	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This mode enables the off board test drive to obtain test results for emission-related powertrain components/systems that are continuously monitored during normal driving conditions.	Cl
		This mode can close EVAP system in ignition switch "ON" position (Engine stopped). When this mode is performed, following parts can be opened or closed. EVAP canister vent control open	MT
MODE 8	_	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve closed In the following conditions, this mode cannot function. Low ambient temperature	AT
		 Low battery voltage Engine running Ignition switch "OFF" 	FA
		 Low fuel temperature Too much pressure is applied to EVAP system 	RA

EC-77 239

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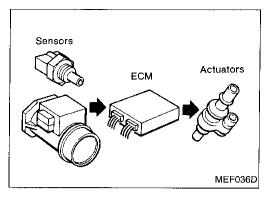
BT

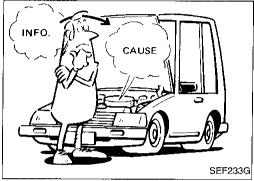
HA

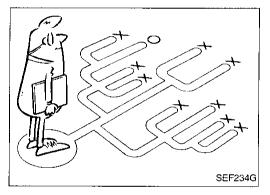
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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Introduction







KEY POINTS

HOW

WHAT Vehicle & engine model WHEN Date, Frequencies

WHERE Road conditions

..... Operating conditions, Weather conditions.

Symptoms

SEF907L

Introduction

The engine has an ECM to control major systems such as fuel control, ignition control, idle air control system, etc. The ECM accepts input signals from sensors and instantly drives actuators. It is essential that both input and output signals are proper and stable. At the same time, it is important that there are no problems such as vacuum leaks, fouled spark plugs, or other problems with the engine.

It is much more difficult to diagnose a problem that occurs intermittently rather than continuously. Most intermittent problems are caused by poor electric connections or improper wiring. In this case, careful checking of suspected circuits may help prevent the replacement of good parts.

A visual check only may not find the cause of the problems. A road test with CONSULT (or GST) or a circuit tester connected should be performed. Follow the "Work Flow" on EC-80.

Before undertaking actual checks, take a few minutes to talk with a customer who approaches with a driveability complaint. The customer can supply good information about such problems, especially intermittent ones. Find out what symptoms are present and under what conditions they occur. A "Diagnostic Worksheet" like the example on next page should be used. Start your diagnosis by looking for "conventional" problems first. This will help troubleshoot driveability problems on an electronically controlled engine vehicle.

Diagnostic Worksheet

There are many operating conditions that lead to the malfunction of engine components. A good grasp of such conditions can make trouble-shooting faster and more accurate.

In general, each customer feels differently about a problem. It is important to fully understand the symptoms or conditions for a customer complaint.

Utilize a diagnostic worksheet like the one on the next page in order to organize all the information for troubleshooting. Some conditions may cause the malfunction indicator lamp to come on steady or blink and DTC to be detected. Examples:

- Vehicle ran out of fuel, which caused the engine to misfire.
- Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on, allowing fuel to evaporate into the atmosphere [for the models with EVAP (SMALL LEAK) diagnosis].

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Introduction

Diagnostic Worksheet (Cont'd)

WORKSHEET SAMPLE

Customer nar	ne MR/MS	Model & Year VIN							
Engine #		Trans. Mileage							
Incident Date		Manuf. Date In Service Date							
Fuel and fuel	filler cap	 □ Vehicle ran out of fuel causing misfire □ Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on. 							
	□ Startability	☐ Impossible to start ☐ No combustion ☐ Partial combustion ☐ Partial combustion affected by throttle position ☐ Partial combustion NOT affected by throttle position ☐ Possible but hard to start ☐ Others []							
Symptoms	□ Idling	☐ No fast idle ☐ Unstable ☐ High idle ☐ Low idle ☐ Others []							
Symptoms	☐ Driveability	□ Stumble □ Surge □ Knock □ Lack of power □ Intake backfire □ Exhaust backfire □ Others []							
	□ Engine stall	☐ At the time of start ☐ While idling ☐ While accelerating ☐ Unst after stopping ☐ While loading							
Incident occur	rence	☐ Just after delivery ☐ Recently ☐ In the morning ☐ At night ☐ In the daytime							
Frequency		□ All the time □ Under certain conditions □ Sometimes							
Weather conc	litions	□ Not affected							
	Weather	□ Fine □ Raining □ Snowing □ Others []							
	Temperature	□ Hot □ Warm □ Cool □ Cold □ Humid °F							
		☐ Cold ☐ During warm-up ☐ After warm-up							
Engine conditi	ons	Engine speed 1 4,000 6,000 8,000 rpm							
Road condition	าร	☐ In town ☐ In suburbs ☐ Highway ☐ Off road (up/down)							
Driving condition	ons	□ Not affected □ At starting □ While idling □ At racing □ While accelerating □ While cruising □ While decelerating □ While turning (RH/LH)							
		Vehicle speed 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 MPH							
Malfunction inc	dicator lamp	☐ Turned on ☐ Not turned on							
. 14.14.1									

EC-79 241

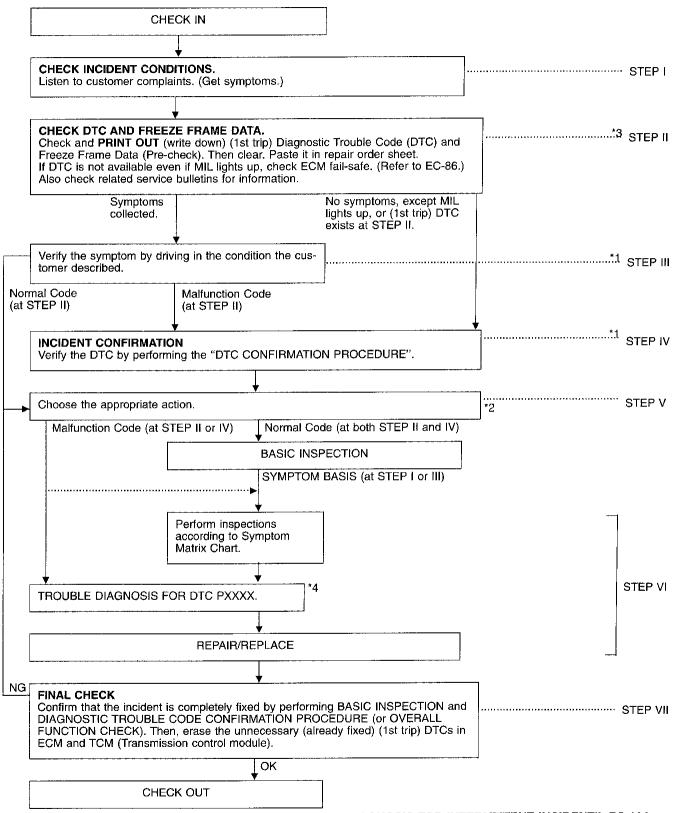
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Work Flow



- *1: If the incident cannot be duplicated, refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-104.
- *2: If the on board diagnostic system cannot be performed, check main power supply and ground circuit. Refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR POWER SUPPLY", EC-105.
- *3: If time data of "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" is other than "0" or "1t", refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-104.
- *4: If the malfunctioning part cannot be found, refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-104.

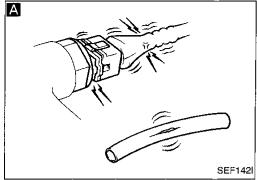
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Introduction

Description for Work Flow

STEP	DESCRIPTION	(A)
STEP I	Get detailed information about the conditions and the environment when the incident/symptom occurred using the "DIAGNOSTIC WORK SHEET", EC-79.	- Gi -
OTED II	Before confirming the concern, check and write down (print out using CONSULT or Generic Scan Tool) the (1st trip) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) and the (1st trip) freeze frame data, then erase the code and the data. (Refer to EC-52.) The (1st trip) DTC and the (1st trip) freeze frame data can be used when duplicating the incident at	- M.
STEP II	STEP III & IV. Study the relationship between the cause, specified by (1st trip) DTC, and the symptom described by the customer. (The "Symptom Matrix Chart" will be useful. See EC-87.) Also check related service bulletins for information.	EN LO
STEP III	Try to confirm the symptom and under what conditions the incident occurs. The "DIAGNOSTIC WORK SHEET" and the freeze frame data are useful to verify the incident. Connect CONSULT to the vehicle in DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG) mode and check real time diagnosis results. If the incident cannot be verified, perform INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS. (Refer to GI section.) If the malfunction code is detected, skip STEP IV and perform STEP V.	EC
	Try to detect the (1st trip) Diagnostic Trouble Code by driving in (or performing) the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE". Check and read the (1st trip) DTC and (1st trip) freeze frame data by using CONSULT or Generic Scan Tool.	FE
STEP IV	During the (1st trip) DTC verification, be sure to connect CONSULT to the vehicle in DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG) mode and check real time diagnosis results. If the incident cannot be verified, perform INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS. (Refer to GI section.)	CL M5
	In case the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" is not available, perform the "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" instead. The (1st trip) DTC cannot be displayed by this check, however, this simplified "check" is an effective alternative. The "NG" result of the "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" is the same as the (1st trip) DTC detection.	MT AT
STEP V	Take the appropriate action based on the results of STEP I through IV. If the malfunction code is indicated, proceed to TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC PXXXX. If the normal code is indicated, proceed to the BASIC INSPECTION. (Refer to EC-82.) Then perform inspections according to the Symptom Matrix Chart. (Refer to EC-87.)	P.A.
	Identify where to begin diagnosis based on the relationship study between symptom and possible causes. Inspect the system for mechanical binding, loose connectors or wiring damage using (tracing) "Harness Layouts". Gently shake the related connectors, components or wiring harness with CONSULT set in "DATA MONITOR"	RA
STEP VI	(AUTO TRIG)" mode. Check the voltage of the related ECM terminals or monitor the output data from the related sensors with CON-SULT. Refer to EC-95.	Ra
	The "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" in EC section contains a description based on open circuit inspection. A short circuit inspection is also required for the circuit check in the DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE. For details, refer to GI section ("HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT", "Circuit Inspection"). Repair or replace the malfunction parts.	ST RS
	Once you have repaired the circuit or replaced a component, you need to run the engine in the same conditions and circumstances which resulted in the customer's initial complaint. Perform the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" and confirm the normal code	BT
STEP VII	[Diagnostic trouble code No. P0000 or 0505] is detected. If the incident is still detected in the final check, perform STEP VI by using a different method from the previous one.	
	Before returning the vehicle to the customer, be sure to erase the unnecessary (already fixed) (1st trip) DTC in ECM. (Refer to EC-52.)	HA

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EC-81 243



Basic Inspection

Precaution:

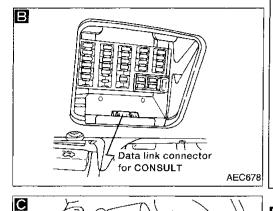
Perform Basic Inspection without electrical or mechanical loads applied;

- Headlamp switch is OFF,
- Air conditioner switch is OFF,
 - Rear window defogger switch is OFF,
- Steering wheel is in the straight-ahead position, etc.



BEFORE STARTING

- Check service records for any recent repairs that may indicate a related problem, or the current need for scheduled maintenance.
- Open engine hood and check the following:
- Harness connectors for improper connections
- Vacuum hoses for splits, kinks, or improper connections
- Wiring for improper connections, pinches, or cuts





Throttle position

sensor harness

connector 7

CONNECT CONSULT TO THE VEHICLE.

Connect "CONSULT" to the data link connector for CONSULT and select "ENGINE" from the menu. Refer to EC-62.



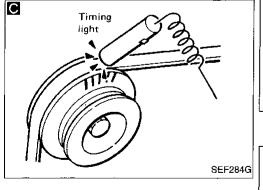
SEF455T

CHECK IGNITION TIMING.

- 1. Warm up engine to normal operating temperature.
- Stop engine and disconnect throttle position sensor harness connector.
- 3. Start engine.
- Check ignition timing at idle using timing light.

OK

Ignition timing: 8°±2° BTDC



Air duct

CHECK BASE IDLE SPEED.

Does engine speed fall to the following speed?

M/T: 625±50 rpm

A/T: 725±50 rpm (in "N" position)

↓OK

(A)
(Go to next page.)

Adjust ignition timing by turning distributor.

Adjust engine speed by

ing screw.

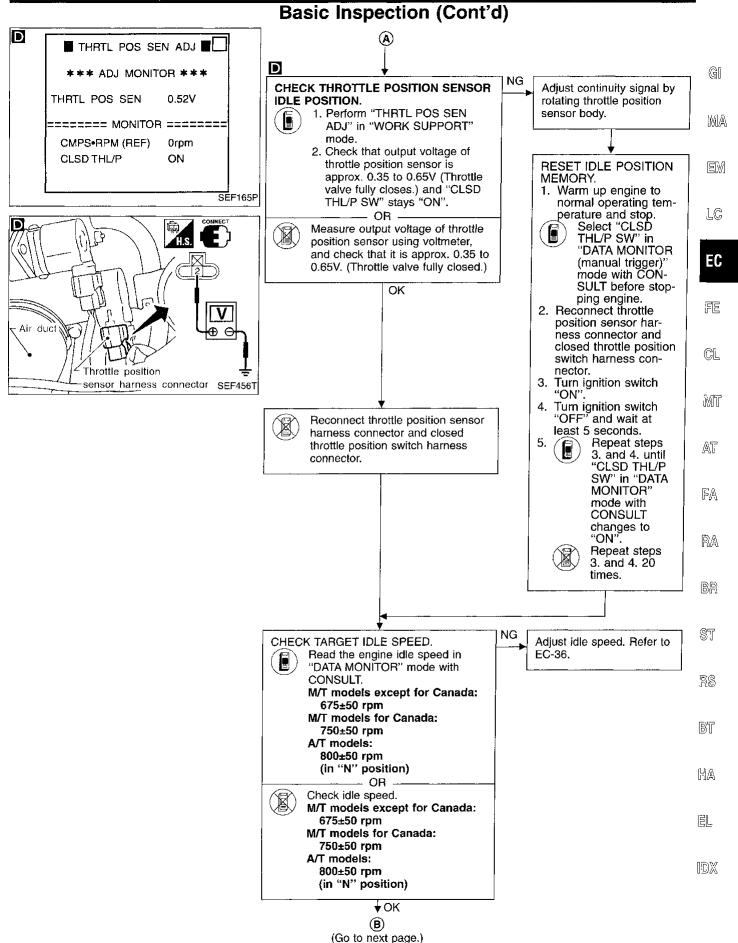
turning idle speed adjust-

NG

EC-82

244

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Basic Inspection



EC-83

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Basic Inspection

Basic Inspection (Cont'd)



After this inspection, unnecessary diagnostic trouble code No. might be displayed.

Erase the stored memory in ECM.
Refer to "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION" (EC-42) and "HOW
TO ERASE DTC" in AT section.

OK

INSPECTION END

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Inspection Priority Chart

If some DTCs are displayed at the same time, perform inspections one by one based on the following priority chart.

Priority		Detected items (DTC)	Detected items (DTC)												
1	● ECM (P0605, 0301)	 Camshaft position sensor (P0340, 0101) 	 Engine coolant temperature sensor (P0115, 0103) (P0125, 0908) 												
	 Mass air flow sensor (P0100, 0102) 	 Vehicle speed sensor (P0500, 0104) 	• Ignition signal (P1320, 0201)												
	 Throttle position sensor (P0120, 0403) 	 Intake air temperature sensor (P0110, 0401) 	 Park/Neutral position switch (P1706, 1003) 												
	● EGRC-solenoid valve (P1400, 1005)	• Knock sensor (P0325, 0304))												
		 Tank fuel temperature sensor (P0180, 0402) 													
2	• EGR temperature sensor (P1401, 0305)	• Front heated oxygen sensor heater (P0135, 0901)	 Front heated oxygen sensor (P0130 - P0134, 0303 - 0412) 												
	 T/C clutch solenoid valve (P1775, 0904) (P1776, 0513) 	 Crankshaft position sensor (OBD) (P0335, 0802) (P1336, 0905) 	 Rear heated oxygen sensor (P0137 - P0140, 0510 - 0707) 												
	 Absolute pressure sensor (P0105, 0803) 		 Rear heated oxygen sensor heater (P0141, 0902) 												
	 MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve (P1105, 1302) 	 Vacuum cut valve bypass valve (P1491, 0311) (P1490, 0801) 	 EVAP control system pressure sensor (P0450, 0704) 												
	 Closed throttle position switch (P0510, 0203) 	 EVAP canister purge control valve/ solenoid valve (P1492, 0807) (P1493, 0312) 	 EVAP canister vent control valve (P1448, 0309) (P0446, 0903) (P1446, 0215) 												
			 EVAP canister purge volume con- trol valve (P1444, 0214) (P0443, 1008) 												
			 EVAP control system purge flow monitoring (P1447, 0111) 												
3	● EGR function (P0400, 0302) (P1402, 0514)	 Misfire (P0304 - P0300, 0605 - 0701) 	• Fuel injection system function (P0172, 0114), (P0171, 0115)												
	 EVAP control system (SMALL LEAK) (P0440, 0705) (P1440, 0213) 	Closed loop control (P1148, 0307)	 Three-way catalyst function (P0420, 0702) 												
	● EGRC-BPT valve function (P0402, 0306)	 Intake valve timing control (P1110, 0805) 													
	■ IACV-AAC valve (P0505, 0205)														

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EC-85 247

Fail-Safe Chart

The ECM enters fail-safe mode, if any of the following malfunctions is detected due to the open or short circuit. When the ECM enters the fail-safe mode, the MIL illuminates.

DTO	C No.	Detected States	Ci-		ition in fail aafa mada							
CONSULT GST	ECM*1	Detected items	Engi	ie operating condi	ition in fail-safe mode							
P0100	0102	Mass air flow sensor cir- cuit	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.									
P0110	0401	Intake air temperature sensor	The ECM functions on the assumption that the intake air temperature is 30 (86°F).									
P0115	0103	Engine coolant tempera- ture sensor circuit	Engine coolant temperature will be determined by ECM based on the time after turning ignition switch "ON" or "START". CONSULT displays the engine coolant temperature decided by ECM.									
			Cond	ition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT display)							
			Just as ignition swite Start	ch is turned ON or	40°C (104°F)							
			More than approx. 4 tion ON or Start	minutes after igni-	80°C (176°F)							
			Except as shown ab	ove	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)							
		circuit	engine speed. Therefore, acceleration	will be poor.								
			Cond	ition	Driving condition							
			When engine is idlin	g	Normal							
			When accelerating		Poor acceleration							
Unable to access ECCS	Unable to access Diagnostic Test Mode II	ECM	When the fail-safe syst condition in the CPU of instrument panel lights However it is not possil Engine control with fa When ECM fail-safe is	of the ECM was em activates (i.e., ECM), the MALF to warn the driver ole to access ECC til-safe operating, fuel inje	judged to be malfunctioning. If the ECM detects a malfunction UNCTION INDICATOR LAMP on the S and DTC cannot be confirmed. ection, ignition timing, fuel pump I are controlled under certain limita-							
				EC	CM fail-safe operation							
			Engine speed		CM fail-safe operation will not rise more than 3,000 rpm							
			Engine speed Fuel injection	Engine speed v	<u> </u>							
				Engine speed v	will not rise more than 3,000 rpm							
			Fuel injection	Engine speed of Simultaneous Ignition time	will not rise more than 3,000 rpm s multiport fuel injection system							
			Fuel injection	Engine speed of Simultaneous Ignition time	will not rise more than 3,000 rpm s multiport fuel injection system ing is fixed at the preset valve DN" when engine is running and "OFF"							

^{*1:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)

Symptom Matrix Chart

							S	YMPT	ОМ							_		
SYSTEM Basic engine control system		(EXCP. HA)		SPOT		ACCELERATION					TEMPERATURE HIGH	NOIL	NO	CHARGE)		GI Ma		
		START/RESTART (SING/FLAT	TONATION	POOR ACC). 	TING		N TO IDLE	ER TEMPE	CONSUMPTION	OIL CONSUMPTION	(UNDER CH	Reference page	EM		
			E STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER	EXCESSIVE FUEL	SIVE OIL C	DEAD		LC		
		HARD/NO	ENGINE	HESIT/	HESIT/	SPARK	SPARK	LACK	HGH	ROUG	IDLING	SLOW/	OVER	EXCES	EXCESSIVE	BATTERY		EC
Warranty s	symptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	ΑE	AF	AG	АН	AJ	AK	AL	AM	НА	_			
Fuel	Fuel pump circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			3		2	EC-465	E		
	Fuel pressure regulator system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			EC-33			
	Injector circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			2			EC-459			
	Evaporative emission system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	<u> </u>	_4			EC-21	CL		
Air	Positive crankcase ventilation system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4	1		EC-31			
	Incorrect idle speed adjustment	3	3				1	1	1	1		1			EC-82			
	IACV-AAC valve circuit	1	1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2		2		2	EC-304	o aro		
	IACV-FICD solenoid valve circuit	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3			EC-473	MT		
Ignition	Incorrect ignition timing adjustment	3	3	1	1	1		1	1			1			EC-82			
	Ignition circuit	1	1	2	2	2		2	2			2			EC-336	0.17		
EGR	EGRC-solenoid valve circuit		2	2	3	3						3			EC-348	AT.		
	EGR system	2	1	2	3	3	3	_ 2	2	3		3			EC-255			
	r supply and ground circuit	2	2	3	3	3		3	3		2	3		2	EC-105			
Air condition	oner circuit	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3	Ţ	2	HA section	FA		

^{1 - 6:} The numbers refer to the probability of the cause, 1 being the most likely.

(continued on next page)

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EC-87 249

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description Symptom Matrix Chart (Cont'd)

							S`	/MPT	ОМ						
SYSTEM — ECCS system		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLEALOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page
Warranty sy	mptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	ΑE	AF	AG	АН	ΑJ	AK	AL	АМ	НА	<u> </u>
ECCS	Camshaft position sensor circuit	2	2	3	3	3_		3	3			3			EC-249
	Mass air flow sensor circuit	1	1	2	2	2		2	2			2			EC-110
	Front heated oxygen sensor circuit		1	2	3	2		2	2			2			EC-154, 161
	Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit	1	1	2	3	2	3	2	2	3		2		ĺ .	EC-133, 149
	Throttle position sensor circuit		1	2		2	2	2	2	2		2			EC-138
	Incorrect throttle position sensor adjust- ment		3	1		1	1	1	1	1		1			EC-82
	Vehicle speed sensor circuit		2	3		3						3			EC-300
	Knock sensor circuit			2						_		3			EC-240
	ECM	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-		EC-316, 86
	Start signal circuit	2													EC-462
	Park/Neutral position switch circuit	-		3		3		3	3			3			EC-431
	Power steering oil pressure switch circuit		2					3	3						EC-469

^{1 - 6:} The numbers refer to the probability of the cause, 1 being the most likely.

(continued on next page)

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description Symptom Matrix Chart (Cont'd)

							s	YMP1	том		•					
						N N					HGH	į				GI
		(EXCP. HA)		SPOT		CELERATI					BATURE	CONSUMPTION	NOL	(UNDER CHARGE)		MA
SYSTEM		ART		"FLAT	ATIO	R AC		1_			EMPE	MNS	LAMO	H	Reference	E V IIIZ~V
— Engine m	echanical & other	RT/REST		URGING/	K/DETON	VER/POO	W IDLE	HUNTING	Noit	TURN TO	WATER TI	UEL CON	IL CONSI	AD (UNDE	page	EM
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP.	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	DLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE	EXCESSIVE FUEL	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD		LC
Warranty syr	mptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	АН		AK	AL.	AM	НА	-	EC
Fuel	Fuel tank	T	1	1		-			1	1					FE section	
	Fuel piping	- 5		5	5	5		5	5	Ť		5				
	Vapor lock		1 _			1			†	1	†		 			FF
	Valve deposit	1	5		 	<u> </u>							İ			
	Poor fuel (Heavy weight gasoline, Low octane)	5		5	5	5	-	5	5			5			_	CL
Air	Air duct	1		ľ								i				
	Air cleaner															
	Air leakage from air duct		_	_	l	l _		i _	<u> </u>		{				1	MT
	(Mass air flow sensor — throttle body)	_	5	5		5		5	5			5				
	Throttle body, Throttle wire	5			5		5			5					FE section	
	Air leakage from intake manifold/					Ì										ÆT
0	Collector/Gasket				<u> </u>				1		ļ					(FW)
Cranking	Battery	1	1	1	i	1		1	1					1	- 1	
	Alternator circuit	<u> </u>							ļ <u>-</u>			_	'		EL section	FA
	Starter circuit	3	į									1				IL/H7
	Flywheel/Drive plate	6			Ì										EM section	
 .	Inhibitor switch	4								ļ					AT section	E 0
Engine	Cylinder head	- 5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5	_			RA
	Cylinder head gasket				<u> </u>						4		3			
	Cylinder block	-											. 1			
	Piston	_								i			4			BR
	Piston ring	6	6	6	6	6		6	6			6				
	Connecting rod	1											ľ		EM section	
	Bearing	_					Ì					ŀ				ST
	Crankshaft									<u>-</u>						- "
Valve	Timing chain						İ						İ			
mechanism	Camshaft	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5				RS
	Intake valve		-			ļ					ſ		3			5 G/S
	Exhaust valve															
Exhaust	Exhaust manifold/Tube/Muffler/Gasket							ł]	İ	İ			FE section	37
	Three way catalyst												ļ.			(G):
Lubrication	Oil pan/Oil strainer/Oil pump/Oil filter/Oil		_	_	_	_		_	_			_			MA, EM and LC	
	gallery	5	5	5	5	5		5	5	i	J	5		-	sections	пла
Cooline	Oil level (Low)/Filthy oil	<u> </u>			-											FIA
Cooling	Radiator/Hose/Radiator filler cap					j							1	j	10	
	Thermostat					ŀ			,	5				-	LC section	
	Water pump	5	5	5	5	5		5	5		4	5				EL
	Water gallery				Ī	1	1		1			ſ		L	ED 446	
	Cooling fan						1	Į		5				-	EC-446	
	Coolant level (low)/Contaminated coolant														MA section	

^{1 - 6:} The numbers refer to the probability of the cause, 1 being the most likely.

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CONSULT Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Remarks:

- Specification data are reference values.
- Specification data are output/input values which are detected or supplied by the ECM at the connector.
 - * Specification data may not be directly related to their components signals/values/operations.
 - (i.e., Adjust ignition timing with a timing light before monitoring IGN TIMING. Specification data might be displayed even when ignition timing is not adjusted to specification. This IGN TIMING monitors the data calculated by the ECM according to the input signals from the camshaft position sensor and other ignition timing related sensors.)
- If the real-time diagnosis results are NG, and the on board diagnostic system results are OK, when diagnosing the mass air flow sensor, first check to see if the fuel pump control circuit is normal.

MONITOR ITEM	col	NDITION	SPECIFICATION
CMPS·RPM (REF)	Tachometer: Connect Run engine and compare tachometer	r indication with the CONSULT value.	Almost the same speed as the CON- SULT value.
MAS AIR/FL SE	Engine: After warming upAir conditioner switch: OFF	ldle	1.0 - 1.7V
WAS AIRE DE	● Shift lever: "N" ● No-load	2,500 rpm	1.5 - 2.1V
COOLAN TEMP/S	Engine: After warming up		More than 70°C (158°F)
FR O2 SENSOR			0 - 0.3V ↔ 0.6 - 1.0V
FR O2 MNTR	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.
RR O2 SENSOR		Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ↔ 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR	Engine: After warming up Turn drive wheels and compare specialue Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Engine: After warming up	quickly	LEAN ↔ RICH
VHCL SPEED SE	Turn drive wheels and compare spectrality value	dometer indication with the CONSULT	Almost the same speed as the CONSULT value
BATTERY VOLT	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) 	-	11 - 14V
	Ignition switch: ON	Throttle valve fully closed	0.35 - 0.65V
THRTL POS SEN	● Engine: After warming up	Throttle valve fully opened	Approx. 4.0V
EGR TEMP SEN	Engine: After warming up		Almost the same speed as the CONSULT value. 1.0 - 1.7V 1.5 - 2.1V More than 70°C (158°F) 0 - 0.3V ↔ 0.6 - 1.0V LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds. 0 - 0.3V ↔ 0.6 - 1.0V LEAN ↔ RICH Almost the same speed as the CONSULT value 11 - 14V 0.35 - 0.65V Approx. 4.0V Less than 4.5V OFF → ON → OFF ON OFF
START SIGNAL	• Ignition switch: ON \rightarrow START \rightarrow ON		$OFF \to ON \to OFF$
CLED THUD OW	Engine: After warming up Ignition switch: ON	Throttle valve: Idle position	ON
CLSD THL/P SW	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Throttle valve: Slightly open	Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds. 0 - 0.3V ↔ 0.6 - 1.0V LEAN ↔ RICH Almost the same speed as the CONSULT value 11 - 14V 0.35 - 0.65V Approx. 4.0V Less than 4.5V OFF → ON → OFF
	■ Engine: After wayming up (a) a the	A/C switch "OFF"	OFF
AIR COND SIG	Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	A/C switch "ON" (Compressor operates)	ON
DIN BOOL OW	● Ignition quitable ON	Shift lever "P" or "N"	ON
P/N POS! SW	Ignition switch: ON	Except above	OFF

CONSULT Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode (Cont'd)

MONITOR ITEM	CON	IDITION	SPECIFICATION	G
PW/ST SIGNAL	Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	Steering wheel in neutral position (forward direction)	OFF	
	engine	The steering wheel is turned	ON	M:
LOAD SIGNAL	● Ignition switch: ON	Rear window defogger is operating and/or lighting switch* is on	ON	
EOAD SIGNAL	Igridden switch. On	Rear window defogger is not operating and lighting switch is not on	OFF	Limb\
IGNITION SW	 Ignition switch: ON → OFF 		ON → OFF	 L0
HEATER FAN SE	 Heater fan switch: ON → OFF 		ON → OFF	
INJ PULSE	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF Shift lever: "N"	Idie	2.4 - 3.2 msec.	EC
	No-load	2,000 rpm	1.9 - 3.2 msec.	
B/FUEL SCHDL	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF	Idle	0.7 - 1.5 msec	 Fe
	Shift lever: "N"No-load	2,000 rpm	0.7 - 1.5 msec	வ
IGN TIMING	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF	ldle	0 - 10° BTDC	CL
ion rimina	Shift lever: "N"No-load	2,000 rpm	More than 25° BTDC	MT
IACV-AAC/V	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF	Idle	20 - 60%	
100 V-2000 V	Shift lever: "N"No-load	2,000 rpm		at
		Idle	0 step	
PURG VOL C/V	 Engine: After warming up Shift lever: N No-load M/T models: Jack up drive wheels and shift to 1st gear position. 	More than 60 seconds after starting engine A/T models: 2,200 rpm M/T models: 2,000 rpm and more than 16 km/h (10 MPH)		FA RA
A/F ALPHA	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	56 - 155%	
EVAP SYS PRES	Ignition switch: ON		Approx. 3.4V	BR
AIR COND RLY	 Air conditioner switch: OFF → ON 		OFF → ON	
FUEL PUMP RLY	 Ignition switch is turned to ON (Opera Engine running and cranking When engine is stopped (stops in 1.0 	,	ON	 \$T
	Except as shown above		OFF	 RS
000LW0 FAN	After warming up engine, idle the	Engine coolant temperature is 90°C (194°F) or less	OFF	
COOLING FAN	engine. • Air conditioner switch: OFF	Engine coolant temperature is 91°C (196°F) or more	ON	
INITAL TIM SOL	Engine: After warming	Idle	OFF	111.0
INT/V TIM SOL	Engine: After warming up	2,000 rpm	ON	— HA
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON		OFF	<u>.</u>
	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF	Idle	OFF	
EGRC SOL/V	 Shift lever: N No-load M/T models: Jack up drive wheels and shift to 1st gear position 	A/T models: 2,200 rpm M/T models: 2,000 rpm and more than 16 km/h (10 MPH)	ON	IDX
	<u>l</u>			

^{*: 1}st position for USA models, 2nd position for Canada models

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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description CONSULT Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode (Cont'd)

MONITOR ITEM	COI	NOTTION	SPECIFICATION
		Idie	ON
TCC SOL/V	Engine: After warming up	Vehicle speed is 64 km/h (40 MPH) or more in "D" position	OFF
ED COLUEATED	Engine speed: Idle		ON
CC SOL/V R O2 HEATER R O2 HEATER C/V BYPASS/V URG CONT S/V AL/LD VALUE BSOL TH-P/S ASS AIRFLOW AP/BARO SW/V	Engine speed: Above 3,200 rpm		OFF
OD OO HEATED	Engine speed: Idle		ON
RR OZ HEATER	Engine speed: Above 3,200 rpm		OFF
VC/V BYPASS/V	Ignition switch: ON		OFF
PURG CONT S/V	Control After warming up	Idle	OFF
	 Engine: After warming up Shift lever: N No-load M/T models: Jack up drive wheels and shift to 1st gear position. 	More than 60 seconds after starting engine A/T models: 2,200 rpm M/T models: 2,000 rpm and more than 16 km/h (10 MPH)	ON
CAL/LD VALUE	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF	Idle	15.0 - 30.0%
CABED VALUE	Shift lever: "N" No-load	2,500 rpm	13.0 - 28.0%
ABCOL TURKS	Ignition switch: ON	Throttle valve fully closed	OFF ON OFF ON OFF OFF OFF OFF OSF ON 15.0 - 30.0% 13.0 - 28.0% 0.0% Approx. 89% 1.0 - 4.0 g·m/s 5.0 - 10.0 g·m/s BARO MAP Approx. 4.4V
ABSUL IN P/S	(Engine stopped)	Throttle valve fully opened	Approx. 89%
MASS AIREI OW	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF	Idle	1.0 - 4.0 g·m/s
IVIAGG AIRFEOW	Shift lever: N No-load	More in "D" position	5.0 - 10.0 g·m/s
MAD/DADO CWA	For 5 seconds after starting engine		BARO
IVIAE/DAMO SVV/V	More than 5 seconds after starting en	MAP	
ABSOL PRES/SE	- Engine: After warming up	Engine is not running	Approx. 4.4V
MDOUL FRES/SE	Engine: After warming up	Idle (5 seconds after starting engine)	Approx, 1.2V

Major Sensor Reference Graph in Data Monitor Mode

The following are the major sensor reference graphs in "DATA MONITOR" mode. (Select "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" with CONSULT.)

G

MA

EM

EC

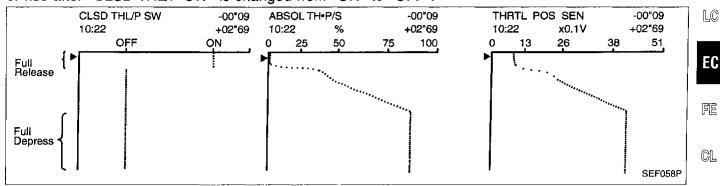
MT

AT

THRTL POS SEN, ABSOL TH:P/S, CLSD THL/P SW

Below is the data for "THRTL POS SEN". "ABSOL TH.P/S" and "CLSD THL/P SW" when depressing the accelerator pedal with the ignition switch "ON".

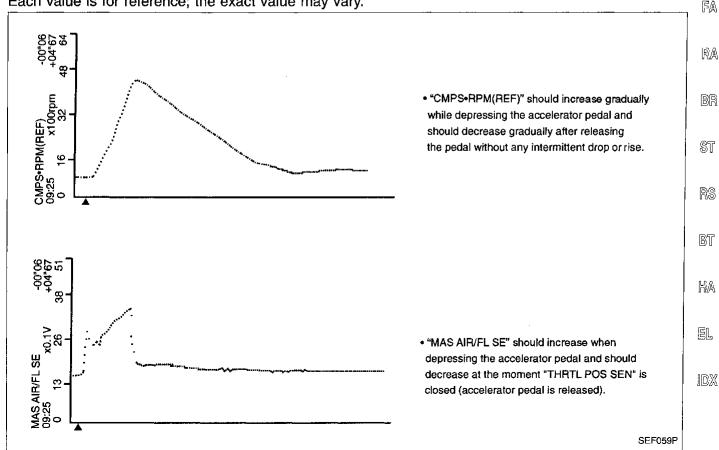
The signal of "THRTL POS SEN" and "ABSOL TH-P/S" should rise gradually without any intermittent drop or rise after "CLSD THL/P SW" is changed from "ON" to "OFF".



CMPS·RPM (REF), MAS AIR/FL SE, THRTL POS SEN, RR O2 SEN, FR O2 SEN, INJ PULSE

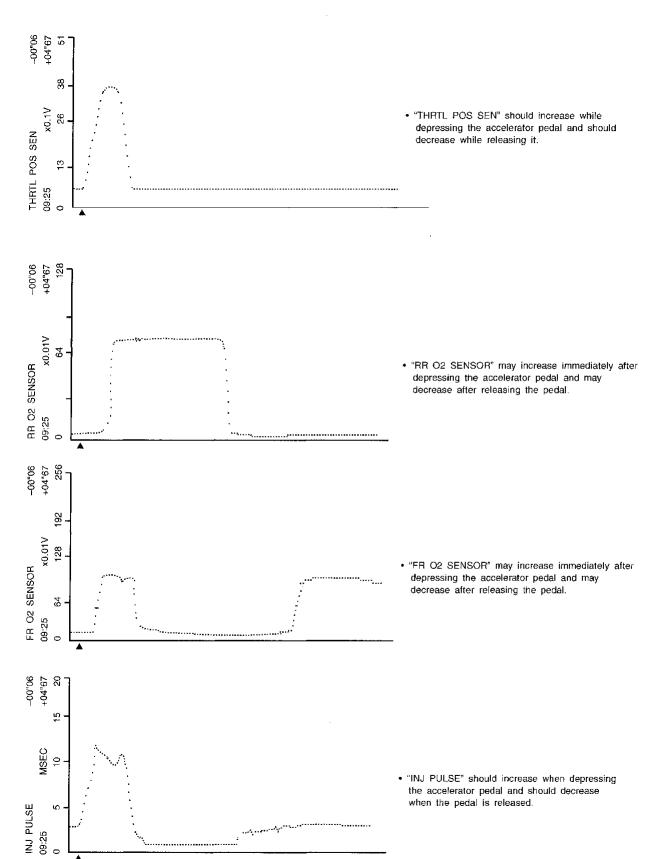
Below is the data for "CMPS-RPM (REF)", "MAS AIR/FL SE", "THRTL POS SEN", "RR O2 SEN", "FR O2 SEN" and "INJ PULSE" when revving engine quickly up to 4,800 rpm under no load after warming up engine to normal operating temperature.

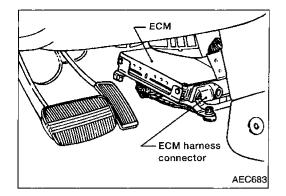
Each value is for reference; the exact value may vary.



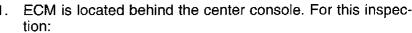
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Major Sensor Reference Graph in Data Monitor Mode (Cont'd)





ECM Terminals and Reference Value PREPARATION

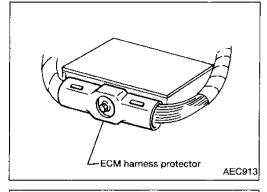


• Remove the front passenger center console panel.

G1

MA

Remove ECM harness protector.



Tester probe-

SEF3671

Thin wire



FE

CL

MIT

- Perform all voltage measurements with the connector connected. Extend tester probe as shown to perform tests easily.
 - Open harness securing clip to make testing easier.
 - Use extreme care not to touch 2 pins at one time.
 - Data is for comparison and may not be exact.

FA

AT

ŔA

BR

ST

RS

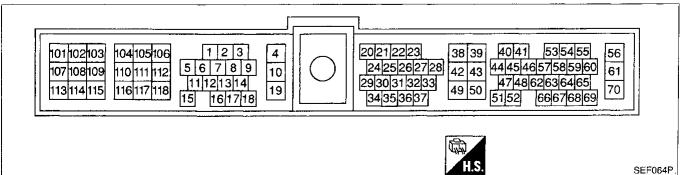
BT

HA

EL

IDX

ECM HARNESS CONNECTOR TERMINAL LAYOUT



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ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

ECM INSPECTION TABLE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

	1		and are measured between each terminar a	
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
	IM/D		Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	0.2 - 0.6V (V) 4 2 0 20ms SEF186T
1	W/B	Ignition signal	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0.7 - 0.9V (V) 4 2 0 20ms SEF187T
2	W	lgnition check	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) L Idle speed	Approximately 13V (V) 40 20 0 20ms SEF188T
2	V	ignition check	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 13V (V) 40 20 0 20ms SEF189T
3	L/OR	Tachometer	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 1V (V) 10 5 0 20ms SEF190T
•	2011		Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 2.4V (V) 10 5 0 20ms SEF191T

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
4	W/G	ECCS relay (Self-shutoff)	Engine is running. Ignition switch "OFF" For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1V
		Ignition switch "OFF" A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
5 6	L G	EVAP canister purge vol- ume control valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	0 - 0.4V
8	B/P	Fuel pump relay	Ignition switch "ON" For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running.	0 - 1V
			Ignition switch "ON" More than 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
10	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
13	LG (A/T	Cooling fan relay (High)	Engine is running. Cooling fan is not operating.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
·	models)		Engine is running. Cooling fan (High) is operating.	0.07 - 0.10V
1 4	LG/R	Cooling fan relay	Engine is running. Cooling fan is not operating.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
_			Engine is running. Cooling fan is operating.	0.07 - 0.30V
15	G/Y		Engine is running. Both A/C switch and blower switch are "ON".	0 - 0.3V
15	G/T	Air conditioner relay	Engine is running. A/C switch is "OFF".	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
16	Υ	EVAP canister purge vol-	Engine is running.	BATTERY VOLTAGE
17	OR	ume control valve	L Idle speed	(11 - 14V) Approximately 0.1V
18	OR/L	Malfunction indicator lamp	Ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
19	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
			Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 0V
20	B/Y	Start signal	Ignition switch "START"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

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TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)							
21	L/W	Air conditioner switch	Engine is running. Both air conditioner switch and blower switch are "ON" (Compressor operates).	Approximately 0V							
			Engine is running. Air conditioner switch is "OFF".	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)							
		Neutral position switch (M/T models)	Ignition switch "ON" Gear position is "Neutral position" (M/T models). Gear position is "N" or "P" (A/T models).	Approximately 0V							
22	22 G/OR	Inhibitor switch (A/T mod- els)	Ignition switch "ON" Except the above gear position	A/T models: BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) M/T models: Approximately 5V							
			Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator pedal released	0.35 - 0.65V							
23	Y	Throttle position sensor	Throttle position sensor	Throttle position sensor	Throttle position sensor	Throttle position sensor	Throttle position sensor	Throttle position sensor	Throttle position sensor	Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Approximately 4V
24	LG/B	Blower fan switch	Ignition switch "ON" Blower fan switch is "ON".	Approximately 0V							
		Power steering oil pres-	Engine is running. Steering wheel is fully turned.	Approximately 0V							
25	SB	sure switch	Engine is running. Steering wheel is not turned.	Approximately 5V							
26	PU/R	Vehicle speed sensor	Engine is running. Lift up the vehicle. In 2nd gear position Vehicle speed is 40 km/h (25 MPH).	0 - Approximately 4.2V (V) 10 5 0 SEF194T							
27	LG	Throttle position switch (Closed position)	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) Accelerator pedal released Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)							
			Accelerator pedal depressed	Approximately 0V							
28	R/Y	Intake air temperature sensor	Engine is running.	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with intake air temperature.							
		Torque converter clutch	Engine is running. Idle speed	Approximately 0V							
30	P/B	solenoid valve (A/T models only)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Vehicle speed is 64 km/h (40 MPH) or more in "D" position.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)							

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)				
•			Ignition switch "OFF"	ov				
38	B/R	Ignition switch	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)				
39	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground				
40 L 44 L		Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	0.1 - 0.4V (V) 10 5 0 10ms SEF199T					
			Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0.1 - 0.4V (V) 10 5 0 10ms SEF200T				
42	PU/W IACV-AAC valve (Close)	PU/W IACV-AAC valve (Close)	PU/W IACV-AAC valve (Close)	PU/W IACV-AAC valve (Close)	PU/W IACV-AAC valve (Close)	V IACV-AAC valve (Close)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	5 - 9V (V) 40 20 0 2ms SEF197T Approximately 13V
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	(V) 40 20 0 2ms SEF198T				
43	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground (Probe this terminal with tester probe when measuring.)				

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				, ,
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
		Camshaft position sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) L Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V (V) 10 5 0
41	B/W	(Position signal)	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 2.4V (V) 10 5 0 0.2ms SEF196T
46	W	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V (V) 2 1 0 SEF201T
47	G	Mass air flow sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	1.0 - 1.7V 1.5 - 2.1V
48	R	Mass air flow sensor ground	Engine speed is 2,500 rpm. Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	0.005 - 0.02V
49	P/L	Sensors' power supply	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 5V
50	В	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	0.001 - 0.02V
51	BR/Y	Engine coolant tempera- ture sensor	Engine is running.	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with engine coolant temperature.
52	w	Rear heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 3,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	- _ (
53		Crankshaft position sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) L Idle speed	Approximately 0.03V (V) 4 2 0 0.2ms SEF202T	
30	W	(OBD)	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 0.03V (V) 4 2 0 0.2ms SEF203T	
54	w	Knock sensor	Engine is running. Idle speed	2.0 - 3.0V	Ĉ
55	1./5	Rear window defogger	Ignition switch "ON" Rear window defogger is "OFF".	Approximately 0V	iN
55		/R relay	Ignition switch "ON" Rear window defogger is "ON".	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	Æ
56 61	W/R W/R	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	N.
58	L/B	Data link connector for GST	Engine is running. Idle speed (GST is disconnected.)	6 - 10V	20
60	R/L	Headlamp switch	Lighting switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	66)
			Lighting switch "OFF"	Approximately 0V	
62	R/B		Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Less than 4.5V	8
UZ	F1/D	EGR temperature sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) EGR system is operating.	0 - 3.0V	R
63	LG/R	Tank fuel temperature sensor	Engine is running.	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with fuel temperature.	6
64	G/B		Engine is running.	Approximately 0V	ήLi
65	GY/L	Data link connector for CONSULT	Lidle speed (CONSULT is connected and	Approximately 4 - 9V	H
68	G/W		turned on.)	Approximately 3.5V	
66	w	Absolute pressure sensor	Ignition switch "ON" For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. For 5 seconds after starting engine	Approximately 4.4V	
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) More than 5 seconds after starting engine	Approximately 1.4V	

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	
67	w	EVAP control system pres- sure sensor	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 3.4V	
69	GY/R	MAP/BARO switch solenoid	Ignition switch "ON" For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. For 5 seconds after starting engine	Approximately 0V	
00	G1///	valve	Ignition switch "ON" More than 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. More than 5 seconds after starting engine	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
70	W/L	Power supply (Back-up)	Ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
101	SB	/B Injector No. 1 /B Injector No. 3 /B Injector No. 2 B Injector No. 4	IACV-AAC valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idie speed	Approximately 10V (V) 40 20 0 2ms SEF197T
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 0V (V) 40 20 0 2ms SEF198T	
102 104	R/B G/B		Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) (V) 40 20 0 20ms SEF204T	
107 109	Y/B L/B		Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) (V) 40 20 0 20ms SEF205T	

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	
103	P	EGRC-solenoid valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) — M/T models: Jack up front wheels and drive wheels at 16 km/h (10 MPH). — Engine speed is 2,200 rpm. (A/T models) 2,000 rpm. (M/T models)	Approximately 0V	
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
105	PU	EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) More than 60 seconds after starting engine M/T models: Jack up front wheels and drive wheels at 16 km/h (10 MPH). Engine speed is 2,200 rpm. (A/T models) 2,000 rpm. (M/T models)	Approximately 0V	
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
06	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground	
80	PU/W	EVAP canister vent con- trol valve	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
10	R/W	Rear heated oxygen sen-	Engine is running. Engine speed is below 3,200 rpm.	Approximately 0V	···
10	I TV V V	sor heater	Engine is running. Engine speed is above 3,200 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
12	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground	
14	V/D	Intake valve timing control	Engine is running.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
14	Y/R	solenoid valve	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 0V	
15	- OR	Front heated oxygen sen-	Engine is running. Engine speed is below 3,200 rpm.	Approximately 0V	
15	On	sor heater	Engine is running. Engine speed is above 3,200 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	_
17	PU/R	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
18	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground	- [

EC-103 265

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

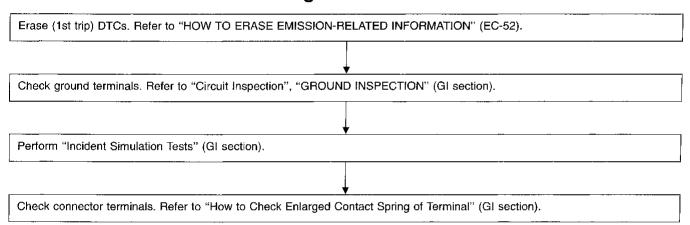
Description

Intermittent incidents (I/I) may occur. In many cases, the problem resolves itself (the part or circuit function returns to normal without intervention). It is important to realize that the symptoms described in the customer's complaint often do not recur on DTC (1st trip) visits. Realize also that the most frequent cause of I/I occurrences is poor electrical connections. Because of this, the conditions under which the incident occurred may not be clear. Therefore, circuit checks made as part of the standard diagnostic procedure may not indicate the specific problem area.

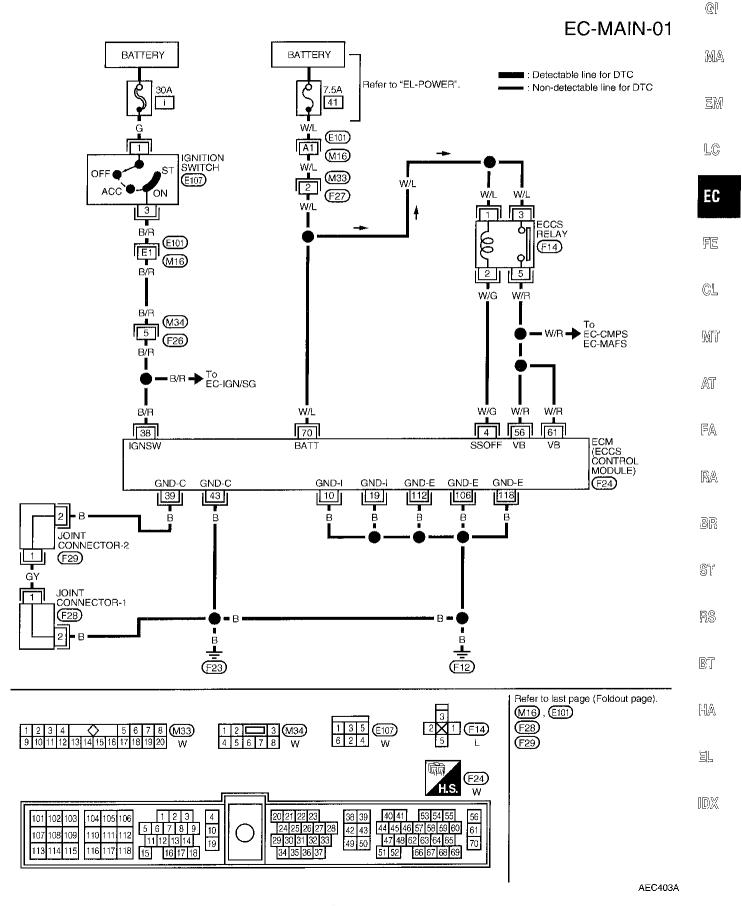
Common I/I Report Situations

STEP in Work Flow	Situation		
11	The CONSULT is used. The SELF-DIAG RESULTS screen shows time data other than "0" or "1t".		
III The symptom described by the customer does not recur.			
IV	(1st trip) DTC data does not appear during the DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE.		
VI	The TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS for PXXXX does not indicate the problem area.		

Diagnostic Procedure



Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit



EC-105 267

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR POWER SUPPLY

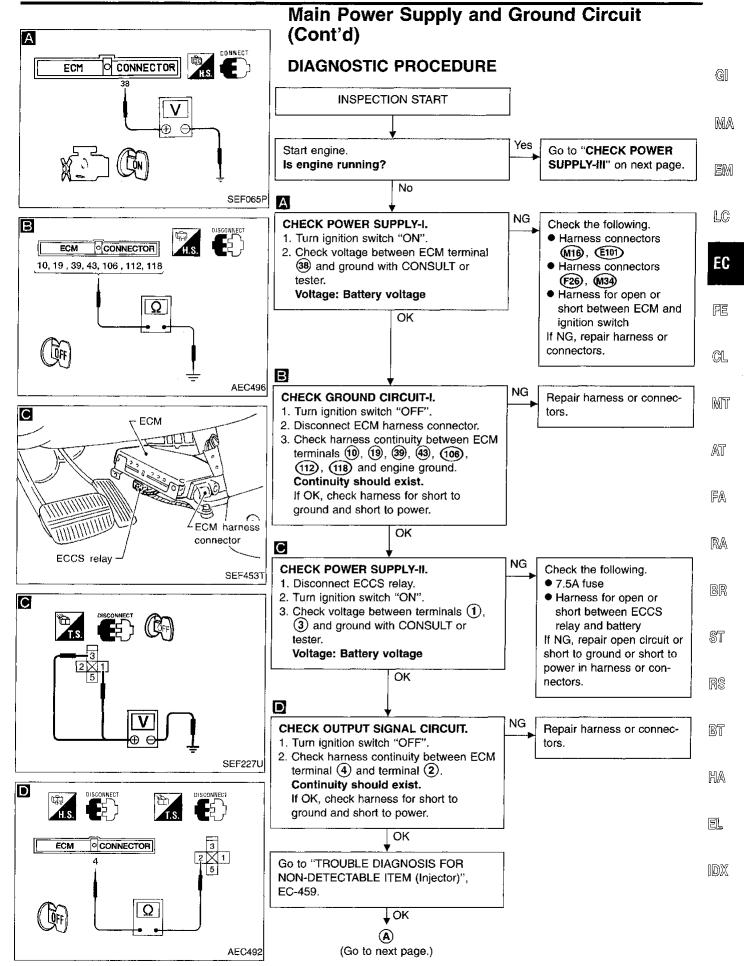
Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit (Cont'd)

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (ECCS ground).

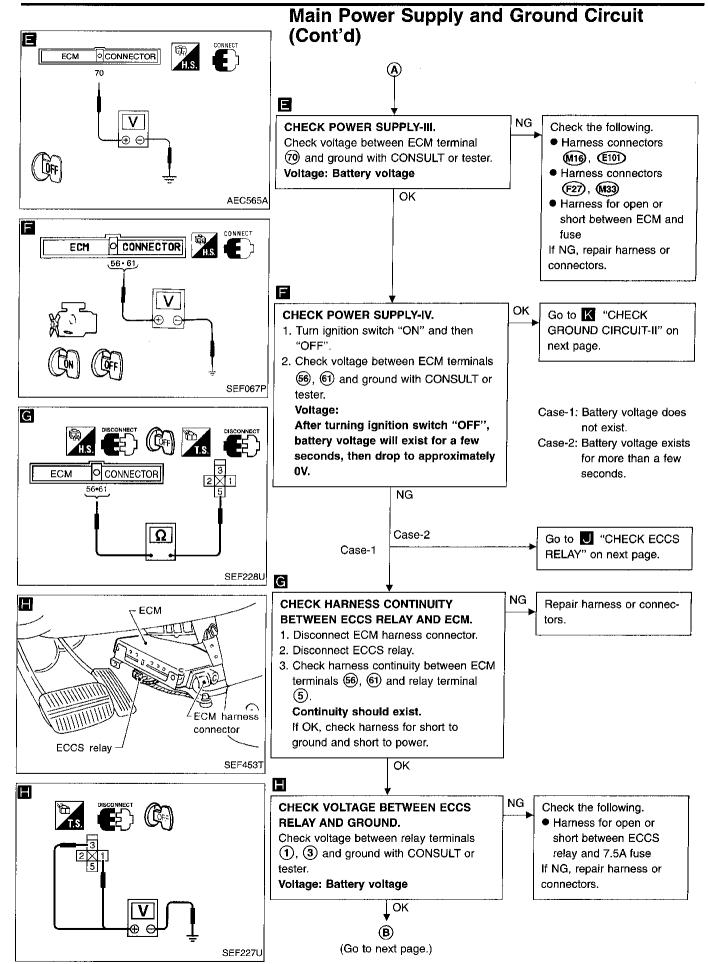
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
4	W/G	ECCS relay (Self-shutoff)	Engine is running. Ignition switch "OFF" For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1V
			Ignition switch "OFF" A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
10	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
19	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
38	B/R	Ignition switch	Ignition switch "OFF" Ignition switch "ON"	OV BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
39	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
43	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. — Idle speed	Engine ground (Probe this terminal with ⊝ tester probe when measuring.)
5 6 61	W/R W/R	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
70	W/L	Power supply (Back-up)	Ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
106	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
112	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
118	В	ECCS ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR POWER SUPPLY

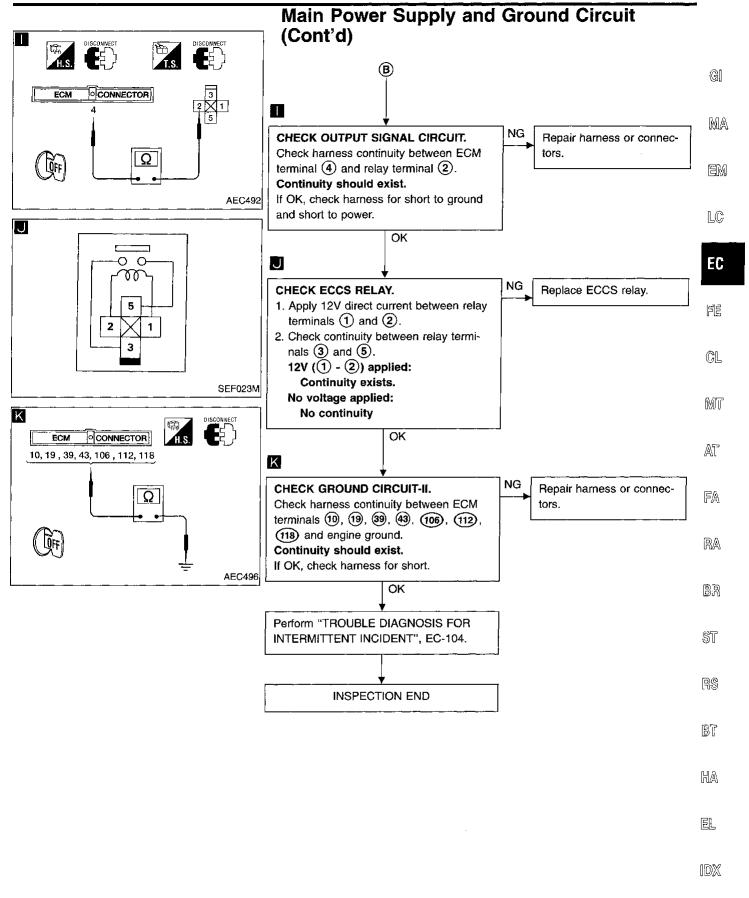


EC-107

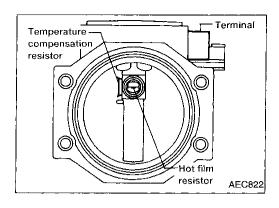
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR POWER SUPPLY



TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR POWER SUPPLY



EC-109 271



Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The mass air flow sensor is placed in the stream of intake air. It measures the intake flow rate by measuring a part of the entire intake flow. It consists of a hot film resistor that is supplied with electric current from the ECM. The temperature of the hot film resistor is controlled by the ECM a certain amount. The heat generated by the hot film resistor is reduced as the intake air flows around it. The more air, the greater the heat loss.

Therefore, the ECM must supply more electric current to maintain the temperature of the hot film resistor as air flow increases. The ECM detects the air flow by means of this current change.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	COI	NDITION	SPECIFICATION
MAS AIR/FL SE	Engine: After warming upAir conditioner switch: "OFF"	idle	1.0 - 1.7V
W/O/WEIL OF	Shift lever: "N"No-load	2,500 rpm	1.8 - 2.4V
CAL/LD VALUE	Engine: After warming upAir conditioner switch: "OFF"	Idle	15.0 - 30.0%
	Shift lever: "N"No-load	2,500 rpm	13.0 - 28.0%
MASS AIRFLOW	Engine: After warming upAir conditioner switch: "OFF"	Idle	1.0 - 4.0 g·m/s
MAGG ANTI EOVV	Shift lever: "N"No-load	2,500 rpm	5.0 - 10.0 g·m/s

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (a) (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	G	Mass air flow sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	1.0 - 1.7V
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,500 rpm.	1.5 - 2.1V
48	R	Mass air flow sensor ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	0.005 - 0.02V

EC-110

Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	 G1
P0100 0102	A) An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM when engine is not running. • Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) • Mass air flow sensor		
	C) A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving condition.		
	B) An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM* when engine is running.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Intake air leaks	
	D) A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving condition.	Mass air flow sensor	EC

*: When this malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode
Mass air flow sensor circuit	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B". If there is no problem on "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure for malfunction C". If there is no problem on "Procedure for malfunction C", perform "Procedure for malfunction D".

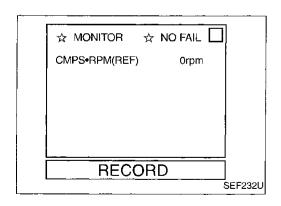
CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

NO



Procedure for malfunction A

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
 - 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
 - 3) Wait at least 6 seconds.
- OR -Turn ignition switch "ON", and wait at least 6 sec-1) GSF
 - 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
 - OR -
 - 1) Turn ignition switch "ON", and wait at least 6 sec-
 - 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
 - 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

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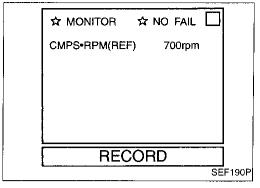
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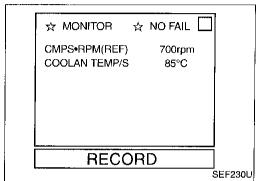
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Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction B



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine and wait 5 seconds at most.

---- OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and wait 5 seconds at most.
- 3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

- OR -



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and wait 5 seconds at most.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

NOTE:

If 1st trip DTC confirmed after more than 5 seconds, there may be malfunction C.

Procedure for malfunction C



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 4) Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.

– OR -



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.
- 3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

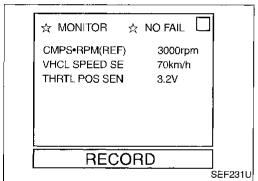
- OR -

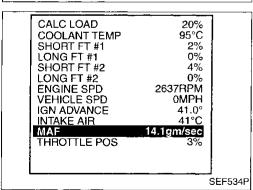


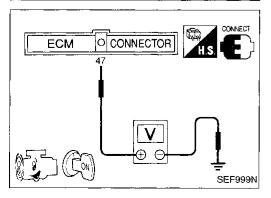
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

EC-112

OK NG MAS AIR/FL SE +00"21 MAS AIR/FL SE +00"21 15:48 x0.1V +02"45 0 13 26 38 51 0 13 26 38 51







Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction D



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

If engine cannot be started, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-115.

3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

 Check the voltage of MAS AIR/FL SE with "DATA MONITOR".

5) Increases engine speed to about 4,000 rpm.

 Monitor the linear voltage rise in response to engine speed increases.
 If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-115.

If OK, go to following step.

7) Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

CMPS·RPM (REF): More than 2,000 rpm THRTL POS SEN: More than 3V Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving location: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required

for this test.

– OR

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the mass air flow sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

Procedure for malfunction D



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- 4) Check the mass air flow with "MODE 1".
- Check for linear mass air flow rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.

OR.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check the voltage between ECM terminal 49 and ground.
- Check for linear voltage rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.

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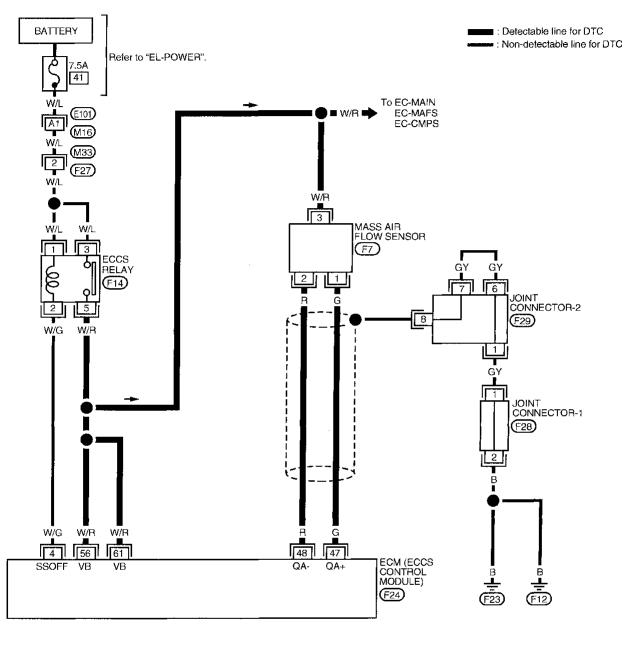
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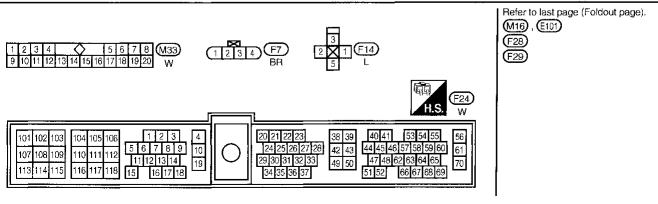
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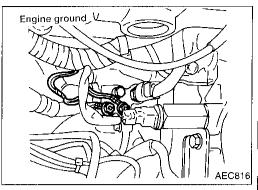
EC-113 275

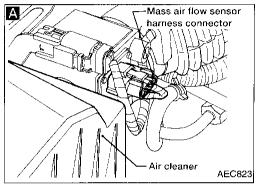
Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

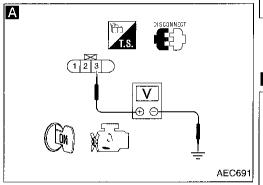
EC-MAFS-01

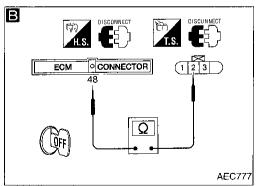


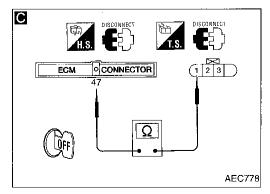






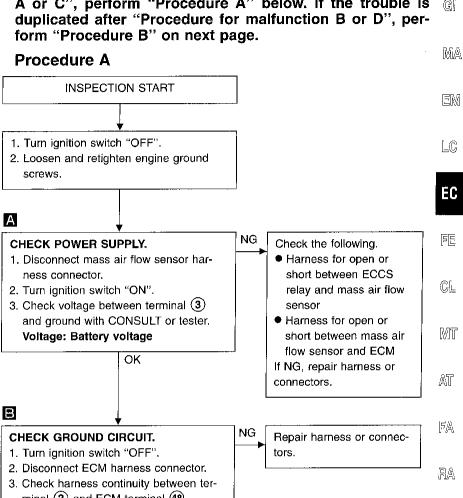






Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

If the trouble is duplicated after "Procedure for malfunction A or C", perform "Procedure A" below. If the trouble is duplicated after "Procedure for malfunction B or D", perform "Procedure B" on next page.



minal (2) and ECM terminal (48). Continuity should exist.

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power. OΚ

С CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT. Check harness continuity between terminal (1) and ECM terminal (47). Continuity should exist. If OK, check harness for short.

OK **(A)** (Go to next page.)

Repair harness or connectors.

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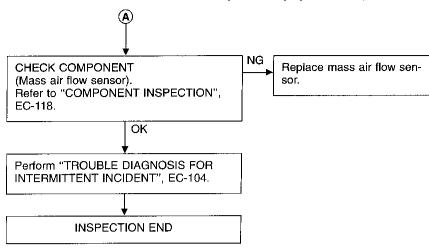
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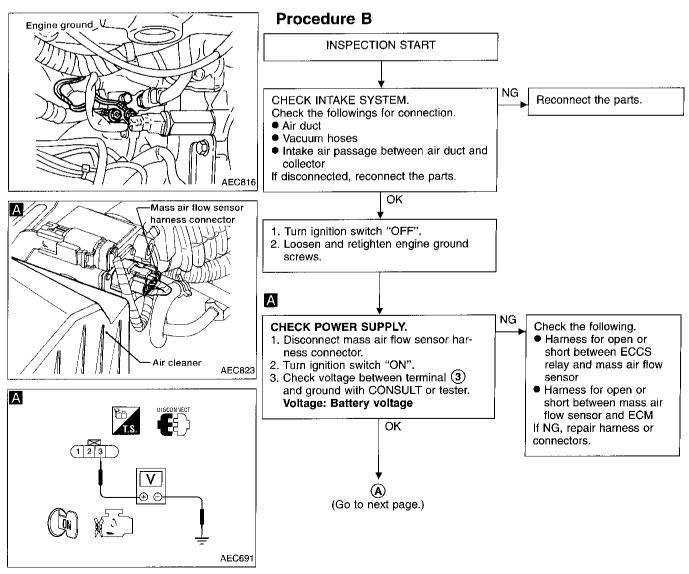
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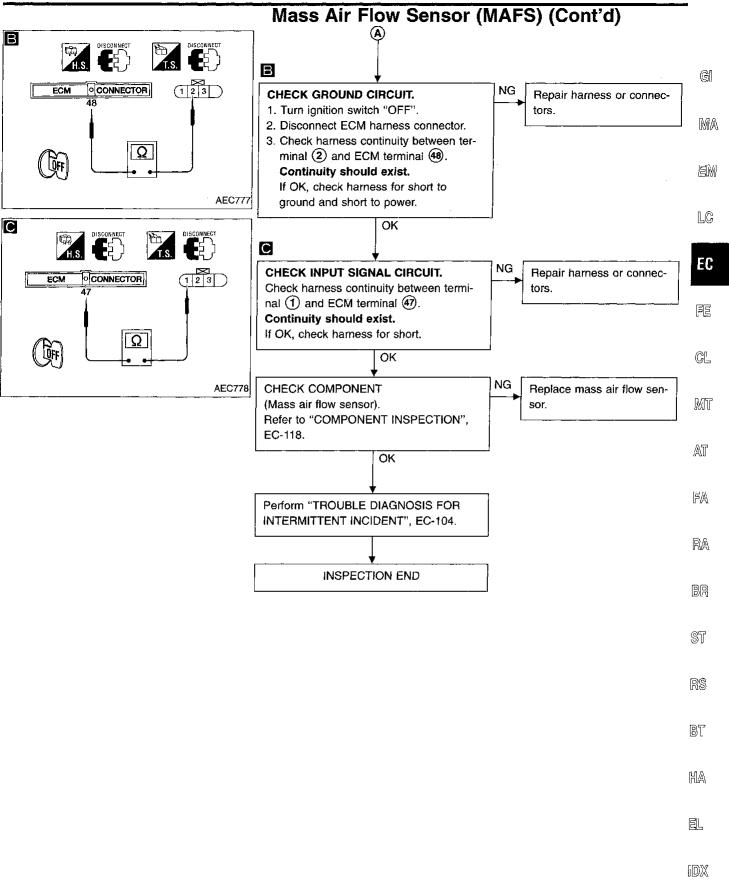
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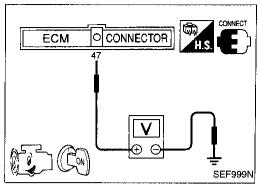
Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

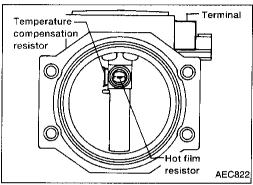






EC-117 279





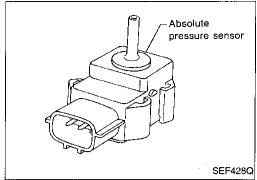
Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

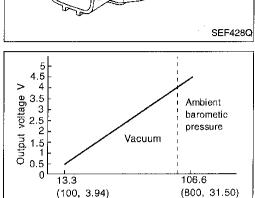
Mass air flow sensor

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check voltage between ECM terminal @ and ground.

Conditions	Voltage V
Ignition switch "ON" (Engine stopped.)	Less than 1.0
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.0 - 1.7
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.7 - 2.1
Idle to about 4,000 rpm*	1.0 - 1.7 to Approx. 4.0

- Check for linear voltage rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.
- If the voltage is out of specification, disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and connect it again. Repeat above check.
- 5. If NG, remove mass air flow sensor from air duct. Check hot film for damage or dust.





Absolute Pressure Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The absolute pressure sensor is connected to the MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve by a hose. The sensor detects ambient barometric pressure and intake manifold pressure and sends the voltage signal to the ECM. As the pressure increases, the voltage rises.

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ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Pressure kPa (mmHg, inHg) (Absolute pressure)

SEF946S

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0105 0803	A) An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (Absolute pressure sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Absolute pressure sensor
	B) A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving conditions.	Hoses (Hoses between the intake manifold and absolute pressure sensor are disconnected or clogged.)
		 Intake air leaks MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve Absolute pressure sensor
	C) A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving conditions.	Absolute pressure sensor

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

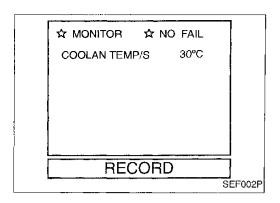
Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B". If the 1st trip DTC is not confirmed on "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure for malfunction C".

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Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction A

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

OR

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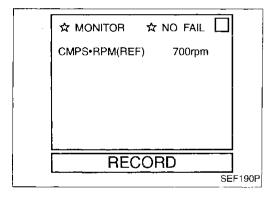
3) Wait at least 6 seconds.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 6 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 6 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.



Procedure for malfunction B

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine and let it idle.
- 5) Wait at least 15 seconds.



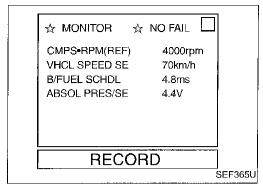


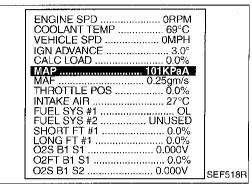
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Let engine idle and wait at least 15 seconds.
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

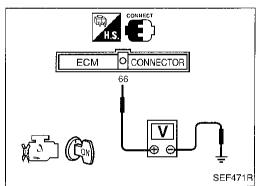
- OR -



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Let engine idle and wait at least 15 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.







Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction C

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

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If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
 The voltage of "ABSOL PRES/SE" should be more than 1.74 [V].

 If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC

If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-123.

If the check result is OK, go to following step.

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 13 seconds.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 7) Drive the vehicle at least 3 consecutive seconds under the following conditions,

B/FUEL SCHDL: More than 4.5 ms CMPS·RPM (REF): 3,000 - 4,800 rpm Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving pattern: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

- OR

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

Procedure for malfunction C



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "MAP" in "MODE 1" with GST.
- 3) Make sure that the pressure of "MAP" is more than 46 kPa (0.47 kg/cm², 6.7 psi).



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Make sure that the voltage between ECM terminal 66 and ground is more than 1.74 [V].

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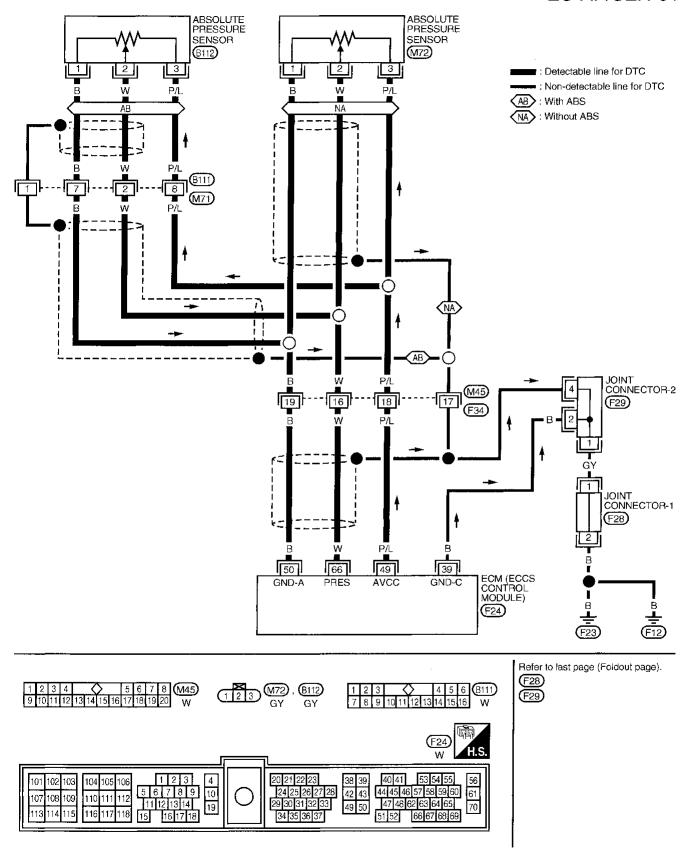
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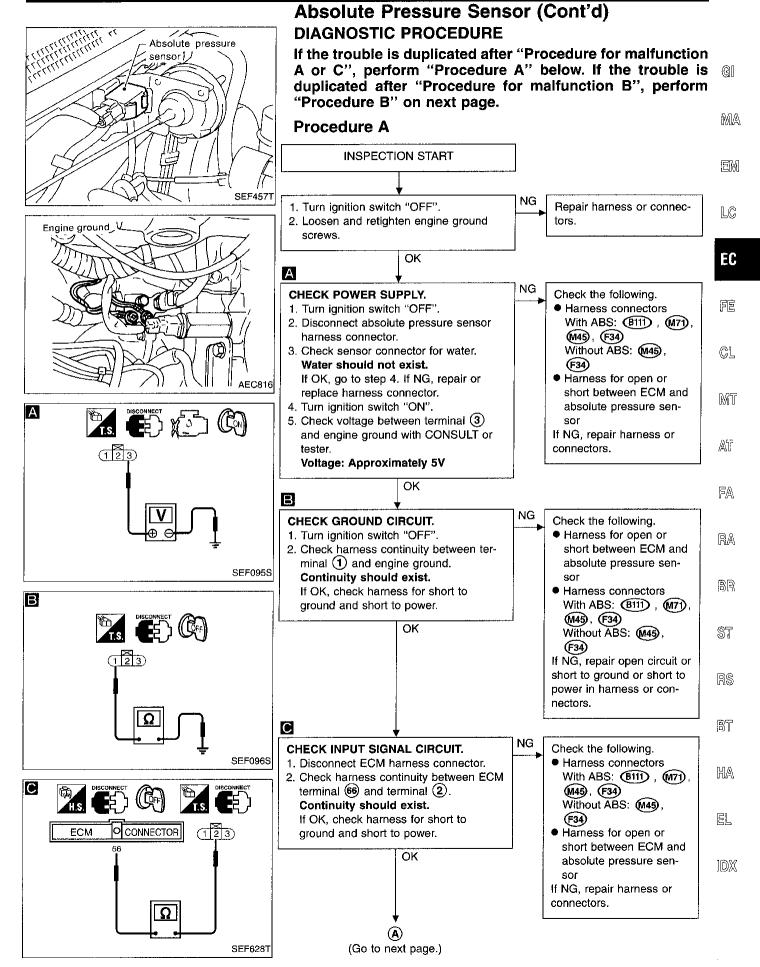
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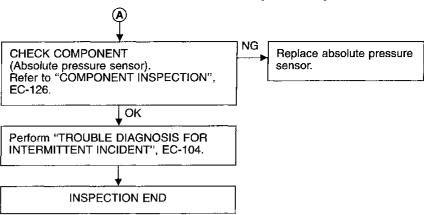
Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

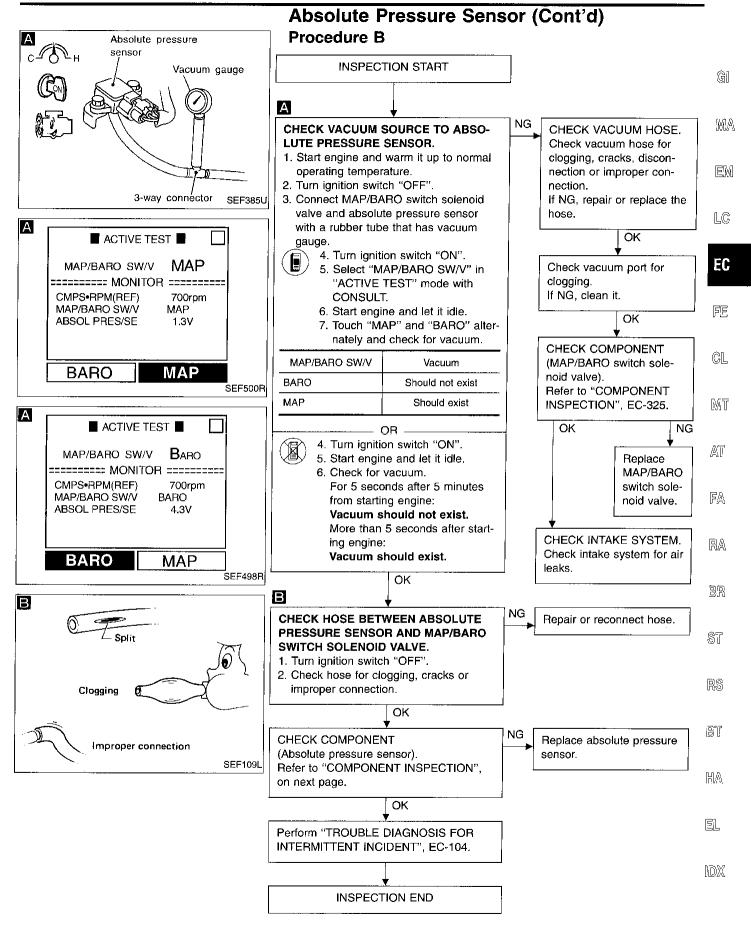
EC-AP/SEN-01



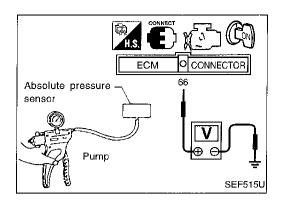


Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)





EC-125 287



Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Absolute pressure sensor

- 1. Remove absolute pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from absolute pressure sensor.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON" and check output voltage between ECM terminal 6 and engine ground.

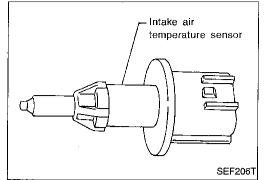
The voltage should be 3.2 to 4.8 V.

4. Use pump to apply vacuum pressure of -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg) to absolute pressure sensor as shown in figure and check the output voltage.

The voltage should be 1.0 to 1.4 V lower than the value measured in step 3.

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace absolute pressure sensor.



Acceptable Resistance 0.8 0.2 SEF012P

Intake Air Temperature Sensor

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The intake air temperature sensor is mounted to the air duct housing. The sensor detects intake air temperature and transmits a signal to the ECM.

The temperature sensing unit uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. Electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases in response to the temperature rise.

<Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
80 (176)	1.23	0.27 - 0.38

*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (Intake air temperature sensor) and ECM terminal (43) (ECCS ground).

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0110	A) An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is	Harness or connectors
0401	sent to ECM.	(The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
		Intake air temperature sensor
	B) Rationally incorrect voltage from the sensor is sent to	
	ECM, compared with the voltage signal from engine	
	coolant temperature sensor.	

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode		
The ECM (86°F).	I functions on the assumption that the intake air temperature is 30°C	

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

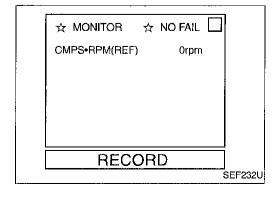
Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

Procedure for malfunction A

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Wait at least 5 seconds.



EC-127 289

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Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)



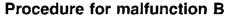
Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.

2) Select MODE 7 with GST.

- OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.



CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

TESTING CONDITION:

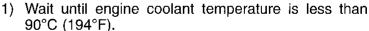
This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.



- 1) Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F).
 - (a) Turn ignition switch "ON".
 - (b) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
 - (c) Check the engine coolant temperature.
 - (d) If the engine coolant temperature is not less than 90°C (194°F), turn ignition switch "OFF" and cool down engine.
- Perform the following steps before engine coolant temperature is above 90°C (194°F).
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine.
- 5) Hold vehicle speed more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 100 consecutive seconds.







- (a) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- (b) Select MODE 1 with GST.
- (c) Check the engine coolant temperature.
- (d) If the engine coolant temperature is above 90°C (194°F), turn ignition switch "OFF" and cool down engine.
- Perform the following steps before engine coolant temperature is above 90°C (194°F).
- Start engine.
- 3) Hold vehicle speed more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 100 consecutive seconds.
- 4) Select MODE 7 with GST.

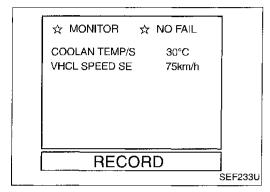
– OR -

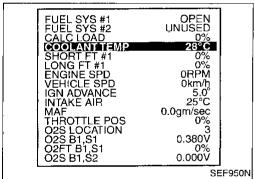


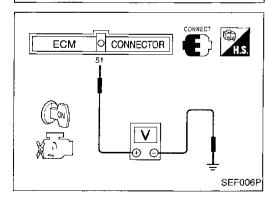
- 1) Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F).
 - (a) Turn ignition switch "ON".
 - (b) Check voltage between ECM terminal (5) and ground.

Voltage: More than 1.0 (V)

(c) If the voltage is less than 1.0 (V), turn ignition switch "OFF" and cool down engine.







Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

- Perform the following steps before the voltage is below 1.0V.
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Hold vehicle speed more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 100 consecutive seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

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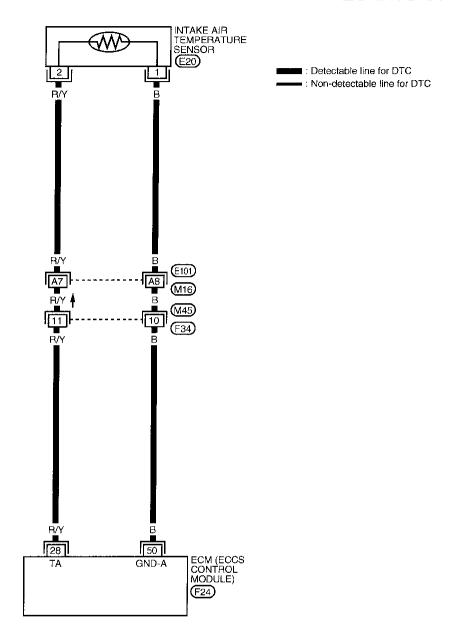
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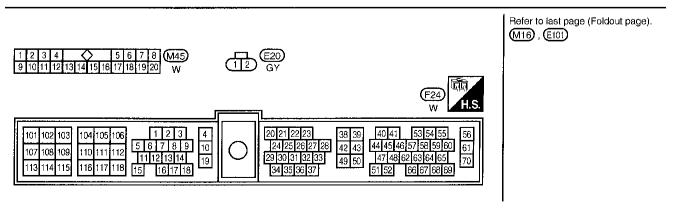
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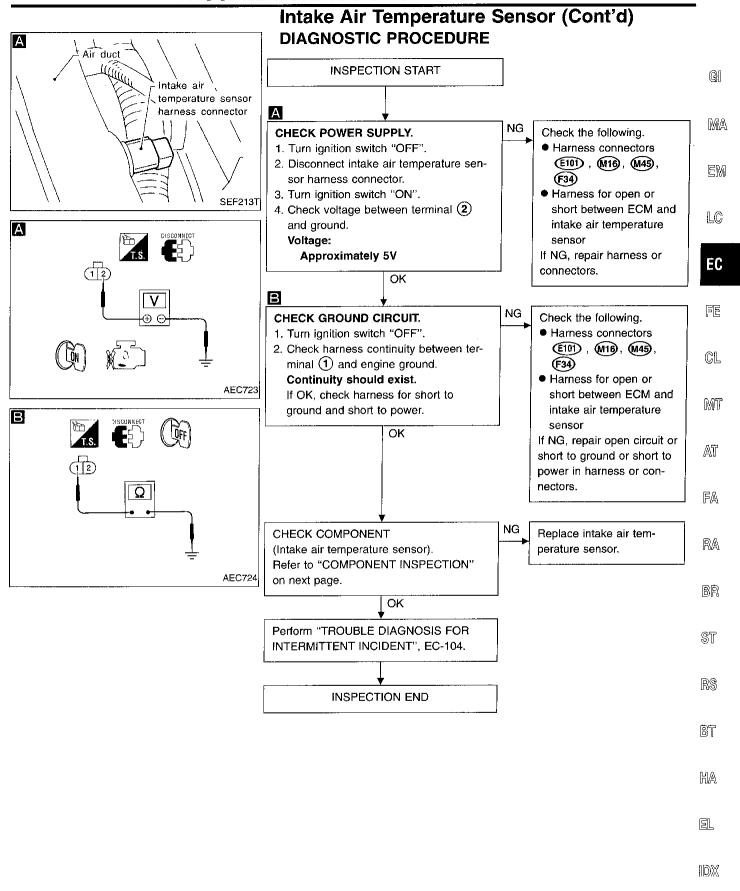
EC-129 291

Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

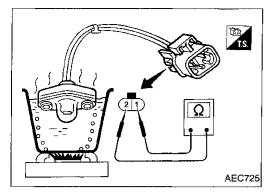
EC-IATS-01







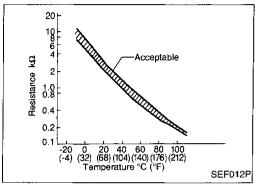
EC-131 293



Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Intake air temperature sensor

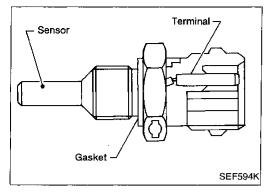
Check resistance as shown in the figure.

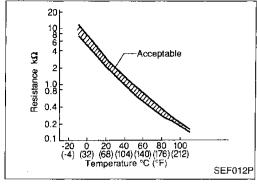


<Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
80 (176)	0.27 - 0.38

If NG, replace intake air temperature sensor.





Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Circuit)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

<Reference data>

Engine coolant tempera- ture °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
-10 (14)	4.4	7.0 - 11.4
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (5) (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ECM terminal (43) (ECCS ground).

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	AT
COOLAN TEMP/S	Engine: After warming up	More than 70°C (158°F)	

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P0115 0103	sent to ECM.*	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Engine coolant temperature sensor 	

^{*:} When this malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode		- R\$
	Engine coolant temperature will be determined by ECM based on the time after turning ignition switch "ON" or "START". CONSULT displays the engine coolant temperature decided by ECM.		- :n@ BT
	Condition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT display)	ппа
Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit	Just as ignition switch is turned ON or Start	40°C (104°F)	HA
	More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or Start	80°C (176°F)	
	Except as shown above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)	IDX
	When the fail-safe system for engine cool cooling fan operates while the engine is n	•	שיישונ

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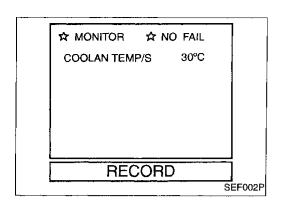
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Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Circuit) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Wait at least 5 seconds.





- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

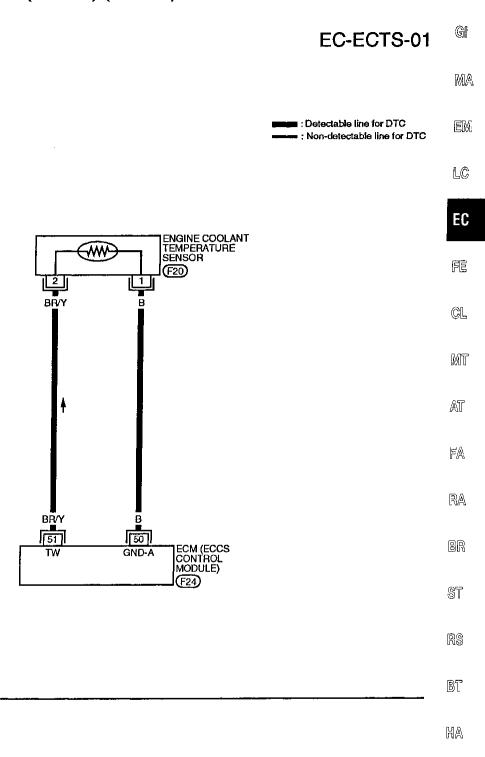


1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.

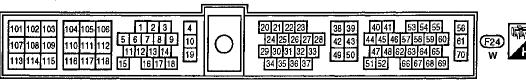
- OR -

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Circuit) (Cont'd)



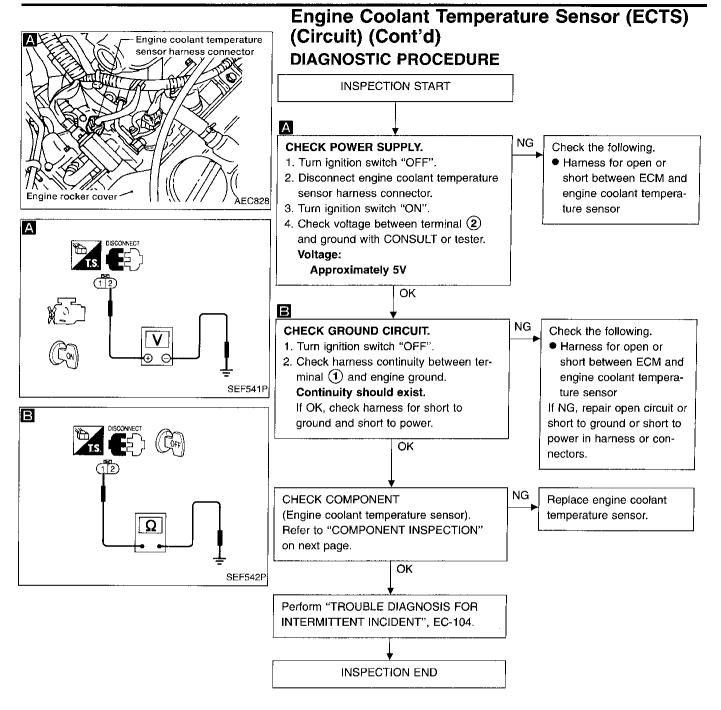




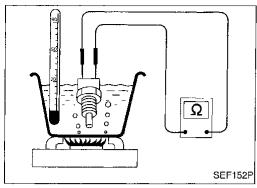


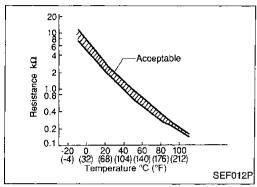
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EC-136





Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Circuit) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Engine coolant temperature sensor

Check resistance as shown in the figure.

<Reference data>

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

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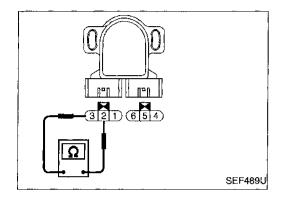
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EC-137 299

Throttle Position Sensor

Note: If both DTC P0120 (0403) and DTC P0510 (0203) are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNO-SIS FOR DTC P0510 first. (See EC-311.)



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The throttle position sensor responds to the accelerator pedal movement. This sensor is a kind of potentiometer which transforms the throttle position into output voltage, and emits the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, the sensor detects the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feeds the voltage signal to the ECM.

Idle position of the throttle valve is determined by the ECM receiving the signal from the throttle position sensor. This sensor controls engine operation such as fuel cut. On the other hand, the "Wide open and closed throttle position switch", which is built into the throttle position sensor unit, is not used for engine control.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	ITEM CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
THRTL POS SEN	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Throttle valve: fully closed	0.35 - 0.65V
THRIL POS SEN	 Engine stopped) Engine: After warming up 	Throttle valve: fully opened	Approx. 4.0V
ABSOL TH-P/S	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stepped)	Throttle valve: fully closed	0.0%
	(Engine stopped) • Engine: After warming up	Throttle valve: fully opened	Approx. 89%

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

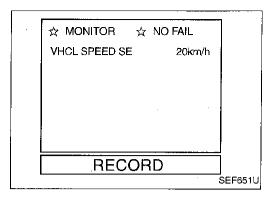
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
23	Υ	Throttle position copper	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) Accelerator pedal fully released	0.35 - 0.65V
23	Ť	Throttle position sensor	Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Approximately 4V
49	P/L	Sensors' power supply	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 5V
50	В	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	0.001 - 0.02V

Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is dete	cted when	Check Items (Possible Cause)		
P0120 A) An excessively low or high v output output output A) An excessively low or high v sent to ECM.*		oltage from the sensor is	 Harness or connectors (The throttle position sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Throttle position sensor 		
	B) A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving condition. C) A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving condition.		 Harness or co (The throttle p shorted.) Throttle positi Fuel injector 	onnectors cosition sensor circuit is open or on sensor	_
			 Camshaft pos Mass air flow Harness or co (The throttle p Intake air leak 	sensor onnectors ossition sensor circuit is open or shorted.)	
When this m	nalfunction is detected, the ECM	enters fail-safe mode ar	 Throttle position Ind the MIL lights 		•
	Detected items	Engir	e operating cond	lition in fail-safe mode	•
		Throttle position will be of engine speed. Therefore, acceleration will be of the speed.		d on the injected fuel amount and the	•
nrottle positio	on sensor circuit	Condition Driving condition			
		When engine is idling		Normal	
		When accelerating		Poor acceleration	
		PROCEDURE Perform "Proced not be confirmed If there is no pro	ure for malfu I, perform "F oblem on "P	ODE CONFIRMATION Inction A" first. If the DTC can- Procedure for malfunction B". Procedure for malfunction B",	
		perform "Proced Procedure for n			
		DURE" has been tion switch "OFF	previously " and wait a	ODE CONFIRMATION PROCE- conducted, always turn igni- t least 5 seconds before con-	[
		ducting the next CAUTION: Always drive veh	icle at a safe	e speed.	
			rming the f	ollowing procedure, confirm	
		This test may in the shop of	be conducte or by driving	ed with the drive wheels lifted the vehicle. If a road test is t is unnecessary to lift the	[

EC-139 301



Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

VHCL SPEED SE: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH)
Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or
"N" position

- OR

1) Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

Vehicle speed: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH)
Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or
"N" position

2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

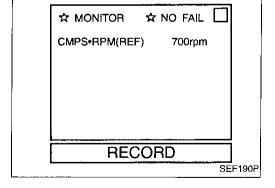
OR



1) Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

Vehicle speed: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH)
Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or
"N" position

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "DIAGNOS-TIC TEST MODE (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.



Procedure for malfunction B

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.

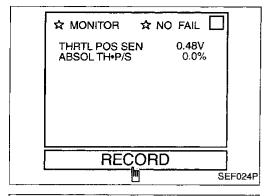
- () Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.

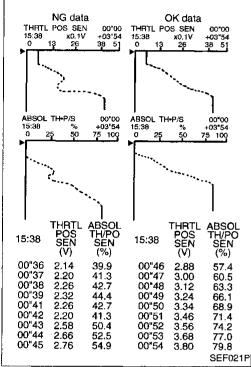
- OR -

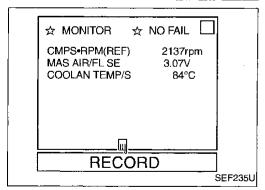
- OR -

NO TOOLS

- 1) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "DIAGNOS-TIC TEST MODE (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.







Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

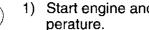
Procedure for malfunction C

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

Turn ignition switch "ON".

Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

5) Select "THRTL POS SEN" and "ABSOL TH·P/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

6) Press RECORD on CONSULT SCREEN at the same time accelerator pedal is depressed.

7) Print out the recorded graph and check the following:

The voltage rise is linear in response to accelerator pedal depression.

The voltage when accelerator pedal depressed is approximately 4V. If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-144. If OK, go to following step.

8) Select "AUTO TRIG" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

9) Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

CMPS-RPM (REF): More than 2,000 rpm MAS AIR/FL SE: More than 3V

COOLAN TEMP/S: More than 70°C (158°F)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving location: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

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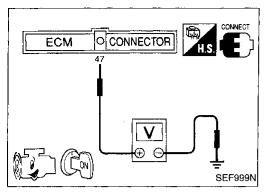
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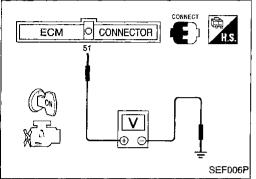
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EC-141 303

Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

Less than 1.5V







1) Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

OR -

Gear position: Suitable position Engine speed: More than 2,000 rpm

Engine coolant temperature: More than 70°C

(158°F)

Voltage between ECM terminal @ and ground: More than 3V



1) Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

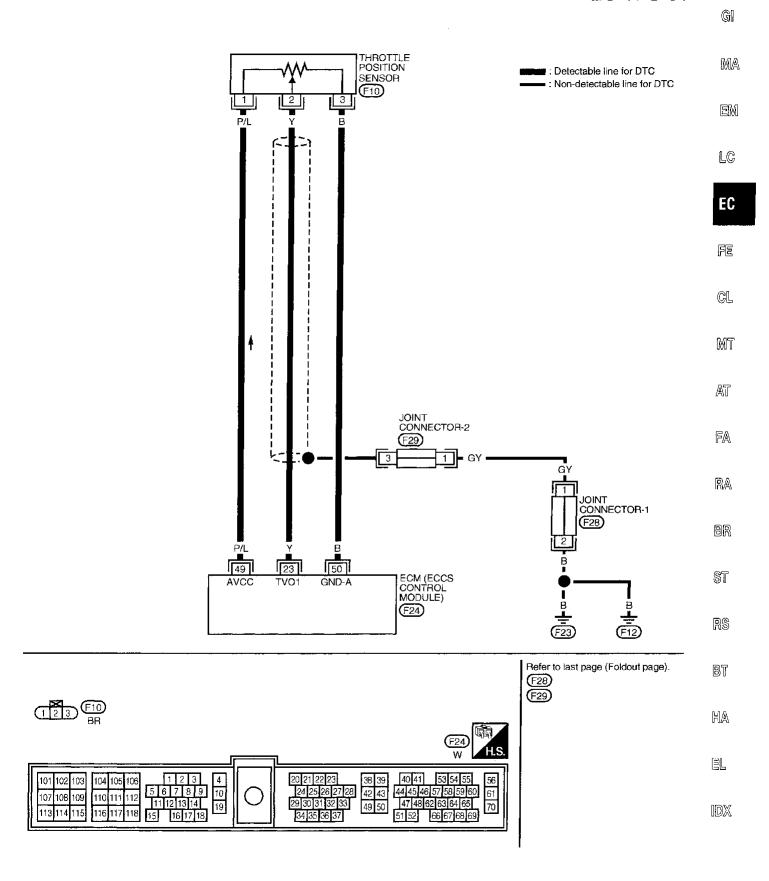
- OR -

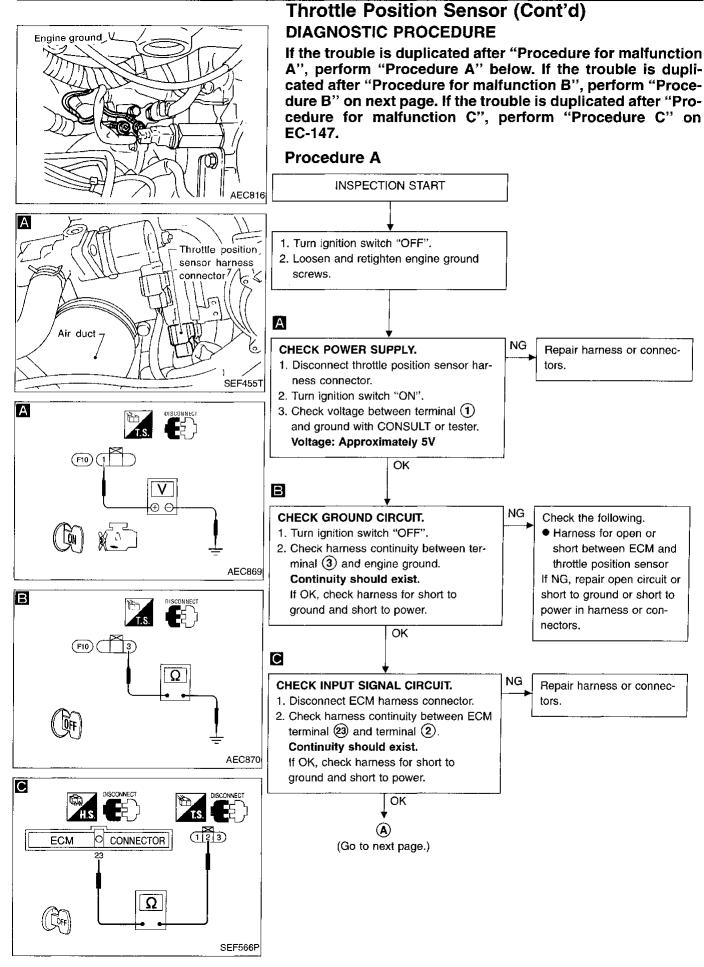
Gear position: Suitable position
Engine speed: More than 2,000 rpm
Voltage between ECM terminal @ and ground:
More than 3V
Voltage between ECM terminal ⑤ and ground:

- 2) Stop the vehicle, turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

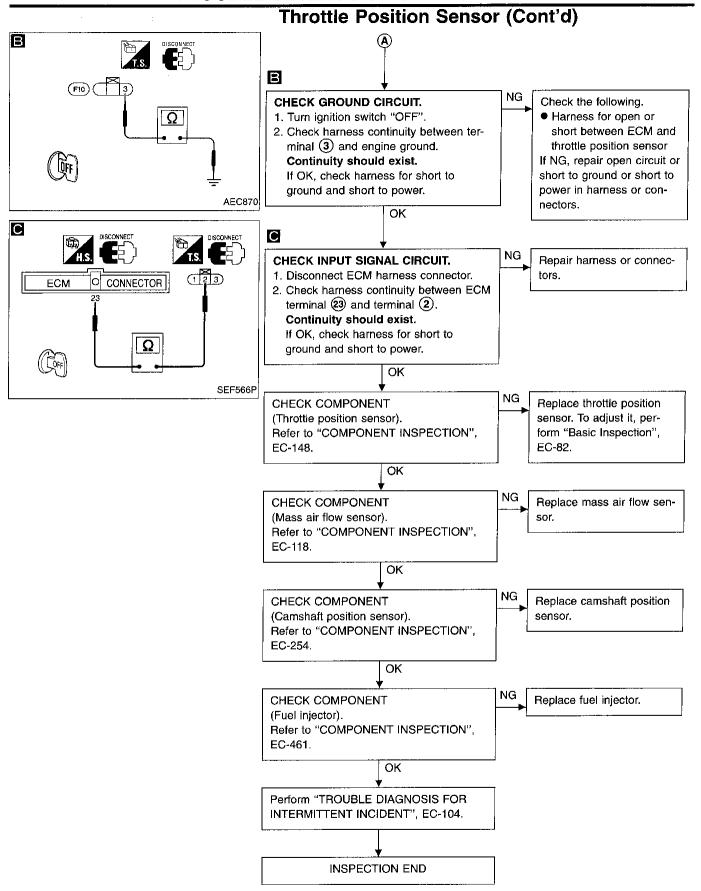
EC-TPS-01

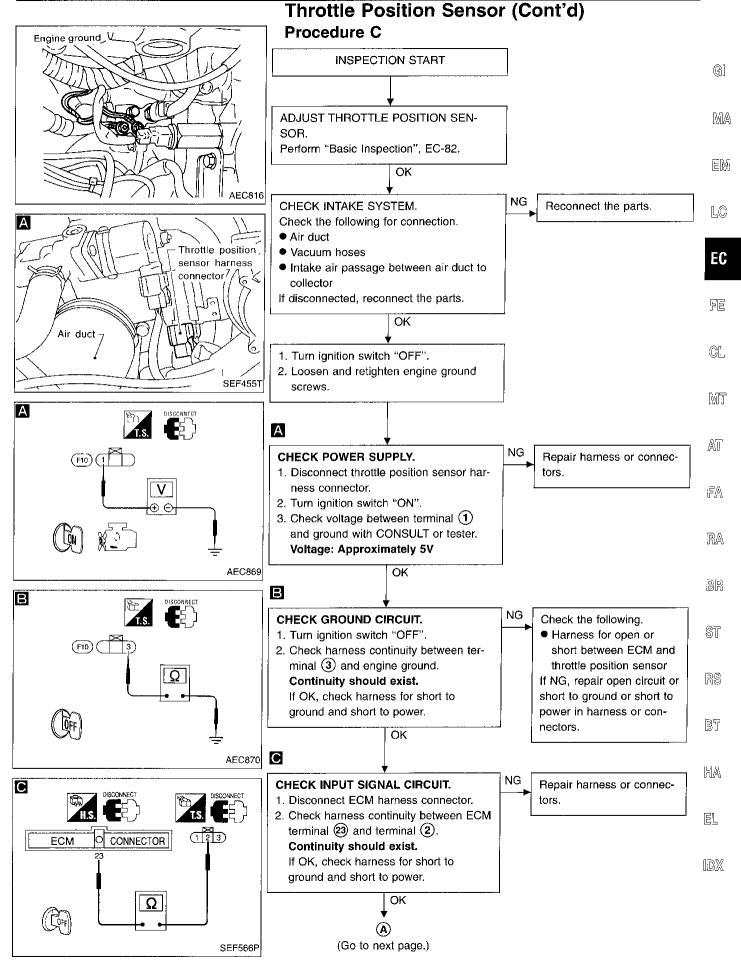




Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd) Gi NG **CHECK COMPONENT** Replace throttle position sensor. To adjust it, per-(Throttle position sensor). Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", form "Basic Inspection", MA EC-82. EC-148. OK EM Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-104. LC EC INSPECTION END FE CL. MT Procedure B Engine ground_V **INSPECTION START** AT FA 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF". 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws. $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$ AEC816 A BR NG **CHECK POWER SUPPLY.** Repair harness or connec-1. Disconnect throttle position sensor hartors. Throttle position ness connector. ST sensor harness 2. Turn ignition switch "ON". connector 3. Check voltage between terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT or tester. RS Voltage: Approximately 5V Air duct OK BT SEF455T (Go to next page.) MA Α T.S. DISCONNECT F10 (1) V IDX ⊕⊖ AEC869

EC-145 307

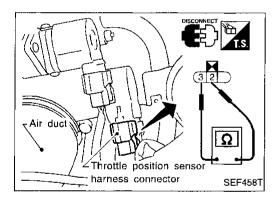




EC-147

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Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd) CHECK COMPONENT (Throttle position sensor). Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" below. OK Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-104. INSPECTION END



COMPONENT INSPECTION

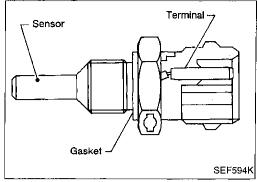
Throttle position sensor

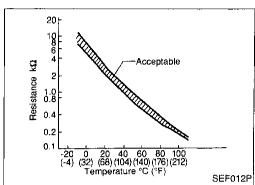
- 1. Disconnect throttle position sensor harness connector.
- 2. Make sure that resistance between terminals ② and ③ changes when opening throttle valve manually.

Throttle valve conditions	Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	
Completely closed	Approximately 0.6 kΩ	
Partially open	0.6 - 4 kΩ	
Completely open	Approximately 4 kΩ	

If NG, replace throttle position sensor.

To adjust it, perform "Basic Inspection", EC-82.





Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

<Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
-10 (14)	4.4	9.2
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (51) (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ECM terminal (43) (ECCS ground).

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	L
COOLAN TEMP/S	Engine: After warming up	More than 70°C (158°F)	:

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	R/A
P0125 0908	Voltage sent to ECM from the sensor is not practical, even when some time has passed after starting the	Harness or connectors (High resistance in the circuit)	<u> </u>
	 engine. Engine coolant temperature is insufficient for closed loop fuel control. 	Engine coolant temperature sensor Thermostat	\$7

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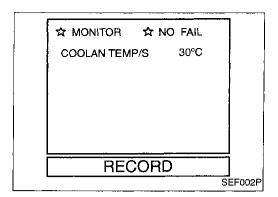
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Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Be careful not to overheat engine.

NOTE:

- If both DTC P0115 (0103) and P0125 (0908) are displayed, first perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0115". Refer to EC-133.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Check that "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 10°C (50°F).
 - If it is above 10°C (50°F), the test result will be OK. If it is below 10°C (50°F), go to following step.
- 4) Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed. If "COOLAN TEMP/S" increases to more than 10°C (50°F) within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.

- OR -



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- 3) Check that engine coolant temperature is above 10°C (50°F).

If it is above 10°C (50°F), the test result will be OK. If it is below 10°C (50°F), go to following step.

4) Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed.

If engine coolant temperature increases to more than 10°C (50°F) within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.

5) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

- OR



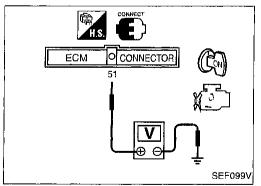
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Check that voltage between ECM terminal (5) and ground is less than 3.8V.

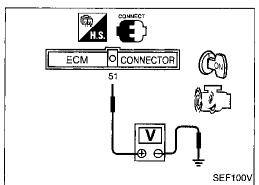
If it is less than 3.8V, the test result will be OK. If it is over 3.8V, go to following step.

3) Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed. Then measure voltage between ECM terminal (f) and ground.

If the voltage decreases to less than 3.8V within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.

- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.





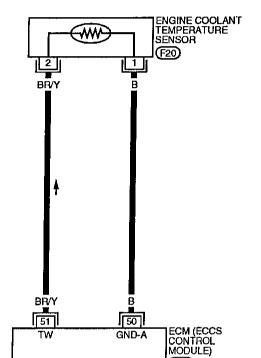
Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)



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: Detectable line for DTC : Non-detectable line for DTC LC



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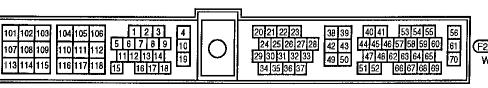
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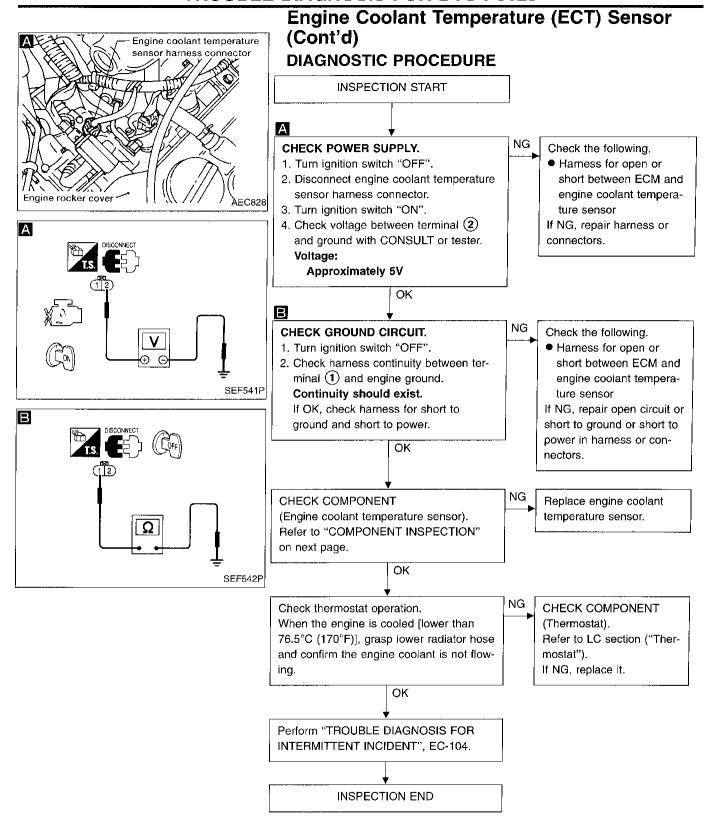
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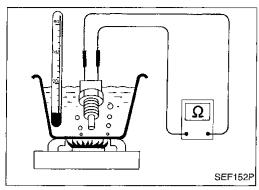
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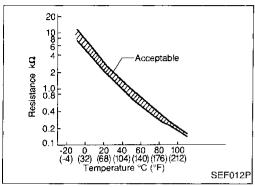












Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Engine coolant temperature sensor

Check resistance as shown in the figure.

<Reference data>

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.0
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

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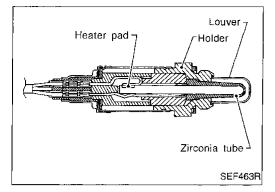
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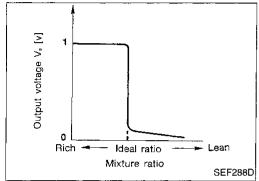
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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

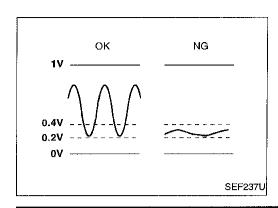
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
ER OG SENSOR			0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
FR O2 SENSOR Engine: After warming up	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000	LEAN ↔ RICH
FR O2 MNTR		rpm	Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
46	w	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V (V) 2 1 0 1s SEF201T



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Under the condition in which the front heated oxygen sensor signal is not input, the ECM circuits will read a continuous approximately 0.3V. Therefore, for this diagnosis, the time that output voltage is within 200 to 400 mV range is monitored, and the diagnosis checks that this time is not inordinately long.

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Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0130 0303	● The voltage from the sensor is constantly approx. 0.3V.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Front heated oxygen sensor

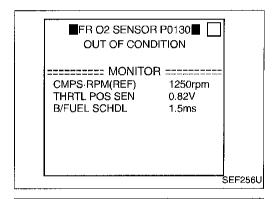
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DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

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TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature of more than -10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Never raise engine speed above 3,200 rpm during the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE". If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 2).



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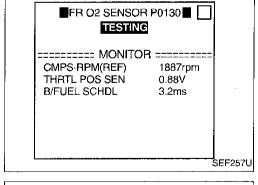
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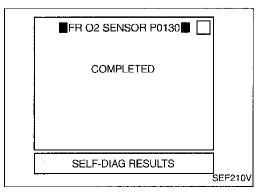
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- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SEN-SOR P0130" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 3 minutes.
- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 10 to 60 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,500 - 2,500 rpm (A/T) 1,800 - 2,500 rpm (M/T)





EC-155 317

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

Vehicle speed: 70 - 100 km/h (43 - 62 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 5 ms (A/T)

1 - 4 ms (M/T)

Selector lever: Suitable position

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry

from step 2).

7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-158.

During this test, P1148 may be stored in ECM.

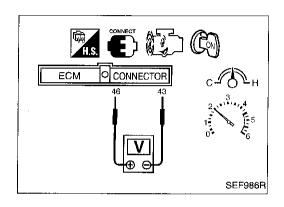


OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

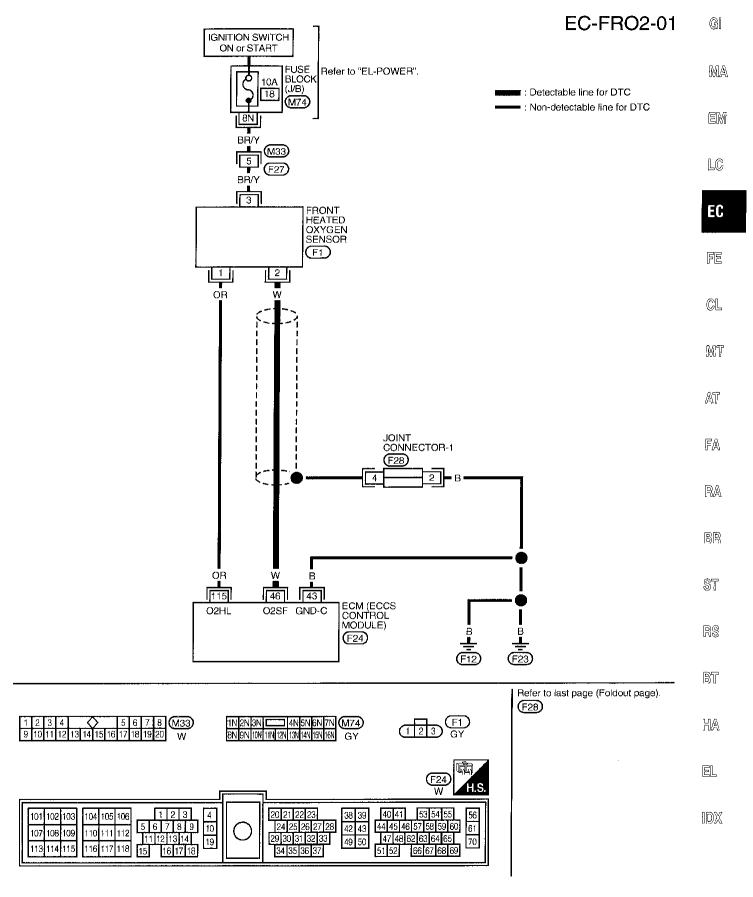
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

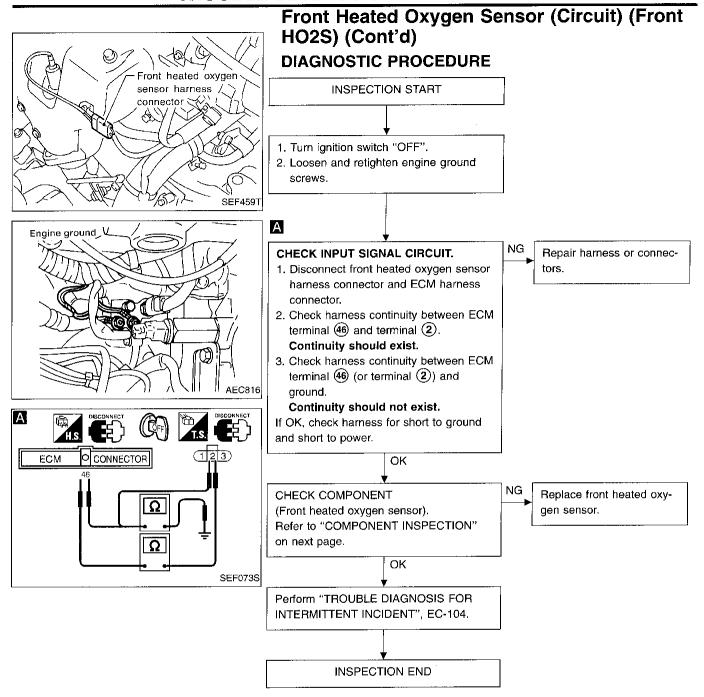


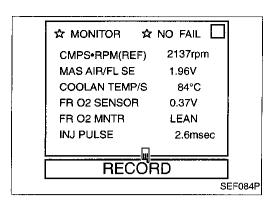
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 46 (sensor signal) and 43 (engine ground).
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- The voltage does not remain in the range of 0.2 -0.4V.



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)







Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating tem-

Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA 2) MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".

3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.

4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.

5) Check the following.

"FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

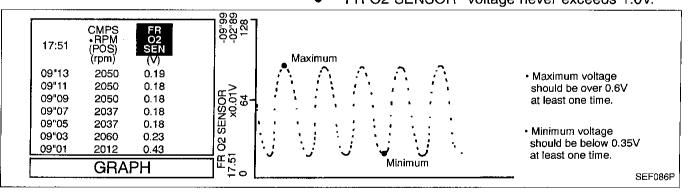
cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R

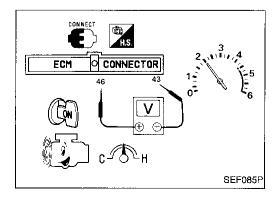
R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

"FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least

"FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least

"FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.







Start engine and warm it up to normal operating tem-1) perature.

- OR -

Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 46 (sensor signal) and 43 (engine ground).

3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.

Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).

The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.

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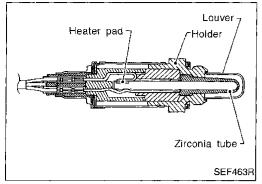
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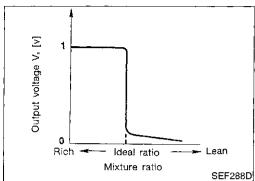
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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
- The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

EC-160





Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR			0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000	LEAN ↔ RICH	
FR O2 MNTR	■ Engine: After warming up	rpm	Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

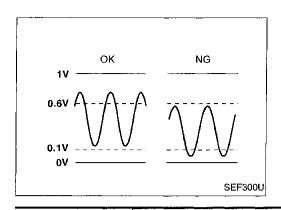
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	ST
				0 - Approximately 1.0V	
46	w	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	(V) 2 1 0	RS BT
				1s SEF201T	KA

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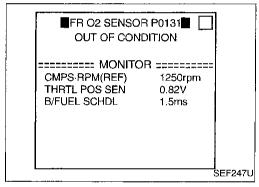
EC-161 323

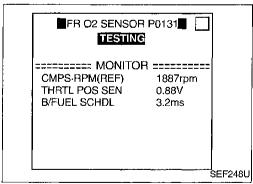


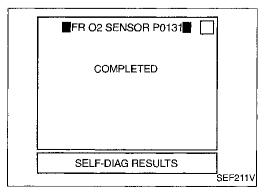
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the output from the front heated oxygen sensor is monitored to determine whether the "rich" output is sufficiently high and whether the "lean" output is sufficiently low. When both the outputs are shifting to the lean side, the malfunction will be detected.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0131 0411		 Front heated oxygen sensor Front heated oxygen sensor heater Fuel pressure Injectors Intake air leaks







DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- ◆ Always perform at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Never raise engine speed above 3,200 rpm during the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE". If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 2).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SEN-SOR P0131" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 3 minutes.
- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 20 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,800 - 2,600 rpm (A/T) 2,000 - 2,900 rpm (M/T)

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

Vehicle speed: 78 - 100 km/h (48 - 62 MPH) B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.5 - 4.5 ms (A/T)

1.9 - 4 ms (M/T)

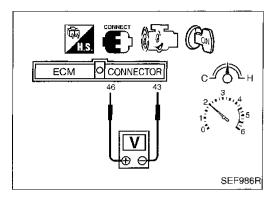
Selector lever: Suitable position

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching

"SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer

to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-164.



– OR -

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (6) (sensor signal) and (3) (engine ground).

3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.

The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.

OR

The minimum voltage is over 0.1V at least one time.

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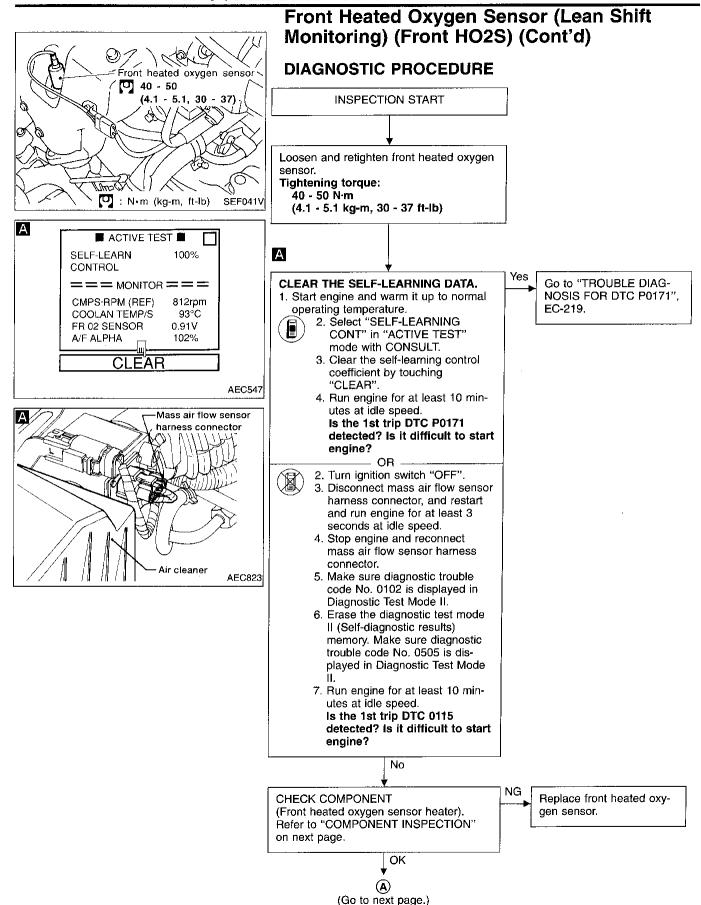
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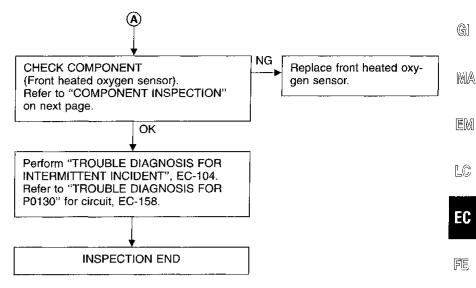
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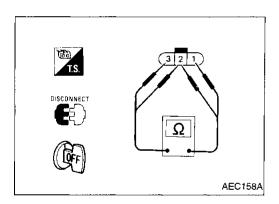
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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)





COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals 3 and 1. Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3 Ω at 25°C (77°F)

Check continuity between terminals ② and ①, ③ and ②.

Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

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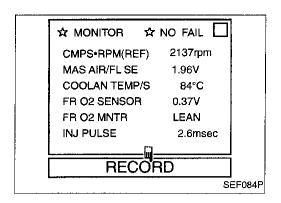
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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

Front heated oxygen sensor



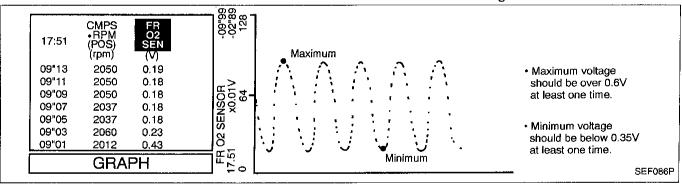
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.
- 5) Check the following.
- "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

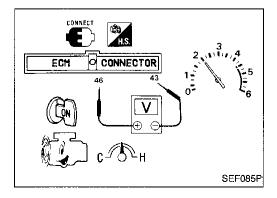
5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.





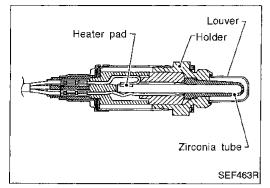


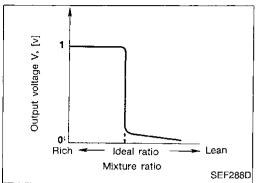
1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR -

- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (4) (sensor signal) and (3) (engine ground).
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
- The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

EC-166





Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift **Monitoring) (Front HO2S)**

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs LC near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	l
FR O2 SENSOR			0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V	
FR O2 MNTR	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.	(i

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

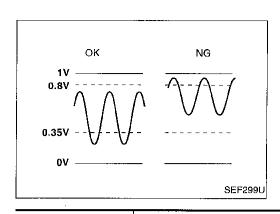
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	- ST
	w	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V	- RS
46					BT
				SEF201T	HA

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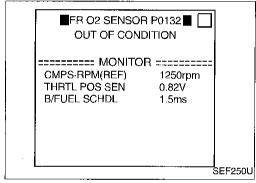
EC-167 329

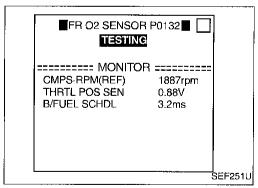


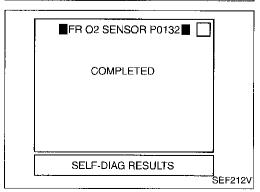
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the output from the front heated oxygen sensor is monitored to determine whether the "rich" output is sufficiently high. The "lean" output is sufficiently low. When both the outputs are shifting to the rich side, the malfunction will be detected.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0132	The maximum and minimum voltages from the sensor are	● Front heated oxygen sensor
0410	beyond the specified voltages.	 Front heated oxygen sensor heater
		● Fuel pressure
		● Injectors







DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Never raise engine speed above 3,200 rpm during the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE". If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 2).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SEN-SOR P0132" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 3 minutes.
- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 20 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,800 - 2,600 rpm (A/T) 2,000 - 2,900 rpm (M/T)

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

Vehicle speed: 78 - 100 km/h (48 - 62 MPH) B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.5 - 4.5 ms (A/T)

1.9 - 4 ms (M/T)

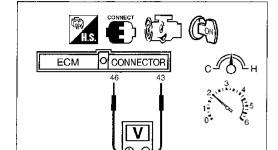
Selector lever: Suitable position

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry

from step 2).

7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer

to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE". EC-170.



– OR -OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



SEF986R

1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 46 (sensor signal) and 43 (engine ground).

3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.

The maximum voltage is below 0.8V at least one

— OR —

The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.

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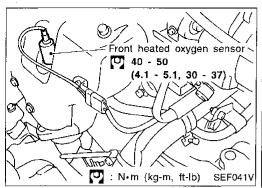
RS

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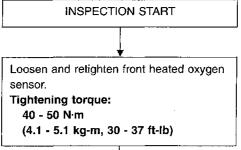
HA

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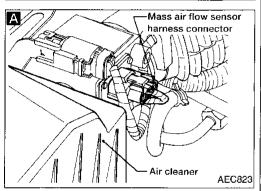
EC-169 331



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) **DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE**



Α ■ ACTIVE TEST ■ SELF-LEARN 100% CONTROL = = = MONITOR = = =CMPS·RPM (REF) 812rpm COOLAN TEMP/S 93°C FR 02 SENSOR 0.91V A/F ALPHA 102% AEC547



CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.



Α

- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0172

detected? Is it difficult to start engine? OR



2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

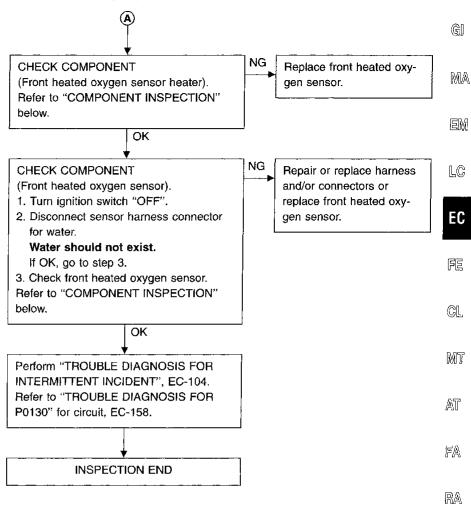
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- 6. Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode
- 7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC 0114 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

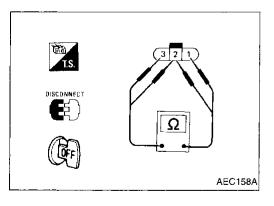
No (Go to next page.)

Go to "TROUBLE DIAG-NOSIS FOR DTC P0172", EC-225.

Yes

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)





COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals ③ and ①.

Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F)

Check continuity between terminals 2 and 1, 3 and 2.

Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

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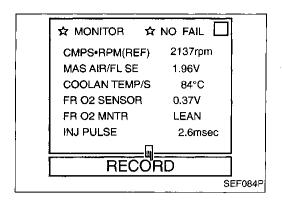
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EC-171 333



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

Front heated oxygen sensor



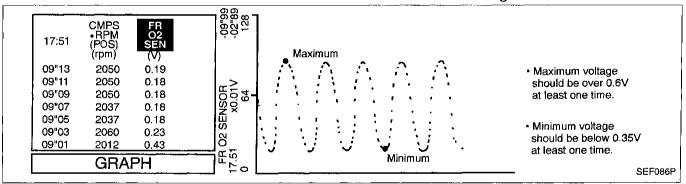
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.
- 5) Check the following.
- "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

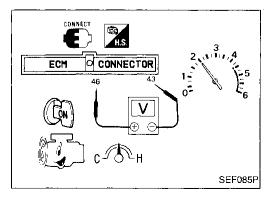
5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.



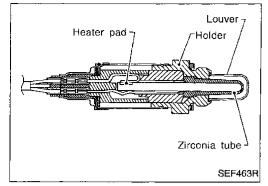


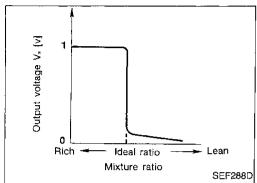


1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR *-*

- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (4) (sensor signal) and (4) (engine ground).
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
- The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.





Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

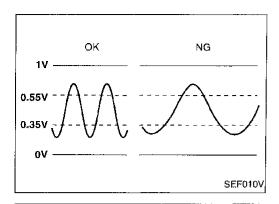
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	
FR O2 SENSOR	● Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V	
TH OZ OLNOOT			LEAN ↔ RICH	
FR O2 MNTR		rpm	Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.	

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	ST
	W Fron	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V	RS
46				(V) 2 1 0	BT
				1s SEF201T	HA

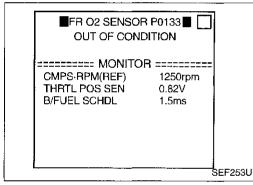
EC-173 335

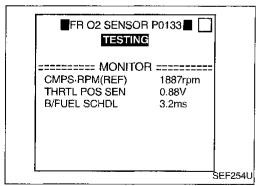


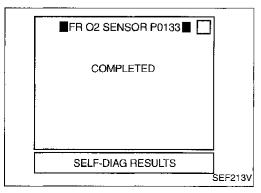
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction of front heated oxygen sensor, this diagnosis measures front heated oxygen sensor cycling time. The time is compensated by engine operating (speed and load), fuel feedback control constant, and front heated oxygen sensor temperature index. Judgment is based on whether the compensated time (front heated oxygen sensor cycling time index) is inordinately long or not.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0133 0409	The cycle of the voltage signal from the sensor is more than the specified time.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Front heated oxygen sensor Front heated oxygen sensor heater Fuel pressure Injectors Intake air leaks Exhaust gas leaks PCV Mass air flow sensor







DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Never raise engine speed above 3,200 rpm during the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE". If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 2).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SEN-SOR P0133" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 3 minutes.
- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 20 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,800 - 2,600 rpm (A/T) 2,000 - 2,900 rpm (M/T)

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

Vehicle speed: 78 - 100 km/h (48 - 62 MPH) B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.5 - 4.5 ms (A/T)

1.9 - 4 ms (M/T)

Selector lever: Suitable position

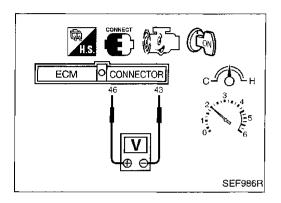
If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry

from step 2).

7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer

to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-177.





– OR -**OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 46 (sensor signal) and @ (engine ground).

3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.

Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).

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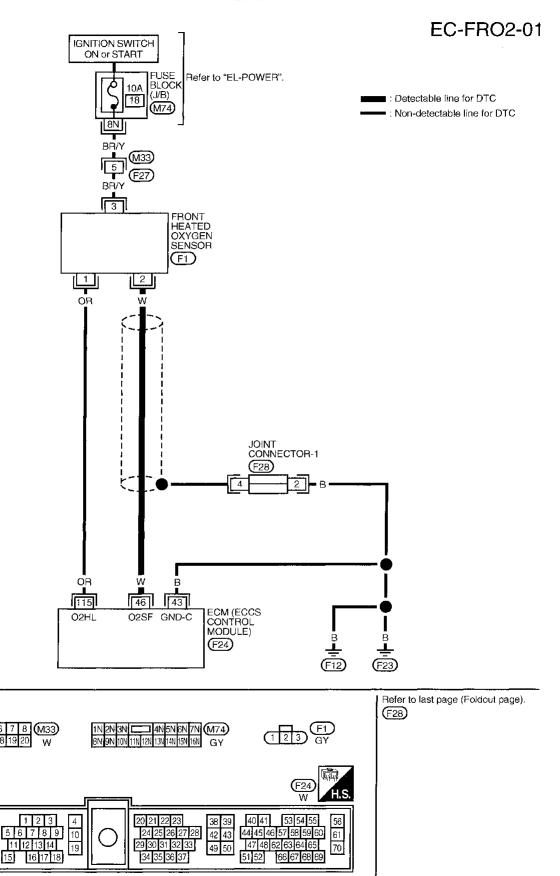
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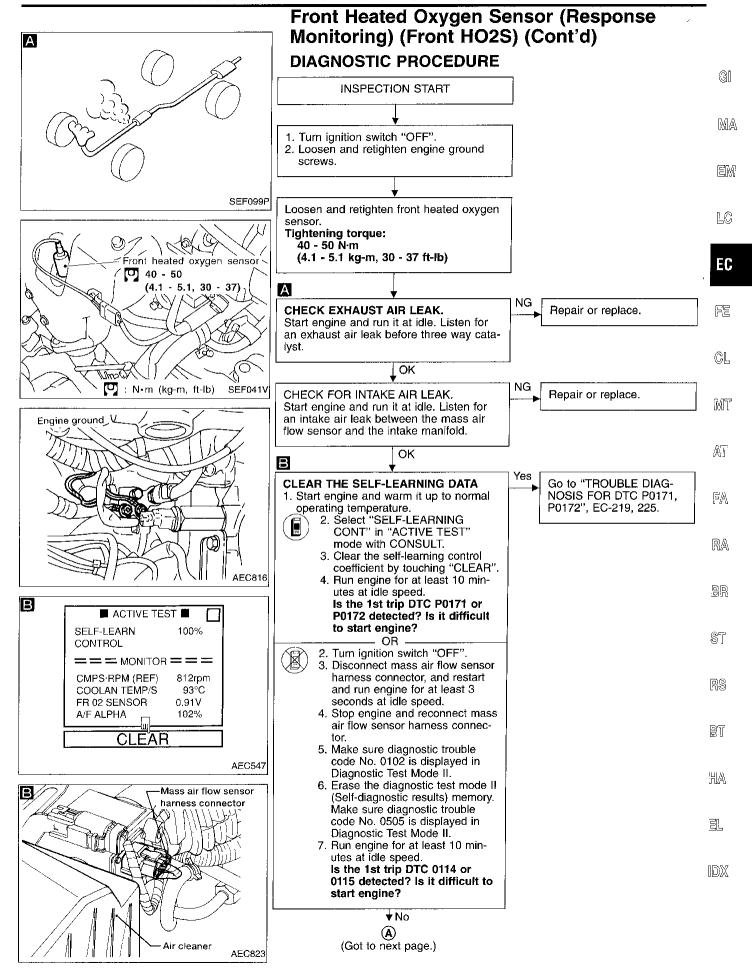
IDX

EC-175 337

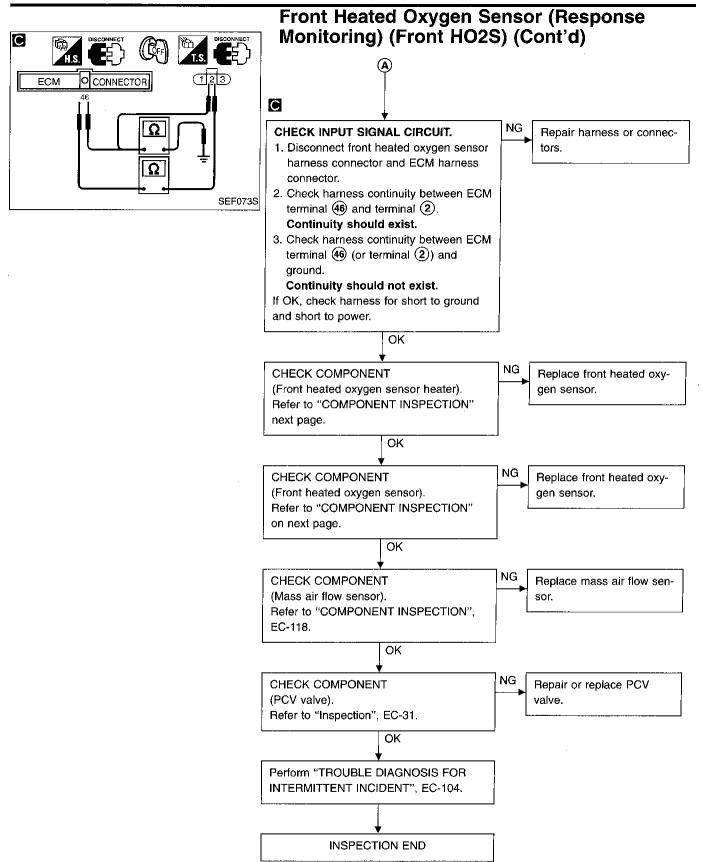
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

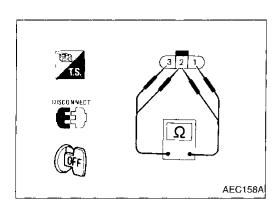


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EC-177 339





Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals ③ and ①. Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F)

Check continuity between terminals ② and ①, ③ and ②. Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

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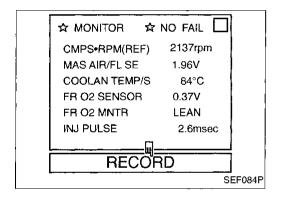
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Front heated oxygen sensor



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.
- Check the following.
- "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

ST

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R

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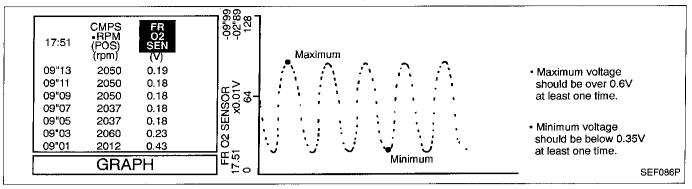
R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

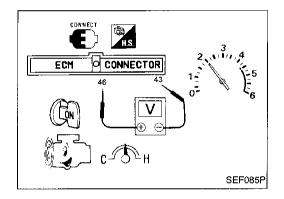
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

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EC-179 341

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)



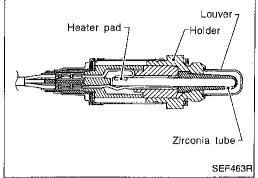


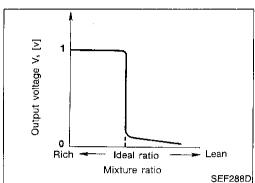


1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

– OR -

- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (4) (sensor signal) and (4) (engine ground).
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
- The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.





Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

			07501510451041
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR			0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
	Engine: After warming up Maintaining engine speed at 2,000	LEAN ↔ RICH	
FR O2 MNTR		rpm	Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

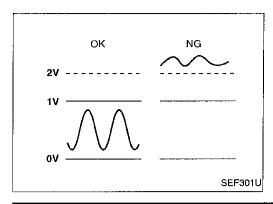
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 🚳 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	ST
				0 - Approximately 1.0V	R\$
46	w	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	(V) 2 1 0 1s SEF201T	BT HA

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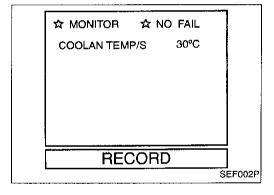
EC-181 343



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the diagnosis checks that the front heated oxygen sensor output is not inordinately high.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0134	• An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors
0412		(The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
		● Front heated oxygen sensor



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

- OR -

- OR -



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT and wait at least 5 seconds.

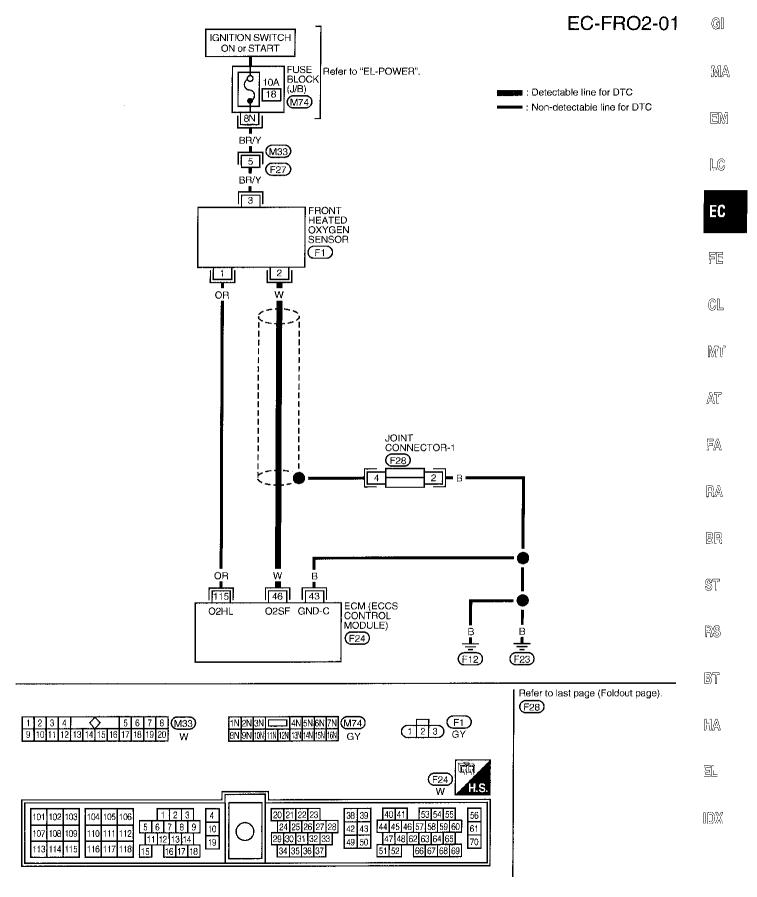


- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 3" with GST.

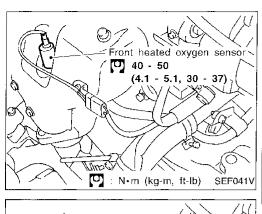


- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)



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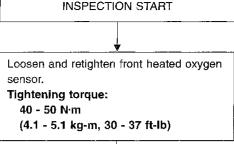


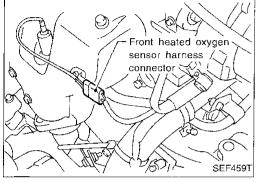
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE INSPECTION START

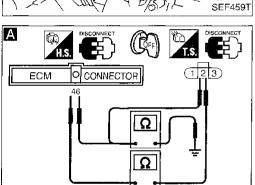
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tors.







CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.

Α

- Disconnect front heated oxygen sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 46 and terminal 2.
 - Continuity should exist.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal (46) (or terminal (2)) and ground.

Continuity should not exist.

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK

Repair or replace harness and/or connectors or replace front heated oxygen sensor.

Repair harness or connec-

CHECK COMPONENT

SEF073S

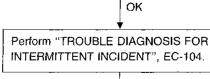
(Front heated oxygen sensor).

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Check sensor harness connector for water.

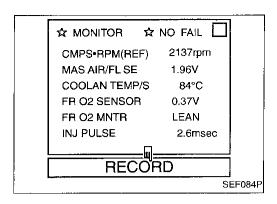
Water should not exist.

If OK, go to step 3.

 Check front heated oxygen sensor.
 Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" on next page.



INSPECTION END



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

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2) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".

3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.

4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.

5) Check the following.

LC

• "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

EC

5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R

FE

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN" CL

• "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once

lMfir'

 "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once

AT

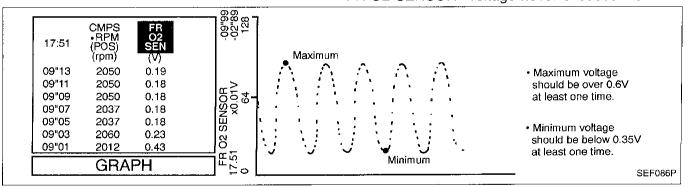
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• "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.





 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR –

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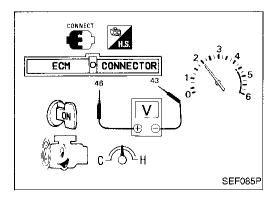
2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (46) (sensor signal) and (43) (engine ground).

3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.

EL

 Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).

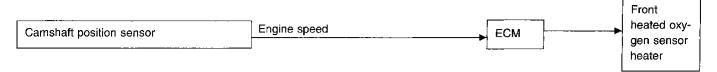
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
- The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.



EC-185 347

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The ECM performs ON/OFF control of the front heated oxygen sensor heater corresponding to the engine speed.

OPERATION

Engine speed rpm	Front heated oxygen sensor heater
Above 3,200	OFF
Below 3,200	ON

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
FR O2 HEATER	Engine speed: Idle	ON
	Engine speed: Above 3,200 rpm	OFF

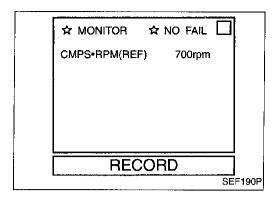
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
	Front h	Front heated oxygen sen-	Engine is running. Engine speed is below 3,200 rpm.	Approximately 0V
115	OR	sor heater	Engine is running. Engine speed is above 3,200 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0135 0901	 The current amperage in the front heated oxygen sensor heater circuit is out of the normal range. (An improper voltage drop signal is sent to ECM through the front heated oxygen sensor heater.) 	Harness or connectors (The front heated oxygen sensor heater circuit is open or shorted.) Front heated oxygen sensor heater



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

Gi

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is in between 10.5V and 16V at idle.





1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.

[C

2) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed. - OR -

EC



(ND)

Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle

FE

2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

3) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.

4) Select "MODE 3" with GST. - OR --

speed.

MIT Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle

Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

FA

When using GST, "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CON-FIRMATION PROCEDURE" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.

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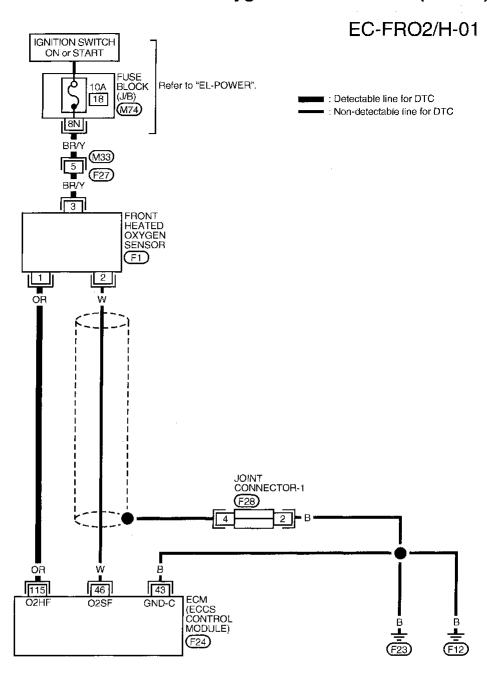
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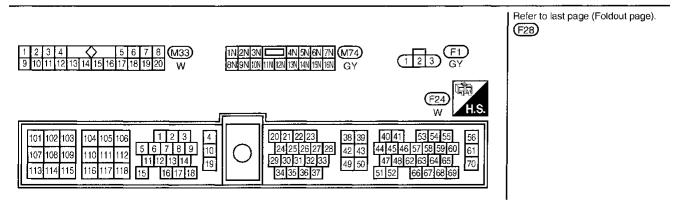
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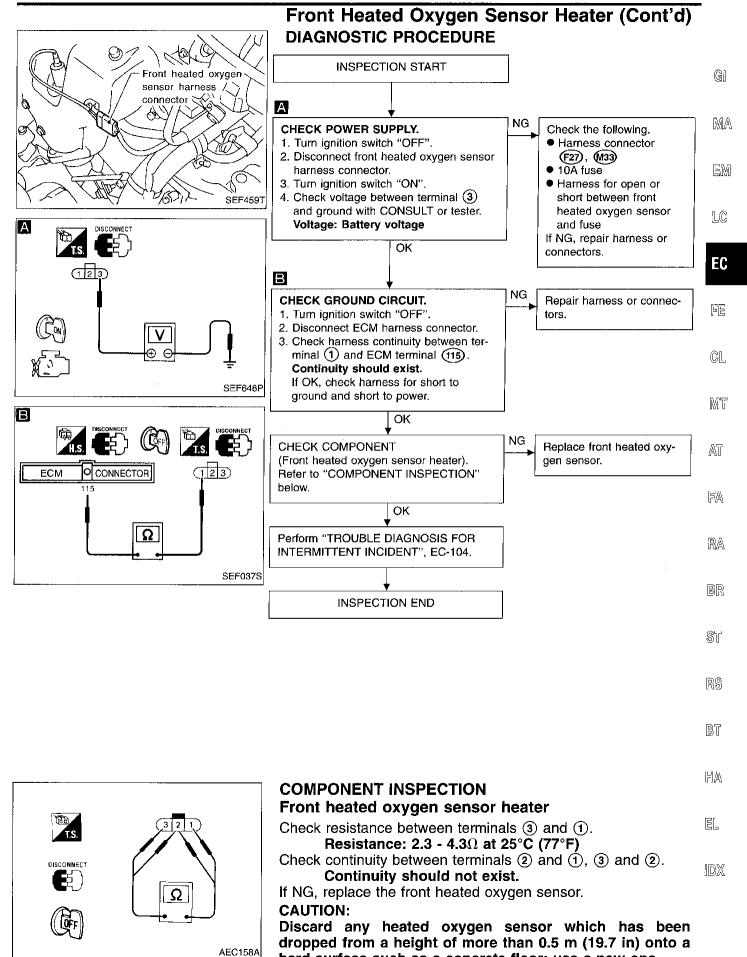
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EC-187 349

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd)

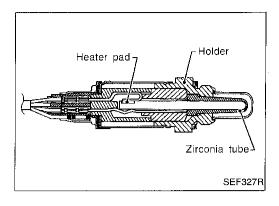






EC-189

hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three-way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

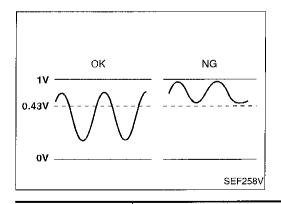
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
RR O2 SENSOR	● Engine: Aπer warming up	Revving engine from idle to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR		rpm	LEAN ↔ RICH

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECCS ground).

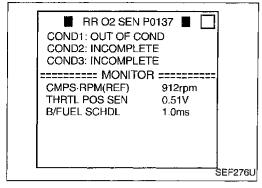
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
52	w	Rear heated oxygen sen- sor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V

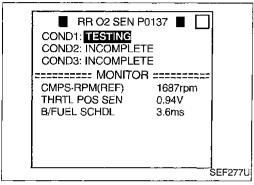


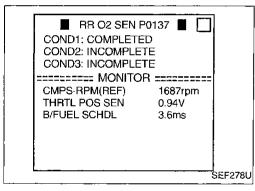
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

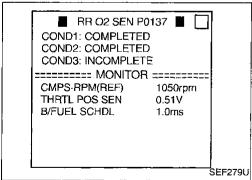
The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three-way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether the minimum voltage of the sensor is sufficiently low during various driving conditions such as fuel-cut.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0137 0511	The minimum voltage from the sensor is not reached to the specified voltage.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Rear heated oxygen sensor Fuel pressure Injectors









Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

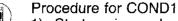
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- "COMPLETED" will appear on CONSULT screen when all tests "COND1", "COND2" and "COND3" are completed.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Never stop engine during this test. If the engine is stopped, reperform this test from step 2).
- Always perform at a temperature above ~10°C (14°F).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "RR O2 SEN-SOR P0137" of "REAR O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 30 seconds.
- 6) Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm 2 or 3 times quickly under no load. If "COMPLETED" appears on CONSULT screen, go
 - to step 10).

 If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT
- screen, go to the following step.

 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed at "COND1" on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take

approximately 60 seconds.)

CMPS-RPM (REF): 2,000 - 2,750 rpm

Vehicle speed: 64 - 120 km/h (40 - 75 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 0.75 - 4 ms

Selector lever: Suitable position

- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).
- If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND2" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND2" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 8).

Procedure for COND2

8) While driving, release accelerator pedal completely with "OD" OFF (A/T models only) from the above condition [step 7] until "INCOMPLETE" at "COND2" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 4 seconds.)

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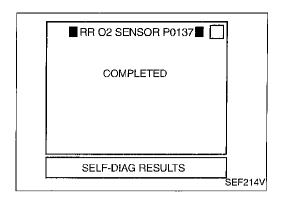
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EC-191 353



Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

• If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

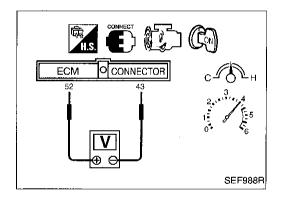
• If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND3" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND3" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 9).

Procedure for COND3

 Stop vehicle and let it idle until "INCOMPLETE" of "COND3" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COM-PLETED". (It will take a maximum of approximately 6 minutes.)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

10) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-194.



OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals (2) (sensor signal) and (4) (engine ground).
- Check the voltage when revving engine up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

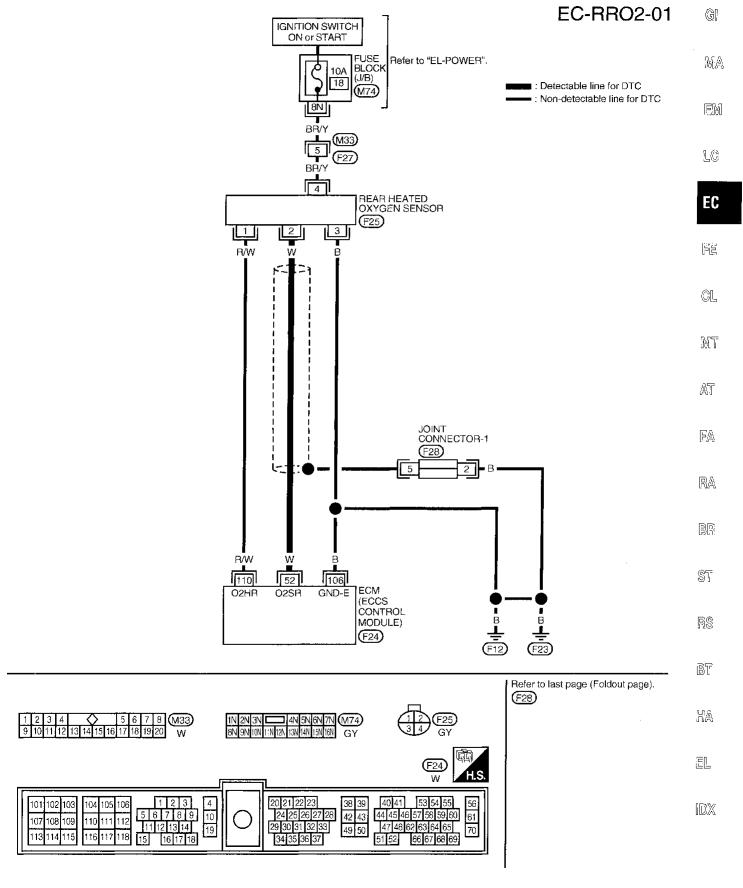
The voltage should be below 0.43V at least once during this procedure.

If the voltage can be confirmed in step 3, step 4 is not necessary.

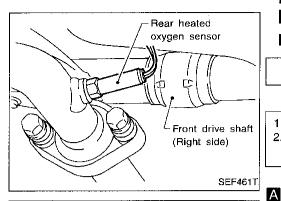
4) Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position (A/T).

The voltage should be below 0.43V at least once during this procedure.

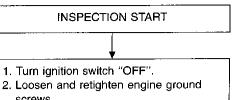
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

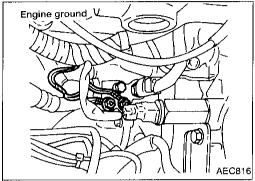


AEC409A



Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE





CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.



- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



2. Turn ignition switch "OFF". 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor

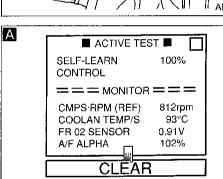
OR

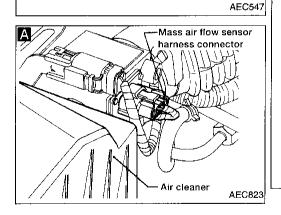
- harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- 6. Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode
- 7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

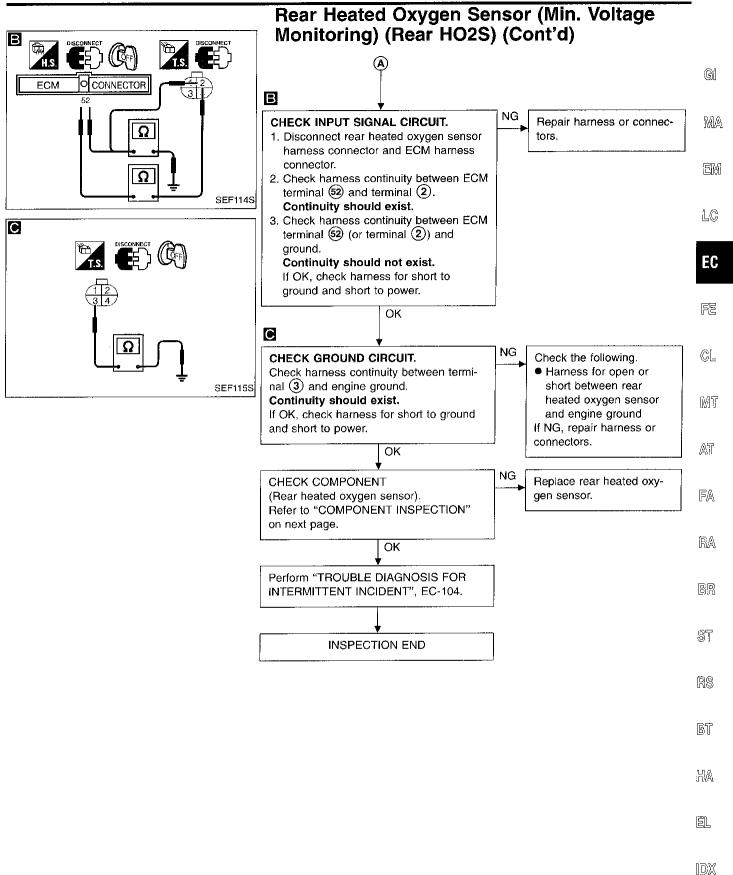
Is the 1st trip DTC 0114 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

> No **(A)**

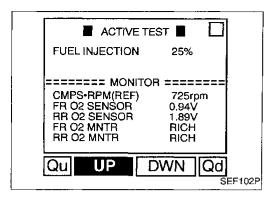
(Go to next page.)

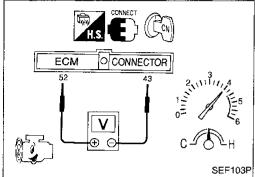






EC-195 357





Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Rear heated oxygen sensor



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.
- 3) Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.
 - "RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.48V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%. "RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.43V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.



 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

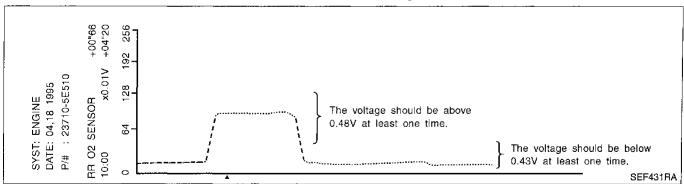
- OR -

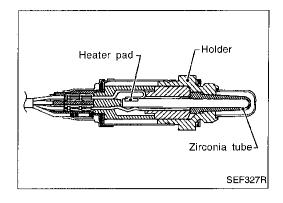
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals (2) (sensor signal) and (3) (engine ground).
- 3) Check the voltage when racing up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as

possible.)
The voltage should be above 0.48V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.48V at step 3, step 4 is not necessary.

4) Check the voltage when racing up to 6,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position.

The voltage should be below 0.43V at least once.





Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three-way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas. Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sen-

sor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

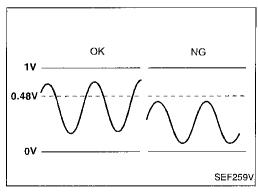
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
RR 02 SENSOR	● Engine: After warming up	Revving engine from idle to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR		rpm	LEAN ↔ RICH

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
52	w	Rear heated oxygen sen- sor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V



ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three-way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether the maximum voltage of the sensor is sufficiently high during various driving conditions such as fuel-cut.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	EL
P0138 0510	The maximum voltage from the sensor is not reached to the specified voltage.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Rear heated oxygen sensor Fuel pressure Injectors Intake air leaks 	id»

EC-197 359

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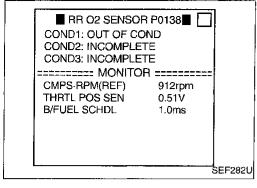
RS

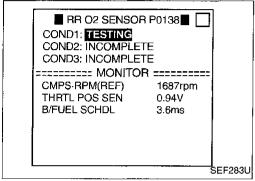
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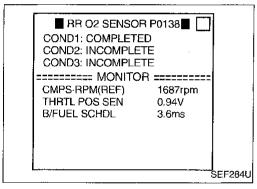
BT

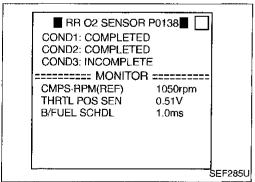
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Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- "COMPLETED" will appear on CONSULT screen when all tests "COND1", "COND2" and "COND3" are completed.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Never stop engine during this test. If the engine is stopped, reperform this test from step 2).
- Always perform at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).



- Procedure for COND1
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "RR O2 SEN-SOR P0138" of "REAR O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 30 seconds.
- 6) Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm 2 or 3 times quickly under no load.
 - If "COMPLETED" appears on CONSULT screen, go to step 10).
 - If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT screen, go to the following step.
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed at "COND1" on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 60 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 2,000 - 2,750 rpm

Vehicle speed: 64 - 120 km/h (40 - 75 MPH)

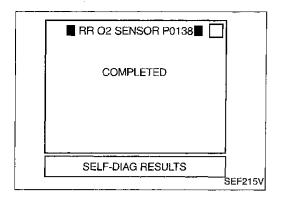
B/FUEL SCHDL: 0.75 - 4 ms Selector lever: Suitable position

NOTE:

- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).
- If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND2" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND2" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 8).

Procedure for COND2

8) While driving, release accelerator pedal completely with "OD" OFF (A/T models only) from the above condition [step 7] until "INCOMPLETE" at "COND2" on CONSULT screen is turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 4 seconds.)



Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

NOTE:

 If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

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 If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND3" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND3" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 9).

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Procedure for COND3

 Stop vehicle and let it idle until "INCOMPLETE" of "COND3" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COM-PLETED". (It will take a maximum of approximately 6 minutes.)

LC

NOTE:

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).



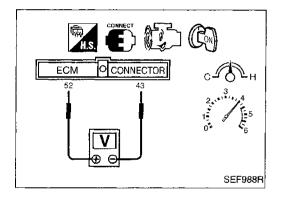
 Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

FE

If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-201.

CL

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OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.





 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

RA

Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals (sensor signal) and (4) (engine ground).
 Check the voltage when revving engine up to 4,000

rpm under no load at least 10 times.
(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

BR

The voltage should be above 0.48V at least once during this procedure.

ST

If the voltage can be confirmed in step 3, step 4 is not necessary.

RS

4) Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position (A/T).

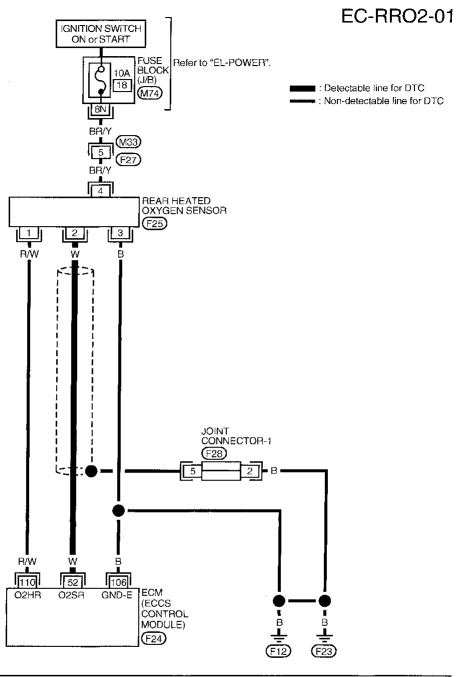
BT

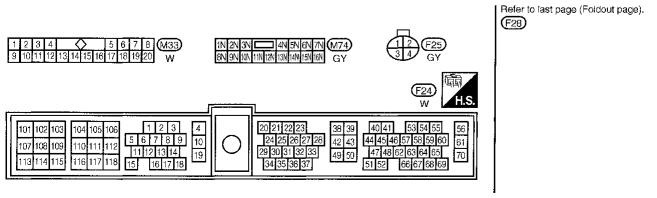
The voltage should be above 0.48V at least once during this procedure.

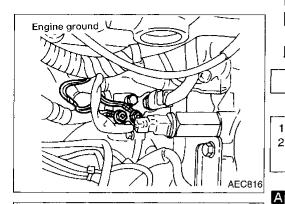
HA

EC-199 361

Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

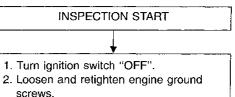






Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

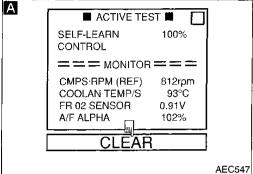
DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

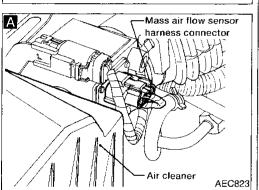


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CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.



- Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 Is the 1st trip DTC P0171

detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF",
- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode
- 7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

Is the 1st trip DTC 0115 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



(Go to next page.)

Go to "TROUBLE DIAG-NOSIS FOR DTC P0171", EC-219.

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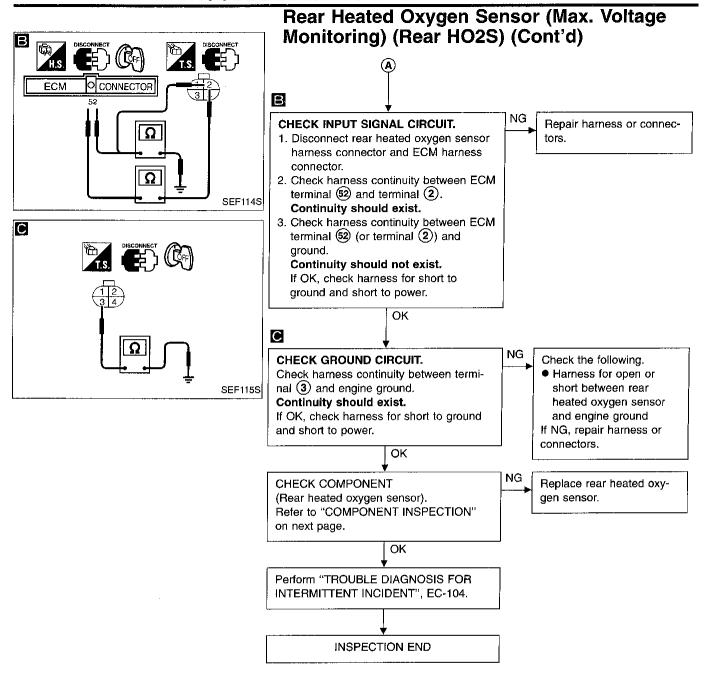
RS

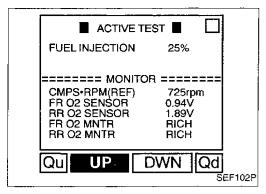
gt

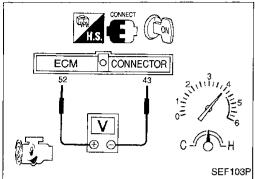
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EC-201 363







Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Rear heated oxygen sensor



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

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 Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.

Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.

LC

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.48V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.43V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

EC

 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR -

FE

2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals (2) (sensor signal) and (3) (engine ground).

CL

 Check the voltage when racing up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

MT

(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should be above 0.48V at least once.

If the voltage is above 0.48V at step 3, step 4 is not necessary.

AT

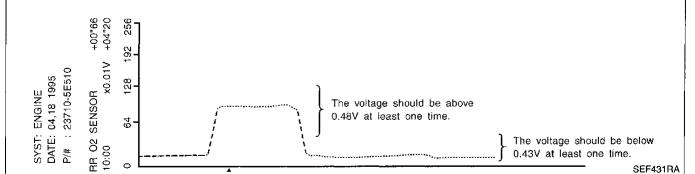
4) Check the voltage when racing up to 6,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position.

RA

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The voltage should be below 0.43V at least once.

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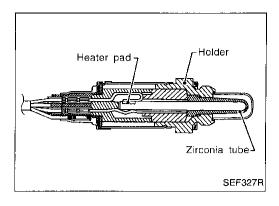
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EC-203 365



Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three- way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

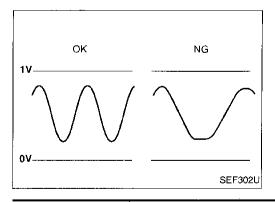
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
RR O2 SENSOR	Engine: After warming up	Revving engine from idle to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR	Chigane. Arter warming up	rpm	LEAN ↔ RICH

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
52	w	Rear heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V

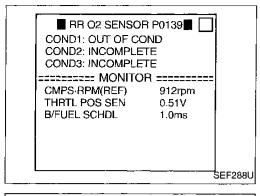


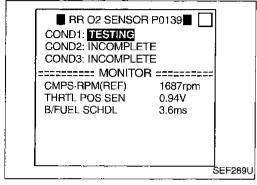
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

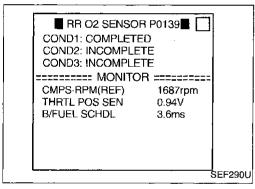
The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three-way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether the switching response of the sensor's voltage is faster than specified during various driving conditions such as fuel-cut.

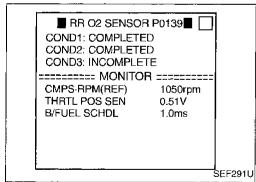
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0139 0707	It takes more time for the sensor to respond between rich and lean than the specified time.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Rear heated oxygen sensor Fuel pressure Injectors Intake air leaks

366 **EC-204**









Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

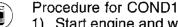
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- "COMPLETED" will appear on CONSULT screen when all tests "COND1", "COND2" and "COND3" are completed.
- if "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Never stop engine during this test. If the engine is stopped, reperform this test from step 2).
- Always perform at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "RR O2 SEN-SOR P0139" of "REAR O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 30 seconds.
- 6) Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm 2 or 3 times quickly under no load. If "COMPLETED" appears on CONSULT screen, go to step 10).
 - If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT screen, go to the following step.
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed at "COND1" on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 60 seconds.)

CMPS-RPM (REF): 2,000 - 2,750 rpm

Vehicle speed: 64 - 120 km/h (40 - 75 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 0.75 - 4 ms Selector lever: Suitable position

NOTE

- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).
- If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND2" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND2" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 8).

Procedure for COND2

8) While driving, release accelerator pedal completely with "OD" OFF (A/T models only) from the above condition [step 7] until "INCOMPLETE" at "COND2" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 4 seconds.)

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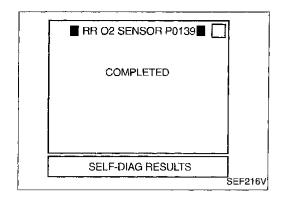
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EC-205 367



Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

NOTE:

- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).
- If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND3" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND3" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 9).

Procedure for COND3

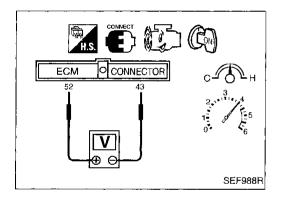
 Stop vehicle and let it idle until "INCOMPLETE" of "COND3" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COM-PLETED". (It will take a maximum of approximately 6 minutes.)

NOTE:

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

10) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-208.



– OR **-**

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals
 (2) (sensor signal) and (3) (engine ground).
- Check the voltage when racing up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as

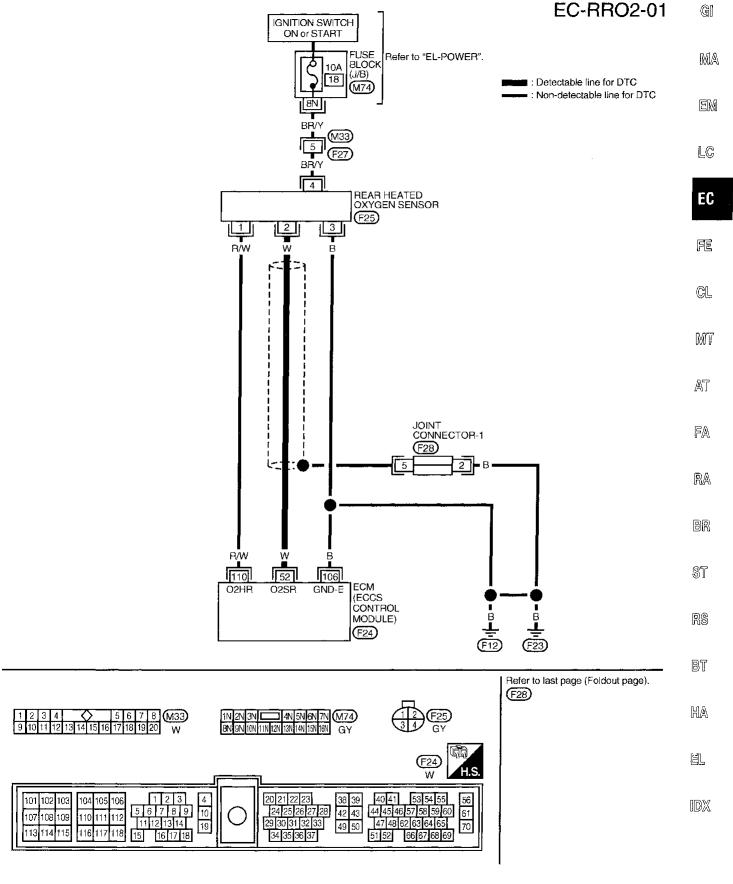
possible.)
The voltage should change at more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure.

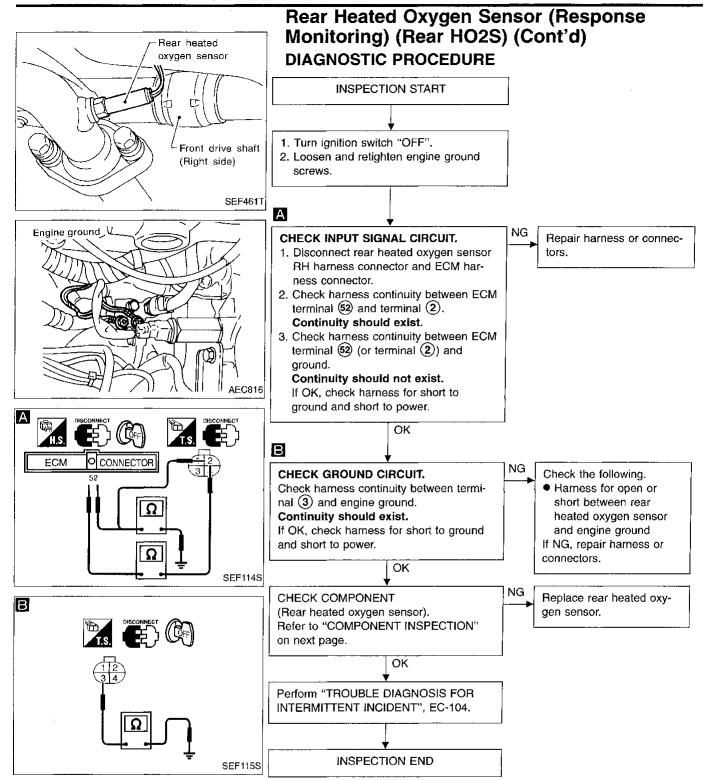
If the voltage can be confirmed in step 3, step 4 is not necessary.

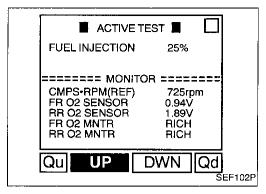
4) Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position (A/T).

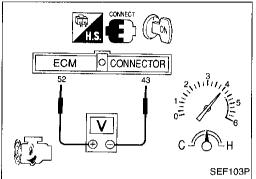
The voltage should change at more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure.

Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)









Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Rear heated oxygen sensor



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

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(H)

 Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.

EM

3) Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.

LC

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.48V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%. "RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.43V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

EC

 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR -

FE

2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals (52) (sensor signal) and (3) (engine ground).

CL

 Check the voltage when racing up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

MT

The voltage should be above 0.48V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.48V at step 3, step 4 is not necessary.

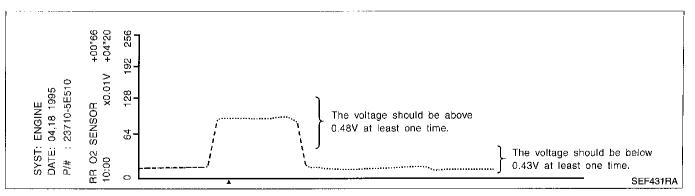
AT

4) Check the voltage when racing up to 6,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position.

FA

The voltage should be below 0.43V at least once.

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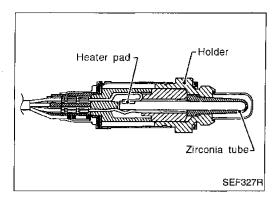
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EC-209 371



Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three-way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

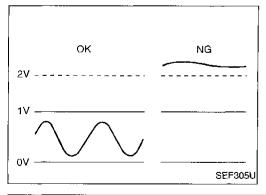
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
RR 02 SENSOR		Revving engine from idle to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR	Engine: After warming up	rom	LEAN ↔ RICH

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
52	w	Rear heated oxygen sen- sor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V

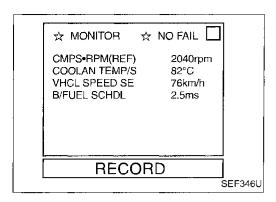


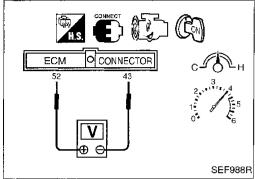
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three-way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether or not the voltage is too high during various driving conditions such as fuel-cut.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0140	 An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM. 	Harness or connectors
0512		(The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
		Rear heated oxygen sensor

372 **EC-210**





Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



 Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.

2) Meet the following conditions once.

CMPS·RPM (REF): 2,000 - 2,750 rpm

VHCL SPEED SE: 64 - 120 km/h (40 - 75 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 0.75 - 4 ms

COOLAN TEMP/S: 70 - 100°C (158 - 212°F)

Selector lever: Suitable position

3) Stop vehicle with engine running.

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals \$2 (sensor signal) and \$3 (engine ground).

 Check the voltage after racing up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should be below 2V during this procedure.

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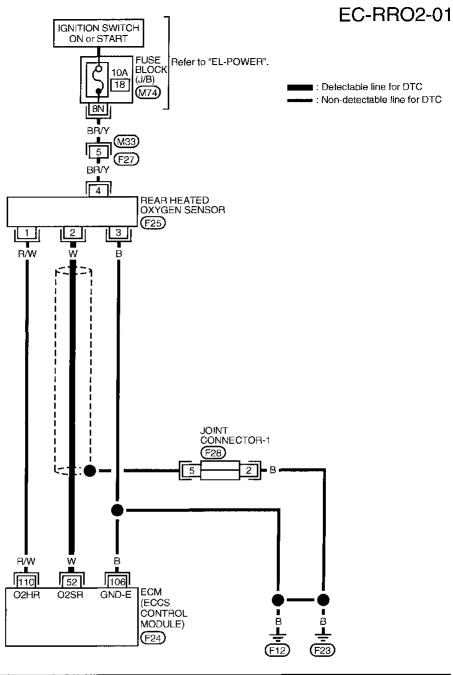
BT

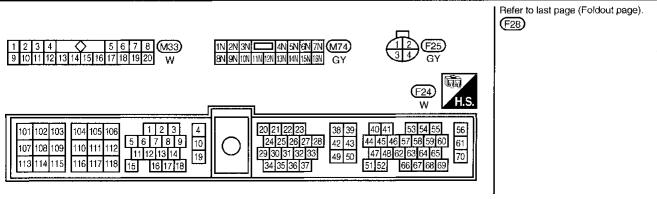
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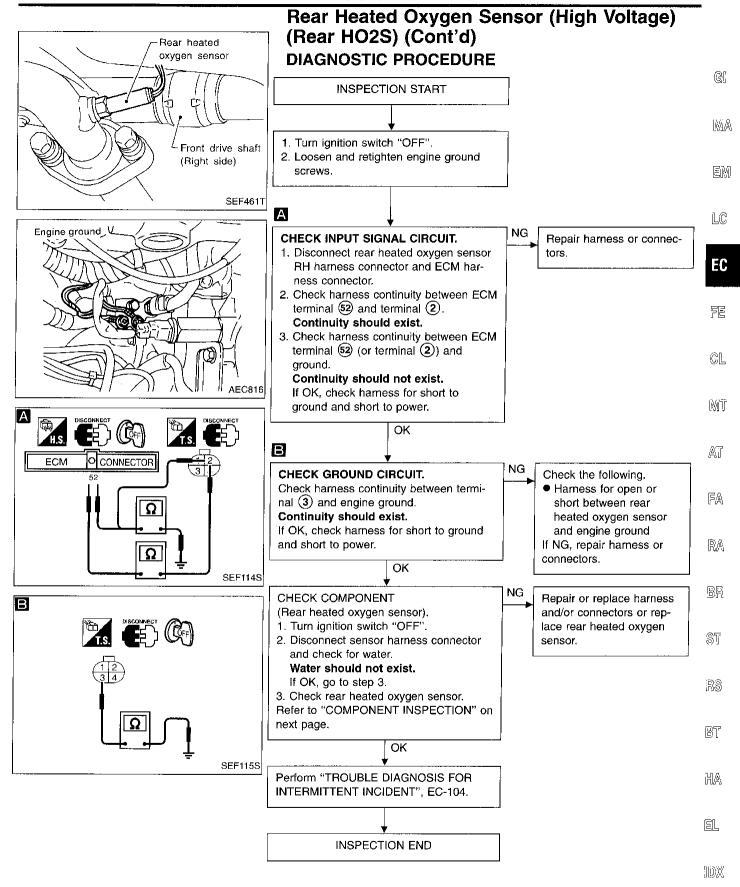
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EC-211 373

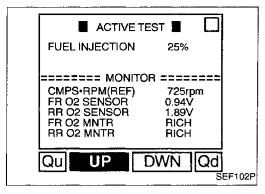
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

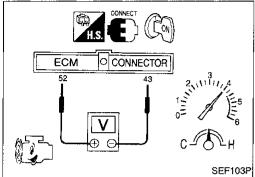






EC-213 375





Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Rear heated oxygen sensor



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.
- 3) Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.48V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%. "RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.43V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.



 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

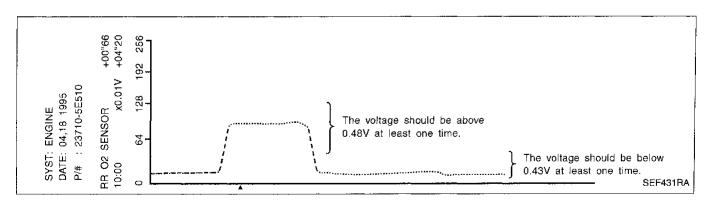
- OR -

- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals (2) (sensor signal) and (3) (engine ground).
- Check the voltage when racing up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

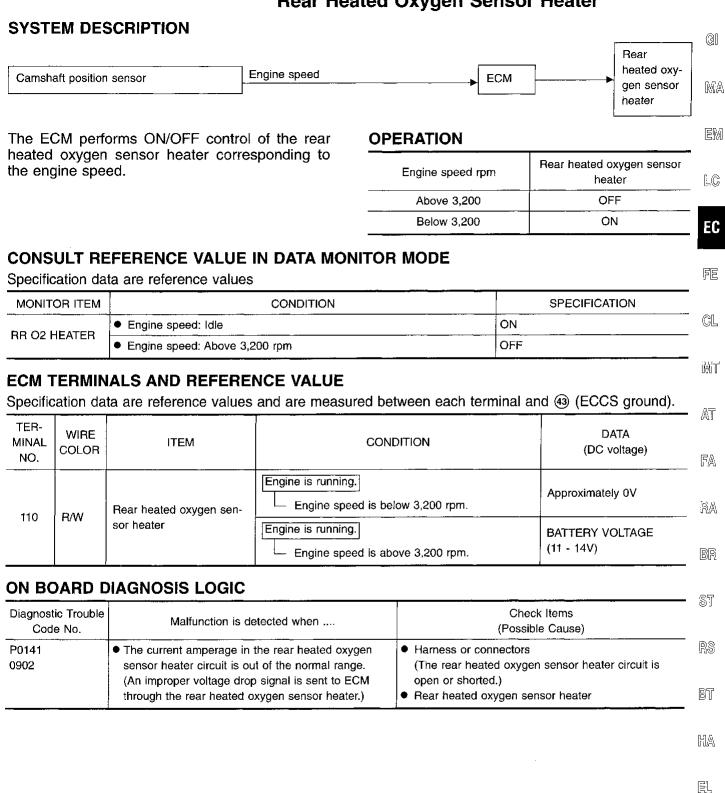
The voltage should be above 0.48V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.48V at step 3, step 4 is not necessary.

4) Check the voltage when racing up to 6,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position.

The voltage should be below 0.43V at least once.

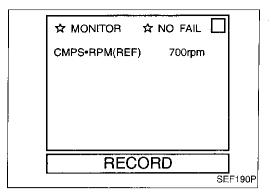


Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater



EC-215 377

IDX



Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is in between 10.5V and 16V at idle.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.





(NO TOOLS)

- Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Select "MODE 3" with GST.



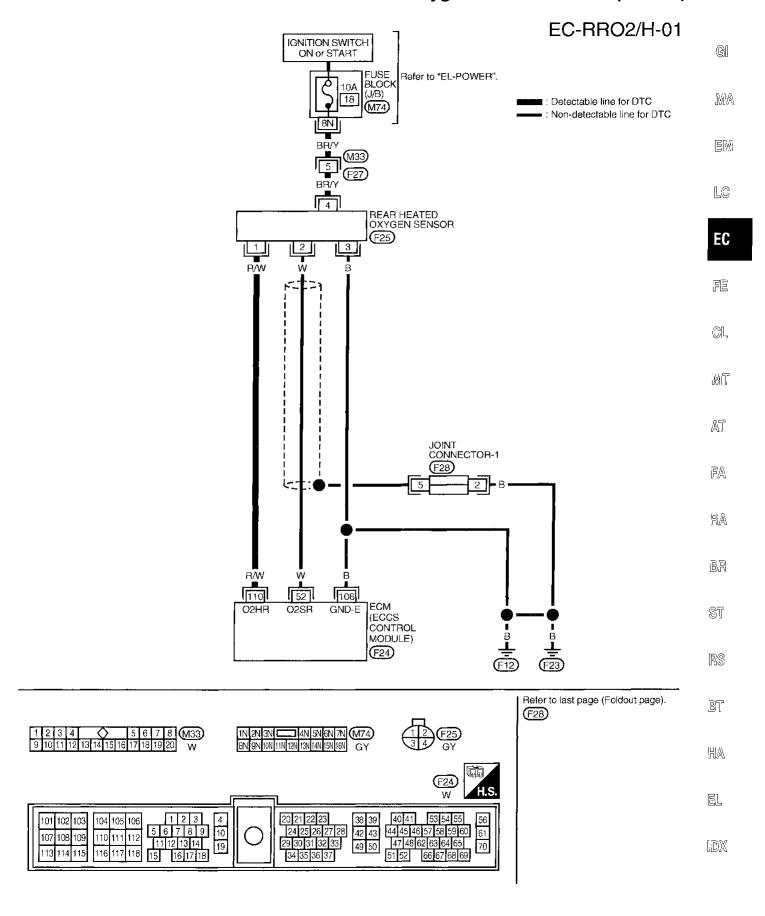
1) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.

– OR -

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

When using GST, "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.

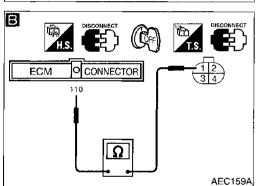
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd)

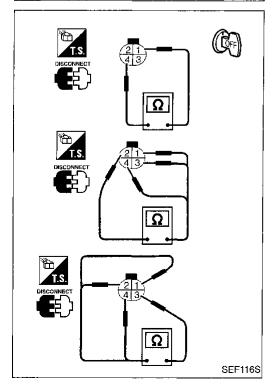


AEC410A

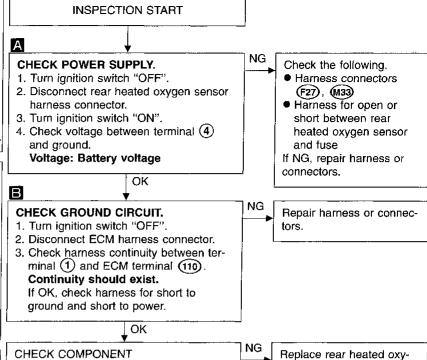
Rear heated oxygen sensor Front drive shaft (Right side) SEF461T

DISCONNECT 1 2 3 4 SEF220S





Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



gen sensor.

COMPONENT INSPECTION

INSPECTION END

(Rear heated oxygen sensor heater).

below.

Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION"

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-104.

OK

Rear heated oxygen sensor heater

Check the following.

Check resistance between terminals ① and ④.
 Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F)

2. Check continuity.

Terminal No.	Continuity
② and ①, ③, ④	N
3 and 1, 2, 4	No

If NG, replace the rear heated oxygen sensor.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side)

Injectors

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Front heated oxygen sensors

With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the front heated oxygen sensor. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.

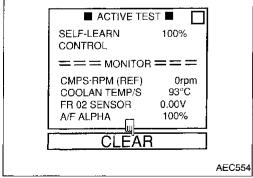
In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too lean.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and light up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).

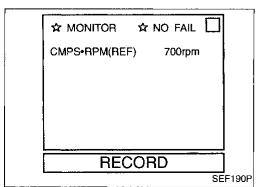
ECM

Density of oxygen in exhaust gas

(Mixture ratio feedback signal)

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	E
P0171	Fuel injection system does not operate properly.	Intake air leaks	
0115	• The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large. (The	● Front heated oxygen sensor	F
	mixture ratio is too lean.)	● Injectors	u
		Exhaust gas leaks	
		Incorrect fuel pressure	C
		● Lack of fuel	9
		Mass air flow sensor	





DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "SELF-LEARN CONTROL" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CON-SULT.
- 4) Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 6) Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 min-

The 1st trip DTC P0171 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.

EC-219 381

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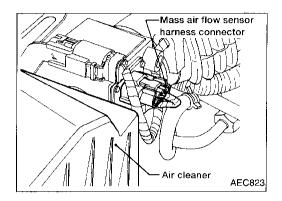
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Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side) (Cont'd)

- 7) If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 8) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-223. If engine does not start, visually check for exhaust and intake air leak.

– OR –





- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST. Make sure 1st trip DTC P0100 is detected.
- 6) Select "MODE 4" with GST and erase the 1st trip DTC P0100.
- 7) Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
- 8) Select "MODE 7" with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0171 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.
- 9) If it is difficult to start engine at step 8, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 10) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-223. If engine does not start, visually check for exhaust and intake air leak.





- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 6) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure 1st trip DTC 0102 is detected.
- 7) Erase the 1st trip DTC 0102 by changing from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Diagnostic Test Mode I.
- 8) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure DTC 0505 is detected.
- 9) Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 - The 1st trip DTC 0115 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.

Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side) (Cont'd)

10) If it is difficult to start engine at step 9, the fuel injection system also has a malfunction.

11) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-223. If engine does not start, visually check for exhaust and intake air leak.

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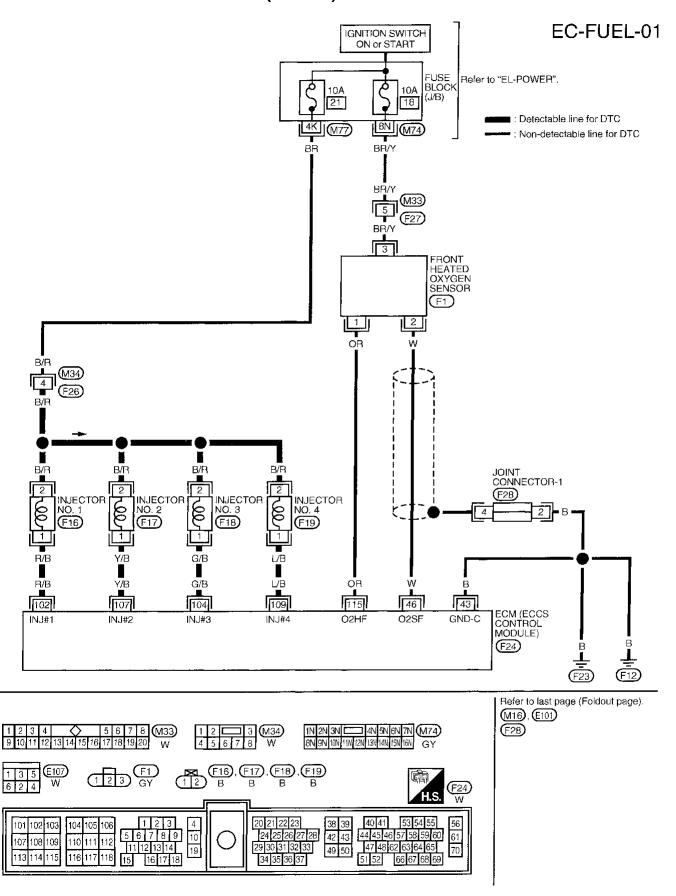
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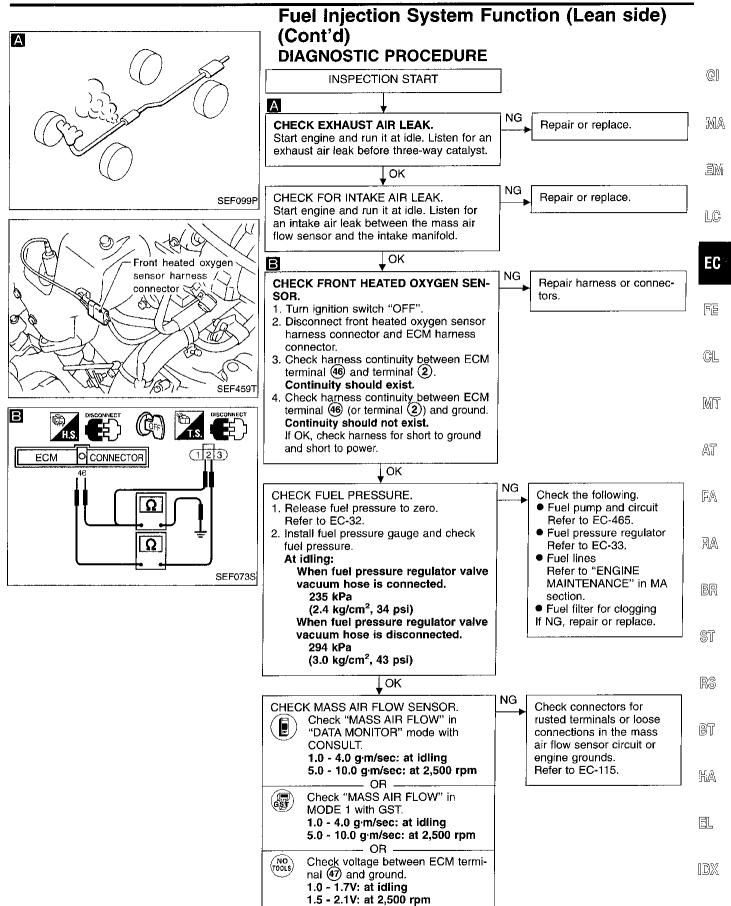
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EC-221 383

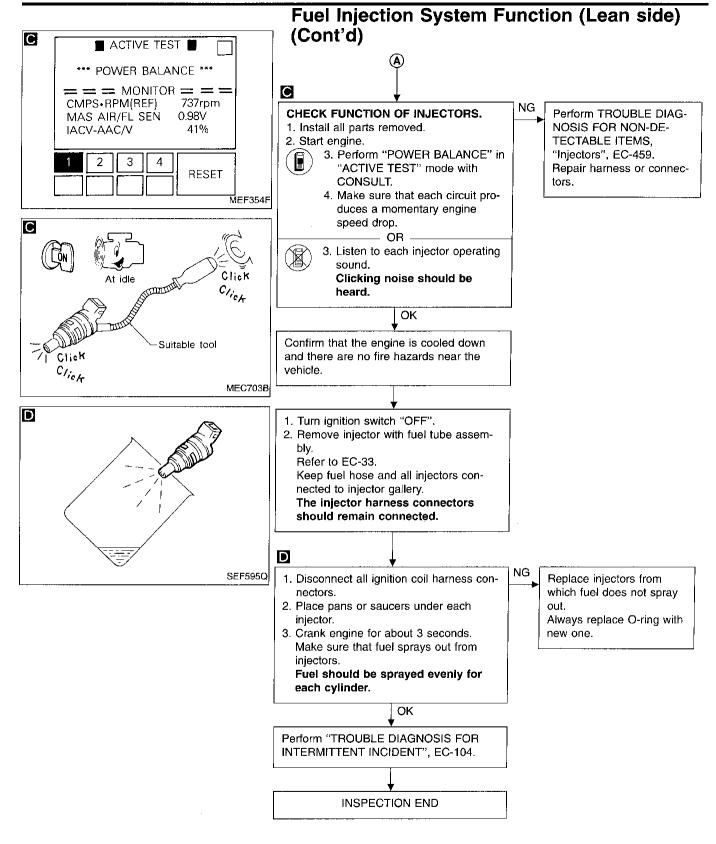
Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side) (Cont'd)





▼OK (A) (Go to next page.)

EC-223 385



Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Front heated oxygen sensors

With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the front heated oxygen sensor. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.

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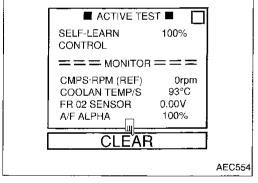
In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too rich.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and light up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).

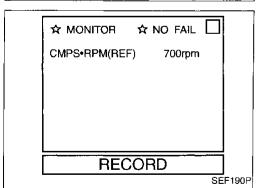
Density of oxygen in exhaust gas

Injectors		L.C

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	EC
P0172 0114	 Fuel injection system does not operate properly. The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large. (The mixture ratio is too rich.) 	 Front heated oxygen sensor Injectors Exhaust gas leaks Incorrect fuel pressure 	- FE
		Mass air flow sensor	<u>C</u> L

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DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

(Mixture ratio feedback signal)

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "SELF-LEARN CONTROL" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CON-SULT.
- 4) Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 5) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.

The 1st trip DTC P0172 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.

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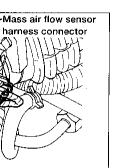
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Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side) (Cont'd)

- 7) If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 8) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-229. If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.
 OR



AEC823

Air cleaner



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
 Then restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST. Make sure 1st trip DTC P0100 is detected.
- 6) Select "MODE 4" with GST and erase the 1st trip DTC P0100.
- 7) Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
- 8) Select "MODE 7" with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0171 should be detected at this stage if a malfunction exists.
- 9) If it is difficult to start engine at step 8, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 10) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal.

 If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-223. If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.

 OR



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds
- 3) Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart engine and run it for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 6) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure 1st trip DTC 0102 is detected.
- 7) Erase the 1st trip DTC 0102 by changing from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Diagnostic Test Mode I.
- 8) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure DTC 0505 is detected.
- Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

The 1st trip DTC 0114 should be detected at this stage if a malfunction exists.

Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side) (Cont'd)

10) If it is difficult to start engine at step 9, the fuel injection system also has a malfunction.

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11) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-223. If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.

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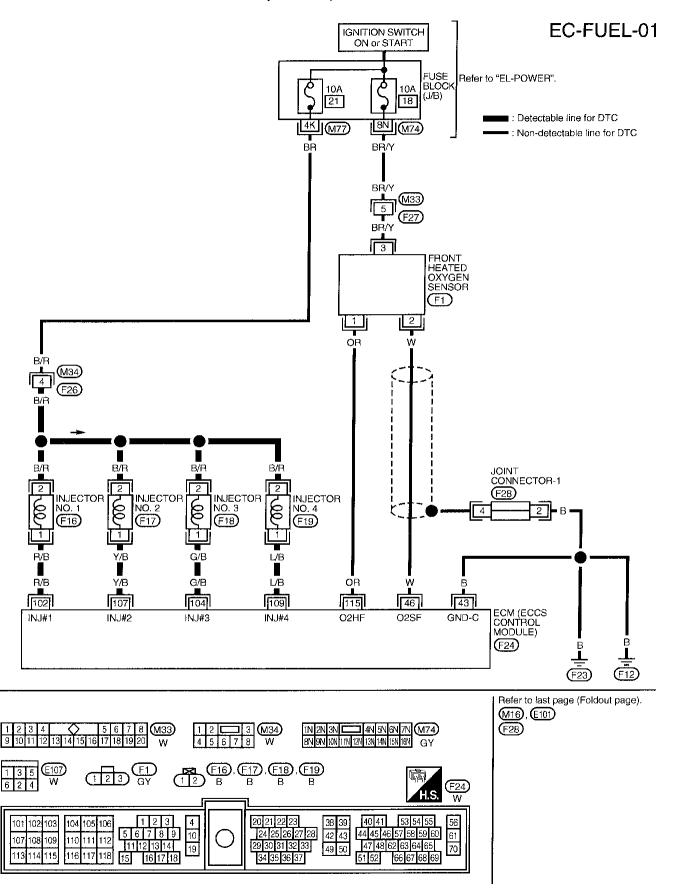
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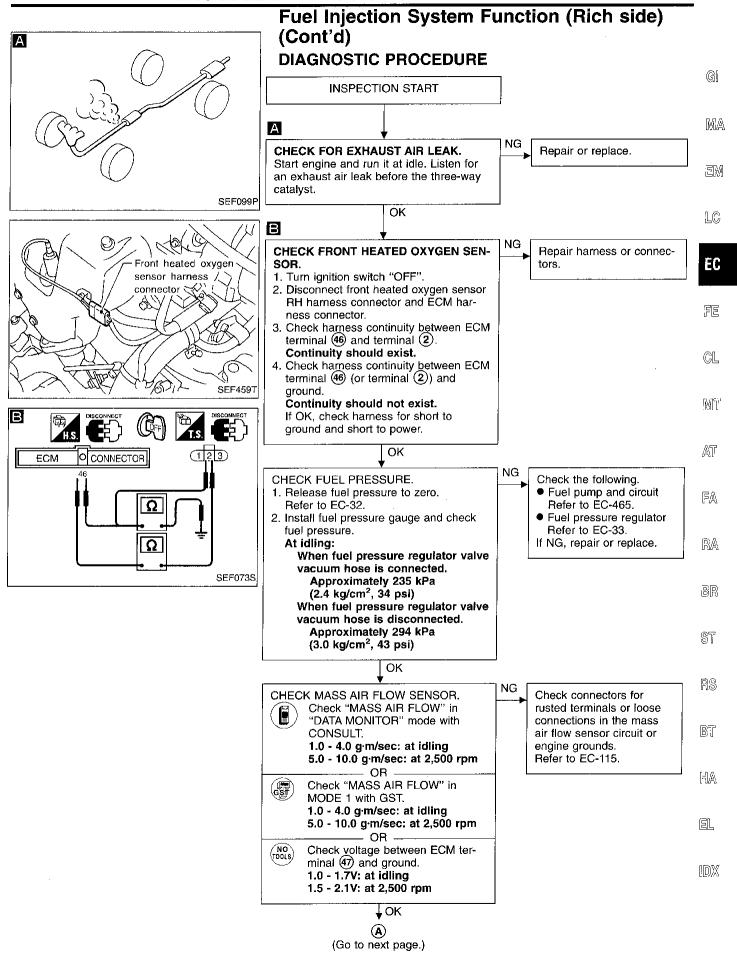
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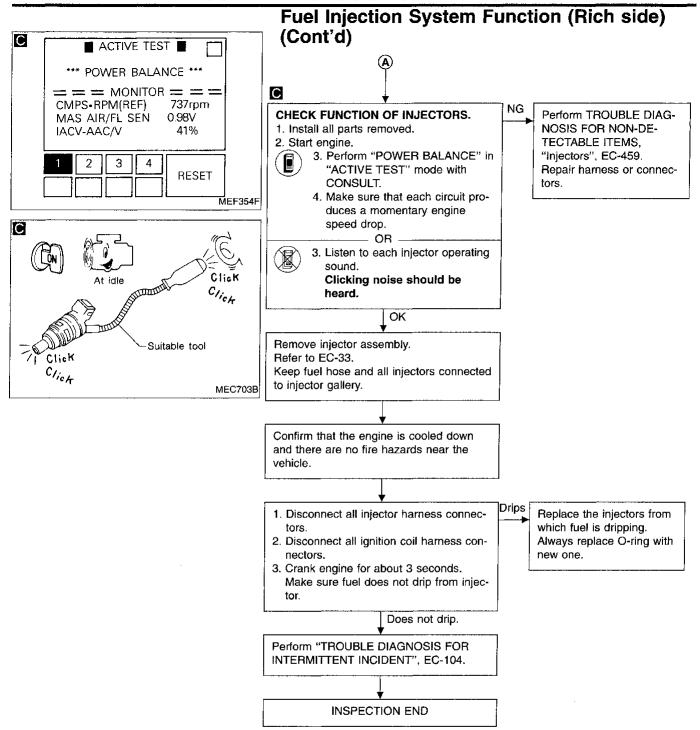
EC-227 389

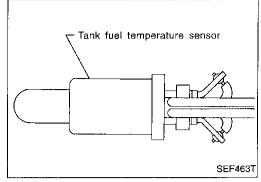
Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side) (Cont'd)





EC-229 391





Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The tank fuel temperature sensor is used to detect the fuel temperature inside the fuel tank. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the fuel temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

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<Reference data>

Fluid temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance k Ω
20 (68)	3.5	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	2.2	0.79 - 0.90



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*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 63 (Tank fuel temperature sensor) and ECM terminal 43 (ECCS ground).

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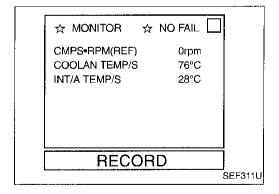
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ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Causes)
P0180	 An excessively high or low voltage is sent to ECM. 	Harness or connectors
0402	 Rationally incorrect voltage is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signals from engine coolant tempera- ture sensor and intake air temperature sensor. 	(The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) ● Tank fuel temperature sensor



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Wait at least 10 seconds.

 If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-234.

If the result is OK, go to following step.

NOTE: If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is already less than 90°C (194°F) before step 4), the result will be OK.

If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 90°C (194°F), go to the following step.

- 4) Cool engine down until "COOLAN TEMP/S" is less than 90°C (194°F).
- 5) Wait at least 10 seconds.

EC-231 393

Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)



1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 seconds.

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- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

 If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-234.

 If the result is OK, go to following step.
- 3) Select "MODE 1" with GST and check for the engine coolant temperature.
- 4) Cool engine down until the engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F). If the temperature is already less than 90°C (194°F) before step 4), the result will be OK.
- 5) Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

- OR -

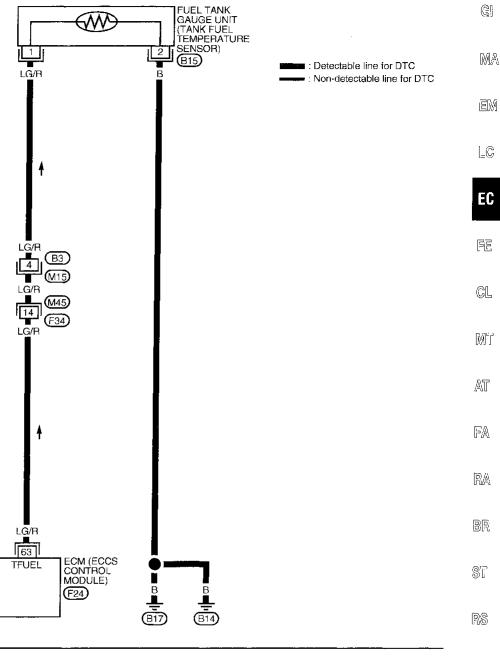


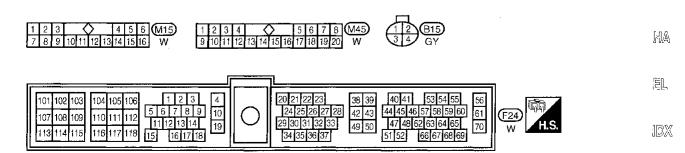
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
 If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-234.
 If the result is OK, go to following step.
- 4) Cool engine down until the voltage between ECM terminal (a) (Engine coolant temperature) and ground becomes more than 1.0V.

 If the voltage is already more than 1.0V before step 4), the result will be OK.
- 5) Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 7) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

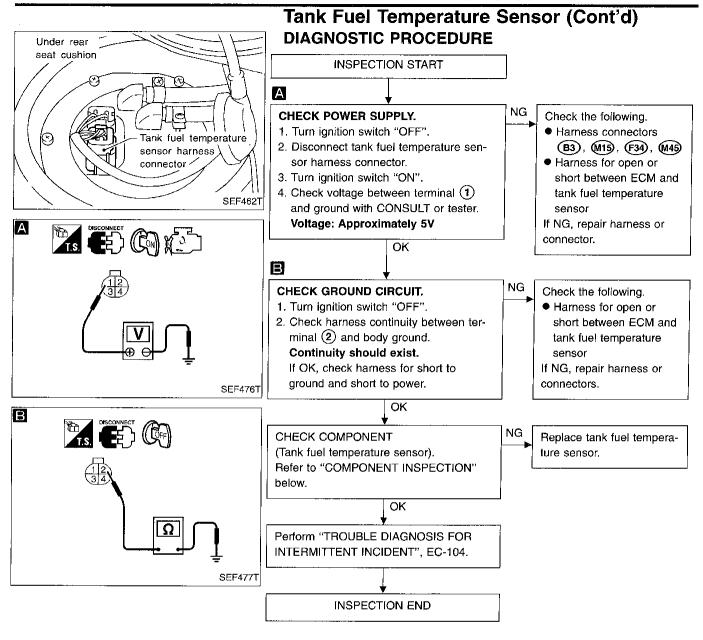
Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

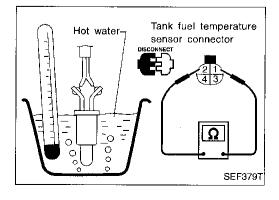






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COMPONENT INSPECTION

Tank fuel temperature sensor

Check resistance by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90

If NG, replace tank fuel temperature sensor.

No. 4 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder Misfire

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

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If a misfire occurs, the engine speed will fluctuate. If the fluctuation is detected by the crankshaft position sensor (OBD), the misfire is diagnosed.

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The misfire detection logic consists of the following two conditions.

Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)	Engine speed	ECM	EM

1. One Trip Detection Logic (Three-Way Catalyst Damage)

When a misfire is detected which will overheat and damage the three-way catalyst, the malfunction LC indicator lamp (MIL) will start blinking; even during the first trip. In this condition, ECM monitors the misfire every 200 revolutions.

If the misfire frequency decreases to a level that will not damage the three-way catalyst, the MIL will change from blinking to lighting up.

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(After the first trip detection, the MIL will light up from engine starting. If a misfire is detected that will cause three-way catalyst damage, the MIL will start blinking.)

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2. Two Trip Detection Logic (Exhaust quality deterioration)

When a misfire that will not damage the three-way catalyst (but will affect exhaust emission) occurs, the malfunction indicator lamp will light up based on two trip detection logic. In this condition, ECM monitors the misfire for every 1,000 revolutions of the engine.

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Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	Mī
P0300 (0701)	Multiple cylinders misfire.	Improper spark plug Insufficient compression	- AT
P0301 (0608)	No. 1 cylinder misfires.	Incorrect fuel pressureEGR valve	IT A
P0302 (0607)	No. 2 cylinder misfires.	The injector circuit is open or shorted Injectors Intake air leak	FA
P0303 (0606)	No. 3 cylinder misfires.	The ignition secondary circuit is open or shorted Lack of fuel	RA
P0304 (0605)	No. 4 cylinder misfires.	Drive plate/Flywheel Front heated oxygen sensor	BR

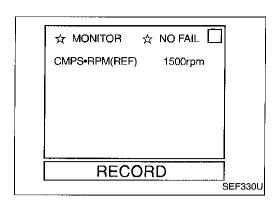
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No. 4 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder Misfire (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE (Overall)

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON", and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine again and drive at 1,500 3,000 rpm for at least 3 minutes.
 Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.
 Note: Refer to the freeze frame data for the test driving conditions.



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

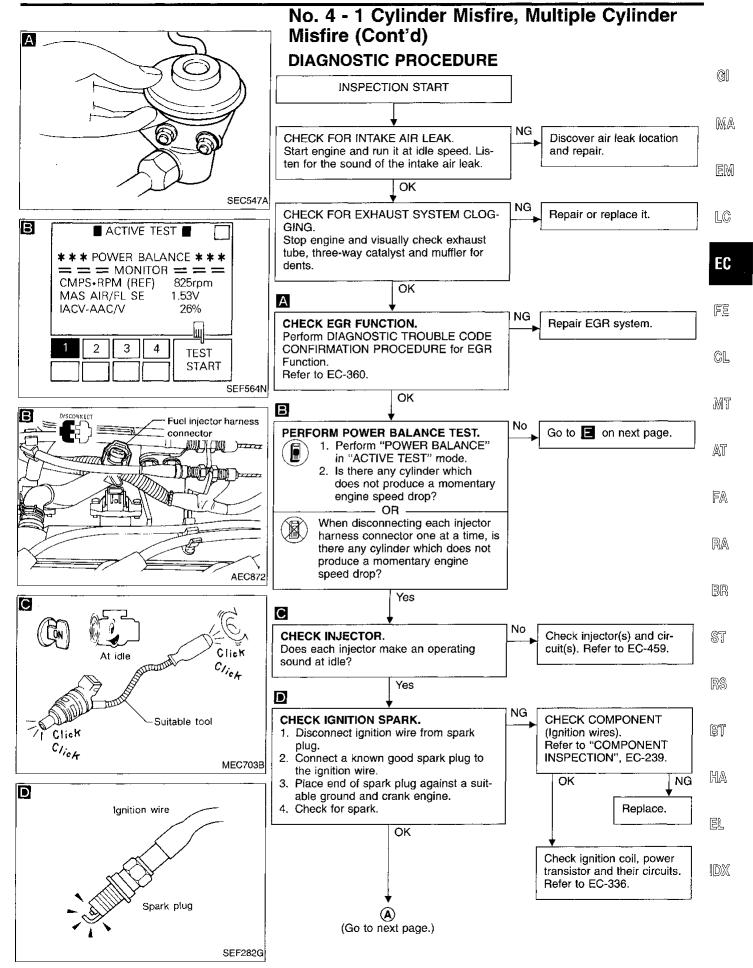
- OR -

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine again and drive at 1,500 3,000 rpm for at least 3 minutes.

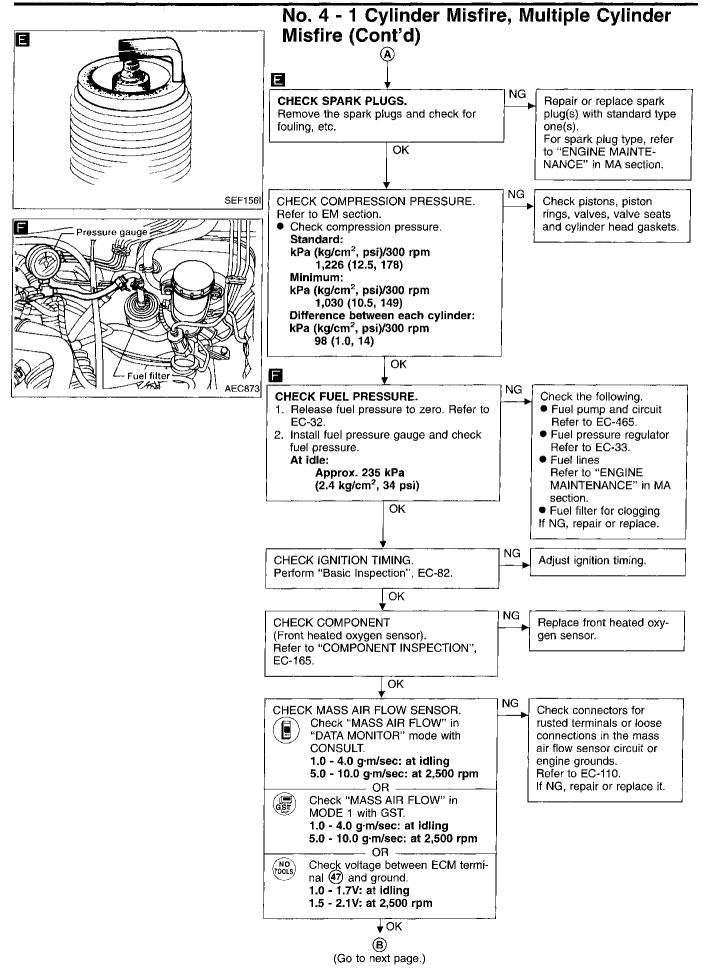
Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible. Note: Refer to the freeze frame data for the test driving conditions.

4) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

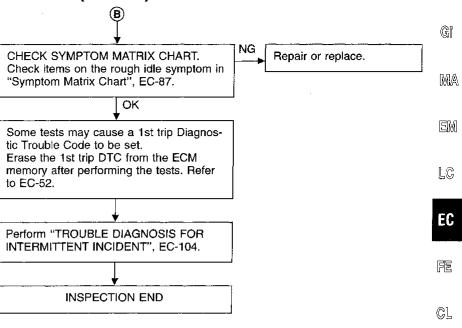
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 sec-
- 3) Start engine again and drive at 1,500 3,000 rpm for at least 3 minutes.
 - Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds, and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

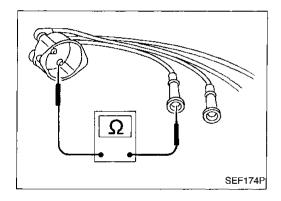


EC-237 399



No. 4 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder Misfire (Cont'd)





COMPONENT INSPECTION

Ignition wires

- Inspect wires for cracks, damage, burned terminals and for improper fit.
- Measure the resistance of wires to their distributor cap terminal. Move each wire while testing to check for intermittent breaks.

Resistance:

13.6 - 18.4 k Ω /m (4.15 - 5.61 k Ω /ft) at 25°C (77°F) If the resistance exceeds the above specification, inspect ignition wire to distributor cap connection. Clean connection or replace the ignition wire with a new one.

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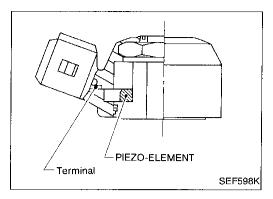
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Knock Sensor (KS)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The knock sensor is attached to the cylinder block. It senses engine knocking using a piezoelectric element. A knocking vibration from the cylinder block is sensed as vibrational pressure. This pressure is converted into a voltage signal and sent to the ECM.

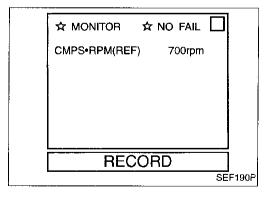
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (49) (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
54	w	Knock sensor	Engine is running. Idle speed	2.0 - 3.0V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0325 0304	An excessively low or high voltage from the knock sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The knock sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Knock sensor



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.

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(SF)	-1)	Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle
(GE)	•	speed.
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	2)	Select "MODE 3" with GST.
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EC-240

^{*} Freeze frame data will not be stored in the ECM for the knock sensor. The MIL will not light for knock sensor malfunction. The knock sensor has one trip detection logic.

Knock Sensor (KS) (Cont'd)

results) with ECM.



- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds
- and then turn "ON". 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic

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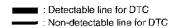
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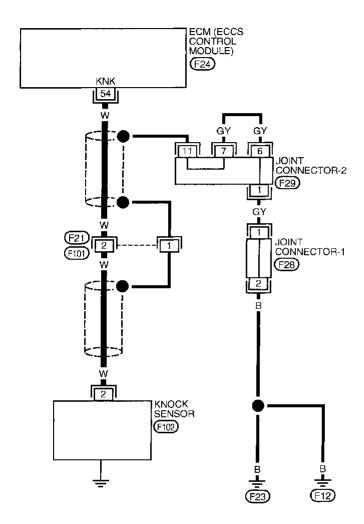
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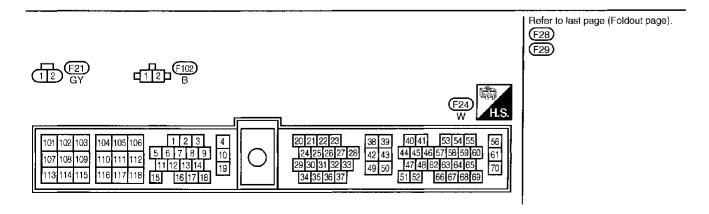
EC-241 403

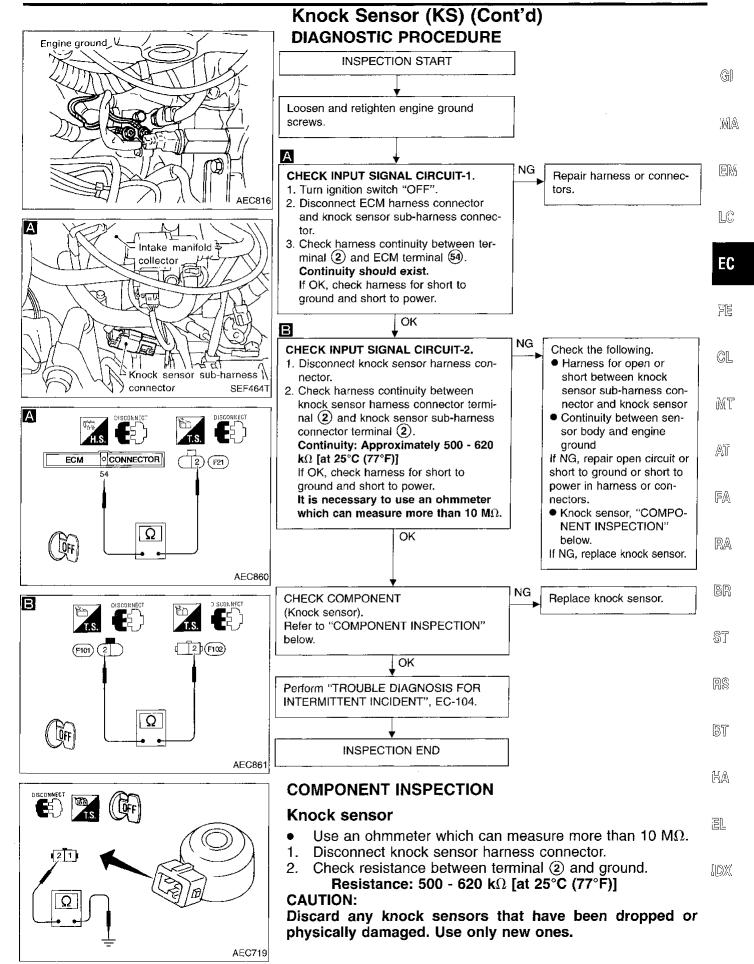
Knock Sensor (KS) (Cont'd)

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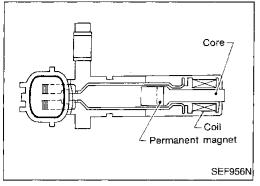


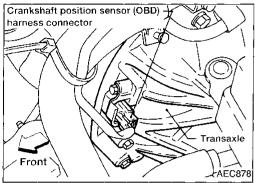






EC-243 405





Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The crankshaft position sensor (OBD) is located on the transaxle housing facing the gear teeth (cogs) of the flywheel or drive plate. It detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

The sensor consists of a permanent magnet, core and coil.

When the engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.

The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

The ECM receives the voltage signal and detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

This sensor is not directly used to control the engine system. It is used only for the on board diagnosis.

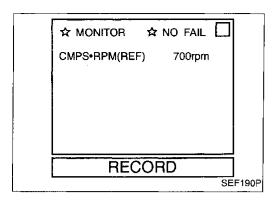
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (43) (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
53	W	Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0.03V (V) 4 2 0 0.2 ms
			Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 0.03V (V) 4 2 0 0.2 ms SEF644U

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0335 0802	The proper pulse signal from the crankshaft position sensor (OBD) is not sent to ECM while the engine is running at the specified engine speed.	Harness or connectors (The crankshaft position sensor (OBD) circuit is open.) Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)



Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

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NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

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1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.

2) Start engine and run it for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.

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1) Start engine and run it for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.

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2) Select "MODE 7" with GST. - OR -

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1) Start engine and run it for at least 10 seconds at idle speed. 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds

and then turn "ON". 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic

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results) with ECM.

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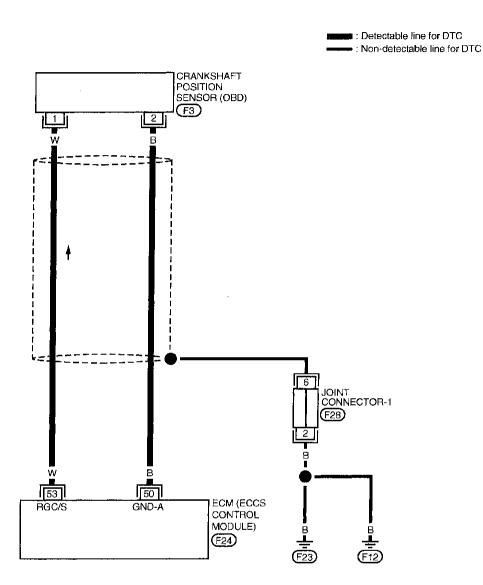
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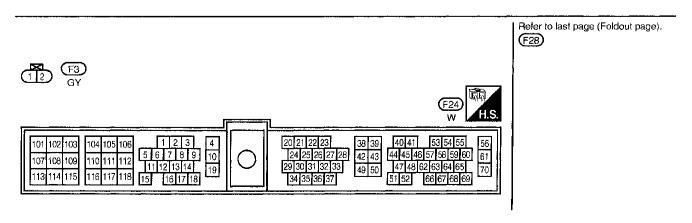
EL

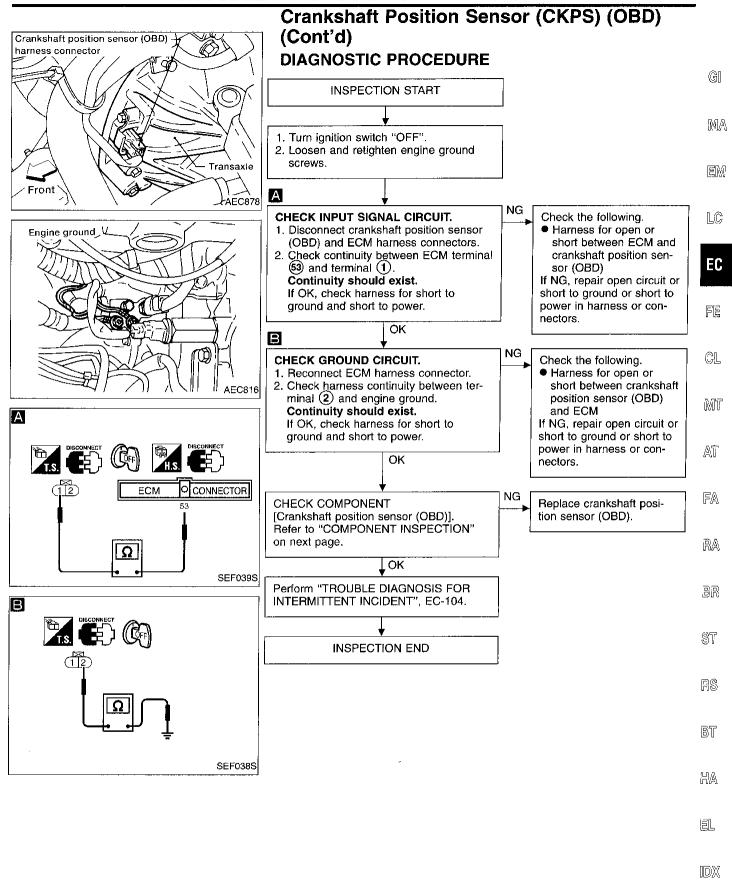
EC-245 407

Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (Cont'd)

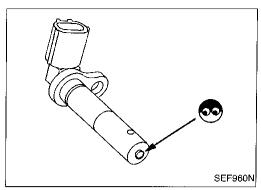
EC-CKPS-01

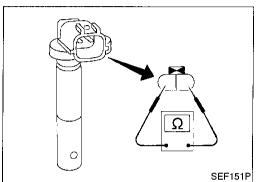






EC-247 409





Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)

- 1. Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (OBD) harness connector.
- 2. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
- 3. Remove the sensor.
- 4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.
- 5. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Resistance:

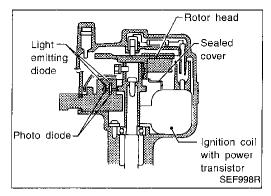
M/T models

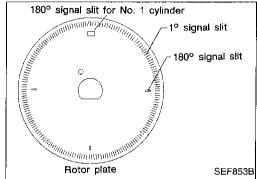
432 - 528Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]

A/T models

166.5 - 203.5Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]

If NG, replace crankshaft position sensor (OBD).





Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The camshaft position sensor is a basic component of the ECCS. It monitors engine speed and piston position. These input signals to the ECM are used to control fuel injection, ignition timing and other functions.

The camshaft position sensor has a rotor plate and a waveforming circuit. The rotor plate has 360 slits for a 1° (POS) signal and 4 slits for a 180° (REF) signal. The wave-forming circuit consists of Light Emitting Diodes (LED) and photo diodes.

The rotor plate is positioned between the LED and the photo diode. The LED transmits light to the photo diode. As the rotor plate turns, the slits cut the light to generate rough-shaped pulses. These pulses are converted into on-off signals by the wave-forming circuit and sent to the ECM.

The distributor is not repairable and must be replaced as an assembly except distributor cap.

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ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	AT Fa
40	L	Camshaft position sensor (Reference signal)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	0.1 - 0.4V (V) 10 5 0 10ms SEF199T	RA BR
44	L		Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0.1 - 0.4V (V) 10 5 0 10ms SEF200T	rs Bt

EL

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EC-249 411

Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)

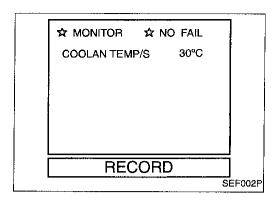
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
41	B/W	Camshaft position sensor (Position signal)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Lunding Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V (V) 10 5 0.2ms SEF195T
			Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 2.3 - 2.5V (V) 10 5 0 0.2ms SEF196T
56	W/R	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE
61	W/R		Ignition Strict	(11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P0340 0101	A) Either 1° or 180° signal is not sent to ECM for the first few seconds during engine cranking.	Harness or connectors (The camshaft position sensor circuit is open or shorted.)	
	B) Either 1° or 180° signal is not sent to ECM often enough while the engine speed is higher than the specified engine speed.	 Camshaft position sensor Starter motor (Refer to EL section.) Starting system circuit (Refer to EL section.) Dead (Weak) battery 	
	C) The relation between 1° and 180° signal is not in the normal range during the specified engine speed.		

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B and C".



Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction A

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



MA

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.

– OR -

– OR -

EM



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Crank engine for at least 2 seconds.

LC



- Crank engine for at least 2 seconds. 1)
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.

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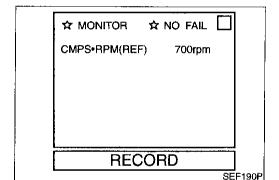
FE



- 1) Crank engine for at least 2 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.

CL.

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Procedure for malfunction B and C

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

speed.

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.

RA

BR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

--- OR --

-- OR --

Start engine and run it for at least 2 seconds at idle



- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 2 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

results) with ECM.

RS

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Start engine and run it for at least 2 seconds at idle 1) speed.

BT

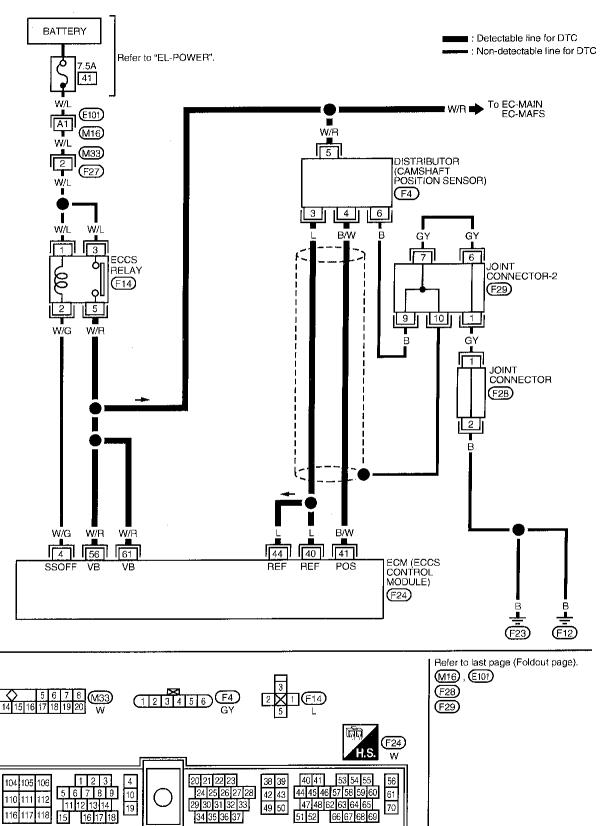
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic

IDX

EC-251 413

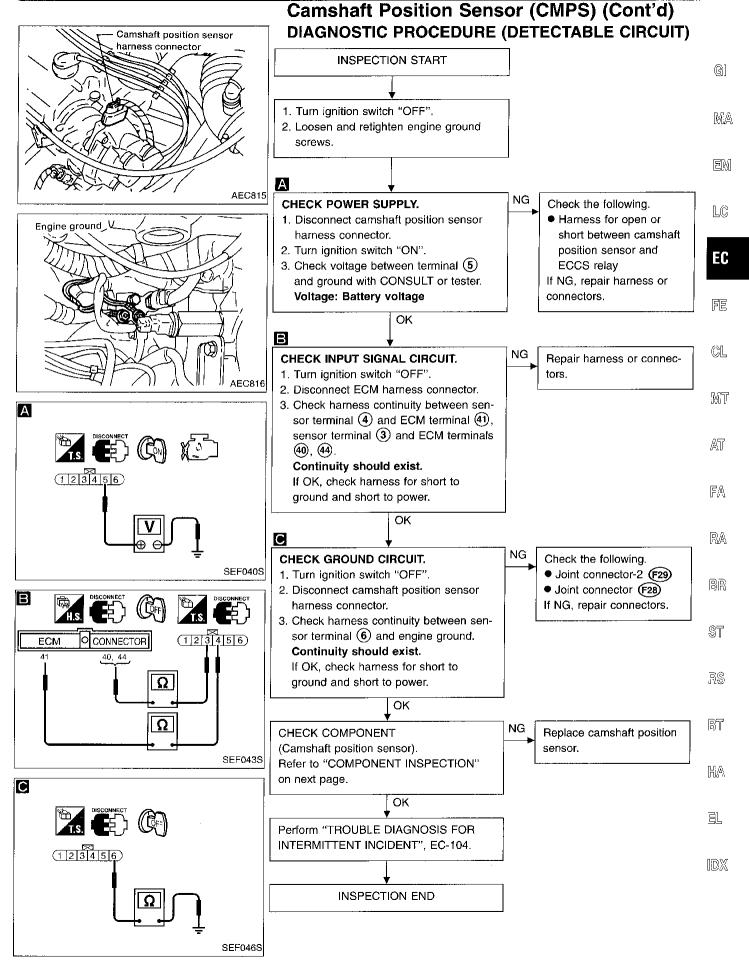
Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)

EC-CMPS-01

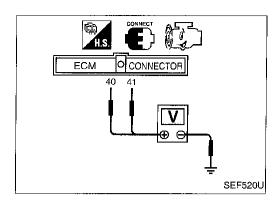


102 103

107 108 109



EC-253 415



Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Camshaft position sensor

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminals (40), (41) and engine ground.

Terminal @ and engine ground

Condition	Idle	2,000 rpm
Voltage	0.1 - 0.4V	0.1 - 0.4V
Pulse signal	(V) 10 5 0 10ms SEF199T	(V) 10 5 0 10ms

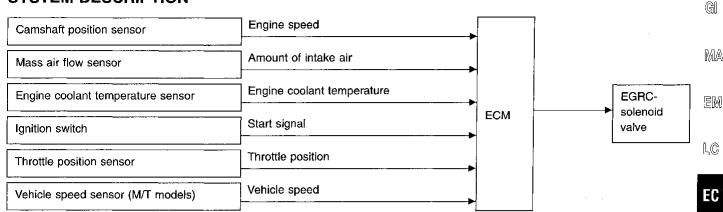
Terminal 41 and engine ground

Condition	Idie	2,000 rpm
Voltage	Approximately 2.5V	Approximately 2.4V
Pulse signal	(V) 10 5 0	(V) 10 5 0 .2ms
	SEF195T	SEF196T

If NG, replace distributor assembly with camshaft position sensor.

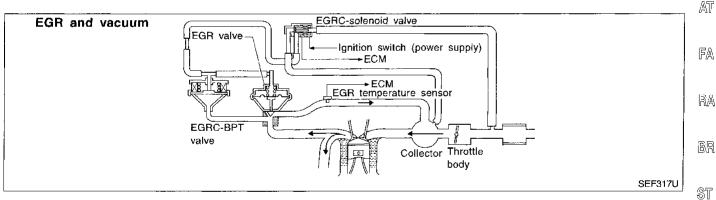
EGR Function (Close)

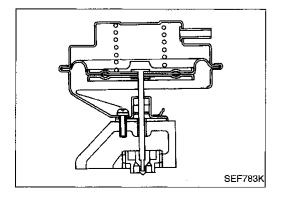
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system cuts and controls vacuum applied to the EGR valve to suit engine operating conditions. This cut-and-control operation is accomplished through the ECM and the EGRC-solenoid valve. When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, current flows through the solenoid valve. This causes the port vacuum to be discharged into the atmosphere. The EGR valve remains closed.

- Low engine coolant temperature
- Engine starting
- High-speed engine operation
- Engine idling
- Excessively high engine coolant temperature
- Mass air flow sensor malfunction
- Low vehicle speed (M/T models)
- For 20 seconds after starting engine





COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) valve

The EGR valve controls the amount of exhaust gas routed to the intake manifold. Vacuum is applied to the EGR valve in response to throttle valve opening. The vacuum controls the movement of a taper valve connected to the vacuum diaphragm in the EGR valve.

> EC-255 417

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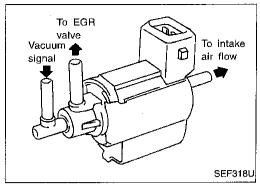
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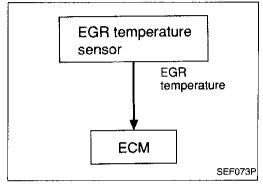
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EGRC-solenoid valve

The EGRC-solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. The vacuum signal passes through the solenoid valve. The signal then reaches the EGR valve. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, a plunger will then move to cut the vacuum signal from the intake manifold collector to the EGR valve.

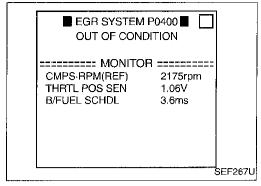


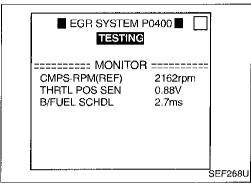
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

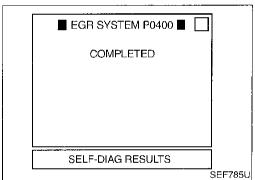
EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

If the absence of EGR flow is detected by EGR temperature sensor under the condition that calls for EGR, a low-flow malfunction is diagnosed.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0400	• The exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) flow is exces-	● EGR valve stuck closed
0302	sively low during the specified driving condition.	● EGRC-BPT valve
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Vacuum hose
		EGRC-solenoid valve
		• EGR passage
		● EGR temperature sensor
		● Exhaust gas leaks







EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.
- During the test, P0400 will not be stored in ECM even though "NG" is displayed on the CONSULT screen.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform the test at a temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON"
- Check "COOLAN TEMP/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT. Confirm COOLAN TEMP/S value is within the range

COOLANT TEMP/S: Less than 40°C (104°F)

If the value is out of range, park the vehicle in a cool place and allow the engine temperature to stabilize. Do not attempt to lower the coolant temperature with a fan or means other than ambient air. Doing so may produce an inaccurate diagnostic result.

- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "EGR SYSTEM P0400" of "EGR SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".

screen, go to step 9).

listed below.

- 5) Start engine and let it idle. When the engine coolant temperature reaches 70°C (158°F), immediately go to the next step.
- 6) Accelerate vehicle to a speed of 40 km/h (25 MPH) once and then stop vehicle.
 If "COMPLETED" with "OK" appears on CONSULT
 - If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT screen, go to the following step.
- 7) Check the output voltage of "THRTL POS SEN" (at closed throttle position) and note it.
- 8) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 30 seconds or more.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 2,000 - 3,000 rpm (A/T) 1,900 - 3,000 rpm (M/T)

Vehicle speed: 10 km/h (6 MPH) or more

B/FUEL SCHDL: 2 - 3.75 ms (A/T)

2.5 - 3.75 ms (M/T) THRTL POS SEN: (X) - (X + 0.57) V (A/T) (X) - (X + 0.92) V (M/T)

X = Voltage value measured at

step 7)

Selector lever: Suitable position If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

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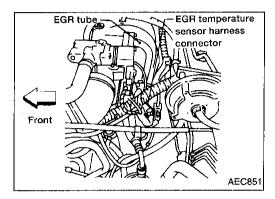
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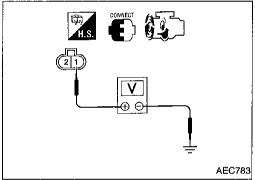
EM

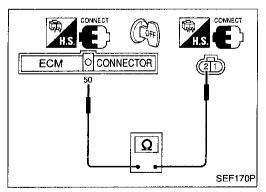
EC-257

EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

 Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-260.







OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall EGR function. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



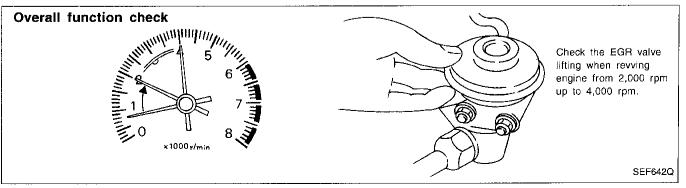
- 1) Lift up drive wheels.
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check the EGR valve lifting when revving engine from 2,000 rpm up to 4,000 rpm in 1st shift position. EGR valve should lift up and down without sticking.
- 4) Check voltage between EGR temperature sensor harness connector terminal ① and ground at idle speed.

Less than 4.5V should exist.

- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 6) Check harness continuity between EGR temperature sensor harness connector terminal ② and ECM terminal ⑥.

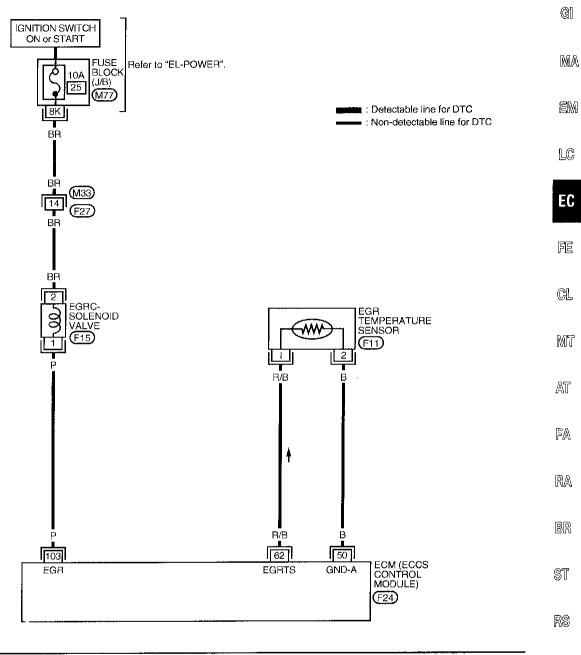
Continuity should exist.

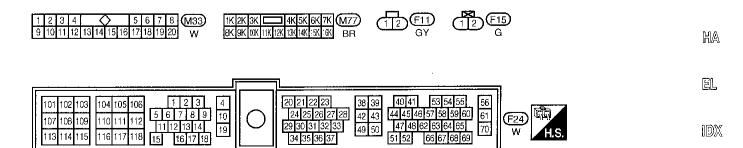
7) Perform "COMPONENT INSPECTION", "EGR temperature sensor". Refer to EC-262.



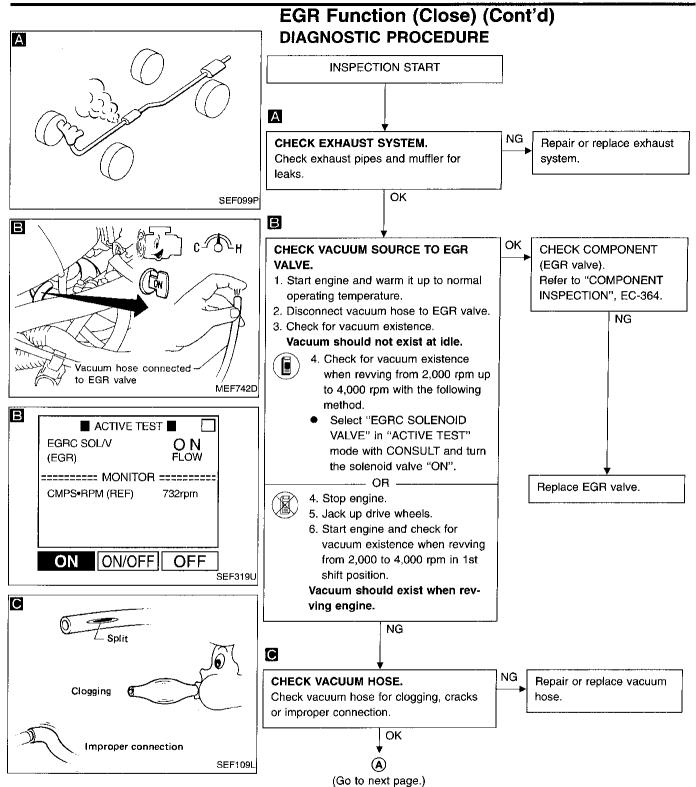
EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

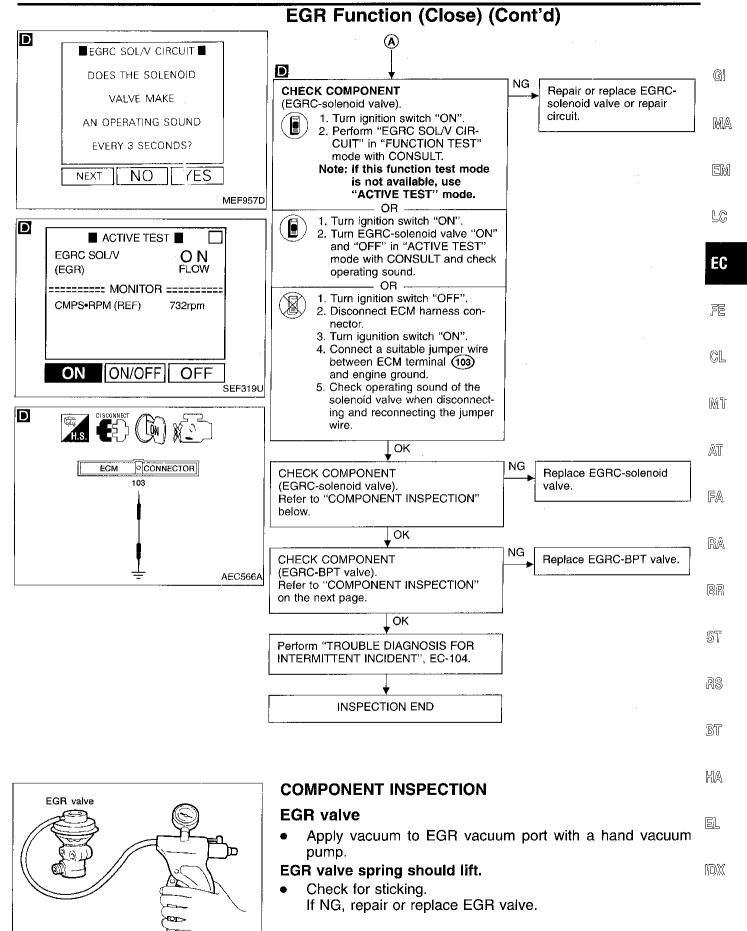
EC-EGRC1-01





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EC-261 423

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EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

EGRC-solenoid valve

Check solenoid valve, following the table as shown below:

Conditions	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

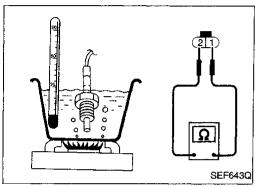
If NG, replace EGRC-solenoid valve.

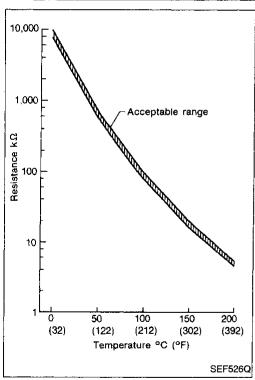
EGR temperature sensor

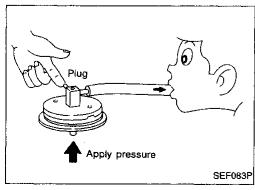
Check resistance change and resistance value.

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage (V)	Resistance $(M\Omega)$
0 (32)	4.81	7.9 - 9.7
50 (122)	2.82	0.57 - 0.70
100 (212)	0.8	0.08 - 0.10

If NG, replace EGR temperature sensor.



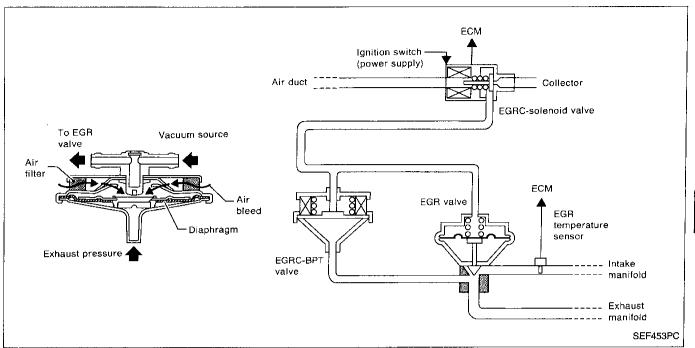




EGRC-BPT valve

- Plug one of two ports of EGRC-BPT valve.
- Vacuum from the other port and check for leakage while applying a pressure above 0.981 kPa (100 mmH2O, 3.94 inH2O) from under EGRC-BPT valve.
- If a leakage is noted, replace the valve.

EGRC-BPT Valve Function



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The EGRC-BPT valve monitors exhaust pressure to activate the diaphragm, controlling throttle body vacuum applied to the EGR valve. In other words, recirculated exhaust gas is controlled in response to positioning of the EGR valve or to engine operation.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If too much EGR flow exists due to an EGRC-BPT valve malfunction, off idle engine roughness will increase. If the roughness is large, then the vacuum to the EGR valve is interrupted through the EGRCsolenoid valve. If the engine roughness is reduced at that time, the EGRC-BPT valve malfunction is indicated.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	BR
P0402 0306	The EGRC-BPT valve does not operate properly.	● EGRC-BPT valve ● EGR valve	 ST
		 Loose or disconnected rubber tube Blocked rubber tube Camshaft position sensor 	RS
		Blocked exhaust systemOrificeMass air flow sensor	BT
		EGRC-solenoid valve	

EC-263 425

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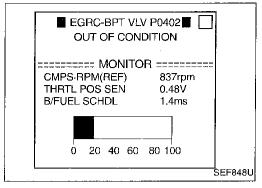
AT

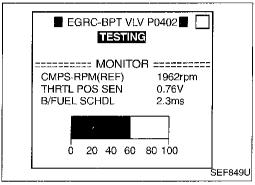
FA

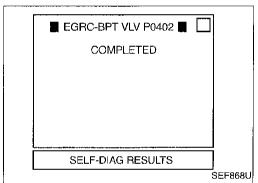
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EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform the test at a temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "EGRC-BPT/V P0402" of "EGR SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine and let it idle.
- 5) Touch "START".
- 6) Check the output voltage of "THRTL POS SEN" (at closed throttle position) and note it.
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen and the bar chart may increase. Maintain the conditions many times until "COMPLETED" appears.

Selector lever: Suitable position

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,800 - 2,000 rpm (A/T)

2,200 - 2,600 rpm (M/T)

Vehicle speed: 30 - 60 km/h (19 - 37 MPH) (A/T)

30 - 100 km/h (19 - 62 MPH) (M/T)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.3 - 2.9 ms (A/T)

1.6 - 2.2 ms (M/T)

THRTL POS SEN: (X + 0.15) - (X + 0.41) V (A/T)

(X + 0.25) - (X + 0.38) V (M/T)X = Voltage value measured at

step 6)

- The bar chart on CONSULT screen indicates the status of this test. However, the test may be finished before the bar chart becomes full scale.
- If the bar chart indication does not continue to progress, completely release accelerator pedal once and try to meet the conditions again.
- if "TESTING" does not appear on CONSULT screen, retry from step 2).
- 8) If "OK" is displayed, carry out "OVERALL FUNC-TION CHECK" on next page. If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-266.

426 **EC-264**

EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd) OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EGRC-BPT valve. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.





 Disconnect the vacuum hose to the fuel pressure regulator at the intake manifold.

regulator at the intake manifold.

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Disconnect the vacuum hose to the EGRC-solenoid

valve at the EGRC-BPT valve.
Connect the intake manifold collector and the EGRC-BPT valve directly with a rubber tube that has 0.5 mm (0.020 in) dia. orifice. (The intake manifold vacuum will be directly applied to the EGRC-BPT valve.)

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3) Start engine.

idle **=**

 Check for the EGR valve lifting with engine at idle speed under no load.
 EGR valve should remain closed or lift up

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slightly.
5) Check the EGR valve lifting when revving from 2,000 rpm up to 4,000 rpm under no load.

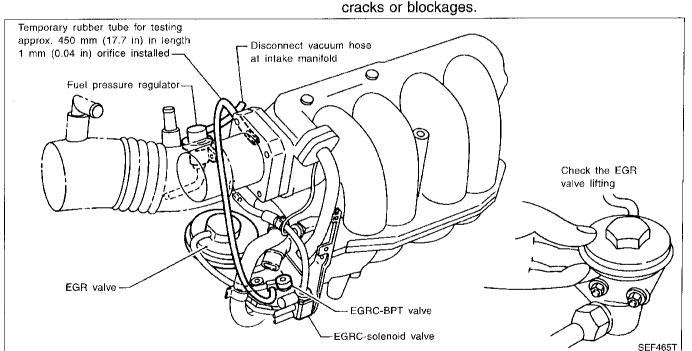
EGR valve should lift up, and go down without

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sticking when the engine is returned to idle.

6) Check rubber tube between EGRC-solenoid valve and intake manifold collector for misconnection,

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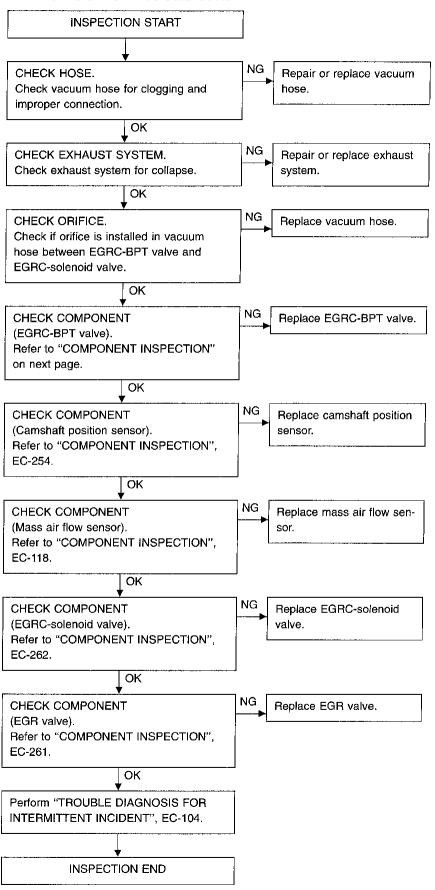
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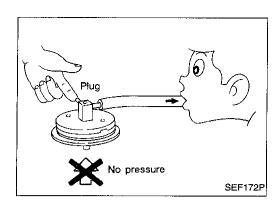
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EC-265 427

EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE





EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EGRC-BPT valve

1. Plug one of two ports of EGRC-BPT valve.

 Vacuum from the other port and check leakage without applying any pressure from under EGR-BPT valve. Leakage should exist.

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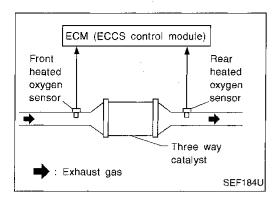
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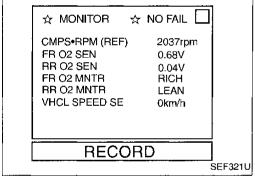
Three-Way Catalyst Function ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

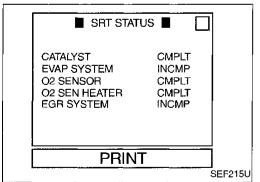
The ECM monitors the switching frequency ratio of front and rear heated oxygen sensors.

A three-way catalyst with high oxygen storage capacity will indicate a low switching frequency of rear heated oxygen sensor. As oxygen storage capacity decreases, the rear heated oxygen sensor switching frequency will increase.

When the frequency ratio of front and rear heated oxygen sensors approaches a specified limit value, the three-way catalyst malfunction is diagnosed.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0420	Three-way catalyst does not operate properly.	Three-way catalyst
0702	Three-way catalyst does not have enough oxygen storage	Exhaust tube
	capacity.	● Intake air leaks
		Injectors
		Injector leaks
		Spark plug
		● Improper ignition timing





DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED", then select "FR O2 SENSOR", "RR O2 SENSOR", "FR O2 MNTR", "RR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constantly under no load.
- 4) Make sure that the switching frequency between "RICH" and "LEAN" of "RR O2 MNTR" is much less than that of "FR O2 MNTR" as shown below. Switching frequency ratio =

Rear heated oxygen sensor switching frequency

Front heated oxygen sensor switching frequency

This ratio should be less than 0.75.

If the ratio is greater than above, the three-way catalyst is not operating properly.

If the "FR O2 MNTR" does not indicate "RICH" and "LEAN" periodically more than 5 times within 10 seconds at step 3), perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR DTC P0133 first.

Three-Way Catalyst Function (Cont'd)

If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-270.

If the result is OK, go to following step.

5) Select "AUTO TRIG" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

6) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 84 to 96 km/h (52 to 60 MPH) with the following for at least 10 consecutive minutes.

(Drive the vehicle in an area where vehicle speed and accelerator pressure can be held steady and constant.)

M/T: 5th position

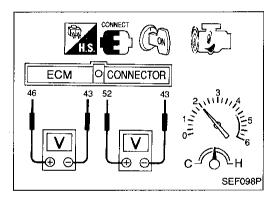
A/T: D position ("OD" ON)

If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-270.

7) Select "SRT STATUS" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT.

8) Verify that "CATALYST" is "CMPLT".

If not "CMPLT", repeat the test from step 5).



OR OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the three-way AT catalyst.

During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

Set voltmeters probes between ECM terminals @ (front heated oxygen sensor signal) and (43) (engine ground), and ECM terminals @ (rear heated oxygen sensor signal) and (43) (engine ground).

3) Keep engine speed at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.

4) Make sure that the voltage switching frequency (high & low) between ECM terminals (52) and (43) is much less than that of ECM terminals (46) and (43). Switching frequency ratio =

Rear heated oxygen sensor voltage switching frequency

Front heated oxygen sensor voltage switching frequency

This ratio should be less than 0.75.

If the ratio is greater than above, it means three-way catalyst does not operate properly.

Note: If the voltage at terminal 46 does not switch periodically more than 5 times within 10 seconds at step 3), perform TROUBLE DIAGNO-SIS FOR DTC P0133 first. (See EC-173.)

EC-269 431

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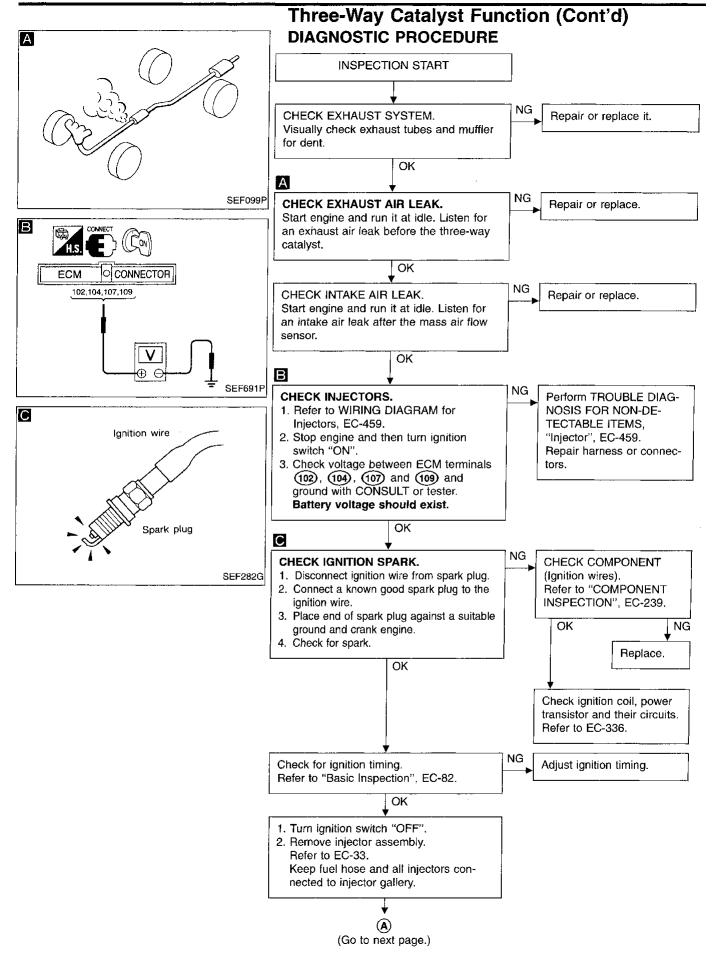
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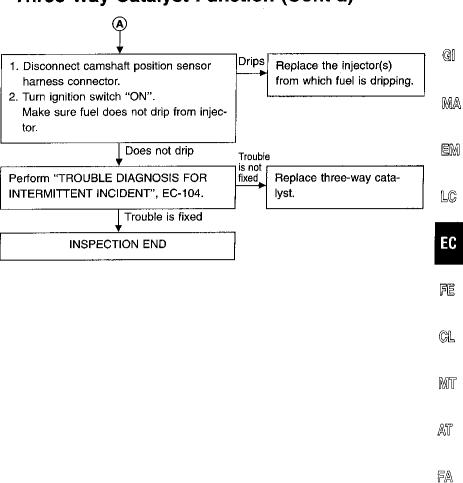
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Three-Way Catalyst Function (Cont'd)



EC-271 433

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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure)

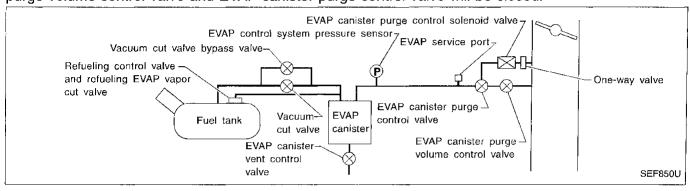
Note: If both DTC P0440 and P1448 are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-400.)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

This diagnosis detects leaks in the EVAP purge line using engine intake manifold vacuum.

If pressure does not increase, the ECM will check for leaks in the line between the fuel tank and EVAP canister purge control valve under the following "Vacuum test" conditions.

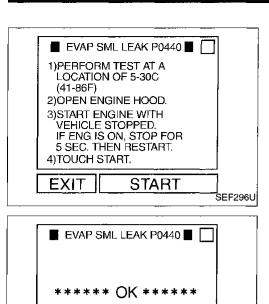
The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is opened to clear the line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister purge control valve. The EVAP canister vent control valve will then be closed to shut the EVAP purge line off. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve and EVAP canister purge control valve is opened to depressurize the EVAP purge line using intake manifold vacuum. After this occurs, the EVAP canister purge volume control valve and EVAP canister purge control valve will be closed.

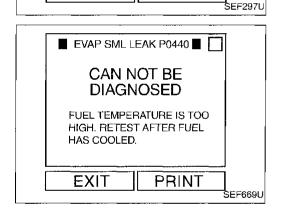


Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0440 0705	 EVAP control system has a leak. EVAP control system does not operate properly. 	 Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve Incorrect fuel filler cap used Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close. Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap. Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge control valve. Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve. EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks EVAP purge line rubber tube bent. Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control system pressure sensor Loose or disconnected rubber tube EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit EVAP canister purge control valve EVAP canister purge volume control valve EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve and the circuit Absolute pressure sensor Tank fuel temperature sensor MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve and the circuit Blocked or bent rubber tube to MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged. Water separator EVAP canister is saturated with water. EVAP control system pressure sensor Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve ORVR system leaks

CAUTION:

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine rubber tube as a replacement.





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END

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

 If both DTC P0440 and P1448 are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-400.) **@1**

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 If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is less than 3/4 full and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Always perform test at a temperature of 5 to 30°C (41 to 86°F).
- It is better that the fuel level is low.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Check that the following conditions are met. COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 70°C (32 158°F) INT/A TEMP SE: 5 60°C (41 140°F)
- Select "EVAP SML LEAK P0440" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.

Follow the instruction displayed.

NOTE:

If the CONSULT screen shown at left is displayed, stop the engine and stabilize the vehicle temperature at 25°C (77°F) or cooler. After "TANK F/TMP SE" becomes less than 30°C (86°F), retest.

(Use a fan to reduce the stabilization time.)

This test for the engine idle position will take approximately 5 minutes.

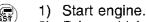
6) Make sure that "OK" is displayed. If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE". EC-275.

NOTE:

Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge control valve properly.

NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-46 before driving vehicle.



- 2) Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-46.
- Stop vehicle.
- 4) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set yet, go to the following step.
- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.

EC-273 435

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 6) Start engine.

It is not necessary to cool engine down before driving.

- 7) Drive vehicle again according to the "Driving pattern".
- 8) Stop vehicle.
- 9) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- If P1447 is displayed on the screen, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447", EC-391.
- If P0440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-275.
- If P1440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE" in "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1440", EC-369.
- If P0440, P1440 and P1447 are not displayed on the screen, go to the following step.
- 10) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set, go to step 5).

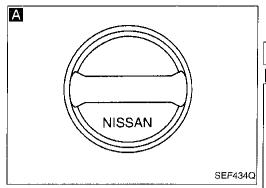
- OR -

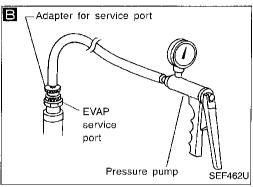
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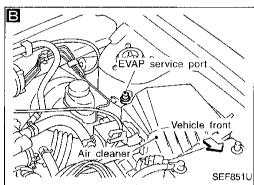
- Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-46 before driving vehicle.
- It is better that the fuel level is low.



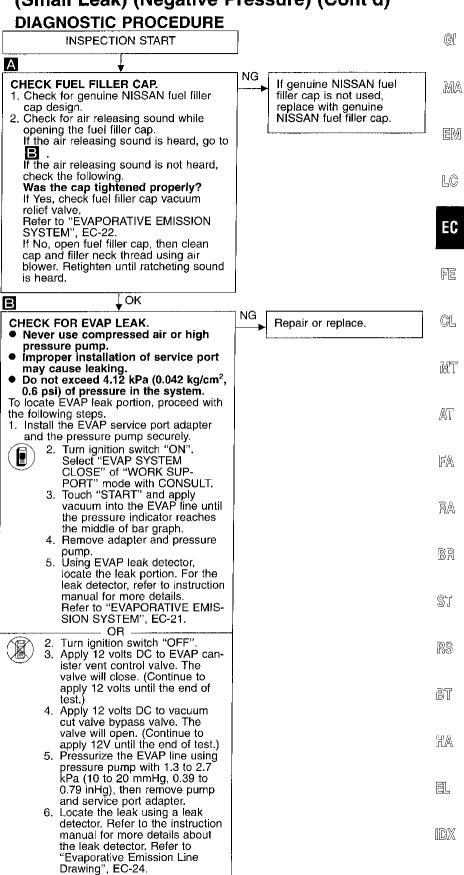
- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-46.
- 3) Stop vehicle.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Perform the step 1) to 4) again.
- 6) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.





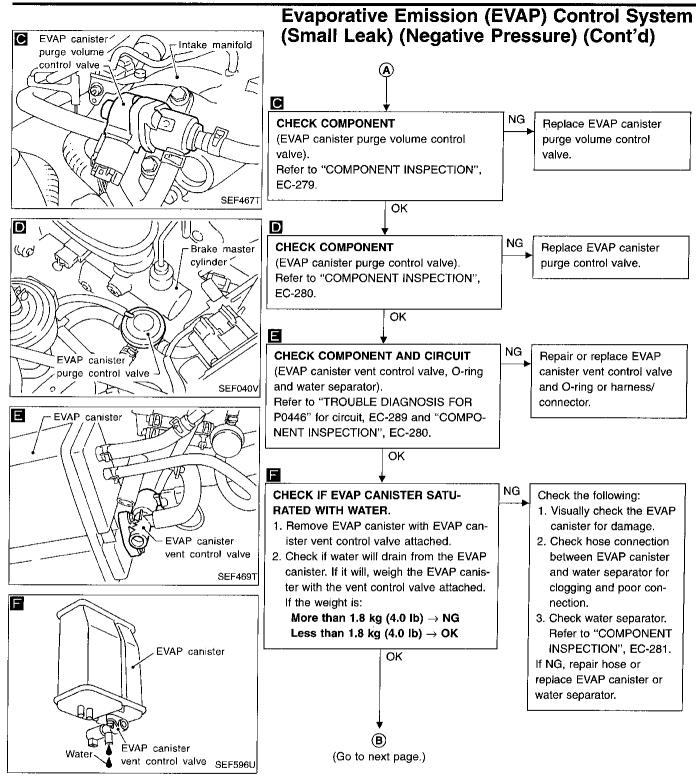


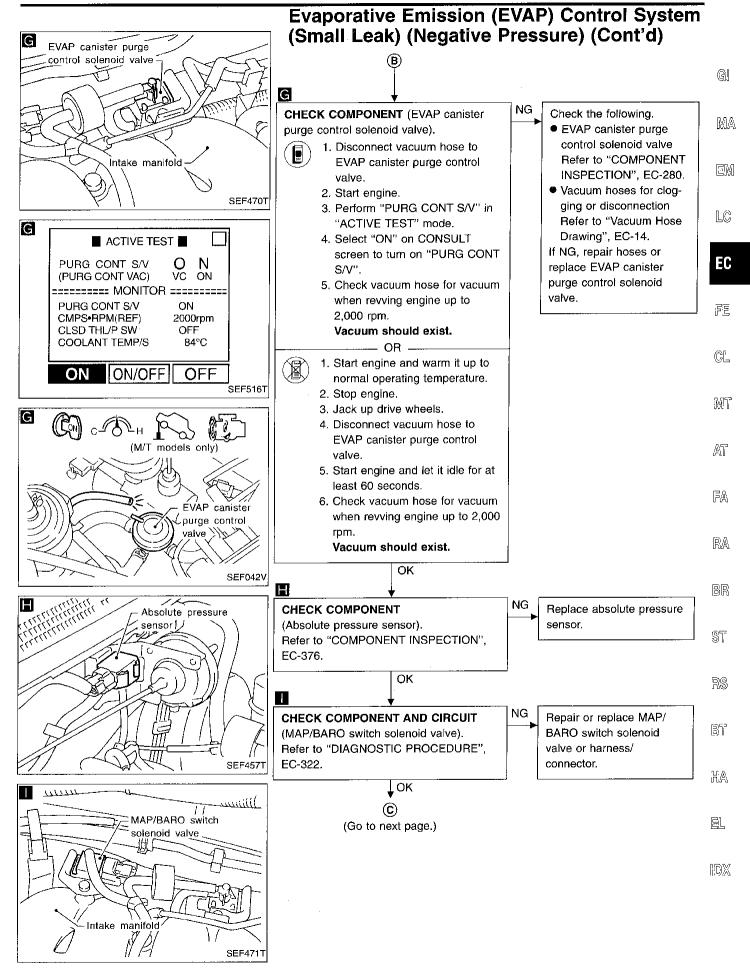
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)



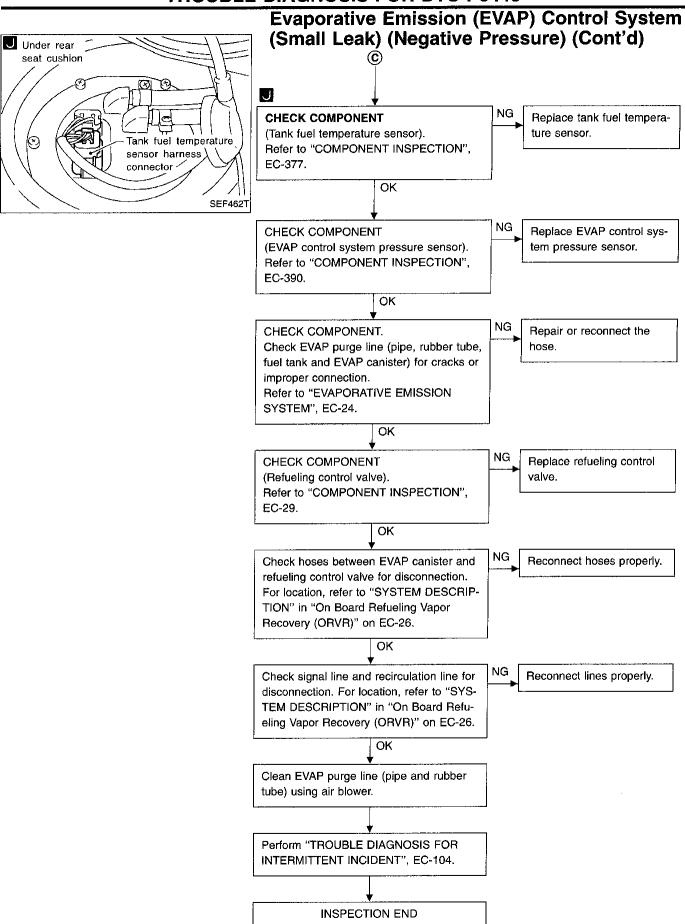
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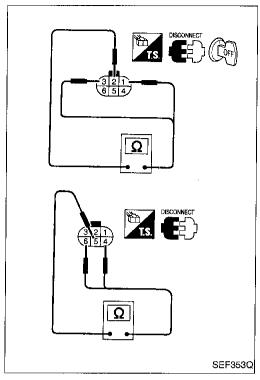
EC-275 437

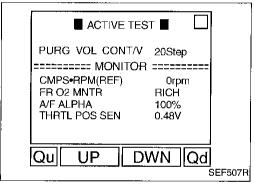


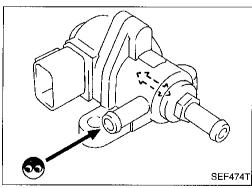


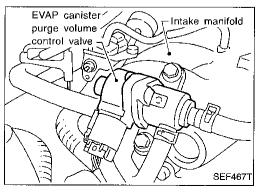
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge volume control valve



- 1. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal (2) and terminals (1), (3) terminal (5) and terminals (4), (6) Resistance:

Approximately 41 Ω [At 20°C (68°F)]

- 3. Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector. 4. Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve
- from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve. (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge vol
 - ume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)
- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON". Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the valve open-
 - If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.



- Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal 2 and terminals 1, 3 terminal (5) and terminals (4), (6)

Resistance:

Approximately 41Ω [At 20°C (68°F)]

- OR -

- 3. Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 4. Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve. (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge vol-
- ume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)
- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON" and "OFF". Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the ignition switch position.
 - If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.

EC-279 441

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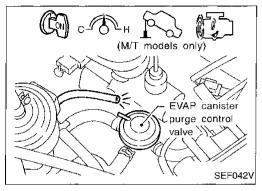
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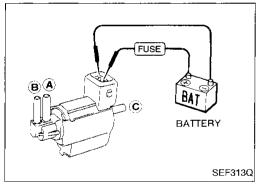
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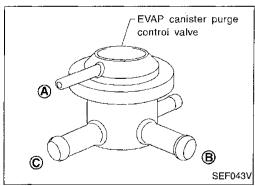
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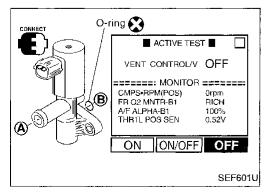
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■ ACTIVE TEST ■ PURG CONT S/V ON(PURG CONT VAC) VC ON ====== MONITOR ======== PURG CONT S/V ON CMPS•RPM(REF) 2000rpm CLSD THL/P SW OFF COOLANT TEMP/S 84°C ON/OFF OFF SEF516T









Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve



- 1. Jack up driving wheels (M/T models only).
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "PURG CONT S/V" of "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 5. Disconnect vacuum hose at EVAP canister purge control valve.
- 6. Touch "ON" and "OFF" and check for vacuum passing through the hose.

Condition	Vacuum
Idle	Not exist
2,000 rpm (A/T models) 2,000 rpm with 1st gear position (M/T models)	Exist

- OR -



Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG, replace solenoid valve.

EVAP canister purge control valve

Check EVAP canister purge control valve as follows:

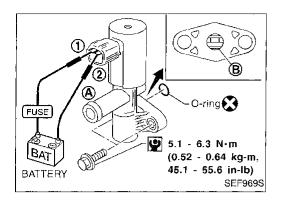
- 1. Blow air in port (A), (B) and (C), then ensure that there is no leakage.
- 2. Apply vacuum to port (a). [Approximately -13.3 to -20.0 kPa (-100 to -150 mmHg, -3.94 to -5.91 inHg)] Blow air in port (c) and ensure free flow out of port (b).

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

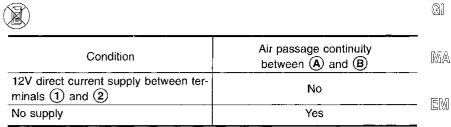
Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

- OR -



If NG, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary. If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.



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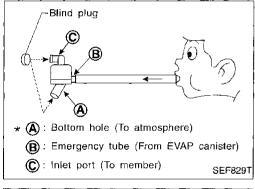
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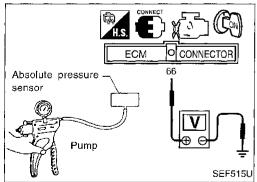
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Water separator

- Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 4. Check that (a) and (c) are not clogged by blowing air into (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.

Absolute pressure sensor

- Remove absolute pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from absolute pressure sensor.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and check output voltage between ECM terminal 66 and engine ground.

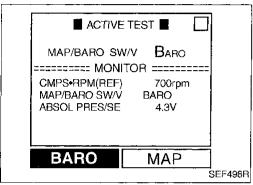
The voltage should be 3.2 to 4.8 V.

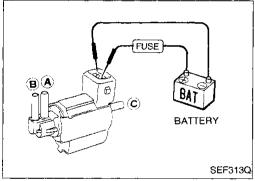
- 4. Use pump to apply vacuum pressure of -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg) to absolute pressure sensor as shown in figure and check the output voltage.
 - The voltage should be 1.0 to 1.4 V lower than the value measured in step 3.

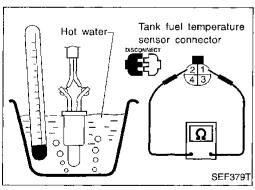
CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- If NG, replace absolute pressure sensor.

EC-281 443







Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve



- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Perform "MAP/BARO SW/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 3. Check the following.
 - Condition: At idle under no-load
 - CONSULT display

MAP/BARO	ABSOL PRES/SE (Voltage)	
BARO	More than 2.6V	
MAP	Less than the voltage at BARO	
 Time for voltage t 	o change	
MAP/BARO SW/V	Time to switch	
BARO to MAP		
MAP to BARO	Less than 1 second	
4. If NG, check soleno	id valve as shown below.	



- 1. Remove MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve.
- 2. Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

3. If NG, replace solenoid valve.

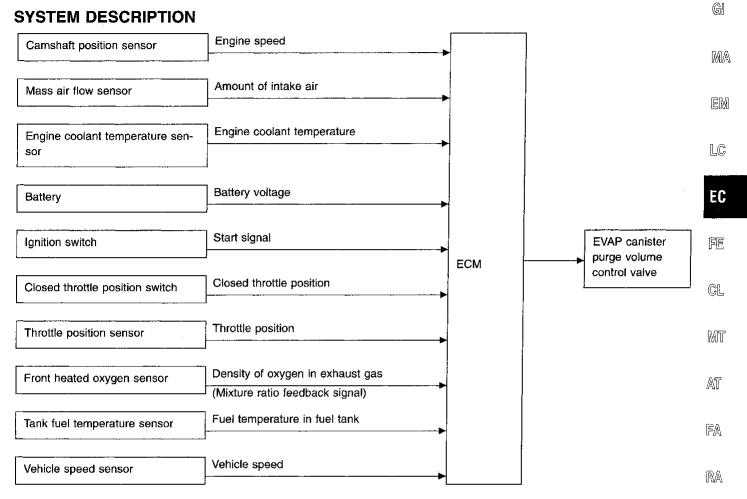
Tank fuel temperature sensor

Check resistance by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω	
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7	
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90	

If NG, replace tank fuel temperature sensor.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve



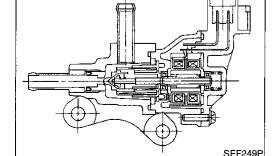
This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control valve changes to control the flow rate. A built-in step motor moves the valve in steps corresponding to the ECM output pulses. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.







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COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control valve uses a step motor to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. This motor has four winding phases. It operates according to the output pulse signal of the ECM. Two windings are turned ON and OFF in sequence. Each time an ON pulse is issued, the valve opens or closes, changing the flow rate. When no change in the flow rate is needed, the ECM does not issue the pulse signal. A certain voltage signal is issued so that the valve remains at that particular opening.

EC-283 445

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Cont'd)

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	0 step
PURG VOL C/V	 Shift lever: N No-load M/T models: Jack up drive wheels and shift to 1st gear position. 	More than 60 seconds after starting engine A/T models: 2,000 rpm M/T models: 2,000 rpm and more than 16 km/h (10 MPH)	_

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
5	L	EVAP canister purge vol-	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	0 - 0.4V
6	G	ume control valve	ldle speed	
16	Υ	EVAP canister purge vol- ume control valve	Engine is running.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
17	OR		ldle speed	
56 61	W/R W/R	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1445 1008	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through the valve.	 Harness or connectors (The valve circuit is open or shorted.) EVAP canister purge volume control valve

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE** GI NOTE: If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-MA DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test. **TESTING CONDITION:** Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle. LC 1) Turn ignition switch "ON". 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT. Wait at least 5 seconds. EC — OR -Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 sec-FE 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST. - OR -NO 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 sec-2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds MT and then turn "ON". 3) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. AT FA RA BR ST RS BT MA

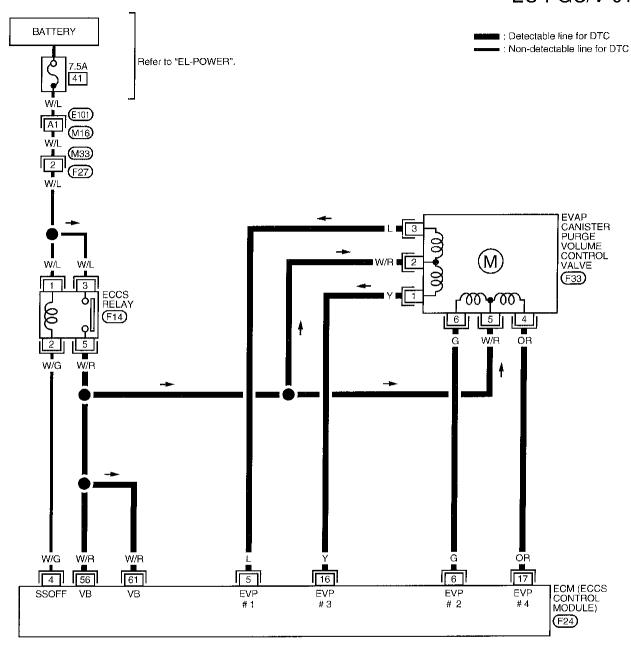
EC-285 447

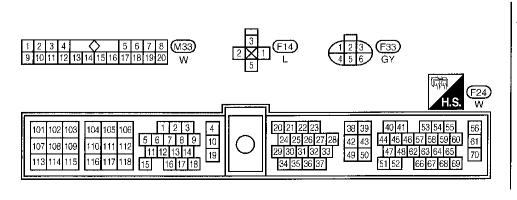
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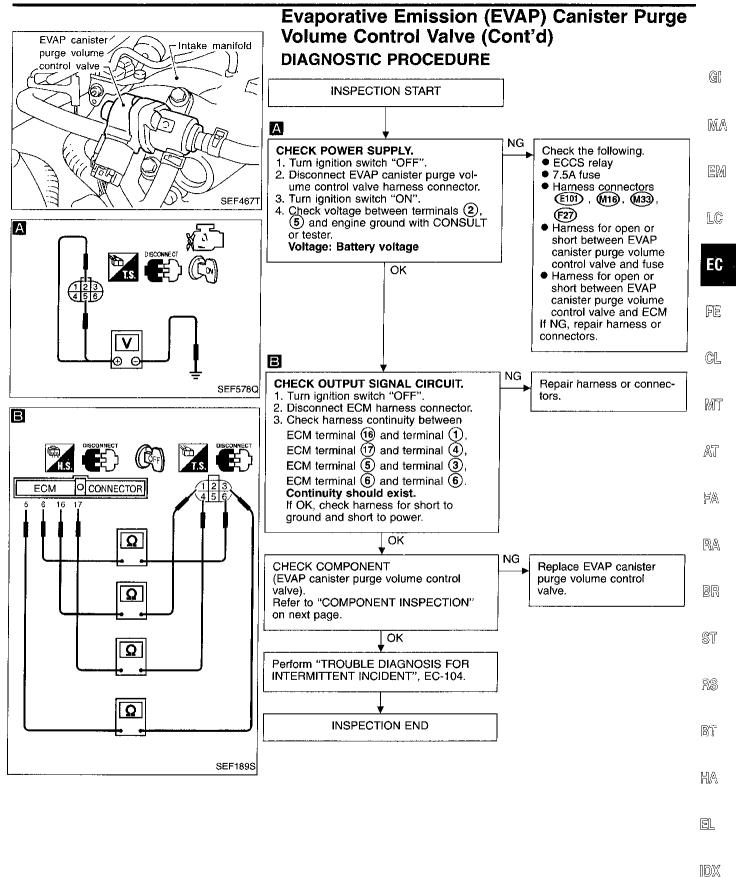
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Cont'd)

EC-PGC/V-01

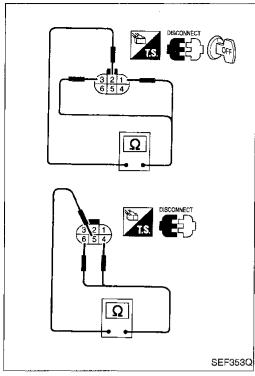


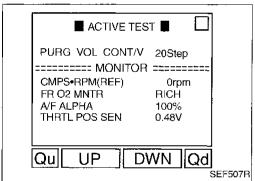


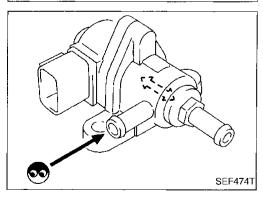
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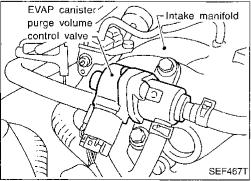


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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge volume control valve



- Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③

terminal 5 and terminals 4, 6

Resistance:

Approximately 41\Omega [At 20°C (68°F)]

- Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.

(Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)

- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the valve opening.

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.



- 1. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③

- OR -

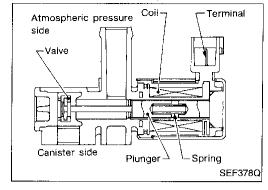
terminal (5) and terminals (4), (6)

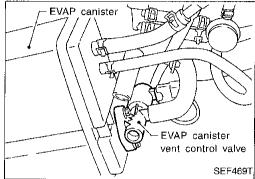
Resistance:

Approximately 41\Omega [At 20°C (68°F)]

- Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 4. Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.
 - (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)
- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON" and "OFF". Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the ignition switch position.

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid (the EVAP canister vent control valve) responds to signals from the ECM.

When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System (Small Leak)" diagnosis.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM		CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	ÆVÉ"
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON		OFF	
	·	***		FA

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (49) (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	BR
108	PU/W	EVAP canister vent control valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	ST

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	KS RT
P0446 0903	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through EVAP canister vent control valve.	 Harness or connectors (EVAP canister vent control valve circuit is open or shorted.) EVAP canister vent control valve 	KA

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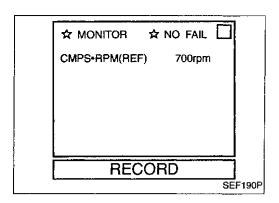
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



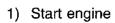
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds. — OR -



1) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.

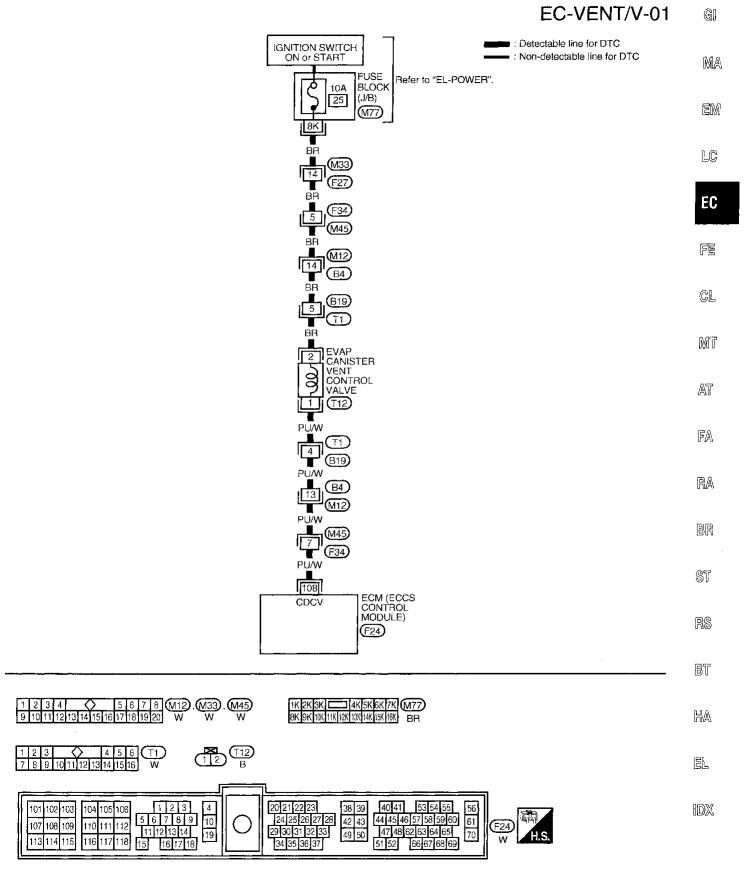
- OR -

2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

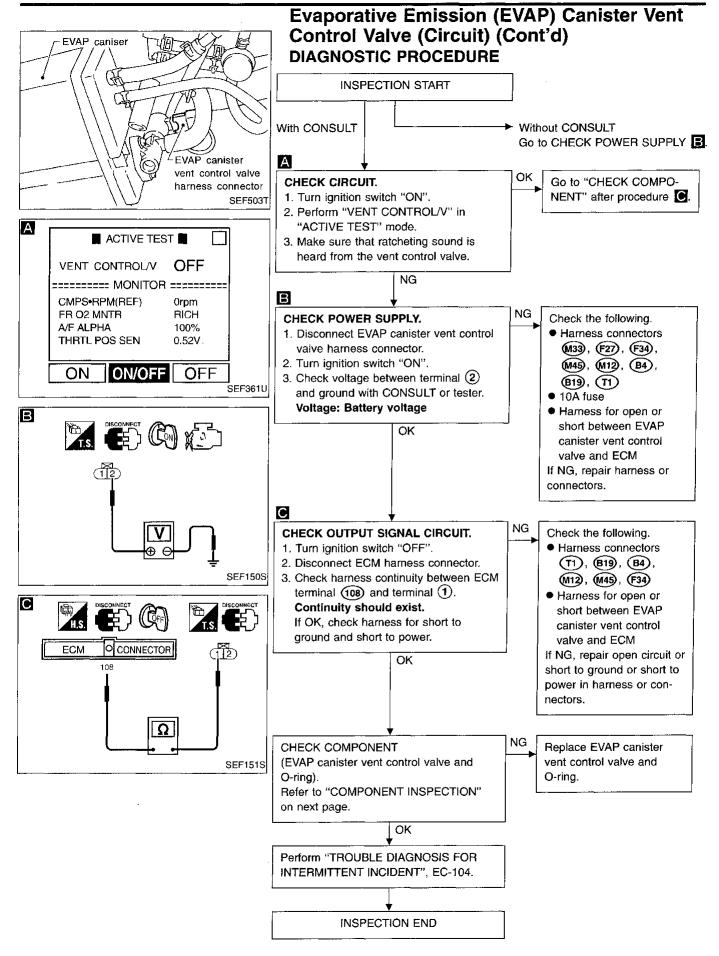


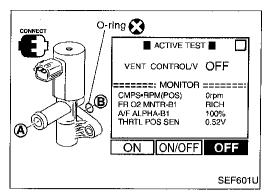
- 1) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 8 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

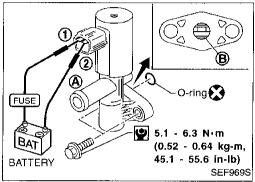
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)



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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

- OR

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	No
No supply	Yes

If NG, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

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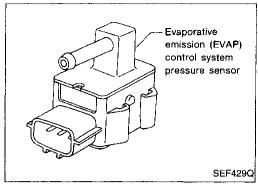
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases. The EVAP control system pressure sensor is not used to control the engine system. It is used only for on board diagnosis.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
EVAP SYS PRES	● Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 3.4V

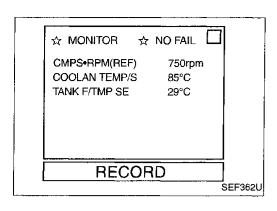
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
49	P/L	Sensors' power supply	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 5V
50	В	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0V
67	w	EVAP control system pressure sensor	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 3.4V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0450 0704	 An improper voltage signal from EVAP control system pressure sensor is sent to ECM. 	 Harness or connectors (The EVAP control system pressure sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Rubber hose to EVAP control system pressure is clogged, vent, kinked, disconnected or improper connection. EVAP control system pressure sensor EVAP canister purge volume control valve EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP canister Rubber hose from EVAP canister vent control valve to water separator



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

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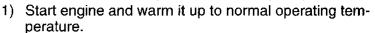
NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

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TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.



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2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

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3) Turn ignition switch "ON".

Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

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- 5) Make sure that "TANK F/TEMP SE" is more than 0°C (32°F).
- 6) Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.

- OR -

CL

 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Check that voltage between ECM terminal @ and PT ground is less than 4.2V

ground is less than 4.2V.Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

AT

4) Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.

- OR -

5) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

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 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

RA

Check that voltage between ECM terminal
 and ground is less than 4.2V.

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Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

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- 4) Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

6) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

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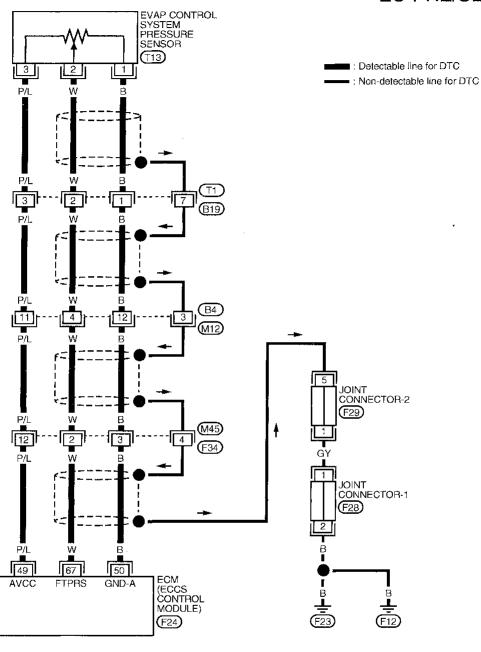
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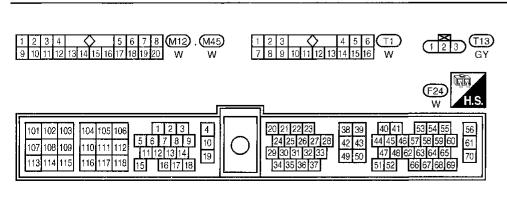
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EC-295 457

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

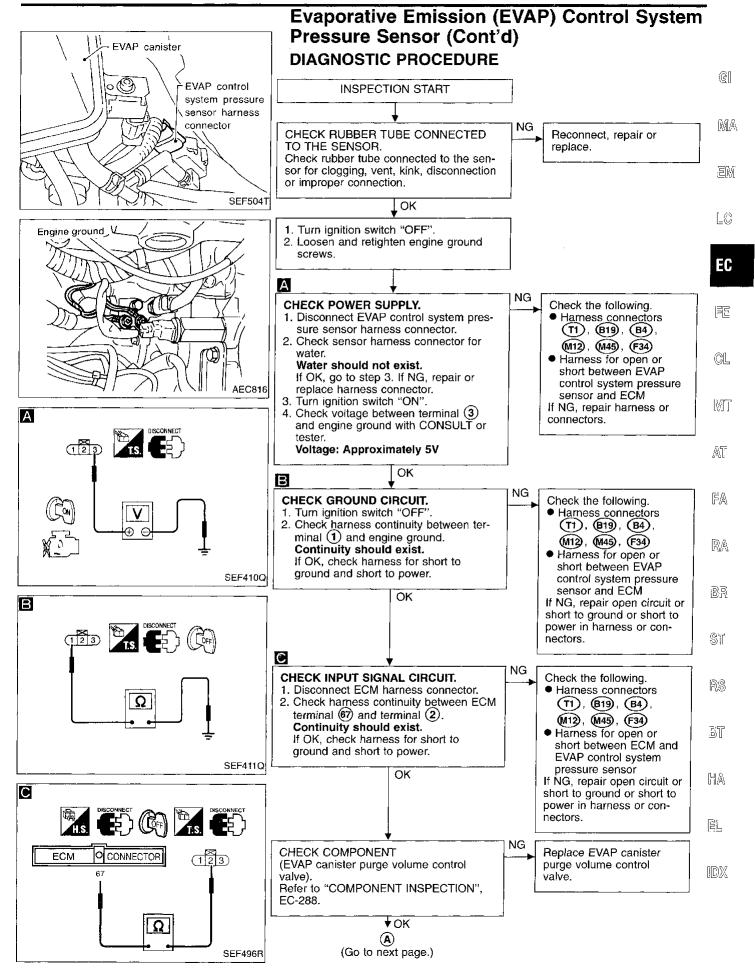






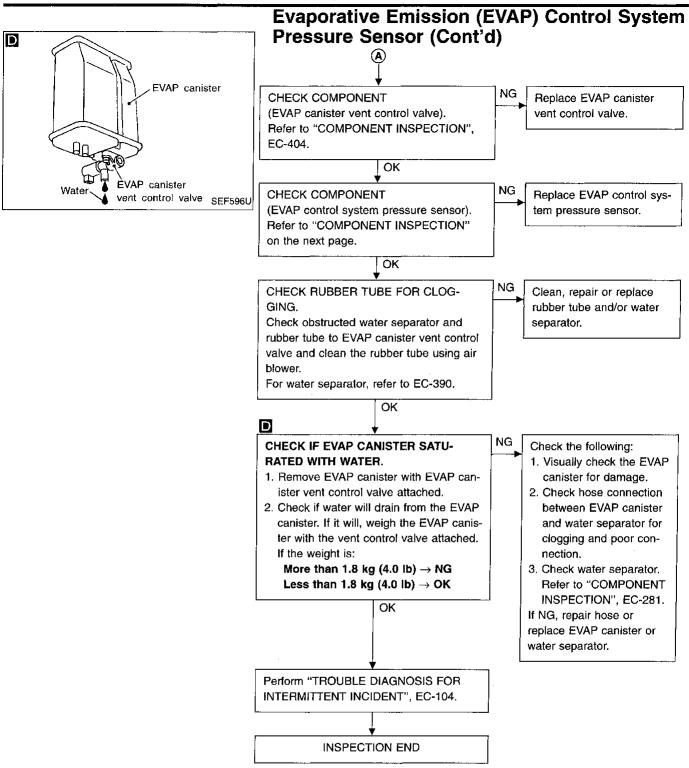
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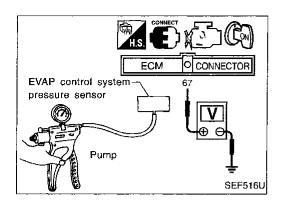
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP control system pressure sensor

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Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
 Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.

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3. Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.

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Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

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CAUTION:

Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.

Do not apply pressure below -20 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg) or over 20 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg).

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5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

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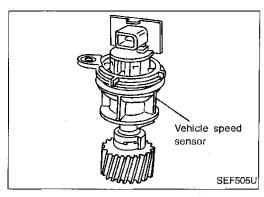
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Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The vehicle speed sensor is installed in the transaxle. It contains a pulse generator which provides a vehicle speed signal to the speedometer. The speedometer then sends a signal to the ECM.

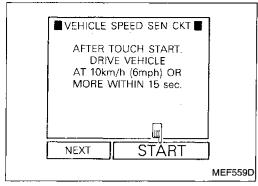
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

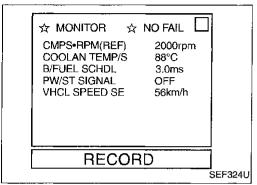
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

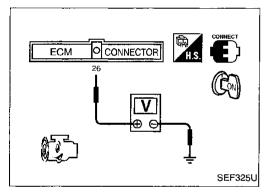
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
26	PU/R	Vehicle speed sensor	Engine is running. Lift up the vehicle. In 2nd gear position Vehicle speed is 40 km/h (25 MPH).	0 - Approximately 4.2V (V) 10 5 0 50 ms SEF642U

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0500 0104	 The almost 0 km/h (0 MPH) signal from vehicle speed sensor is sent to ECM even when vehicle is being driven. 	 Harness or connector (The vehicle speed sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Vehicle speed sensor







Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Steps 1 and 2 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

— OR —



- Start engine.
- Perform "VEHICLE SPEED SEN CIRCUIT" 2) "FUNCTION TEST" mode with CONSULT.

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- 1) Start engine
- 2) Read vehicle speed sensor signal in "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT. The vehicle speed on CONSULT should exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position. If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-303. If OK, go to following step.

Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

- Warm engine up to normal operating temperature.
- 5) Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

CMPS·RPM (REF): 2,100 - 2,800 rpm (A/T) 1,700 - 2,800 rpm (M/T)

COOLAN TEMP/S: More than 70°C (158°F) B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.3 - 3.3 ms (A/T)

2.3 - 4 ms (M/T) Selector lever: Suitable position

PW/ST SIGNAL: OFF - OR -

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP canister vent control valve circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Jack up drive wheels.
- Start engine.
- 3) Read vehicle speed sensor signal in "MODE 1" with GST.

The vehicle speed sensor on GST should be able to exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position.

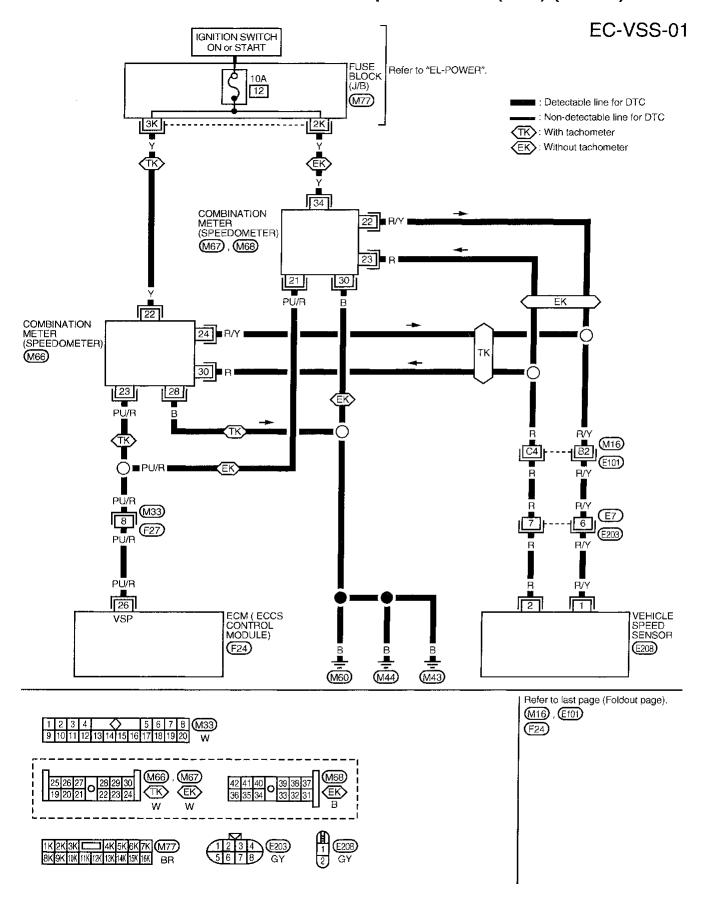
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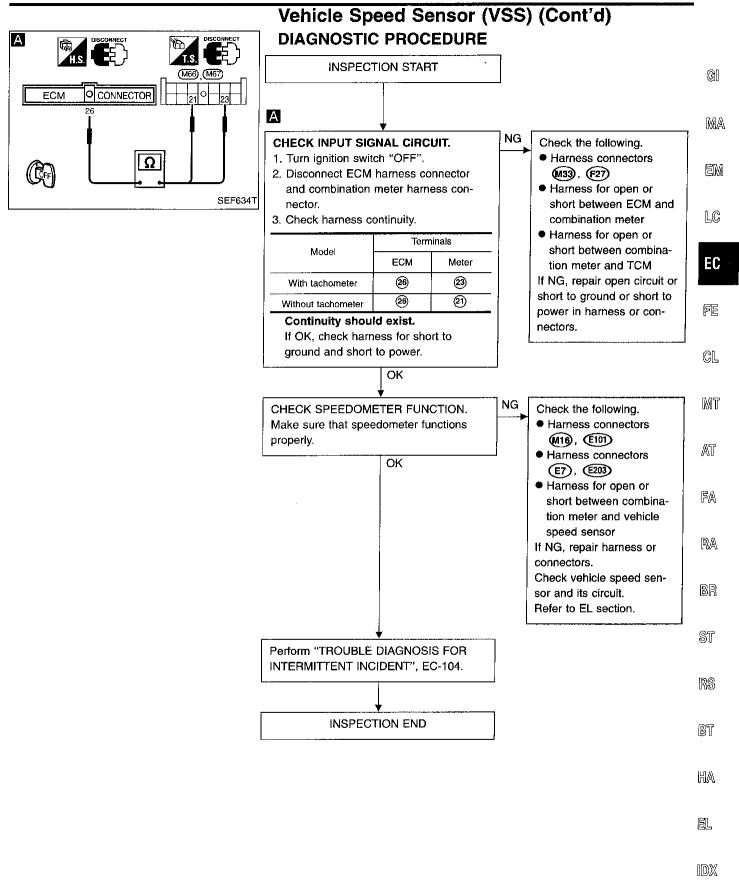


- Jack up drive wheels. 1)
- Start engine.
- Read the voltage signal between ECM terminal 26 (Vehicle speed sensor signal) and ground with oscilloscope.
- 4) Verify that the oscilloscope screen shows the signal wave as shown at "ECM TERMINALS AND REFER-ENCE VALUE" on the previous page.

EC-301 463

Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS) (Cont'd)

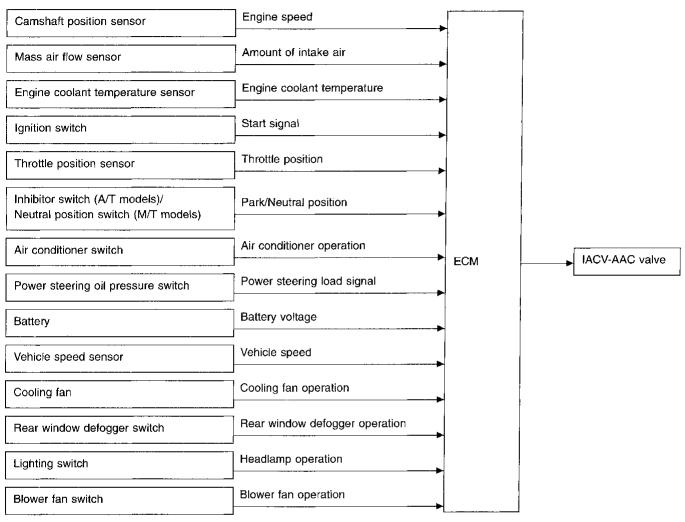




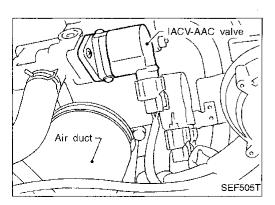
EC-303 465

Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system automatically controls engine idle speed to a specified level. Idle speed is controlled through fine adjustment of the amount of air which bypasses the throttle valve via IACV-AAC valve. The IACV-AAC valve opens and closes according to the signal sent from the ECM. The camshaft position sensor detects the actual engine speed and sends a signal to the ECM. The ECM then controls the IACV-AAC valve so that engine speed coincides with the target value memorized in ECM. The target engine speed is the lowest speed at which the engine can operate steadily. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by taking into consideration various engine conditions, such as during warm up, deceleration, and engine load (air conditioner, power steering and cooling fan operation).



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

IACV-AAC valve

The IACV-AAC valve is moved by open and close signals from the ECM. When the open signal is sent to the valve, the amount of air that will flow through the valve increases. The more air that flows through the valve, the higher the idle speed. When the close signal is sent to the valve, the amount of air decreases.

Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd)

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	G[
IACV-AAC/V	Engine: After warming upAir conditioner switch: OFF	ldle	20 - 60%	MA
	● Shift lever: "N" ● No-load	2,000 rpm	_	nonyez

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	LC
	:			5 - 9V	EC
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	(V) 40 20	F
		·		2ms SEF1977	CL
42	PU/W	IACV-AAC valve (Close)		Approximately 13V	MT
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	40	AT
		☐ Engine speed is 2,	Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	2ms SEF198T	FA
				Approximately 10V	RA
ı			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	(V) 40 20 0	BR
		IACV-AAC valve		2ms SEF197T	ST
101	(Open) Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,000 rpm. Approximately 0			Approximately 0V	R\$
		40	BT SA		
				SEF198T	u li⊻⊕7

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Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd)

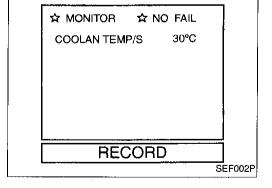
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0505 0205	A) The IACV-AAC valve does not operate properly.	Harness or connectors (The IACV-AAC valve circuit is open.) IACV-AAC valve
	B) The IACV-AAC valve does not operate properly.	 Harness or connectors (The IACV-AAC valve circuit is shorted.) IACV-AAC valve

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.
- Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".



Procedure for malfunction A



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine and run it at idle at least 2 seconds.



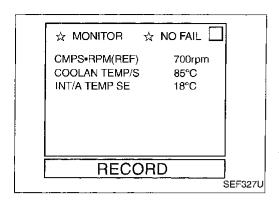
- Start engine and run it at idle at least 2 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

– OR -

----- OR --



- 1) Start engine and run it at idle at least 2 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.



Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction B



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

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2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

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 Turn ignition switch "ON" again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

4) Start engine and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.

– OR –



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

LG

Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

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3) Start engine again and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.

4) Select "MODE 7" with GST.



 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR -

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2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.3) Start engine again and run it for at least 1 minute at

idle speed.
4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds

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and then turn "ON".5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

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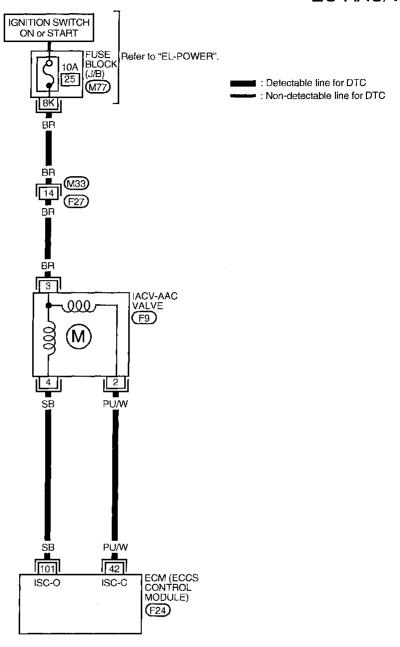
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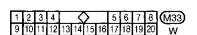
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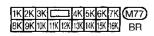
EC-307 469

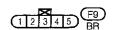
Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd)

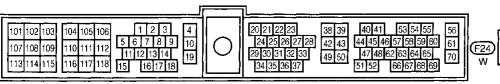
EC-AAC/V-01

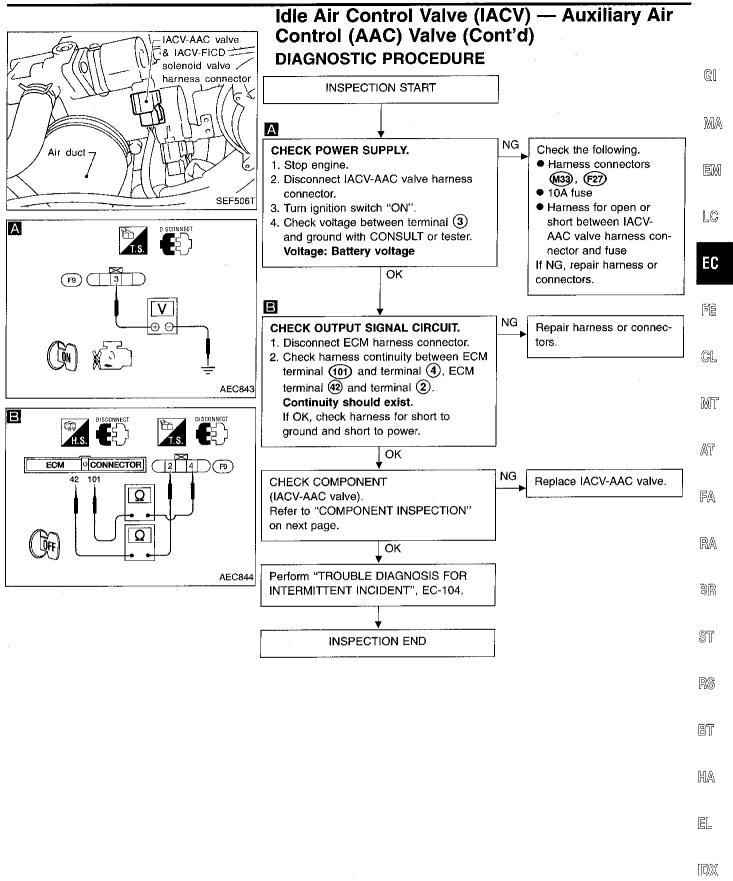




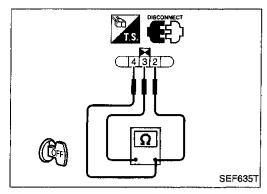


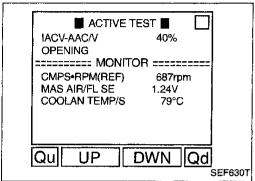






EC-309 471





Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

IACV-AAC valve



- 1. Disconnect IACV-AAC valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between terminals ② and ③, ③ and ④.

Resistance:

Condition	Resistance (Ω)
Cold	138 - 238
Hot	175 - 280

Note: "Cold" and "Hot" mean the temperature of coils in IACV-AAC valve.

"Cold": -10°C (14°F) - 50°C (122°F) "Hot": 50°C (122°F) - 100°C (212°F)

- 3. Reconnect IACV-AAC valve harness connector.
- 4. Start engine and warm it up sufficiently.
- 5. Perform "IACV-AAC/V OPENING" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 6. Check "MAS AIR/FL SE" value during changing the valve opening from 20% to 80%.

"MAS AIR/FL SE" value should be increased more than 0.15V.

7. If NG, replace IACV-AAC valve.

Note: Do not use "FUNCTION TEST" mode with CONSULT.

1. Disconnect IACV-AAC valve harness connector.

- OR -

2. Check resistance between terminals ② and ③, ③ and ④.

Resistance:

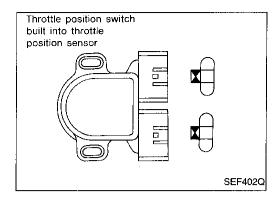
Condition	Resistance (Ω)
Cold	138 - 238
Hot	175 - 280

Note: "Cold" and "Hot" mean the temperature of coils in IACV-AAC valve.

"Cold": -10°C (14°F) - 50°C (122°F)

"Hot": 50°C (122°F) - 100°C (212°F)

3. If NG, replace IACV-AAC valve.



Closed Throttle Position Switch

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

A closed throttle position switch and wide open throttle position switch are built into the throttle position sensor unit. The wide open throttle position switch is used only for A/T control. When the throttle valve is in the closed position, the closed throttle position switch sends a voltage signal to the ECM. The ECM only uses this signal to open or close the EVAP canister purge control valve when the throttle position sensor is malfunctioning.

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ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
27		Throttle position switch	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) Accelerator pedal fully released	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
	LG	(Closed position)	Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator pedal depressed	

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P0510 0203	 Battery voltage from the closed throttle position switch is sent to ECM with the throttle valve opened. 	 Harness or connectors (The closed throttle position switch circuit is shorted.) Closed throttle position switch Throttle position sensor 	FA RA

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RS

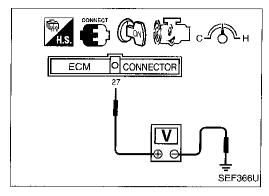
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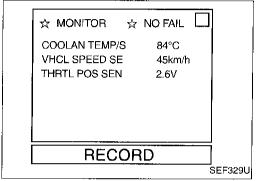
HA

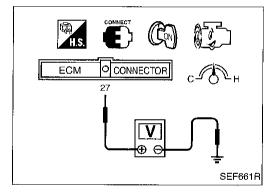
EL

MOX

EC-311 473







Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check voltage between ECM terminal ② and ground under the following conditions.

At idle: Battery voltage At 2,000 rpm: 0 - 1V

If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-314.

If OK, go to following step.

- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Drive the vehicle for at least 5 consecutive seconds under the following condition.

THRTL POS SEN: More than 2.5V

VHCL SPEED SE: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving pattern: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

OR -

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the closed throttle position switch circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



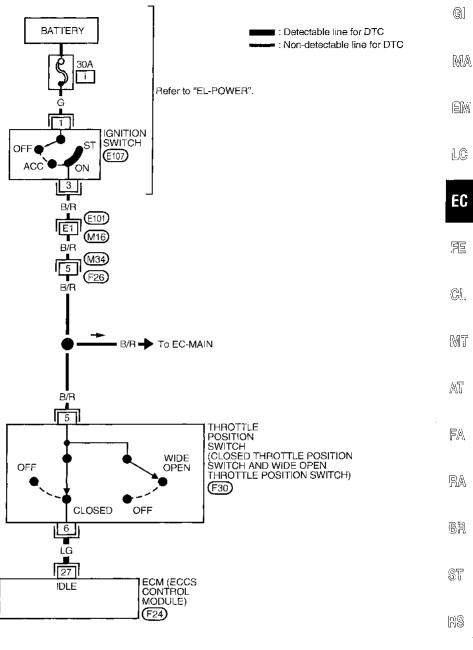
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check the voltage between ECM terminal ② and ground under the following conditions.

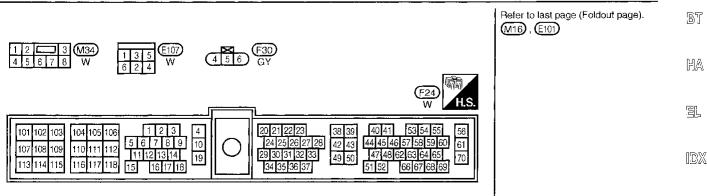
At idle: Battery voltage

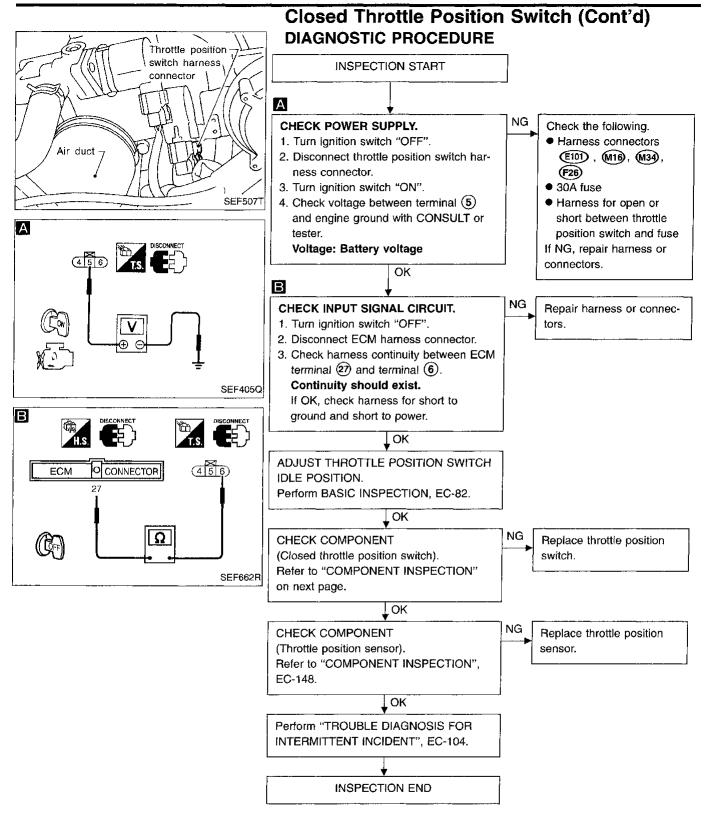
At 2,000 rpm: Approximately 0V

Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd)



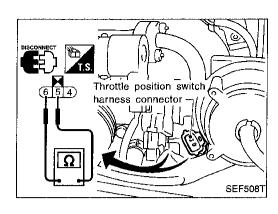






EC-314

476



Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Closed throttle position switch

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Disconnect throttle position switch harness connector.
- 4. Check continuity between terminals (5) and (6) while opening throttle valve manually.

Throttle valve conditions	Continuity
Completely closed	Yes
Partially open or completely open	No

If NG, replace throttle position switch.

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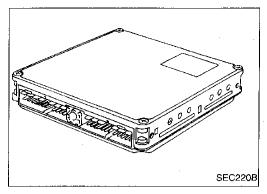
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EC-315 477

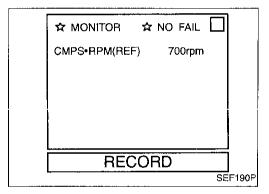


Engine Control Module (ECM) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The ECM consists of a microcomputer, diagnostic test mode selector, and connectors for signal input and output and for power supply. The unit controls the engine.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Item (Possible Cause)
P0605 0301	● ECM calculation function is malfunctioning.	● ECM



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Run engine for at least 30 seconds at idle speed.





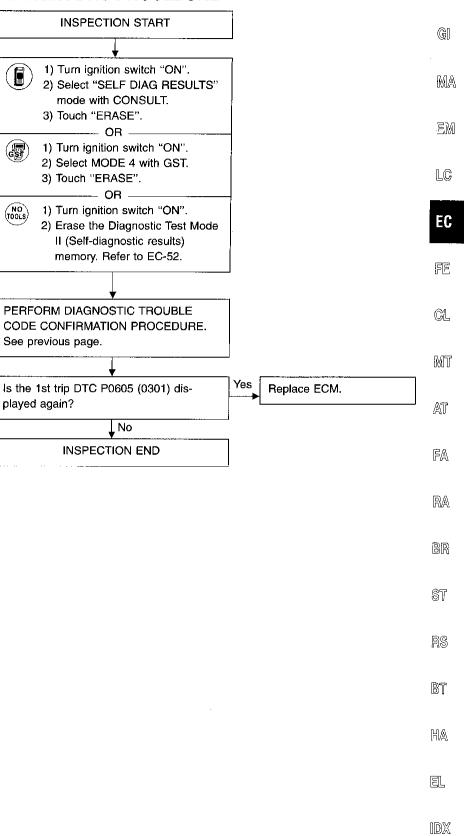
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Run engine for at least 30 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Select "Mode 7" with GST.

--- OR -



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and wait at least 30 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.

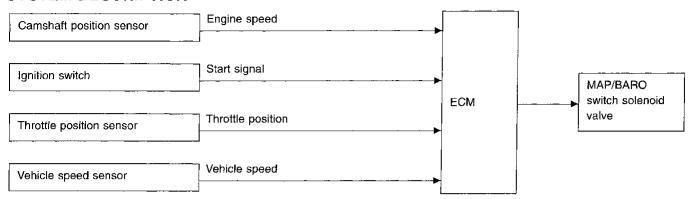
Engine Control Module (ECM) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



EC-317 479

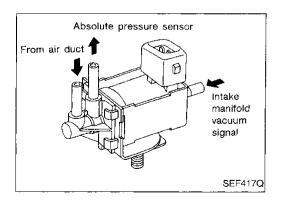
Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system allows the absolute pressure sensor to monitor either ambient barometric pressure or intake manifold pressure. The MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve switches between two passages by ON-OFF pulse signals from the ECM. (One passage is from the intake air duct, the other is from the intake manifold.) Either ambient barometric pressure or intake manifold pressure is applied to the absolute pressure sensor.

Solenoid	Conditions	
	For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" (Engine is not running) OR	
	For 5 seconds after starting engine OR	
ON	More than 5 minutes after the solenoid valve shuts OFF. and	
	Throttle valve is shut or almost fully shut for more than 5 seconds and	
	 Vehicle speed is less than 100 km/h (62 MPH). 	



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve switches its air flow passage according to the voltage signal sent from the ECM. When voltage is supplied from the ECM, the MAP/BARO switch solenoid turns "ON". Then, the absolute pressure sensor can monitor the ambient barometric pressure. When voltage is not supplied from the ECM, the MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve turns "OFF". Then, the sensor monitors intake manifold pressure.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
MAP/BARO SW/V	For 5 seconds after starting engine	BARO
	More than 5 seconds after starting engine	МАР

EC-318

Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

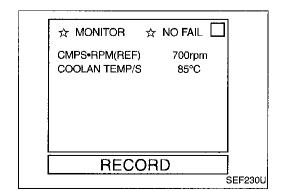
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
69	GY/B	MAP/BARO switch sole-	Ignition switch "ON" For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. For 5 seconds after starting engine	Approximately 0V
69	GT/h	noid valve	Ignition switch "ON" More than 5 seconds after ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. More than 5 seconds after starting engine	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	MT
P1105 1302	MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve receives the voltage supplied though ECM does not supply the voltage to the valve.	 Harness or connectors (MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve 	AT
	B) There is little difference between MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve input voltage at ambient barometric pressure and voltage at intake manifold pressure.	 Harness or connectors (MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) Hoses (Hoses are clogged, vent, kinked, disconnected or 	FA RA
		improper connection.) Absolute pressure sensor MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve	RS
		1	ST



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

EC-319 481

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Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ **Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid** Valve (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction A

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V.

- OR

- OR

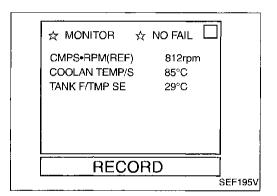


- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Wait at least 10 seconds.

- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 sec-1) onds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

(NO)

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 sec-
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.



Procedure for malfunction B



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Make sure that "TANK/F/TEMP SE" is more than 0°C (32°F).
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds. – OR -



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Check that voltage between ECM terminal @ and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.

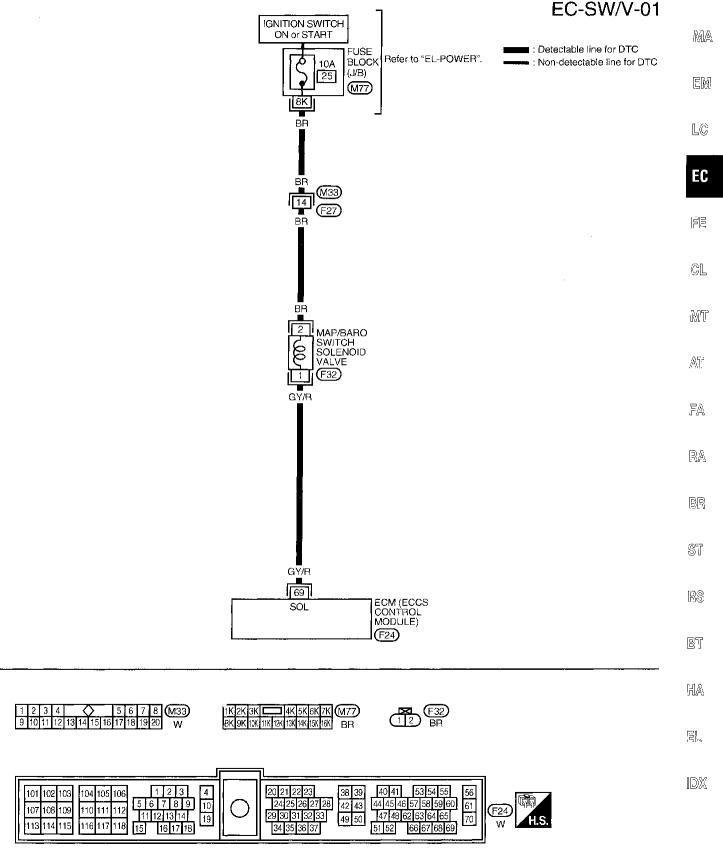
- OR ·

6) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

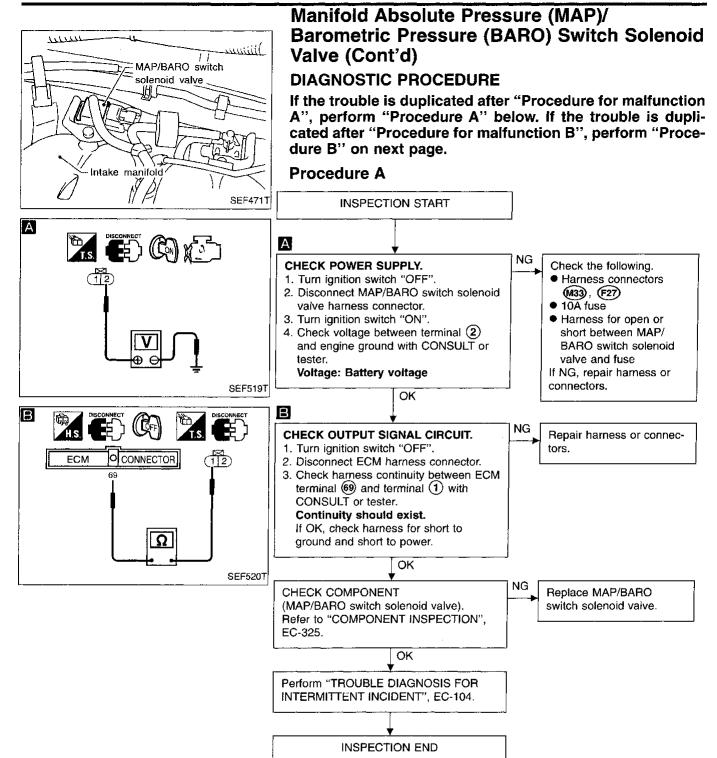


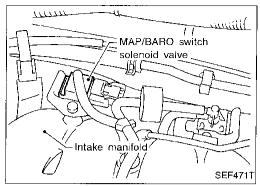
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Check that voltage between ECM terminal 67 and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 7) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

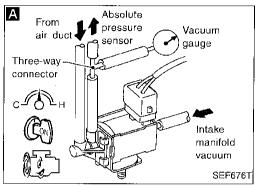
Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

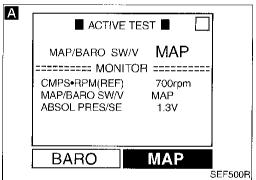


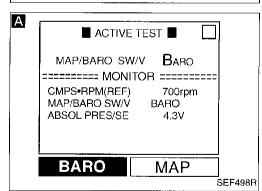
GI.

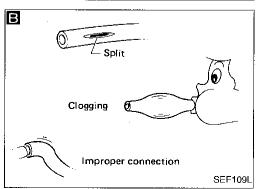




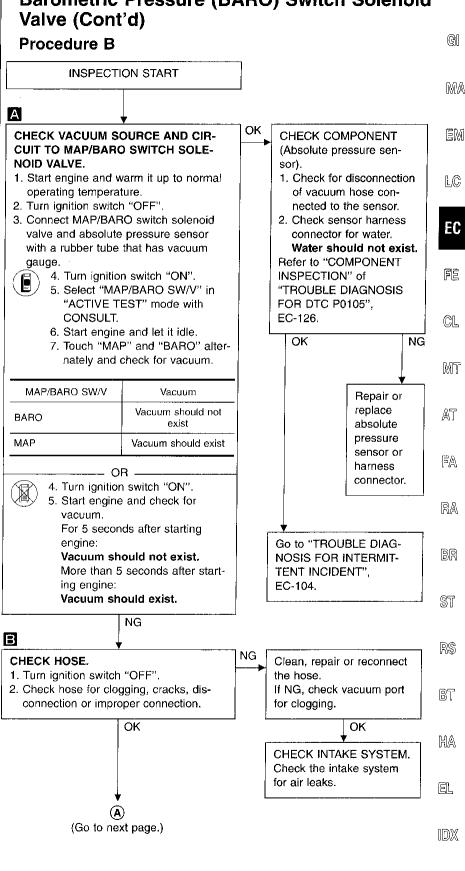






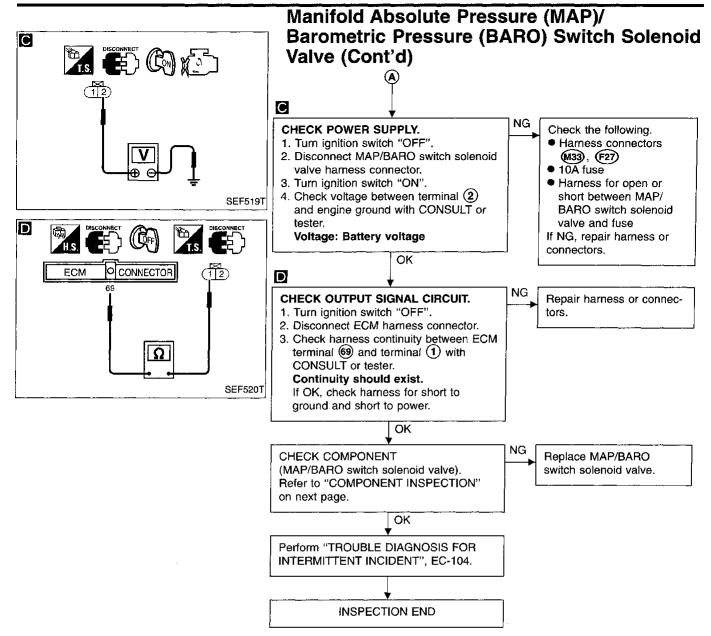


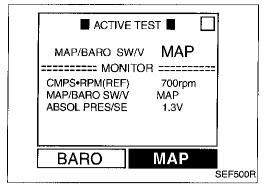


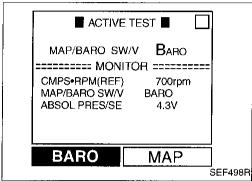


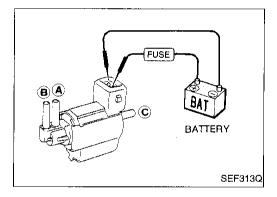
EC-323

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Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve



1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

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- Perform "MAP/BARO SW/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 3. Check the following.
 - Condition: At idle under no-load
 - CONSULT display

MAP/BARO	ABSOL PRES/SE (Voltage)		
BARO	More than 2.6V		
MAP	Less than the voltage at BARO		
Time for voltage to change			

Time for voltage to charge			
MAP/BARO SW/V	Time to switch		
BARO to MAP	Location 1 cocond		
MAP to BARO	Less than 1 second		

4. If NG, check solenoid valve as shown below.

- 1. Remove MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve.
- 2. Check air passage continuity.

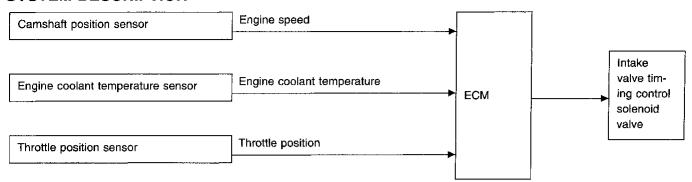
Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

3. If NG, replace solenoid valve.

EC-325 487

Intake Valve Timing Control

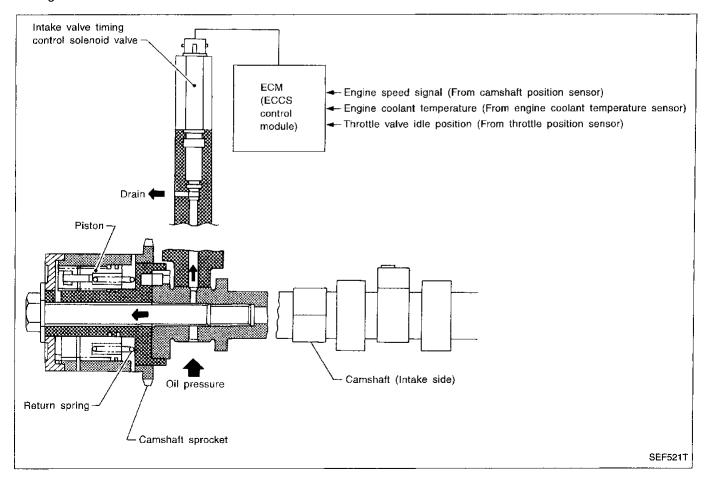
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The valve timing control system is utilized to control intake valve opening and closing timing. Engine coolant temperature signals, engine speed and throttle position are used to determine intake valve timing.

The intake camshaft sprocket position is regulated by oil pressure controlled by the intake valve timing control.

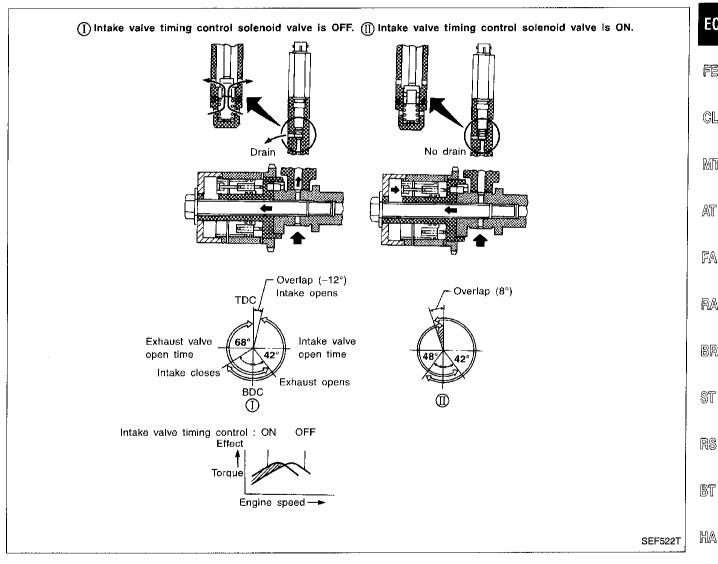
When ECM sends ON signal to intake valve timing control solenoid valve, oil pressure is transmitted to camshaft sprocket. Then, intake side camshaft is advanced.



Intake Valve Timing Control (Cont'd)

OPERATION

Engine operating condition	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve	Intake valve opening and closing time	Valve overlap	Engine valve timing	GI
 Engine coolant temperature is 70°C (158°F) or more. Engine speed is between 1,150 rpm and 5,400 rpm. 	ON	Advance	Increased	(1)	MA
 Engine speed is 6,600 rpm or more. 					EM
Those other than above	OFF	Normal	Normal	①	LC



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Intake Valve Timing Control (Cont'd)

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
INT/V TIM SOL	■ Engine: After warming up	Idle	OFF
		2,000 rpm	ON

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
114 Y/R	Intake valve timing control	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
	1/II	solenoid valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 0V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1110 0805	A) An improper voltage signal is entered to ECM through intake valve timing control solenoid valve.	Harness or connectors (The intake valve timing control solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) Intake valve timing control solenoid valve
	B) The basic injection pulse width does not change when intake valve timing control solenoid valve is activated to ON under the specified conditions.	 Harness or connectors (The intake valve timing control solenoid valve circuit is open.) Intake valve timing control Engine oil (The oil is deteriorated.) Intake air system Intake valve timing control solenoid valve

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

Procedure for malfunction A

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

– OR –

3) Wait at least 5 seconds.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 sec-
- 2) Select "MODE 3" with GST. – OR –



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON", wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.

☆ MONITOR ☆ NO FAIL CMPS•RPM(REF) 2837rpm COOLAN TEMP/S 84°C VHCL SPEED SE 92km/h THRTL POS SEN 1.88V B/FUEL SCHDL 4.8msec OFF INT/V TIM SOL RECORD SFF852U

Intake Valve Timing Control (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction B

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

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NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform the test at a temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.





1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

EC

Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 sec-

Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.

FE

4) Check the output voltage of "THRTL POS SEN" (at closed throttle position) and note it.

CL.

Restart engine and wait at least 3 minutes. 6) Maintain the following conditions until the "ON-OFF" interval of "INT/V TIM SOL" in "DATA MONITOR"

Mir with CONSULT has been repeated at least 10 times.

NOTE:

When the following conditions are met, diagnosis can begin. As soon as diagnosis begins, the "INT/V" TIM SOL" on the CONSULT display repeats the ON-OFF operation.

FA

CMPS-RPM (REF): 2.000 - 3.000 rpm

VHCL SPEED SE: More than 70 km/h (43 MPH)

THRTL POS SEN: (X + 1.00) - (X + 1.76) V**B/FUEL SCHDL: 4.2 - 5.7 ms** Selector lever: Suitable position

RA

Driving pattern: Driving uphill (increased engine load) will help maintain the driv-

BR

ing conditions required for this test.

ST

X = Voltage value measured at step 4)

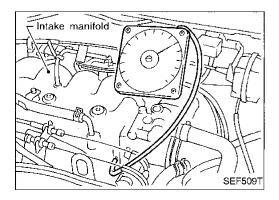
7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

RS

If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-332.

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- OR -

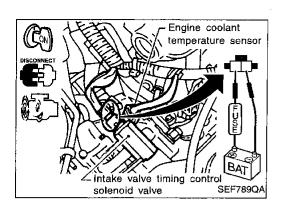
OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the VTC. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Disconnect vacuum hose from fuel pressure regulator and then connect the hose to vacuum gauge.
- 2) Disconnect VTC solenoid valve harness connector.
- 3) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 4) Keep engine speed at approximately 3,000 rpm and make sure vacuum gauge indicator becomes stable.

Intake Valve Timing Control (Cont'd)



5) Make sure that the vacuum pressure changes more than 1.3 kPa (10 mmHg, 0.39 inHg) when supplying the solenoid valve terminals with battery voltage. Reference value

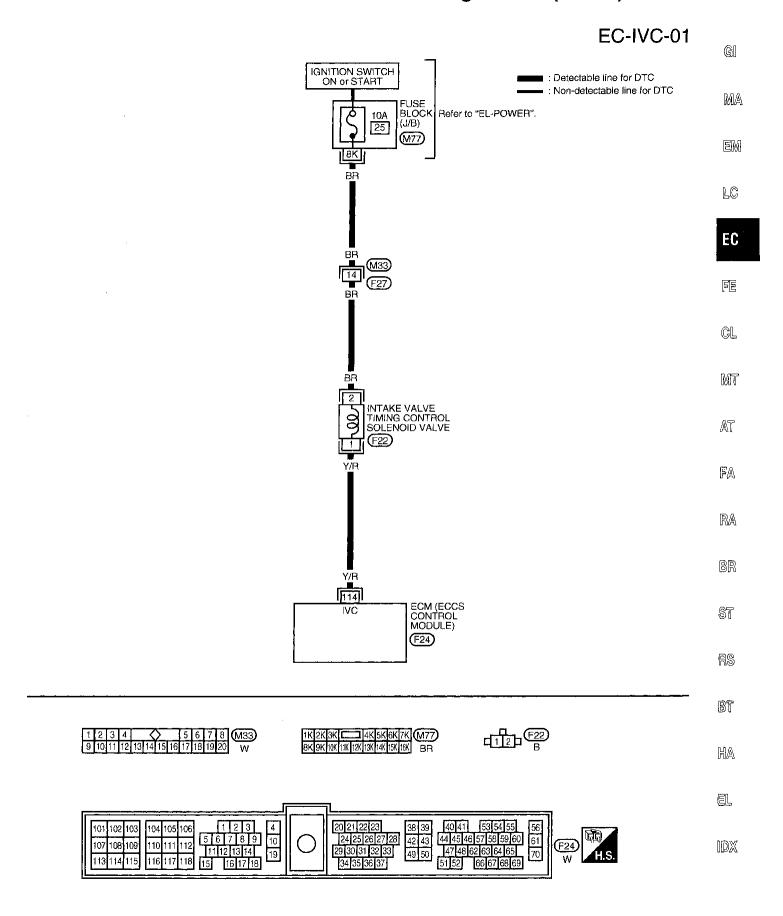
Battery voltage supplied:

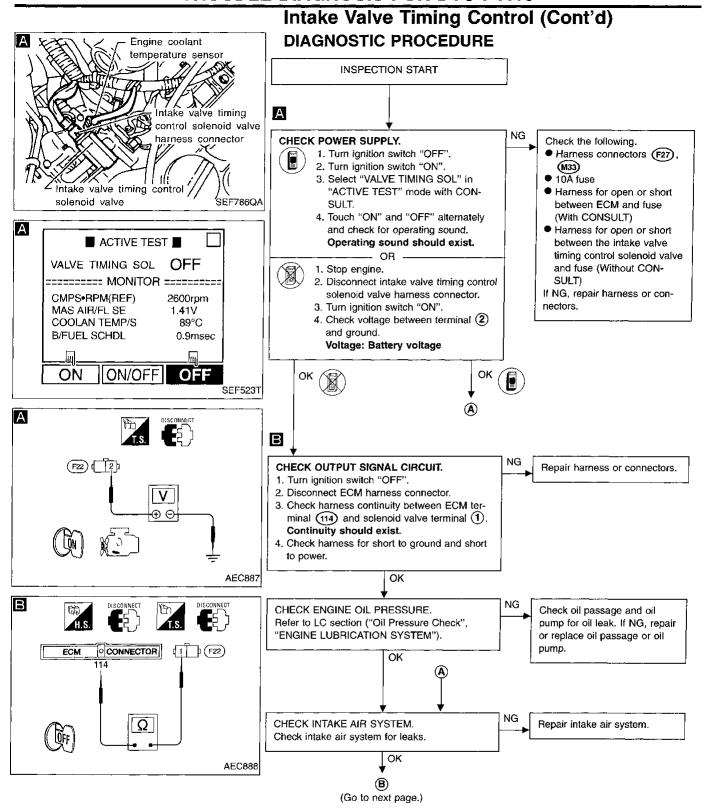
Approx. -73.3 kPa (-550 mmHg, -21.65 inHg) No battery voltage supplied:

Approx. -72.0 kPa (-540 mmHg, -21.26 inHg)

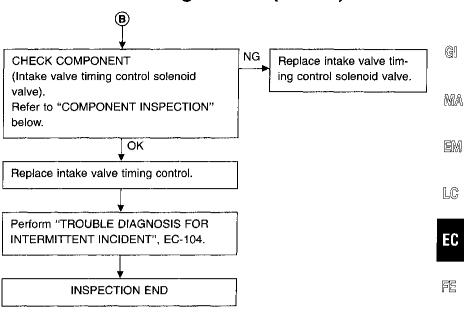
Note: DTC 0805 may be stored in ECM during "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK". Ignore it.

Intake Valve Timing Control (Cont'd)





Intake Valve Timing Control (Cont'd)



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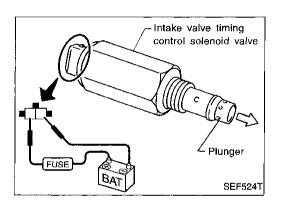
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COMPONENT INSPECTION

Intake valve timing control solenoid valve

- 1. Check oil passage visually for any metal debris.
- 2. Supply intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminals with battery voltage.
- 3. Make sure that inside plunger protrudes. If NG, replace intake valve timing control solenoid valve.

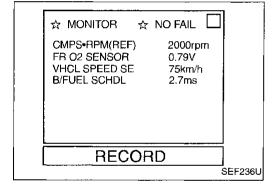
EC-333 495

Closed Loop Control

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

★ The closed loop control has the one trip detection logic.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1148 0307		 The front heated oxygen sensor circuit is open or shorted. Front heated oxygen sensor Front heated oxygen sensor heater



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Never raise engine speed above 3,200 rpm during the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE". If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 1).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm and check the following.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage should go above 0.61V at least once.
 OR

 "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage should go below 0.23V at least once.

- lf the check result is NG, perform "DIAGNOSIS
- PROCEDURE", EC-177.

 If the check result is OK, perform the following step.
- 4) Let engine idle at least 4 minutes.
- Maintain the following condition at least 50 consecutive seconds.

Closed Loop Control (Cont'd) B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.5 ms or more CMPS·RPM (REF): 2,000 - 3,500 rpm Selector lever: Suitable position VHCL SPEED SE: More than 70 km/h (43 MPH) – OR – **OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK** confirmed.

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Use this procedure to check the overall function of the closed loop control. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 46 (sen-LC

sor signal) and 43 (engine ground). 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.

EC

The voltage should go above 0.61V at least once.

FE

- OR ---The voltage should go below 0.23V at least once.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

Refer to TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0133, EC-177.

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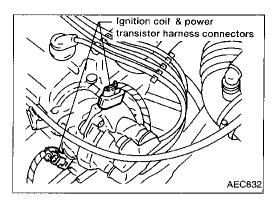
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Ignition Signal COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Ignition coil & power transistor (Built into distributor)

The ignition coil is built into distributor. The ignition signal from the ECM is sent to the power transistor. The power transistor switches on and off the ignition coil primary circuit. As the primary circuit is turned on and off, the proper high voltage is induced in the coil secondary circuit.

The distributor is not repairable and must be replaced as an assembly except distributor cap.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
■ Engine: After warming up ■ Air conditioner switch: OFF ■ Shift lever: "N" ■ No-load	Idle	0 - 10° BTDC	
		2,000 rpm	More than 25° BTDC

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
		Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	0.2 - 0.6V (V) 4 2 0 20ms SEF186T	
1	W/B	Ignition signal	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0.7 - 0.9V (V) 4 2 0 20ms SEF187T

Ignition Signal (Cont'd)

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	Ğ[
2	w		Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 13V (V) 40 20 0 SEF188T	MA EM LC
	V	Ignition check	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 13V (V) 40 20 0 20ms SEF189T	EC FE

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code N o.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	MT
P1320 0201	The ignition signal in the primary circuit is not sent to ECM during engine cranking or running.	Harness or connectors (The ignition primary circuit is open or shorted.) Power transistor unit.	AT
		 Resistor Camshaft position sensor Camshaft position sensor circuit 	FA

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

 If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test. RA

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 If both DTC P0340 (0101) and P1320 (0201) are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0340 first. Refer to EC-249.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine and wait at least 4 seconds. (If engine does not run, turn ignition switch to "START" at least 5 seconds.)





- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Start engine and wait at least 4 seconds. (If engine does not run, turn ignition switch to "START" at least 5 seconds.)
- 3) Select MODE 3 with GST.

- OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Start engine and wait at least 4 seconds. (If engine does not run, turn ignition switch to "START" at least 5 seconds.)

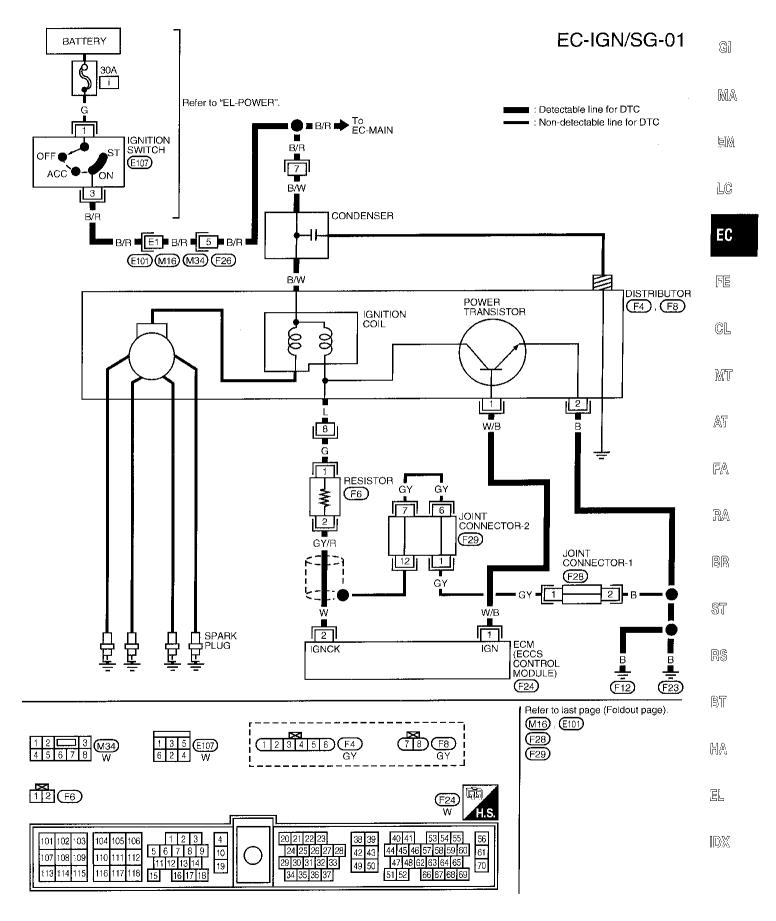
EC-337 499

- Ignition Signal (Cont'd)

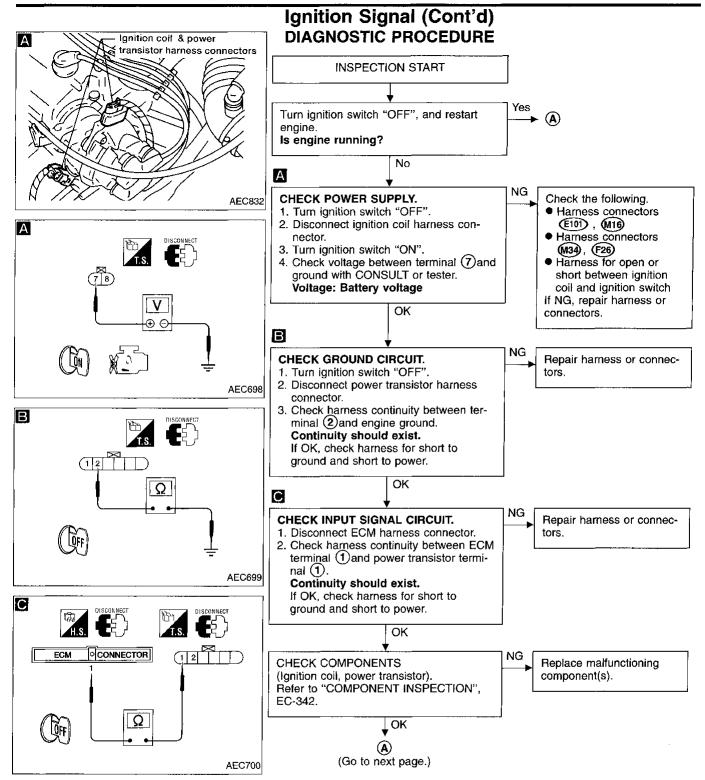
 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds, and then turn "ON".

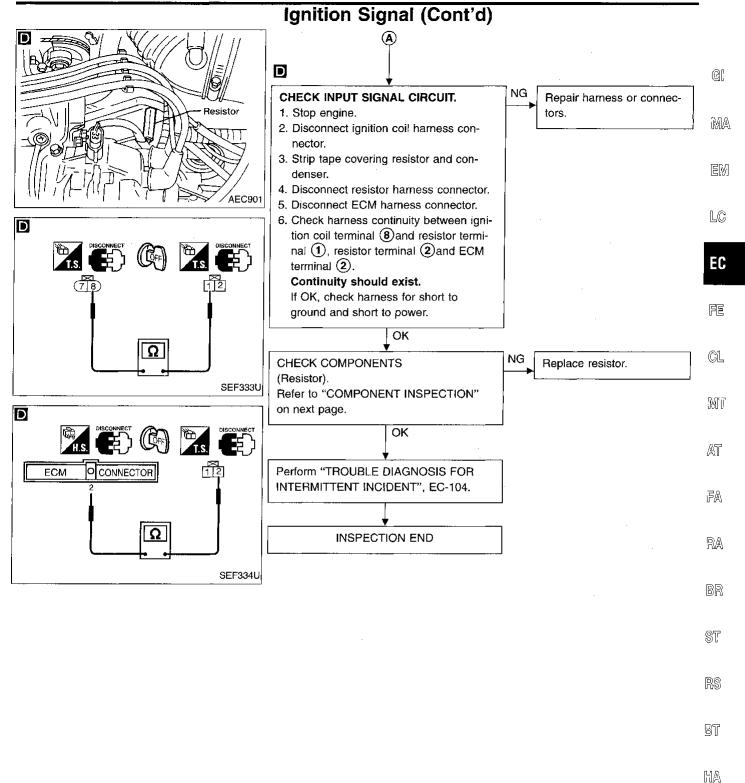
 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.

Ignition Signal (Cont'd)

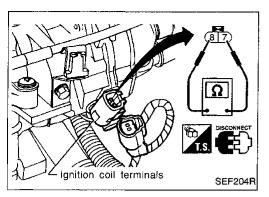


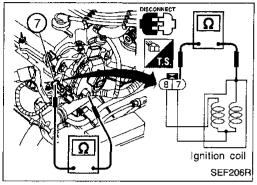
AEC424A

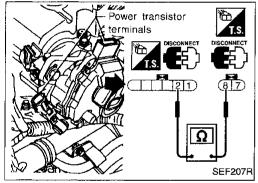


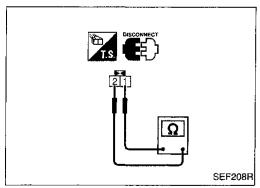


EC-341 503









Ignition Signal (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Ignition coil

- 1. Disconnect ignition coil harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Terminal	Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]
7 - 8 (Primary coil)	Approximately 1 Ω
7 - secondary terminal on distributor head (Secondary coil)	Approximately 10 kΩ

- 3. For checking secondary coil, remove distributor cap.
- 4. Check resistance between ignition coil harness connector terminal ⑦ and the secondary terminal on the distributor head.

If NG, replace distributor.

Power transistor

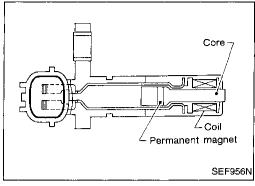
- 1. Disconnect power transistor harness connector.
- 2. Check power transistor resistance between terminals (2) and (8).

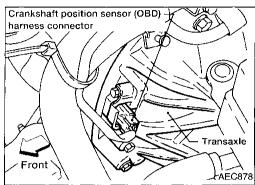
		····
Terminals	Resistance	Result
② and ⑧	Except 0Ω	OK
	οΩ	NG

If NG, replace distributor.

Resistor

- 1. Disconnect resistor harness connector.
- Check resistance between terminals ① and ②.
 Resistance: Approximately 2.2 kΩ [at 25°C (77°F)]
 If NG, replace resistor.





Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The crankshaft position sensor (OBD) is located on the transmission housing facing the gear teeth (cogs) of the flywheel or drive plate. It detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

The sensor consists of a permanent magnet, core and coil. When the engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth

cause the gap with the sensor to change.

The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

The ECM receives the voltage signal and detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

This sensor is not directly used to control the engine system. It is used only for the on board diagnosis.

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ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

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TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR) ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
50	В	Sensors' ground	Engine is running.] (Warm-up condition)	Approximately 0V
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	Approximately 0.03V
53	w	W Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)		SEF643U Approximately 0.03V
			Engine is running.	(V) 4 2 0
			└─ Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0.2 ms SEF644U

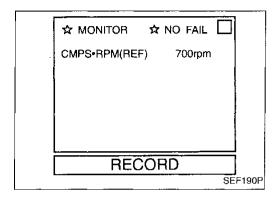
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EC-343 505

Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG) (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1336 0905	 A chipping of the flywheel or drive plate gear tooth (cog) is detected by the ECM. 	 Harness or connectors Crankshaft position sensor (OBD) Drive plate/Flywheel



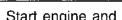
DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and run it for at least 4 minutes at idle speed. – OR –





- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 4 minutes at idle speed.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

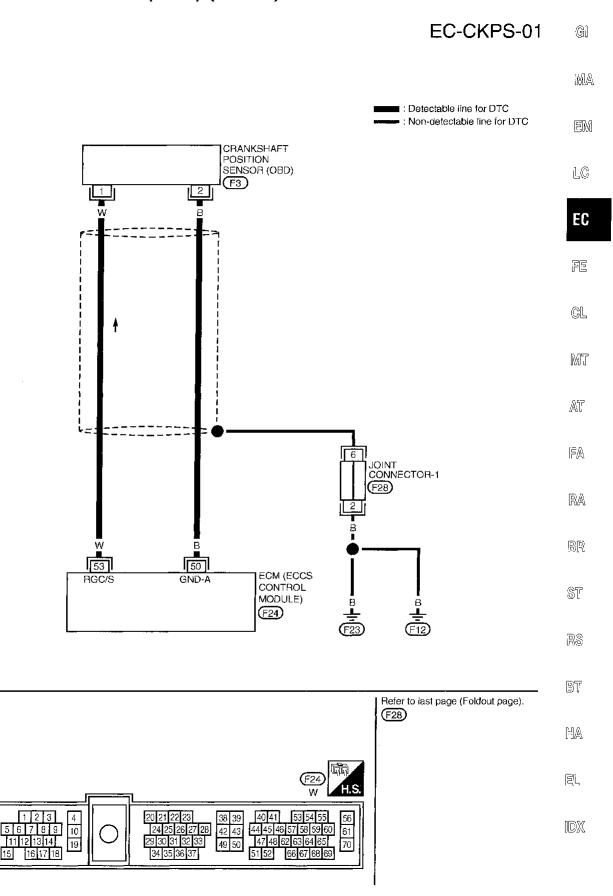
NO

Start engine and run it for at least 4 minutes at idle speed.

– OR -

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.

Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG) (Cont'd)



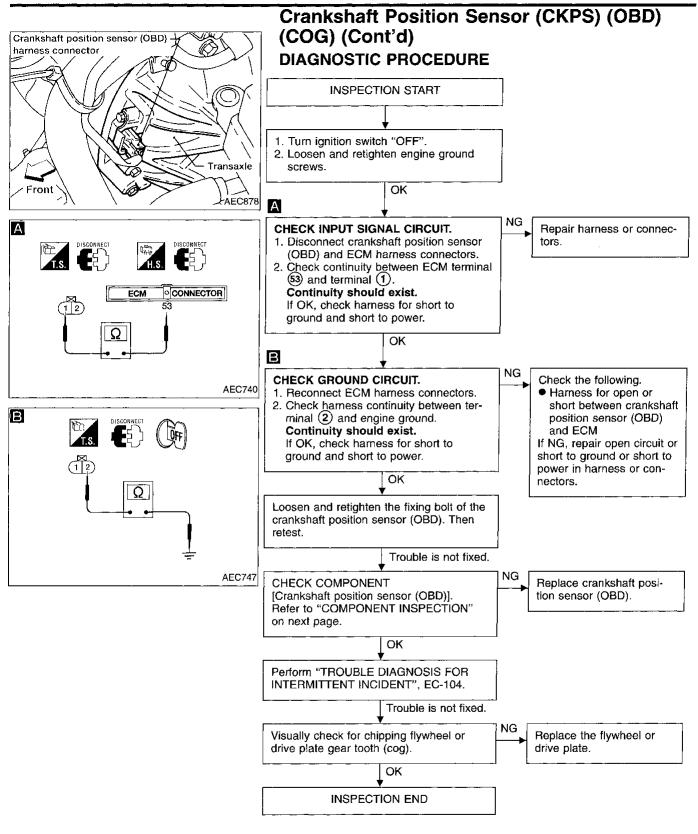
AEC250A

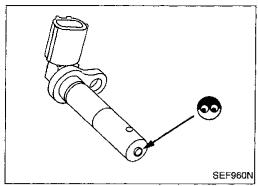
104 105 106

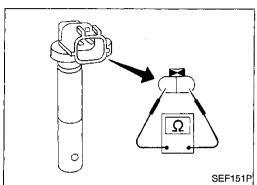
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108







Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)

Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (OBD) harness connector.

2. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.

3. Remove the sensor.

4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.

5. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Resistance:

M/T models

432 - 528Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]

A/T models

166.5 - 203.5Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]

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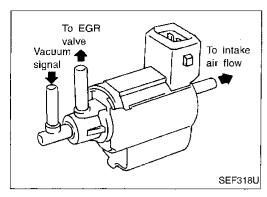
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EGRC-Solenoid Valve COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EGRC-solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. The vacuum signal passes through the solenoid valve. The signal then reaches the EGR valve. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, a plunger will then move to cut the vacuum signal from the intake manifold collector to the EGR valve.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
 Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: "OFF" Shift lever: "N" 	idle	OFF	
EGRC SOL/V	 No-load M/T models: Jack up drive wheels and shift to 1st gear position 	A/T models: 2,200 rpm M/T models: 2,000 rpm and more than 16 km/h (10 MPH)	ON

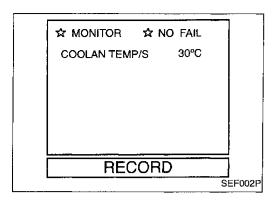
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)		
103	Р	EGRC-solenoid valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) — M/T models: Jack up front wheels and drive wheels at 16 km/h (10 MPH). — Engine speed is 2,200 rpm. (A/T models) 2,000 rpm. (M/T models)	Approximately 0V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code N o.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1400 1005	The improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through EGRC-solenoid valve.	 Harness or connectors (The EGRC-solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) EGRC-solenoid valve



EGRC-Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



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TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform the test at a temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT and wait at least 5 seconds.

 OR





- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- onds.
 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

- OR -



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- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

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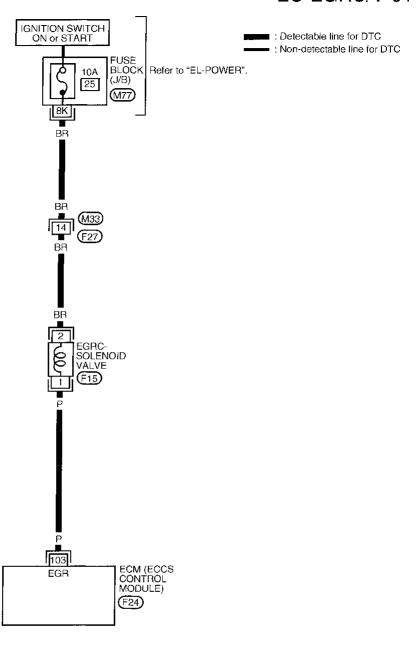
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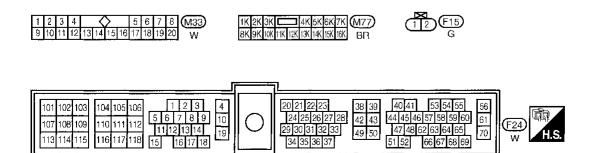
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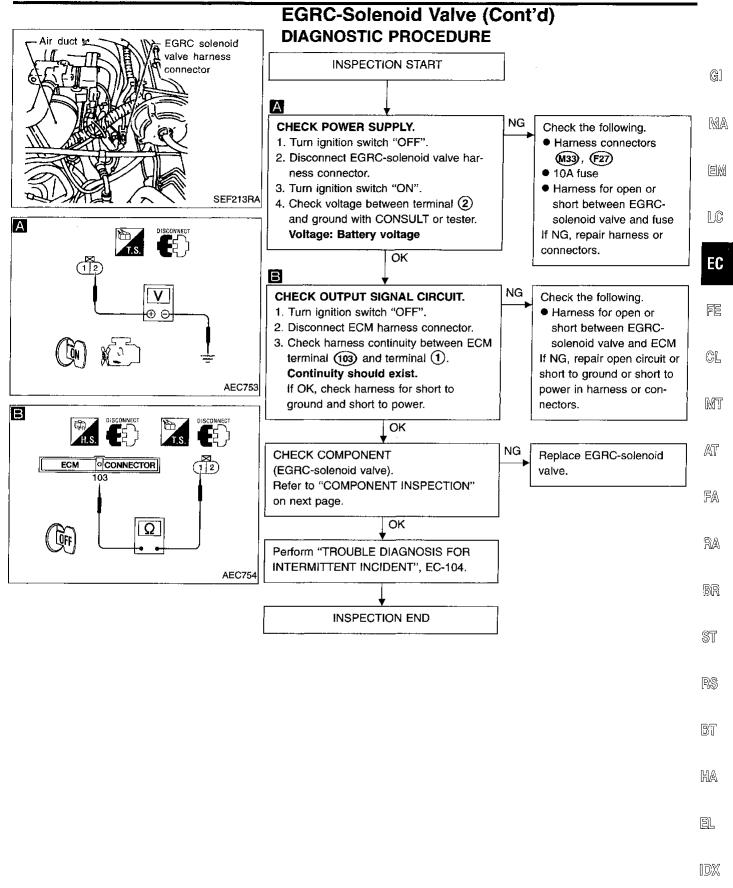
EC-349 511

EGRC-Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

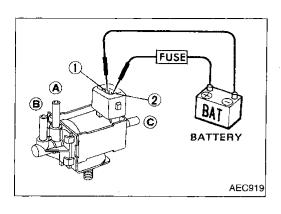
EC-EGRC/V-01







EC-351 513



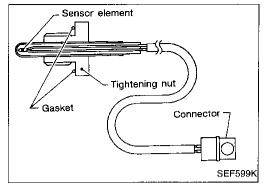
EGRC-Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

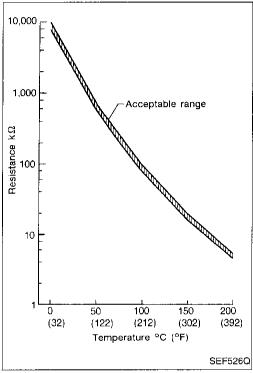
EGRC-solenoid valve

Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG, replace solenoid valve.





EGR Temperature Sensor

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EGR temperature sensor detects temperature changes in the EGR passage way. When the EGR valve opens, hot exhaust gases flow, and the temperature in the passage way changes. The EGR temperature sensor is a thermistor that modifies a voltage signal sent from the ECM. This modified signal then returns to the ECM as an input signal. As the temperature increases, EGR temperature sensor resistance decreases. This sensor is not used to control the engine system. It is used only for the on board diagnosis.

<Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $M\Omega$
0 (32)	4.81	7.9 - 9.7
50 (122)	2.82	0.57 - 0.70
100 (212)	0.8	0.08 - 0.10

*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 62 (EGR temperature sensor) and ECM terminal 43 (ECCS ground). When EGR system is operating.

Voltage: 0 - 1.5V

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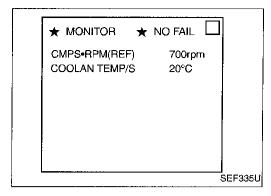
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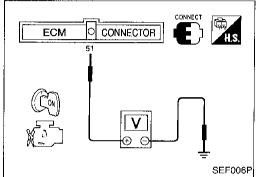
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ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	S T
P1401 0305	A) An excessively low voltage from the EGR temperature sensor is sent to ECM even when engine coolant temperature is low.	 Harness or connectors (The EGR temperature sensor circuit is shorted.) EGR temperature sensor Malfunction of EGR function, EGRC-BPT valve or EGRC-solenoid valve 	R\$ BT
	B) An excessively high voltage from the EGR temperature sensor is sent to ECM even when engine coolant temperature is high.	 Harness or connectors (The EGR temperature sensor circuit is open.) EGR temperature sensor Malfunction of EGR function, EGRC-BPT valve or EGRC-solenoid valve 	

EC-353 515





EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION

PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

Procedure for malfunction A

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Verify that engine coolant temperature is less than 40°C (104°F).

If the engine coolant temperature is above the range, cool the engine down.

4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 8 seconds.

- OR -



- Turn ignition switch "ON". 1)
- 2) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- 3) Verify that engine coolant temperature is less than 40°C (104°F).

If the engine coolant temperature is above the range, cool the engine down.

- 4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 8 seconds.
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

- OR -



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Verify that voltage between ECM terminal (5) (engine coolant temperature) and ground is more 1.5V.

If the voltage is below the range, cool the engine down.

- 3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 8 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

Procedure for malfunction B

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform the test at a temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Run engine at idle for at least 2 minutes.
- 3) Confirm that EGR valve is not lifting. If the check result is NG, go to "TROUBLE DIAG-NOSES FOR DTC P0400, P0402 and P1402". (See pages EC-255, 263 and 359.)

★ MONITOR ★ NO FAIL CMPS•RPM(REF) 1500rpm COOLAN TEMP/S 85°C VHCL SPEED SEN 0km/h THRTL POS SEN 1.68V B/FUEL SCHDL 1.0msec

EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

4) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

5) Read "EGR TEMP SEN" at about 1,500 rpm while holding the EGR valve in full open position by hand. **Voltage should decrease to less than 1.0V.** If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-357.

If the check result is OK, go to following step.

 Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

7) Turn ignition switch "ON".

8) Check the output voltage of "THRTL POS SEN" (at closed throttle position) and note it.

9) Start engine.

10) Maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

CMPS·RPM (REF): 2,000 - 3,000 rpm (A/T) 1,800 - 3,000 rpm (M/T)

VHCL SPEED SE: 10 km/h (6 MPH) or more

B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.5 - 3.8 ms (A/T) 2 - 2.6 ms (M/T)

THRTL POS SEN: (X) - (X + 0.57) V (A/T)

(X) - (X + 0.92) V (M/T)

X = Voltage value measured at

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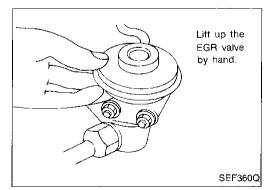
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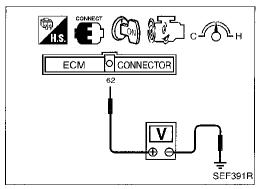
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step 8)

Selector lever: Suitable position





· OR ·

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EGR temperature sensor. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

Procedure for malfunction B



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Run engine at idle for at least 2 minutes.
- 3) Confirm that EGR valve is not lifting. If NG, go to TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR DTC P0400 and P0402 (See pages EC-255 and 263).
- 4) Check voltage between ECM terminal @ and ground at about 1,500 rpm with EGR valve lifted up to the full position by hand.

Voltage should decrease to less than 1.0V.

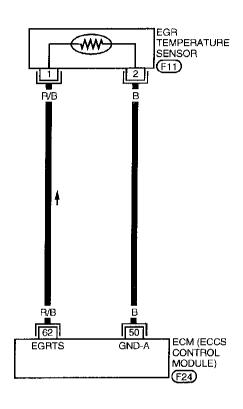
5) If step 4 is OK, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR DTC P0400, P0402 and P1400 (See pages EC-255, 263 and 348).

EC-355 517

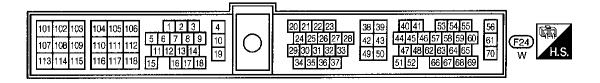
EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

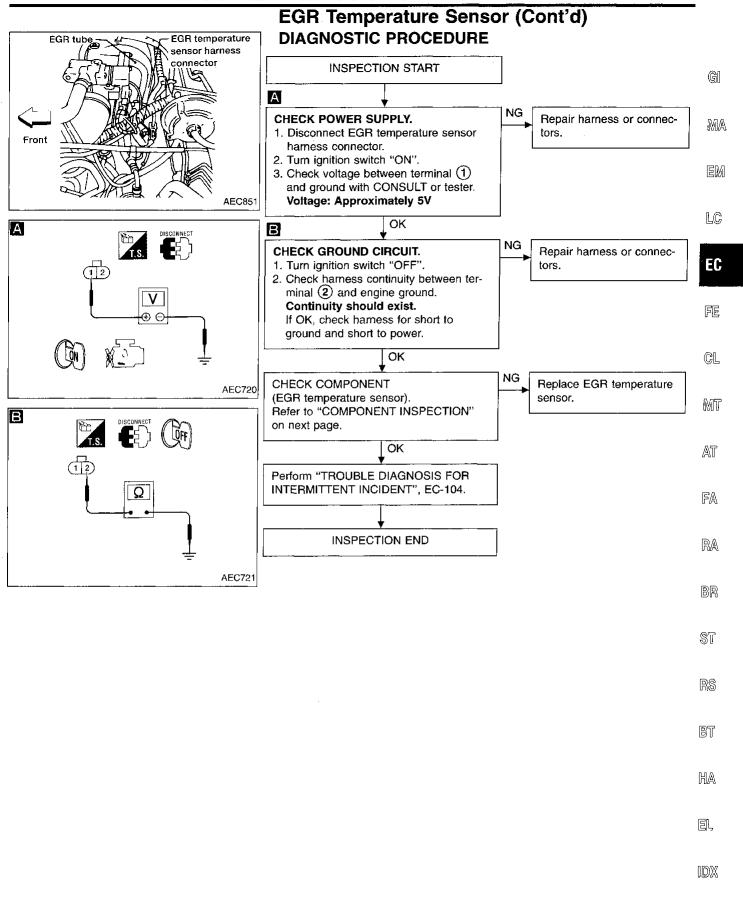
EC-EGR/TS-01

: Detectable line for DTC : Non-detectable line for DTC

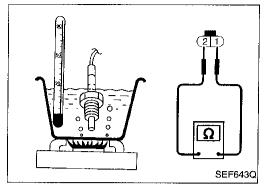








EC-357 519



EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EGR temperature sensor

Check resistance change and resistance value.

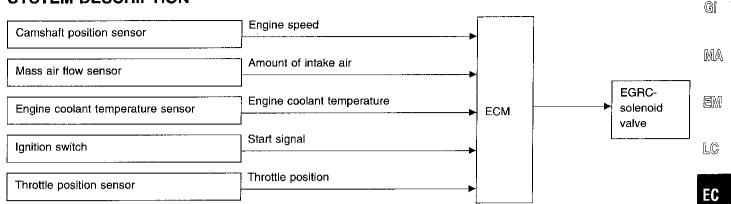
<Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage V	Resistance $M\Omega$
0 (32)	4.81	7.9 - 9.7
50 (122)	2.82	0.57 - 0.70
100 (212)	0.8	0.08 - 0.10

If NG, replace EGR temperature sensor.

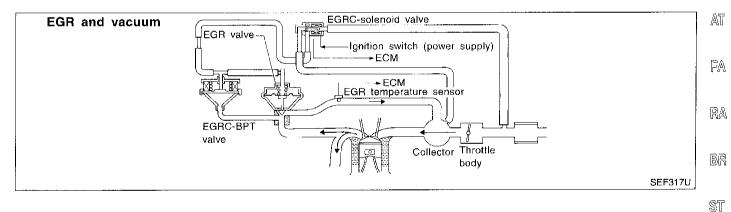
EGR Function (Open)

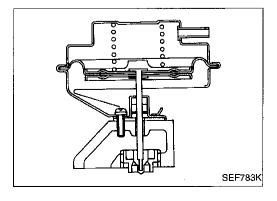
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system cuts and controls vacuum applied to the EGR valve to suit engine operating conditions. This cut-and-control operation is accomplished through the ECM and the EGRC-solenoid valve. When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, current flows through the solenoid valve. This causes the port vacuum to be discharged into the atmosphere. The EGR valve remains closed.

- Low engine coolant temperature
- Engine starting
- High-speed engine operation
- Engine idling
- Excessively high engine coolant temperature
- Mass air flow sensor malfunction





COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) valve

The EGR valve controls the amount of exhaust gas routed to the intake manifold. Vacuum is applied to the EGR valve in response to throttle valve opening. The vacuum controls the movement of a taper valve connected to the vacuum diaphragm in the EGR valve.

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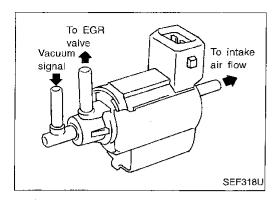
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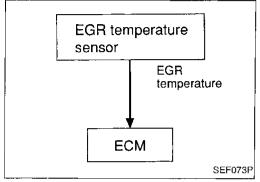
EC-359 521



EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)

EGRC-solenoid valve

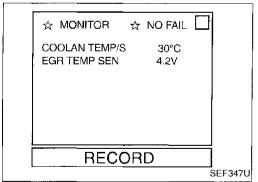
The EGRC-solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. The vacuum signal passes through the solenoid valve. The signal then reaches the EGR valve. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, a plunger will then move to cut the vacuum signal from the intake manifold collector to the EGR valve.



ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If EGR temperature sensor detects EGR flow under the condition that does not call for EGR, a high-flow malfunction is diagnosed.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1402 0514	 The exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) flow is excessively high during the specified driving condition. 	 EGRC-solenoid valve EGR valve leaking or stuck open EGR temperature sensor EGRC-BPT valve



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform the test at a temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.
- Engine coolant temperature and EGR temperature must be verified in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT before starting DTC WORK SUPPORT test. If it is out of range below, the test cannot be conducted.

COOLAN TEMP/S: -10 to 40°C (14 to 104°F)

EGR TEMP SEN: Less than 4.8V

If the values are out of the ranges indicated above, park the vehicle in a cool place and allow the engine temperature to stabilize. Do not attempt to reduce the coolant or EGR temperature with a fan or means other than ambient air. Doing so may produce an inaccurate diagnostic result.

EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)

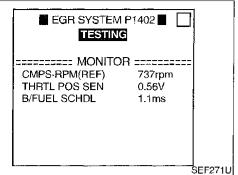
and ground:

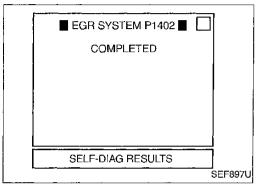
1.5 - 4.4V

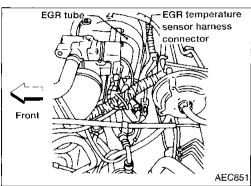
Less than 4.8V

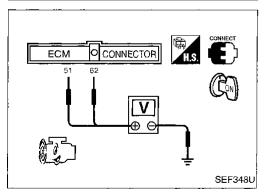
and then turn "ON".

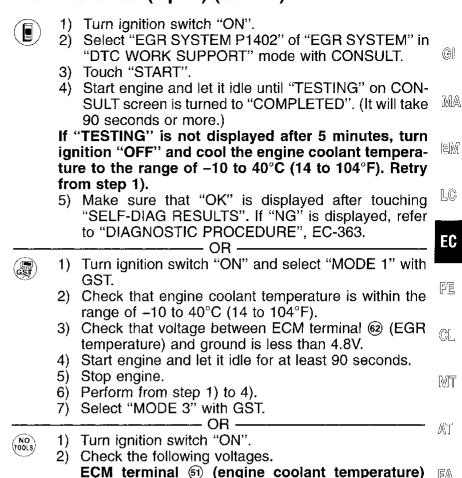
results)" with ECM.











ECM terminal @ (EGR temperature) and ground:

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3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 70 seconds.

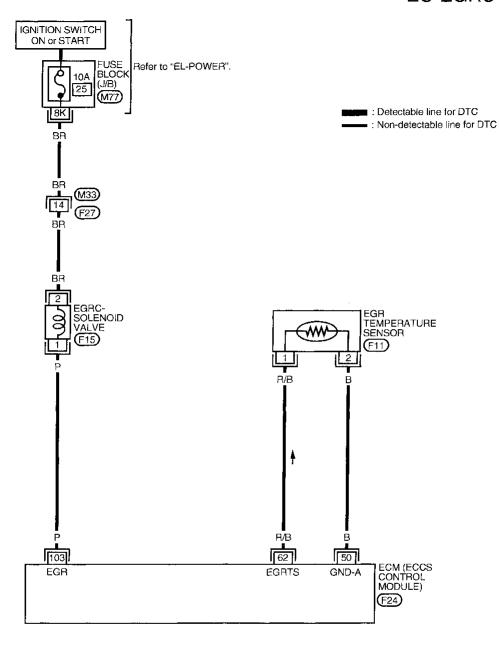
4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds

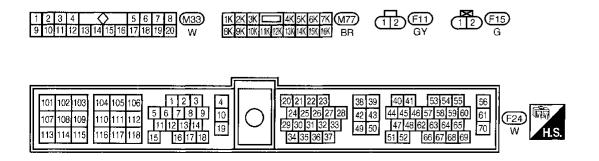
5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic

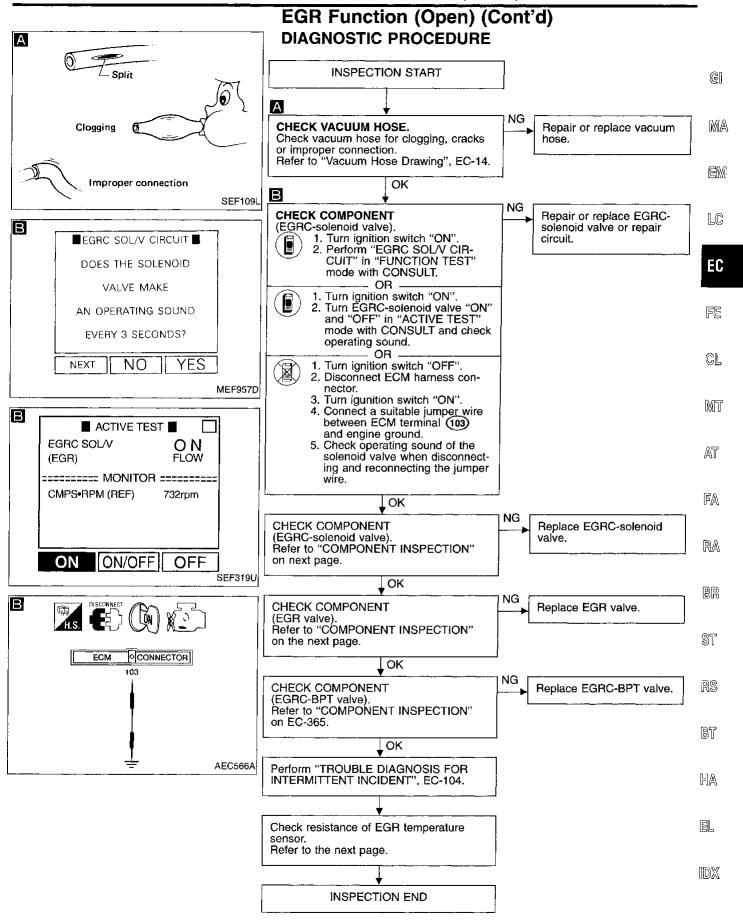
EC-361 523

EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)

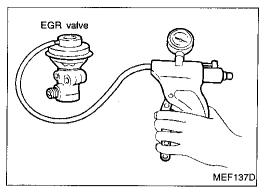
EC-EGRC1-01







EC-363 525



EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

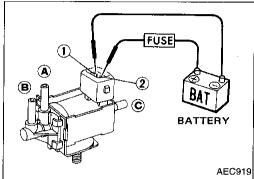
EGR valve

Apply vacuum to EGR vacuum port with a hand vacuum pump.

EGR valve spring should lift.

Check for sticking.

If NG, repair or replace EGR valve.



EGRC-solenoid valve

Check solenoid valve, following the table as shown below:

Conditions	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG, replace EGRC-solenoid valve.

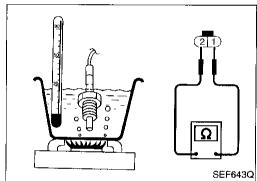


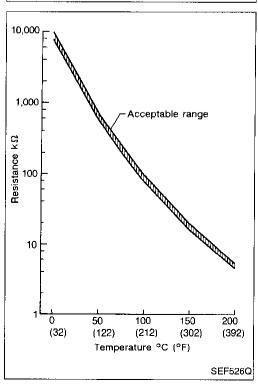
Check resistance change and resistance value.

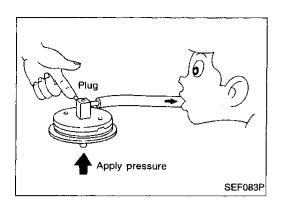


Voltage V	Resistance $M\Omega$
4.81	7.9 - 9.7
2.82	0.57 - 0.70
0.8	0.08 - 0.10
	V 4.81 2.82

If NG, replace EGR temperature sensor.







EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd) EGRC-BPT valve

1. Plug one of two ports of EGRC-BPT valve.

2. Vacuum from the other port and check for leakage while applying a pressure above 0.981 kPa (100 mmH₂O, 3.94 inH₂O) from under EGRC-BPT valve.

(G)

3. If a leakage is noted, replace the valve.

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EC-365 527

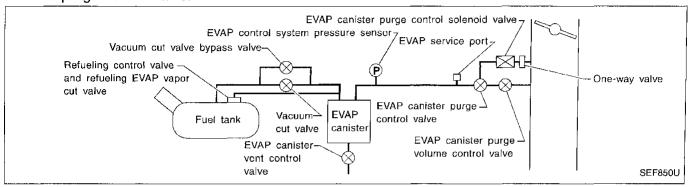
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure)

Note: If both DTC P1440 and P1448 are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-400.)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

This diagnosis detects leaks in the EVAP purge line using vapor pressure in the fuel tank. The EVAP canister vent control valve is closed to shut the EVAP purge line. The vacuum cut valve bypass

valve will then be opened to clear the line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister purge control valve. The EVAP control system pressure sensor can now monitor the pressure inside the fuel tank. If pressure increases, the ECM will check for leaks in the line between the vacuum cut valve and EVAP canister purge control valve.

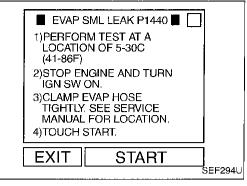


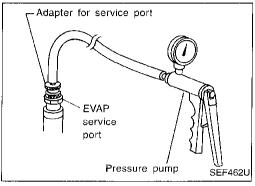
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

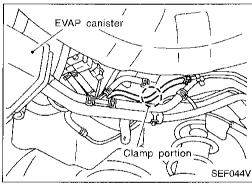
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1440 0213	EVAP control system has a leak. EVAP control system does not operate properly.	 Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve Incorrect fuel filler cap used Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close. Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap. Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge control valve. Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve. EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks EVAP purge line rubber tube bent. Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control system pressure sensor Loose or disconnected rubber tube EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit EVAP canister purge control valve EVAP canister purge volume control valve EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve Absolute pressure sensor Tank fuel temperature sensor MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve Blocked or bent rubber tube to MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged. Water separator EVAP canister is saturated with water. Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve

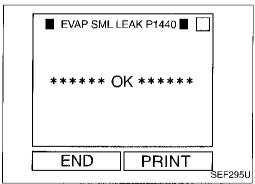
CAUTION:

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine rubber tube as a replacement.









Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Never use compressed air or high pressure pump.
 Otherwise, EVAP system may be damaged.

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Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in EVAP system.

NOTE:

 If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

 Always remove service port adapter from service port when applying air up to 0.69 to 1.38 kPa (5.14 to 10.34 mmHg, 0.202 to 0.407 inHg).

• During the test, clamp the EVAP hose tightly as shown at left.

 If both DTC P1440 and P1448 are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-400.)



1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

2) Select "EVAP SML LEAK P1440" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.

Follow the instruction displayed.

Make sure that "OK" is displayed.
 If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-369.

NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-46 before driving vehicle.



1) Start engine.

Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-46.

3) Stop vehicle.

4) Select "MODE 1" with GST.

 If SRT of EVAP system is not set yet, go to the following step.

If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.

 Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

6) Start engine.

It is not necessary to cool engine down before driving.

7) Drive vehicle again according to the "Driving pattern", EC-46.

8) Stop vehicle.

9) Select "MODE 3" with GST.

• If P1447 is displayed on the screen, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447", EC-391.

 If P0440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-275.

 If P1440 is displayed on the screen, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1440", EC-369.

• If P0440, P1440 and P1447 are not displayed on the screen, go to the following step.

EC-367 529

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

10) Select "MODE 1" with GST.

- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set, go to step 5).

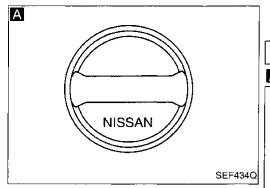
---- OR -

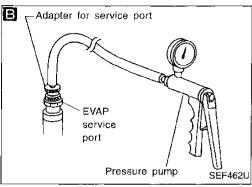
NOTE:

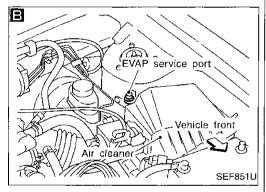
- Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-46 before driving vehicle.
- It is better that the fuel level is low.



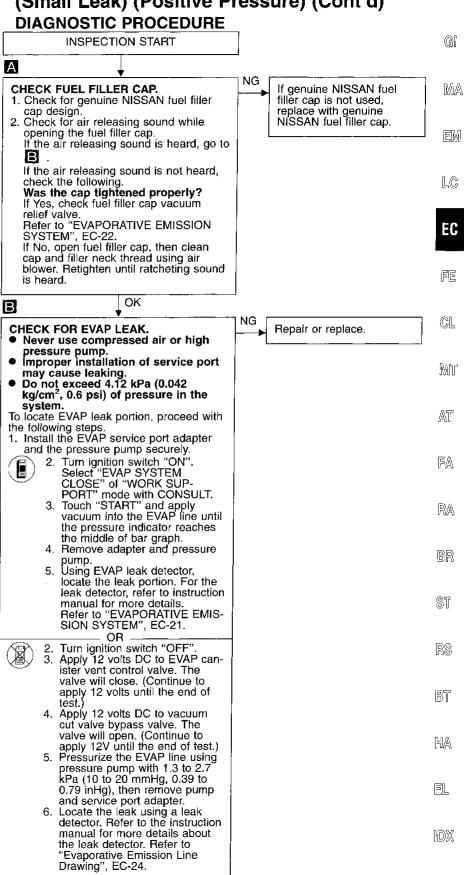
- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-46.
- 3) Stop vehicle.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Perform the step 1) to 4) again.
- 6) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.





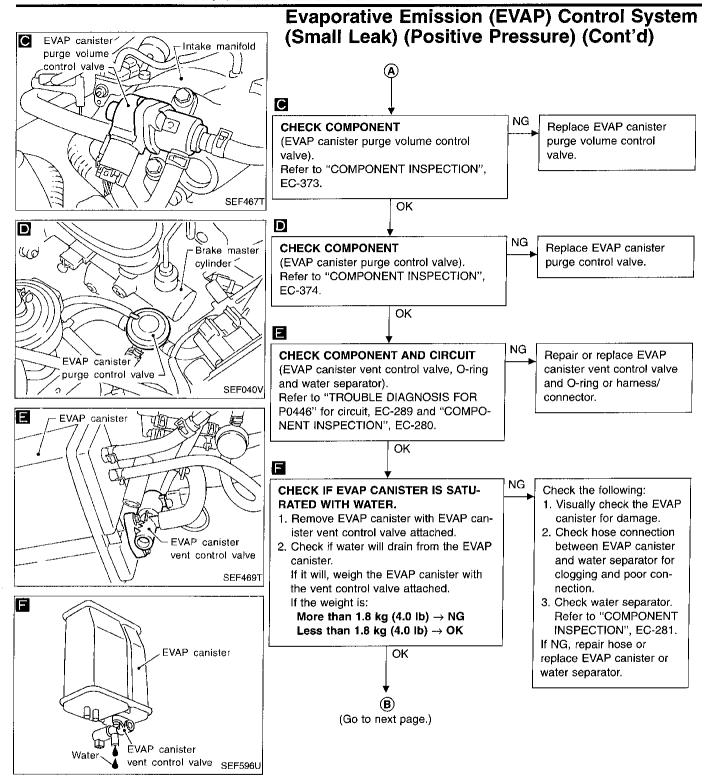


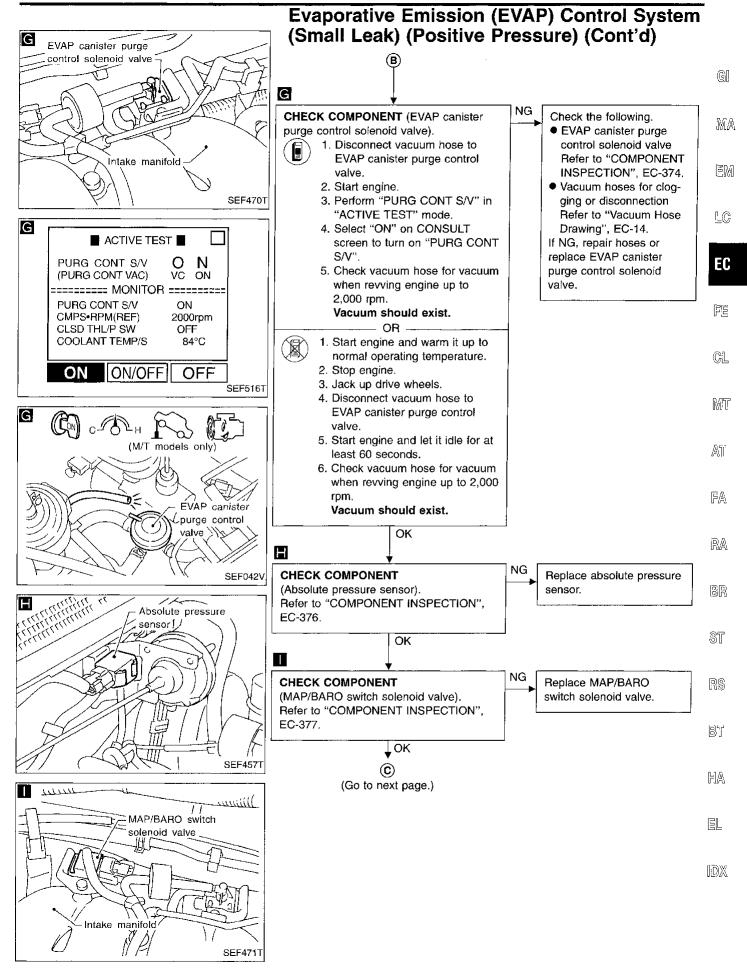
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)



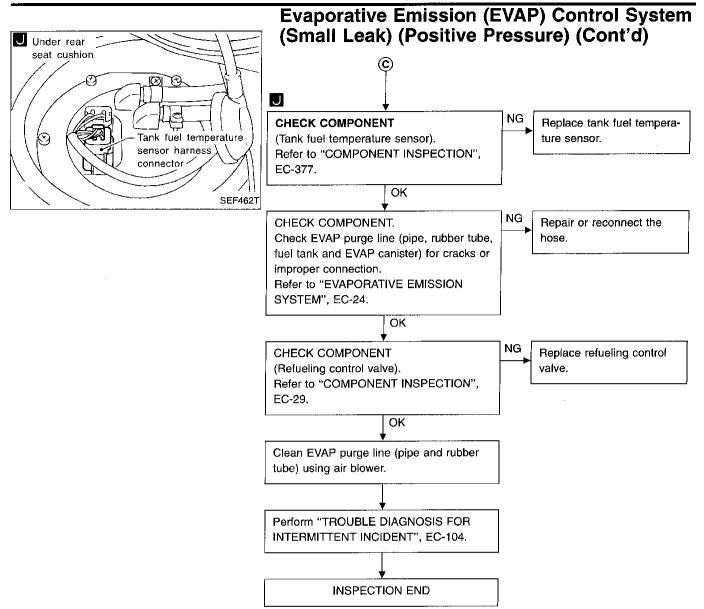
▼OK (A) (Go to next page.)

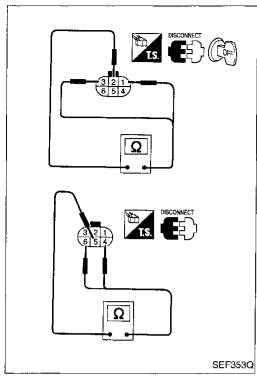
EC-369 531

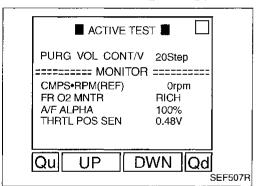


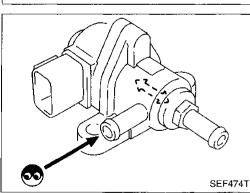


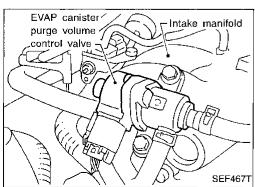
EC-371 533











Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

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EVAP canister purge volume control valve



- 1. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal (2) and terminals (1), (3) terminal (5) and terminals (4), (6)

Resistance:

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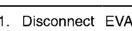
Approximately 41 Ω [At 20°C (68°F)]

- 3. Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 4. Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.

(Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)

- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 6. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the valve open-

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.





- 1. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control FA valve harness connector.
- Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal (2) and terminals (1), (3) terminal (5) and terminals (4), (6)

Resistance:

Approximately 41Ω [At 20° C (68°F)]

Re

- 3. Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 4. Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.

(Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)

- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON" and "OFF". Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the ignition switch position.
 - If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.

EC-373 535

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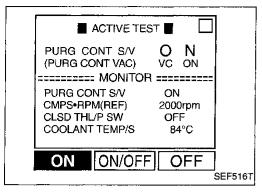
RA

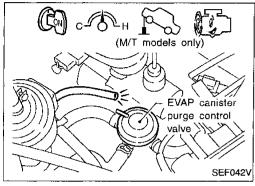
RS

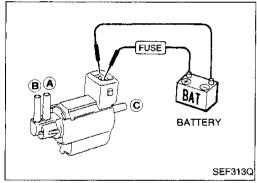
BT

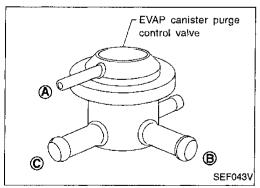
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve



- 1. Jack up driving wheels (M/T models only).
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "PURG CONT S/V" of "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 5. Disconnect vacuum hose at EVAP canister purge control valve.
- 6. Touch "ON" and "OFF" and check for vacuum passing through the hose.

Condition	Vacuum	
Idle	Not exist	
2,000 rpm (A/T models) 2,000 rpm with 1st gear position (M/T models)	Exist	

OR -



Check air passage continuity.

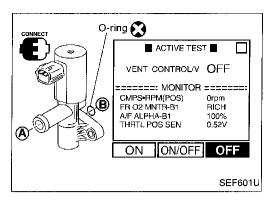
Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

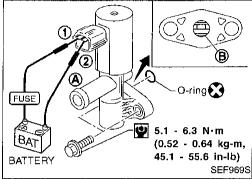
If NG, replace solenoid valve.

EVAP canister purge control valve

Check EVAP canister purge control valve as follows:

- Blow air in port (A), (B) and (C), then ensure that there is no leakage.
- 2. Apply vacuum to port (a). [Approximately -13.3 to -20.0 kPa (-100 to -150 mmHg, -3.94 to -5.91 inHg)] Blow air in port (c) and ensure free flow out of port (B).





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.



Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

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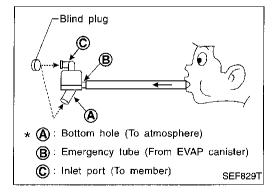
Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

OR -

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
No supply	Yes

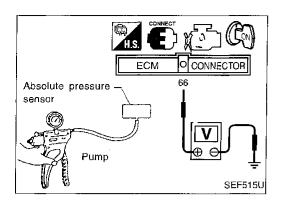
If NG, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary. If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.



Water separator

- Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 4. Check that (a) and (c) are not clogged by blowing air into (B) with (A), and then (c) plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

Absolute pressure sensor

- 1. Remove absolute pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from absolute pressure sensor.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON" and check output voltage between ECM terminal 66 and engine ground.

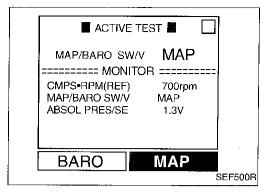
The voltage should be 3.2 to 4.8 V.

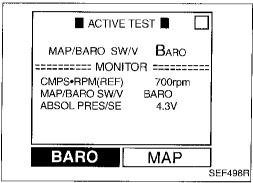
4. Use pump to apply vacuum pressure of -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg) to absolute pressure sensor as shown in figure and check the output voltage.

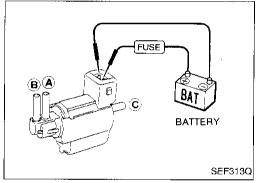
The voltage should be 1.0 to 1.4 V lower than the value measured in step 3.

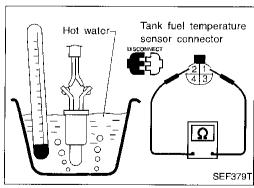
CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace absolute pressure sensor.









Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve



- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Perform "MAP/BARO SW/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- Check the following.
 - Condition: At idle under no-load

CONSULT displa	ay
MAP/BARO	ABSOL PRES/SE (Voltage)
BARO	More than 2.6V
MAP	Less than the voltage at BARO
Time for voltage	to change
MAP/BARO SW/V	Time to switch
BARO to MAP	
MAP to BARO	Less than 1 second
4. If NG, check soleno	oid valve as shown below.

1.

- OR -Remove MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve.
- Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

3. If NG, replace solenoid valve.

Tank fuel temperature sensor

Check resistance by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90

If NG, replace tank fuel temperature sensor.

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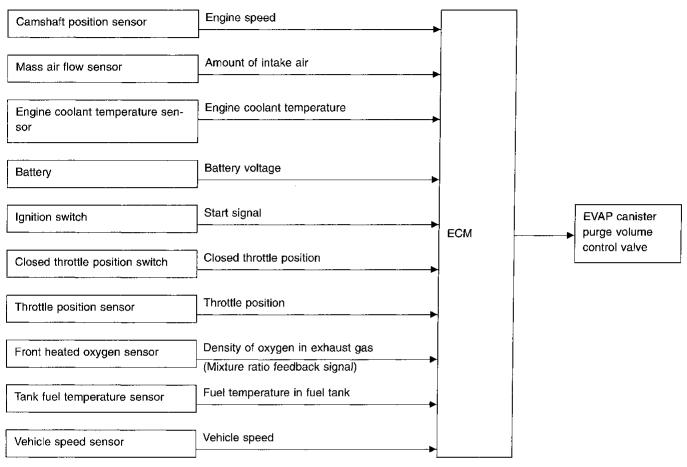
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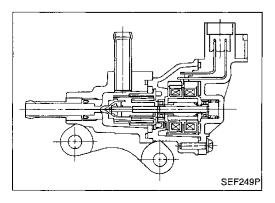
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control valve changes to control the flow rate. A built-in step motor moves the valve in steps corresponding to the ECM output pulses. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control valve uses a step motor to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. This motor has four winding phases. It operates according to the output pulse signal of the ECM. Two windings are turned ON and OFF in sequence. Each time an ON pulse is issued, the valve opens or closes, changing the flow rate. When no change in the flow rate is needed, the ECM does not issue the pulse signal. A certain voltage signal is issued so that the valve remains at that particular opening.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Cont'd)

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	con	NDITION	SPECIFICATION	 G[
	● Engine: After warming up	Idle	0 step	_
PURG VOL C/V	Shift lever: N No-load	More than 60 seconds after starting engine		- Ma
	 M/T models: Jack up drive wheels and shift to 1st gear position. 	A/T models: 2,000 rpm M/T models: 2,000 rpm and more than 16 km/h (10 MPH)	_	EM

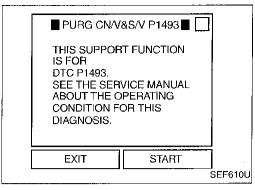
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

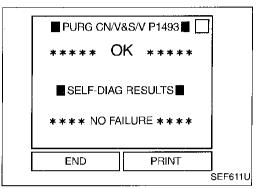
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

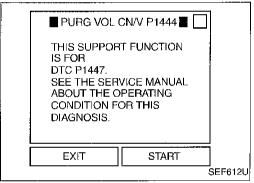
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	EC
5	L	EVAP canister purge vol-	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)		FE
6	G	ume control valve	Idle speed	0 - 0.4V	
16	Υ	EVAP canister purge vol-	Engine is running.	BATTERY VOLTAGE	CL
17	OR	ume control valve	ldle speed	(11 - 14V)	-
56 61	W/R W/R	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	MT

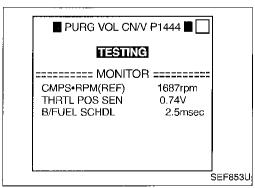
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

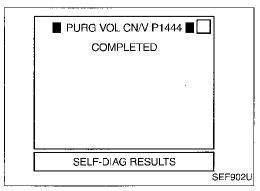
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	F
P1444 0214	The canister purge flow is detected during the specified driving conditions, even when EVAP canister purge volume control valve is completely closed.	 EVAP control system pressure sensor EVAP canister purge volume control valve (The valve is stuck open.) EVAP canister purge control valve EVAP canister Hoses 	<u>1</u> 100
		(Hoses are connected incorrectly or clogged.) • EVAP canister vent control valve	











Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "PURG CN/V & S/V P1493" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Touch "START".
- 6) Start engine and let it idle for at least 90 seconds.
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 30 seconds.)

Selector lever: Suitable position Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH) CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,600 - 3,000 rpm

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.5 ms

- 8) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 9) Select "PURG VOL CN/V P1444" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 10) Touch "START".

If "COMPLETED" is displayed, go to step 12.

11) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 20 seconds.)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH)

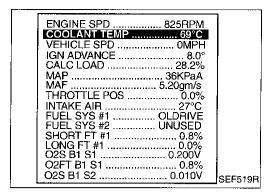
CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,600 - 3,000 rpm

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.5 ms

NOTE:

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

12) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-383.



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Cont'd)

(S)

- On

- 1) Lift up vehicle.
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

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3) Select "MODE 1" with GST.

4) Check coolant temperature.

Coolant temperature: 40 - 100°C (104 - 212°F)
Be sure that water temperature does not exceed 100°C. If it becomes higher than 100°C, cool down the engine and perform the procedure again from the beginning.

- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 6) Restart engine and let it idle for at least 100 seconds.
- Maintain the following conditions for at least 80 seconds.

Gear position: Suitable gear position Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH)

Engine speed: 1,600 - 3,000 rpm Coolant temperature: 40 - 100°C (104 - 212°F)

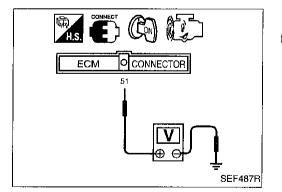
8) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

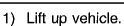
NOTE:

- Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during driving in step 7).
- If the driving conditions are not satisfied in step 7), restart the procedure.

- OR -

It is better that the fuel level is low.





- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Check voltage between ECM terminal (5) and ground Voltage: 0.8 1.5V

Perform the following procedure before the voltage drops below 0.8V. If the voltage drops below 0.8V, cool down the engine and perform the entire procedure all over again.

- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Restart engine and let it idle for at least 100 seconds.
- 6) Maintain the following conditions for at least 80 seconds.

Gear position: Suitable gear position
Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH)
Engine speed: 1,600 - 3,000 rpm

Check voltage between ECM terminal ⑤ and ground: 0.8 - 1.5 V

7) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds, and then turn "ON".

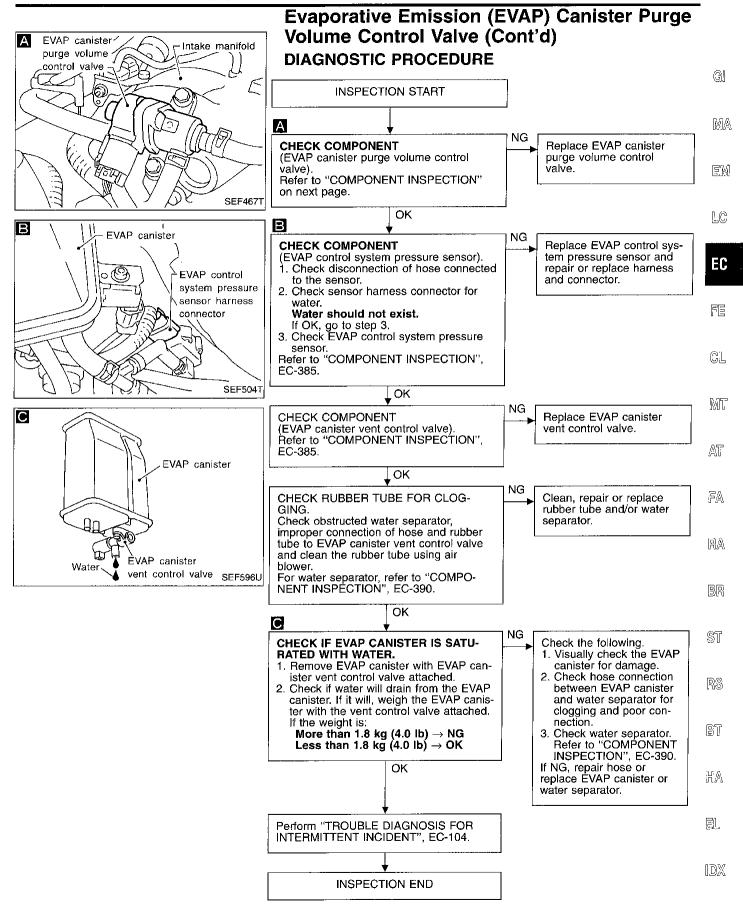
EC-381 543

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Cont'd)

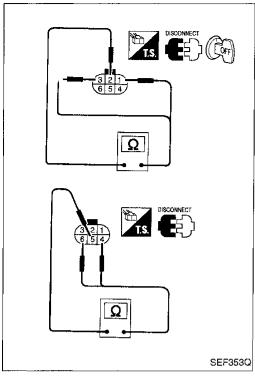
8) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

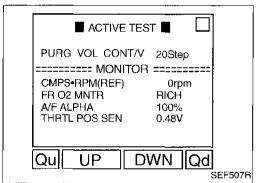
NOTE:

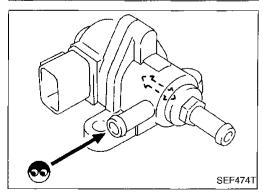
- Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during driving in step 6).
- If the driving conditions are not satisfied in step 6), restart the procedure.
- It is better that the fuel level is low.

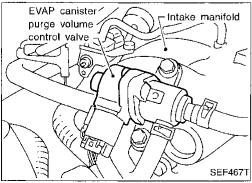


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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge volume control valve



- 1. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③

terminal (5) and terminals (4), (6)

Resistance:

connected.)

Approximately 41Ω [At 20°C (68°F)]

- Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.
 (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain
- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the valve opening.

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.



- Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③

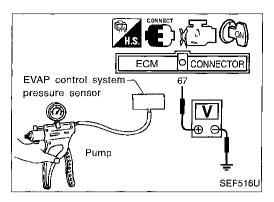
– OR –

terminal (5) and terminals (4), (6)

Resistance:

Approximately 41 Ω [At 20°C (68°F)]

- 3. Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 4. Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.
 - (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)
- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON" and "OFF". Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the ignition switch position.
 - If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP control system pressure sensor

Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.

Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor. 2.

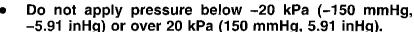
Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.

Check output voltage between ECM terminal @ and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

CAUTION:

Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using



If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.



Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	
ON	No	
OFF	Yes	

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	No

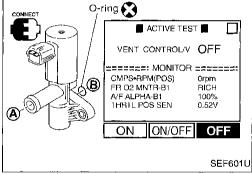
If NG, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary. If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control

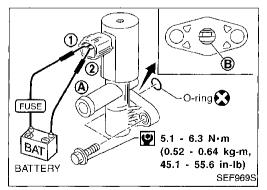
Yes

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.



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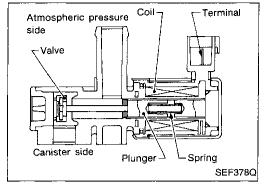


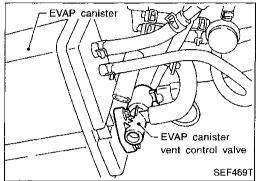












Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid (the EVAP canister vent control valve) responds to signals from the ECM.

When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System (Small Leak)" diagnosis.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
	● Ignition switch: ON	OFF

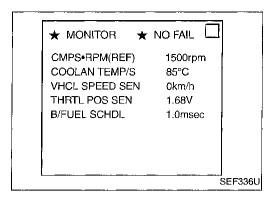
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
108	PU/W	EVAP canister vent control valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1446 0215	under specified driving conditions.	 EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit Blocked rubber tube to EVAP canister vent control valve Water separator EVAP canister is saturated with water.



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 80 km/h (50 MPH) for a maximum of 15 minutes.

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NOTE:

If a malfunction exists, NG result may reveal soon.

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- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 80 km/h (50 MPH) for 15 minutes.
- 3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

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- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 80 km/h (50 MPH) for 15 minutes.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "DIAGNOS-TIC TEST MODE (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

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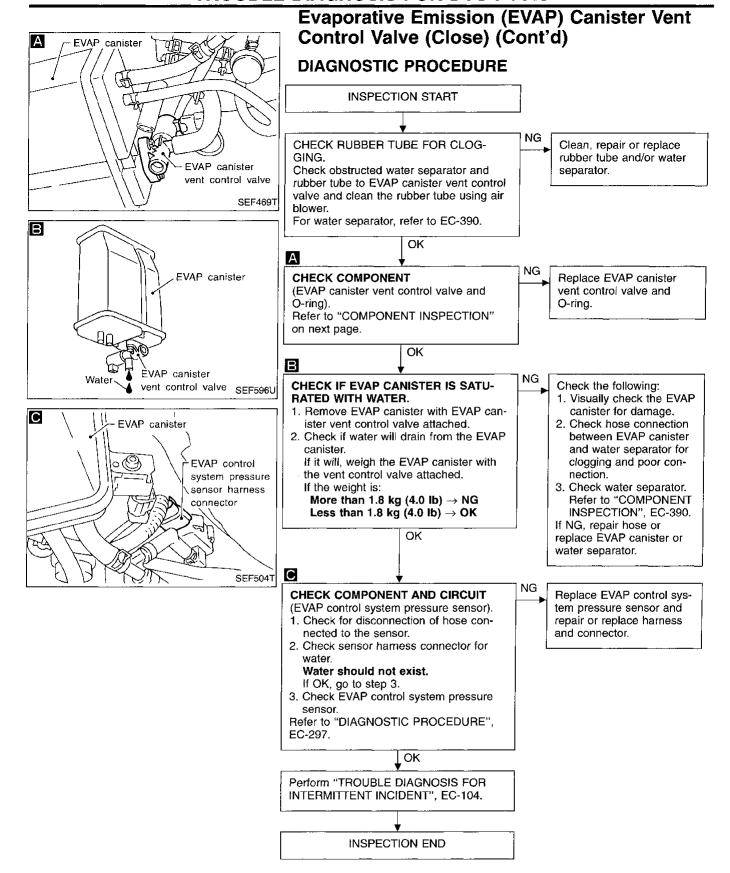
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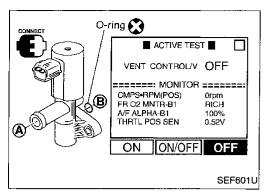
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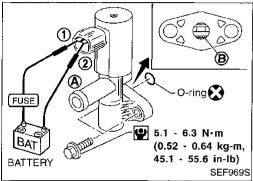
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	
ON	No	_
OFF	Yes	_

Condition

Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)

12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)

No supply

Yes

OR ·

If NG, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary. If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

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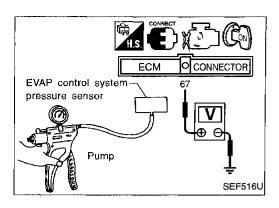






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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close) (Cont'd)

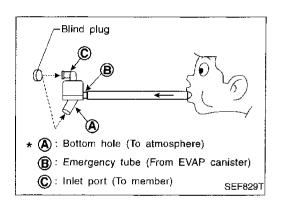
EVAP control system pressure sensor

- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure below -20 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg) or over 20 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

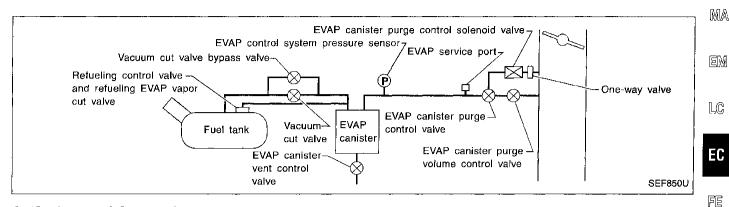


Water separator

- Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 4. Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air into (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring

Note: If both DTC P0510 and P1447 are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0510 first. (See EC-311.)



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

In this evaporative emission (EVAP) control system, purge flow occurs during non-vehicle stopped conditions (M/T models) and non-closed throttle conditions. Purge volume is related to air intake volume. Under normal purge conditions (non-closed throttle), the EVAP canister purge volume control valve and EVAP canister purge control valve are open. Purge flow exposes the EVAP control system pressure sensor to intake manifold vacuum.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Under normal conditions (non-closed throttle), sensor output voltage indicates if pressure drop and purge flow are adequate. If not, a fault is determined.

Diagnostic Trouble Code N o.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1447 0111	 EVAP control system does not operate properly. EVAP control system has a leak between intake manifold and EVAP control system pressure sensor. 	 EVAP canister purge volume control valve stuck closed EVAP canister purge control valve stuck closed EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit Loose, disconnected or improper connection of rubber tube
		 Blocked rubber tube EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve Blocked or bent rubber tube to MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve
		 Cracked EVAP canister Closed throttle position switch Improper connection of one-way valve Blocked purge port EVAP canister vent control valve

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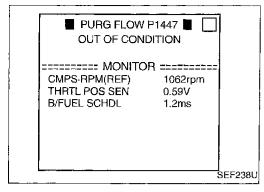
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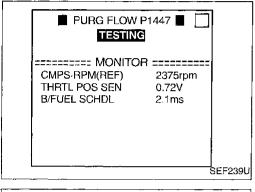
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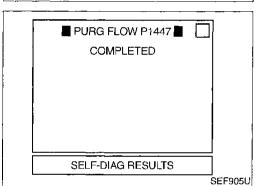
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine and let it idle for at least 1 minute.
- 4) Select "PURG FLOW P1447" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Touch "START".
- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 30 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,600 - 3,000 rpm Selector lever: Suitable position

Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.5 ms

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

- 7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" and go to the following step. If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" of "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1493", EC-423.
- 8) Select "PURG VOL C/V P1444" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 9) Touch "START".

If "COMPLETED" is displayed, go to step 11.

10) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 20 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,600 - 3,000 rpm Selector lever: Suitable position

Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.5 ms

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)

11) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" and go to the following step. If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" of "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1444", EC-378.



12) Select "PURG FLOW P1447" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT.



EM

- 13) Touch "START".
- 14) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 35 seconds.)



EC

Selector lever: Suitable position

Vehicle speed: 30 - 100 km/h (19 - 62 MPH)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,000 - 3,000 rpm

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Engine coolant temperature: 70 - 100°C (158 -212°F)

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If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

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15) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-395.

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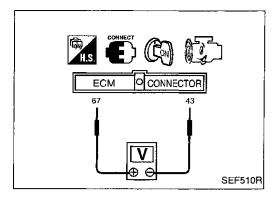
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)

OR

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall monitoring function of the EVAP control system purge flow. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Lift up drive wheels.
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine and wait at least 70 seconds.
- 5) Set voltmeter probes to ECM terminals (7) (EVAP control system pressure sensor signal) and (9) (ground).
- 6) Check EVAP control system pressure sensor value at idle speed.
- 7) Establish and maintain the following conditions for at least 1 minute.

Air conditioner switch: ON Steering wheel: Fully turned

Headlamp switch: ON

Rear window defogger switch: ON Engine speed: Approx. 3,000 rpm

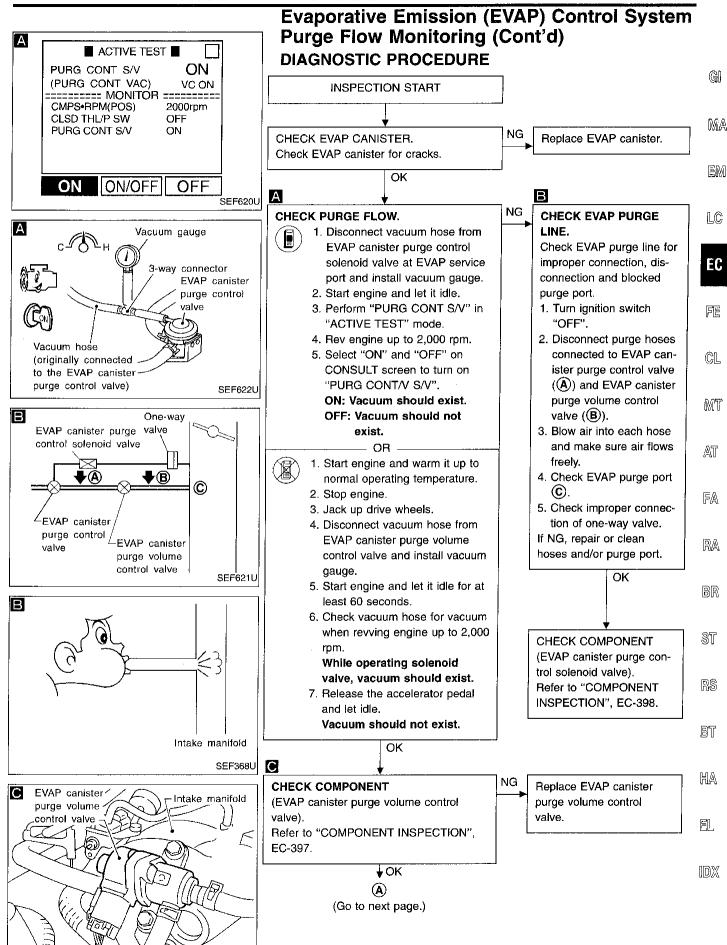
Gear position: M/T models

Any position other than "Neutral" or "Reverse"

A/T models

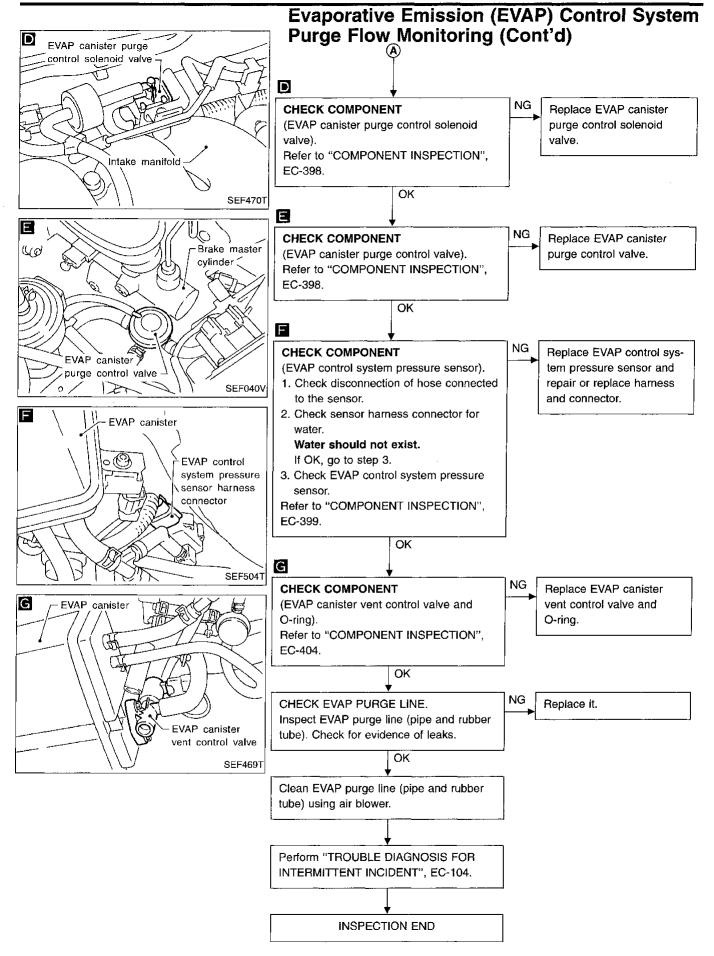
Any position other than "P", "N" or "R"

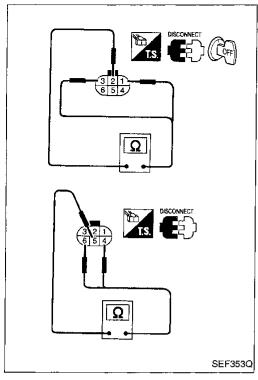
Verify that EVAP control system pressure sensor value stays 0.1V less than the value at idle speed for at least 1 second.

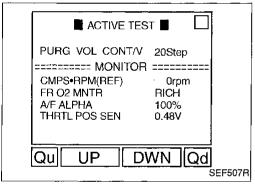


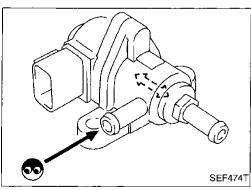
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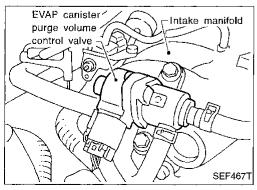
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

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1) Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.

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2) Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③ terminal ⑤ and terminals ④, ⑥

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Resistance:

Approximately 41Ω [At 20°C (68°F)]

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3) Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.4) Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve

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from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.

(Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)

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5) Turn ignition switch "ON".

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6) Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the valve opening.

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If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.

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- OR -

1) Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.

- A

2) Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③ terminal ⑤ and terminals ④, ⑥

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Resistance:

Approximately 41 Ω [At 20°C (68°F)]

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 Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.

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 Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.

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(Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)

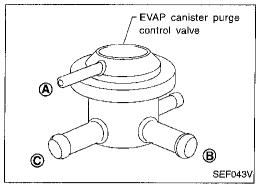
5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and "OFF". Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the ignition switch position.

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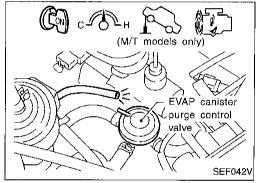
If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.

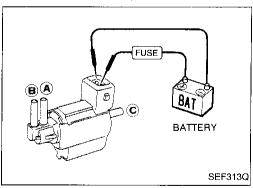
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■ ACTIVE TEST PURG CONT S/V Ν (PURG CONT VAC) VC ON ======= MONITOR ====== PURG CONT S/V ON CMPS*RPM(REF) 2000rpm CLSD THL/P SW **OFF** COOLANT TEMP/S 84°C ON/OFF OFF SEF516T





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)

EVAP canister purge control valve

Check EVAP canister purge control valve as follows:

- 1. Blow air in port (A), (B) and (C), then ensure that there is no leakage.
- 2. Apply vacuum to port (a). [Approximately -13.3 to -20.0 kPa (-100 to -150 mmHg, -3.94 to -5.91 inHg)] Blow air in port (c) and ensure free flow out of port (a).

EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve



- 1. Jack up driving wheels (M/T models only).
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 3. Select "PURG CONT S/V" of "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 5. Disconnect vacuum hose at EVAP canister purge control valve.
- 6. Touch "ON" and "OFF" and check for vacuum passing through the hose.

Condition	Vacuum
Idle	Not exist
2,000 rpm (A/T models) 2,000 rpm with 1 gear position (M/T models)	Exist

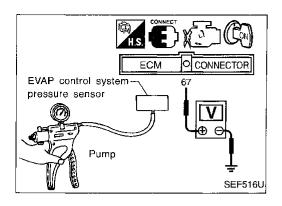
OR ·



Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG, replace solenoid valve.



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)

EVAP control system pressure sensor

- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.

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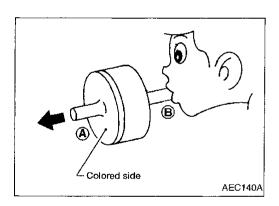
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4. Check output voltage between ECM terminal @ and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure below -20 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg) or over 20 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.



One-way valve

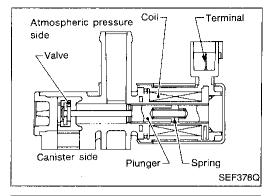
Check one-way valve air passage continuity.

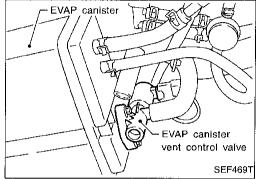
Condition	Air passage continuity	
Blow air into side B to A	Yes	
Blow air into side A to B	No	

If NG, replace one-way valve.

Make sure to install one-way valve with the colored side facing the vacuum.

EC-399 561





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

NOTE:

If DTC P0440 or P1440 is displayed with P1448, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first.

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid (the EVAP canister vent control valve) responds to signals from the ECM.

When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System (Small Leak)" diagnosis.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V		OFF

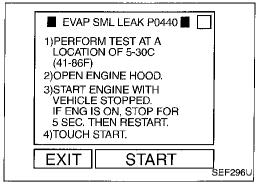
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

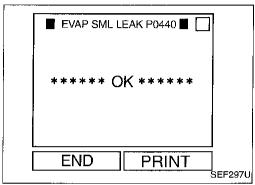
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

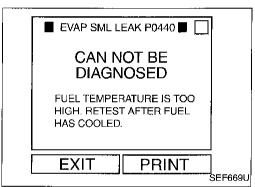
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
108	PU/W	EVAP canister vent control valve	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

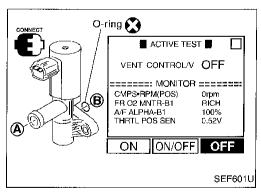
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1448 0309	EVAP canister vent control valve remains opened under specified driving conditions.	 EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP control system pressure sensor Blocked rubber tube to EVAP canister vent control valve Water separator EVAP canister is saturated with water. Vacuum cut valve









Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

- If DTC P0440 or P1440 is displayed with P1448, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is less than 3/4 full. If not, inspect fuel filler cap and fuel tank separately. Refer to EC-275.
- Always perform test at a temperature of 5 to 30°C (41 to 86°F).
- It is better that the fuel level is low.
 - Turn ignition switch "ON".
 Select "EVAP SML LEAK P0440" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with
 - CONSULT. Follow the instruction displayed.
 - 3) Make sure that "OK" is displayed.

 If "NG" is displayed, go to following step.

If the CONSULT screen shown at left is displayed, stop the engine and stabilize the vehicle temperature at 25°C (77°F) or cooler. After "TANK F/TMP SE" becomes less than 30°C (86°F), retest.

(Use a fan to reduce the stabilization time.)

- 4) Disconnect hose from water separator.
- Select "VENT CONTROL/V" of "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- Touch "ON" and "OFF" alternately.
- 7) Make sure of the following.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	
Touching "ON"	No	
Touching "OFF"	Yes	

If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-403.

If the result is OK, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE" for "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440", EC-275.

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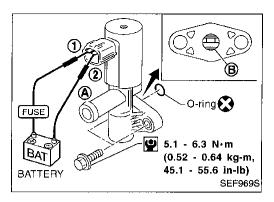
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd)

OR

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP canister vent control valve circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

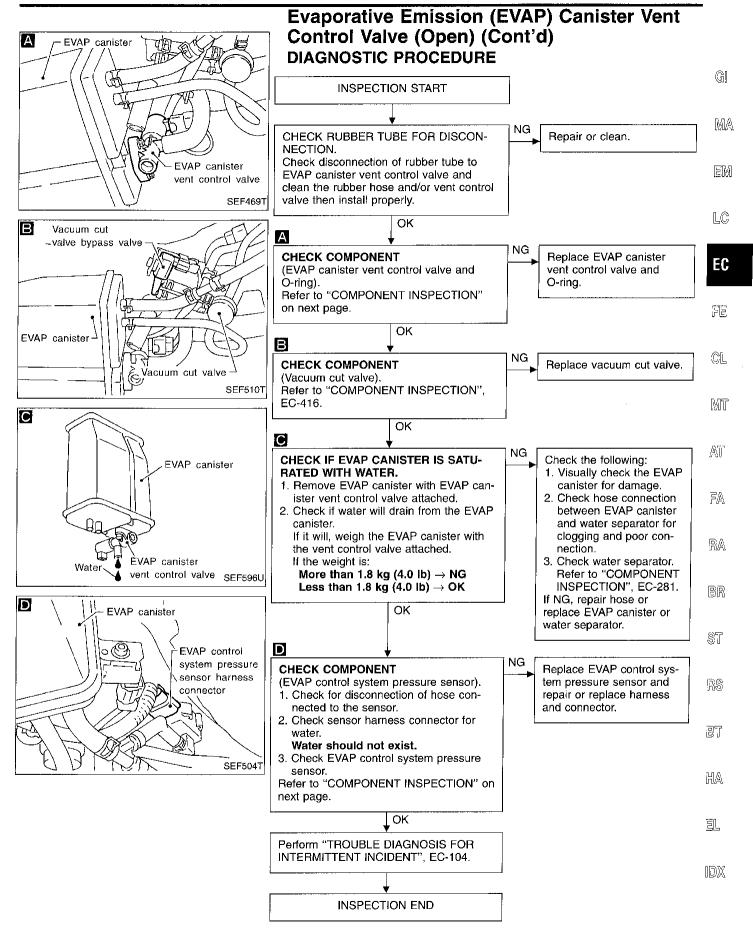


- 1) Disconnect hose from water separator.
- 2) Disconnect EVAP canister vent control valve harness connector.
- 3) Verify the following.

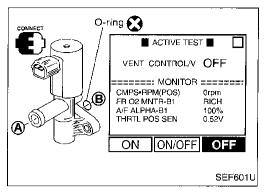
Condition	Air passage continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	No
No supply	Yes

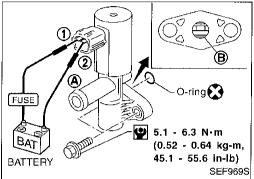
If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-403.

If the result is OK, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440", EC-272.



EC-403 565





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	
ON	No	
OFF	Yes	

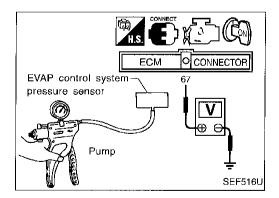
- OR -



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	No
No supply	Yes

If NG, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary. If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.



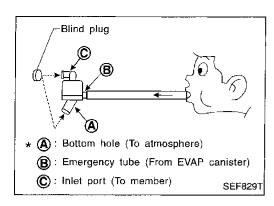
EVAP control system pressure sensor

- 1. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
- 4. Check output voltage between ECM terminal (a) and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure below -20 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg) or over 20 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd)

Water separator

- 1. Check visually for insect nests in water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 4. Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air into (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.

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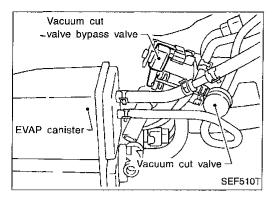
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Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit)

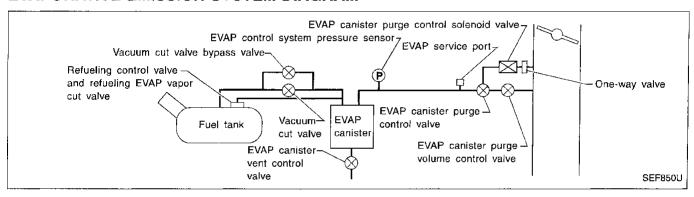
COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve are installed in parallel on the EVAP purge line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister.

The vacuum cut valve prevents the intake manifold vacuum from being applied to the fuel tank.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is a solenoid type valve and generally remains closed. It opens only for on board diagnosis. The vacuum cut valve bypass valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the valve is opened. The vacuum cut valve is then bypassed to apply intake manifold vacuum to the fuel tank.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM DIAGRAM



CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VC/V BYPASS/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
117	PU/R	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1490 0801	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through vacuum cut valve bypass valve.	 Harness or connectors (The vacuum cut valve bypass valve circuit is open or shorted.) Vacuum cut valve bypass valve

Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

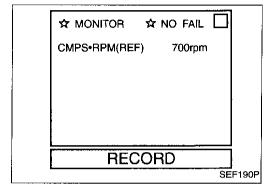
If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

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- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.

- OR -

- OR -

Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.

Select "MODE 7" with GST.

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- 1) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

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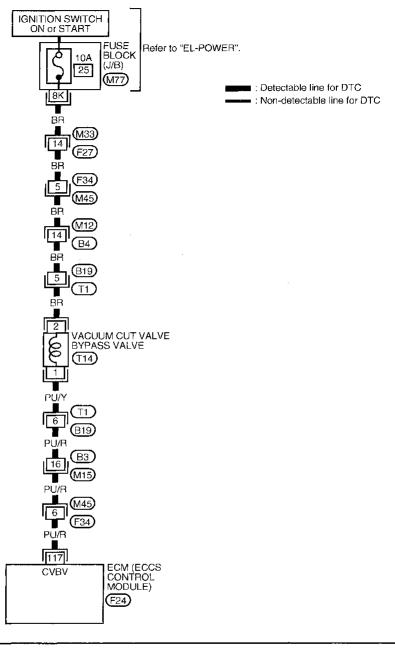
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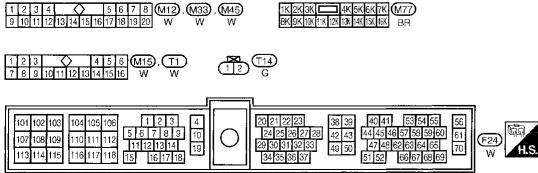
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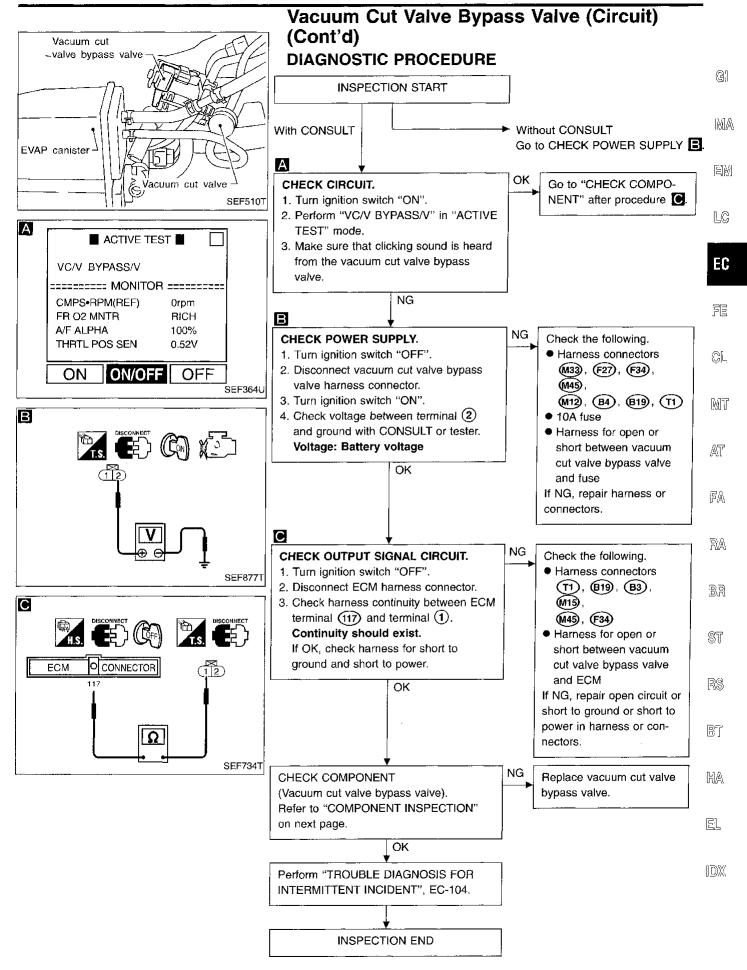
EC-407 569

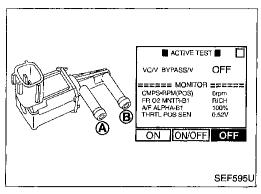
Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

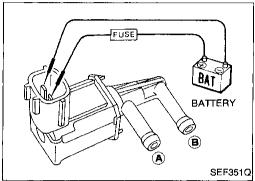
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Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Vacuum cut valve bypass valve

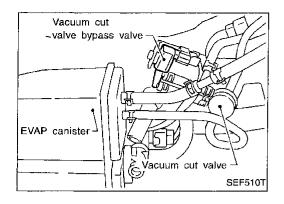
Check air passage continuity.



Perform "VC/V BYPASS/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VC/V BYPASS/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes
OR —	
OR ————————————————————————————————————	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
Condition 12V direct current supply between terminals	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B) Yes

If NG, replace vacuum cut valve bypass valve.



Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve are installed in parallel on the EVAP purge line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister.

The vacuum cut valve prevents the intake manifold vacuum from being applied to the fuel tank.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is a solenoid type valve and generally remains closed. It opens only for on board diagnosis. The vacuum cut valve bypass valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the valve is opened. The vacuum cut valve is then bypassed to apply intake manifold vacuum to the fuel tank.

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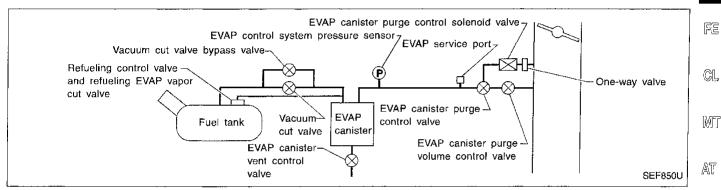
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EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM DIAGRAM



CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	RA
VC/V BYPASS/V	● Ignition switch: ON	OFF	

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	ST RS
117	PU/R	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
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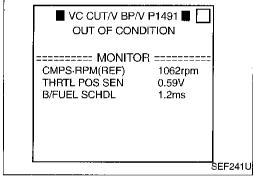
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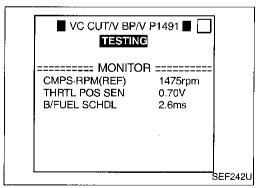
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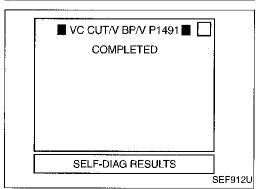
Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1491 0311	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve does not operate properly.	 Vacuum cut valve bypass valve Vacuum cut valve Bypass hoses for clogging EVAP control system pressure sensor EVAP canister vent control valve Hose between fuel tank and vacuum cut valve clogged Hose between vacuum cut valve and EVAP canister clogged EVAP canister EVAP purge port of fuel tank for clogging ORVR system leaks







DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform test at a temperature of 5 to 30°C (41 to 86°F).
- This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 1 minute.
- 5) Select "VC CUT/V BP/V 1491" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 6) Touch "START".
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 30 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,600 - 3,000 rpm Selector lever: Suitable position

Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.5 ms

Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Cont'd)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 3).

8) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" and go to the following

If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE" of "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1493", EC-423.

9) Select "PURG VOL C/V P1444" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with

CONSULT. 10) Touch "START".

If "COMPLETED" is displayed, go to step 12. 11) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 20 seconds.)

CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,600 - 3,000 rpm Selector lever: Suitable position Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH) B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.5 ms

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 3).

12) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" and go to the following

If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE" of "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1444", EC-378.

- 13) Select "VC/V BYPASS/V P1491" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 14) Touch "START".
- 15) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 30 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,000 - 3,700 rpm Selector lever: Suitable position

Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH) **B/FUEL SCHDL: 0.6 - 4.6 ms**

- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 3).
- 16) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-415.

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Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Cont'd)

- OR -





EVAP canister

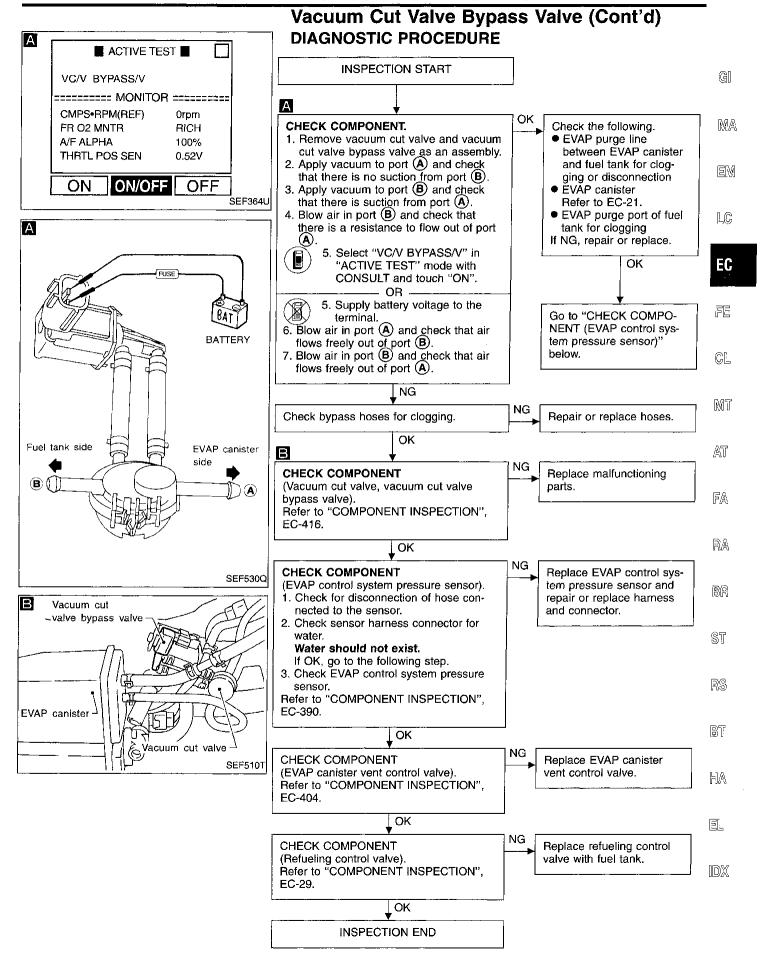
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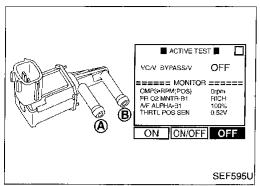
- 1) Remove vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve as an assembly.
- 2) Apply vacuum to port (A) and check that there is no suction from port (B).
- 3) Apply vacuum to port (B) and check that there is suction from port (A).
- 4) Blow air in port (B) and check that there is a resistance to flow out of port (A).
- 5) Supply battery voltage to the terminal.
- 6) Blow air in port (A) and check that air flow freely out of port (B).
- 7) Blow air in port (B) and check that air flow freely out of port (A).

Fuel tank side

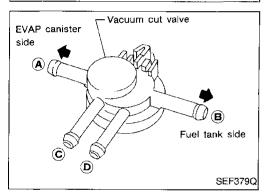
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EC-415 577



BATTERY B SEF351Q



Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Vacuum cut valve bypass valve

Check air passage continuity.



Perform "VC/V BYPASS/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VC/V BYPASS/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON ·	Yes
OFF	No

- OR -

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes	
No supply	No	

If NG, replace vacuum cut valve bypass valve.

Vacuum cut valve

Check vacuum cut valve as follows:

- 1. Plug port © and D with fingers.
- 2. Apply vacuum to port (a) and check that there is no suction from port (B).
- 3. Apply vacuum to port (B) and check that there is suction from port (A).
- 4. Blow air in port (B) and check that there is a resistance to flow out of port (A).
- 5. Open port © and D.
- 6. Blow air in port (A) check that air flows freely out of port (C).
- 7. Blow air in port (B) check that air flows freely out of port (D).

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Circuit)

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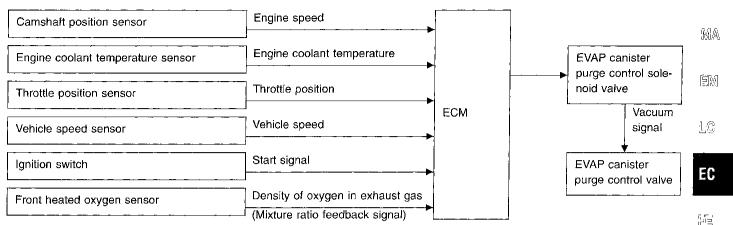
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SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

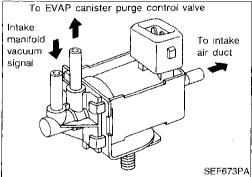


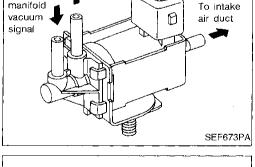
This system controls the vacuum signal applied to the EVAP canister purge control valve.

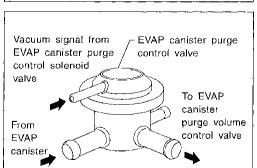
When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, current does not flow through the EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve.

The solenoid valve cuts the vacuum signal so that the EVAP canister purge control valve remains closed.

- Ignition switch "ON"
- Closed throttle position
- Low engine coolant temperature
- **During deceleration**
- Engine stopped
- Low vehicle speed (M/T models)
- For 60 seconds after starting engine (After warm-up to normal operating temperature)







SEF039V

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve

The EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, the vacuum signal (from the intake manifold to the EVAP canister purge control valve) is cut.

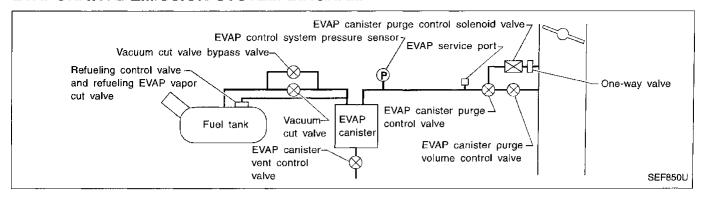
When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the vacuum signal passes through the EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve. The signal then opens the EVAP canister purge control valve.

EVAP canister purge control valve

When the vacuum signal is cut by EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve, EVAP canister purge control valve closes.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM DIAGRAM



CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	OFF
PURG CONT S/V	Shift lever: N No-load M/T models: Jack up drive wheels and shift to 1st gear position.	More than 60 seconds after starting engine A/T models: 2,000 rpm M/T models: 2,000 rpm and more than 16 km/h (10 MPH)	ON

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
105	PU	EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) — More than 60 seconds after starting engine M/T models: Jack up front wheels and drive wheels at 16 km/h (10 MPH). Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 0V
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Matfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1492	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve.	Harness or connectors (The EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Circuit)			
(Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE			
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		ch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before con- the next test.	EM
		Turn ignition switch "ON". Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT. Wait at least 5 seconds. OR	L©
	1)	Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.	EC
	2)	Select "MODE 3" with GST. OR	لشرائد. ا
NO TOOLS	1)	Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.	FË
	2)	Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".	CL
	3)	Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.	MT
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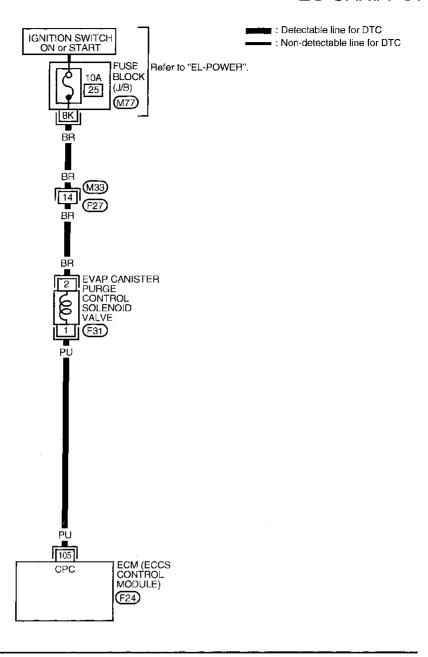
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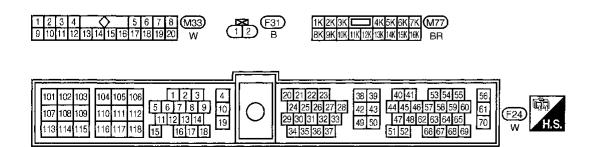
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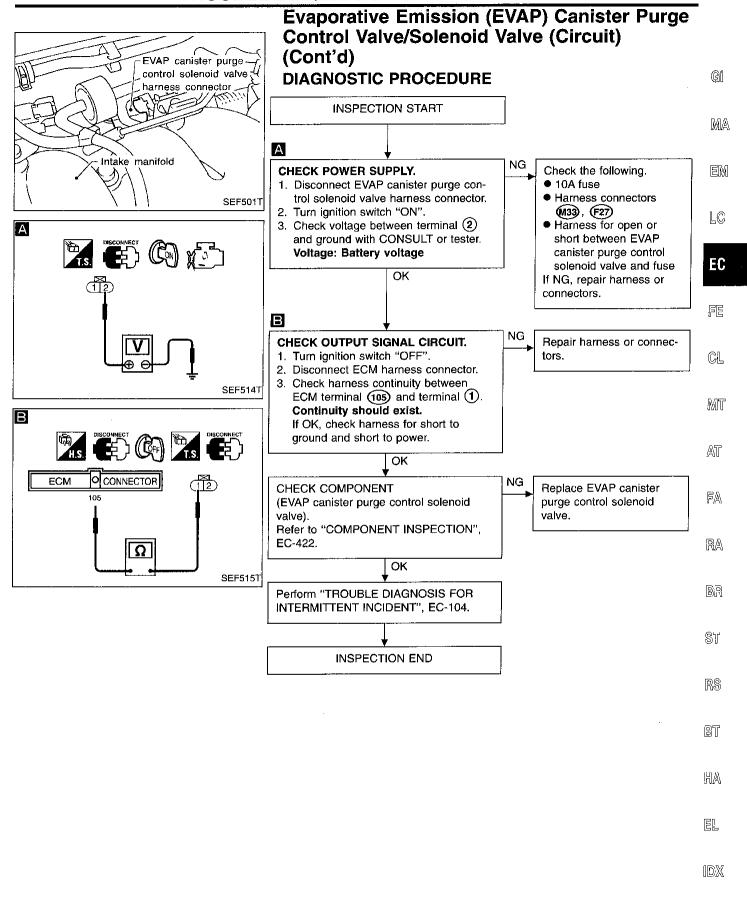
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

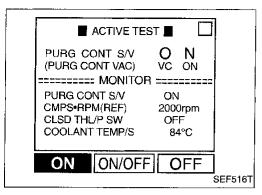
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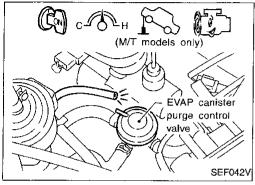


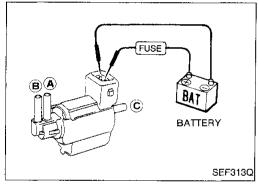


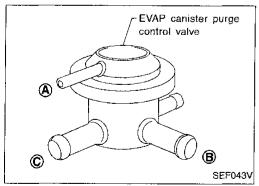


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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve



- 1. Jack up driving wheels (M/T models only).
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "PURG CONT S/V" of "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 5. Disconnect vacuum hose at EVAP canister purge control valve.
- 6. Touch "ON" and "OFF" and check for vacuum passing through the hose.

Condition	Vacuum
Idle	Not exist
2,000 rpm (A/T models) 2,000 rpm with 1 gear position (M/T models)	Exist



Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG, replace solenoid valve.

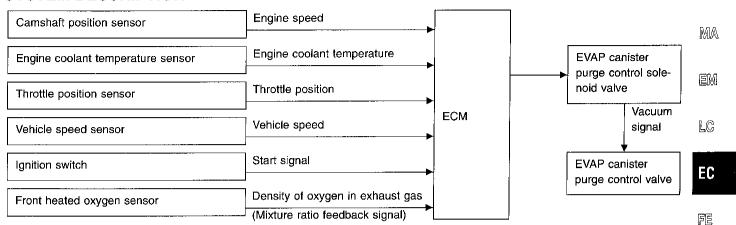
EVAP canister purge control valve

Check EVAP canister purge control valve as follows.

- 1. Blow air in port (A), (B) and (C), then ensure that there is no leakage.
- 2. Apply vacuum to port (a). [Approximately -13.3 to -20.0 kPa (-100 to -150 mmHg, -3.94 to -5.91 inHg)] Blow air in port (c) and ensure free flow out of port (B).

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



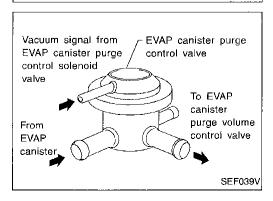
This system controls the vacuum signal applied to the EVAP canister purge control valve.

When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, current does not flow through the EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve.

The solenoid valve cuts the vacuum signal so that the EVAP canister purge control valve remains closed.

- Ignition switch "ON"
- Closed throttle position
- Low engine coolant temperature
- During deceleration
- Engine stopped
- Low vehicle speed (M/T models)
- For 60 seconds after starting engine (After warm-up to normal operating temperature)

To EVAP canister purge control valve Intake manifold To intake 0 vacuum air duct signal SEF673PA



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve

The EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, the vacuum signal (from the intake manifold to the EVAP canister purge control valve) is cut.

When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the vacuum signal passes through the EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve. The signal then opens the EVAP canister purge control valve.

EVAP canister purge control valve

When the vacuum signal is cut by EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve, EVAP canister purge control valve closes.

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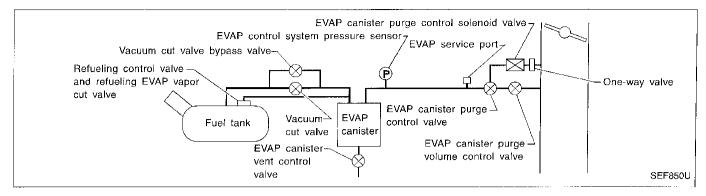
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM DIAGRAM



CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
	● Engine: After warming up	Idle	OFF
PURG CONT S/V	 Shift lever: N No-load M/T models: Jack up drive wheels and shift to 1st gear position. 	More than 60 seconds after starting engine A/T models: 2,000 rpm M/T models: 2,000 rpm and more than 16 km/h (10 MPH)	ON

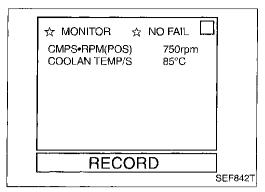
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

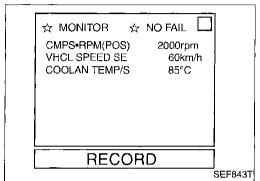
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
105	PU	EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) — More than 60 seconds after starting engine — M/T models: Jack up front wheels and drive wheels at 16 km/h (10 MPH). — Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 0V
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1493	EVAP canister purge control valve does not operate properly (stuck open).	 EVAP canister purge control valve EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve Vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection EVAP control system pressure sensor EVAP canister vent control valve Water separator EVAP canister saturated with water





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- If both DTC P1492 and P1493 are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1492 first. (See EC-417.)
- If "DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "PURG CN/V & S/V P1493" of "EVAPORA-TIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Touch "START"
- Start engine and let it idle for at least 90 seconds.
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 30 seconds.)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH) CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,600 - 3,000 rpm

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.5 ms

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

- 8) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
 - If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-427.

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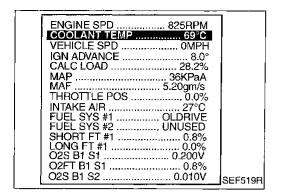
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- 3) Check coolant temperature.

Coolant temperature: 40 - 100°C (104 - 212°F)
Be sure that water temperature does not exceed 100°C. If it becomes higher than 100°C, cool down the engine and perform the procedure again from the beginning.

- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Restart engine and let it idle for at least 100 seconds.
- Maintain the following conditions for at least 30 seconds.

Gear position: Suitable gear position Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH)

Engine speed: 1,600 - 3,000 rpm

Coolant temperature: 40 - 100°C (104 - 212°F)

7) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

NOTE:

- Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during driving in step 6).
- If the driving conditions are not satisfied in step 6), restart the procedure.
- It is better that the fuel level is low.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check voltage between ECM terminal (5) and ground Voltage: 0.8 1.5V

Perform the following procedure before the voltage drops below 0.8V. If the voltage drops below 0.8V, cool down the engine and perform the entire procedure all over again.

- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Restart engine and let it idle for at least 100 seconds.
- 5) Maintain the following conditions for at least 30 seconds.

Gear position: Suitable gear position Vehicle speed: 36 - 100 km/h (22 - 62 MPH)

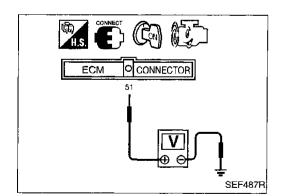
Engine speed: 1,600 - 3,000 rpm

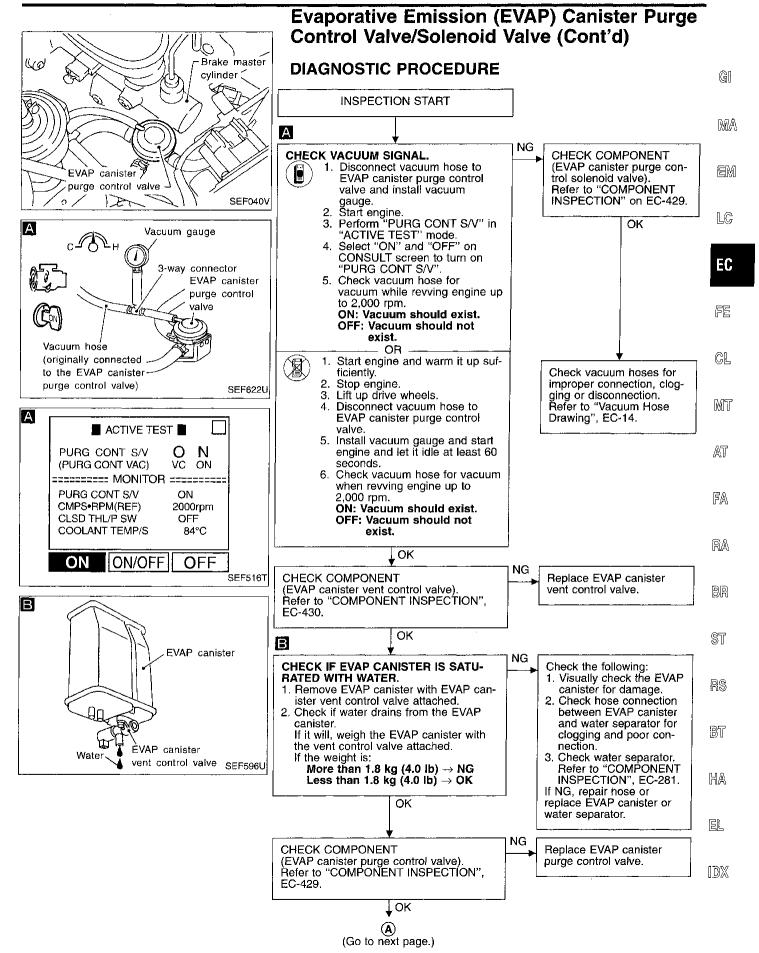
Check voltage between ECM terminal (51) and ground: 0.8 - 1.5 V

- 6) Stop the vehicle, turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds, and then turn "ON".
- 7) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

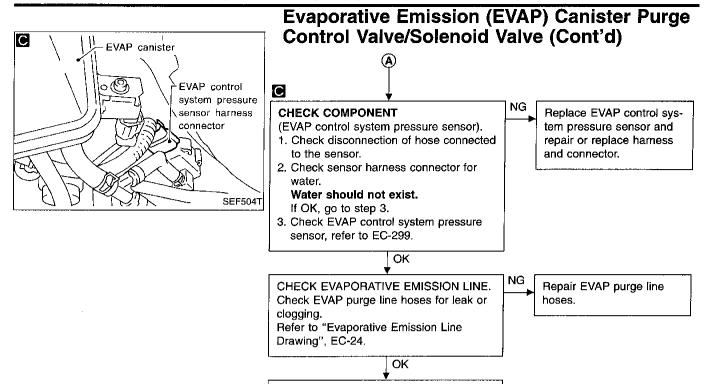
NOTE:

- Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during driving in step 5).
- If the driving conditions are not satisfied in step 5), restart the procedure.
- It is better that the fuel level is low.

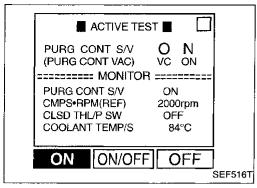


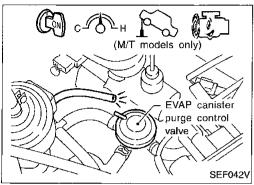


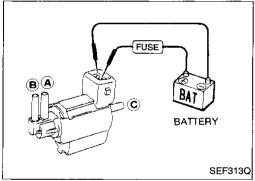
EC-427 589

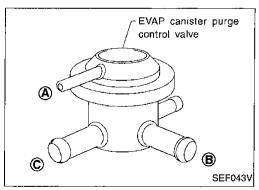


INSPECTION END









Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve

1. Jack up driving wheels (M/T models only).

2. Turn ignition switch "ON".

Select "PURG CONT S/V" of "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

Disconnect vacuum hose at EVAP canister purge control valve.

6. Touch "ON" and "OFF" and check for vacuum passing through the hose.

Condition	Vacuum	
Idle	Not exist	
2,200 rpm (A/T models) 2,000 rpm with 1 gear position (M/T models)	Exist	

OR

Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)	•
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes	No	•
No supply	No	Yes	

If NG, replace solenoid valve.

EVAP canister purge control valve

Check EVAP canister purge control valve as follows.

- 1. Blow air in port (A), (B) and (C), then ensure that there is no leakage.
- 2. Apply vacuum to port (a). [Approximately -13.3 to -20.0 kPa (-100 to -150 mmHg, -3.94 to -5.91 inHg)] Blow air in port (c) and ensure free flow out of port (B).

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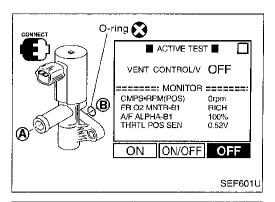
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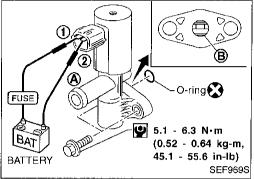
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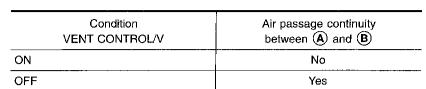


Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.





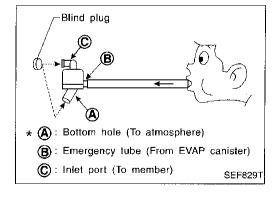
OR ·



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	No
No supply	Yes

If NG, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary. If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

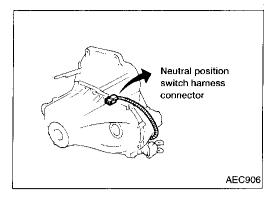


Water separator

- Check visually for insect's nests in the water separator air inlet
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 4. Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air into (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.

NOTE:

Do not disassemble water separator.



Park/Neutral Position Switch

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

When the gear position is "P" (A/T models only) or "N", park/neutral position switch is "ON".

ECM detects the park/neutral position when continuity with ground exists.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
P/N POSI SW		Shift lever: "P" or "N"	ON
	Ignition switch: ON	Except above	OFF

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ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

-					
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	
22 (els). Gear position is "N" or "P" (A/T models).		Gear position is "Neutral position" (M/T mod-	Approximately 0V	_ AT
			FA —		
	G/OR	G/OR Inhibitor switch	Institute quitab "ON"	A/T models: BATTERY VOLTAGE	RA
	(11 - 14V	(11 - 14V)	IFMA1		
			Except the above gear position	M/T models: Approximately 5V	ලල

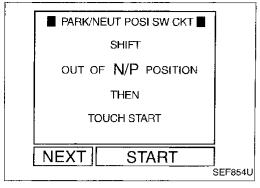
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

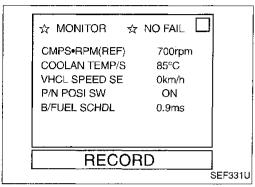
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	• ST • RS
P1706 1003	The signal of the park/neutral position switch is not changed in the process of engine starting and driving.	 Harness or connectors (The neutral position switch or inhibitor switch circuit is open or shorted.) Neutral position switch (M/T models) Inhibitor switch (A/T models) 	rs Ta

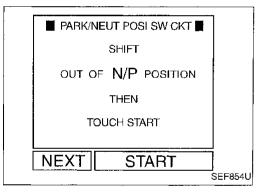
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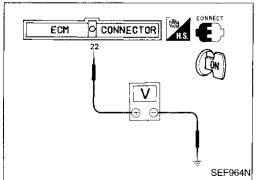
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EC-431 593









Park/Neutral Position Switch (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Perform "PARK/NEUT POSI SW CKT" in "FUNC-TION TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Select "P/N POSI SW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT. Then check the "P/N POSI SW" signal under the following conditions.

Position (Selector lever)	Known good signal
"N" and "P" (A/T only) position	ON
Except the above position	OFF

If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-434. If OK, go to following step.

- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 5) Maintain the following conditions for at least 50 consecutive seconds.

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,800 - 2,800 rpm COOLAN TEMP/S: More than 70°C (158°F)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.5 ms

VHCL SPEED SE: 70 - 100 km/h (43 - 62 MPH)

Selector lever: Suitable position

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

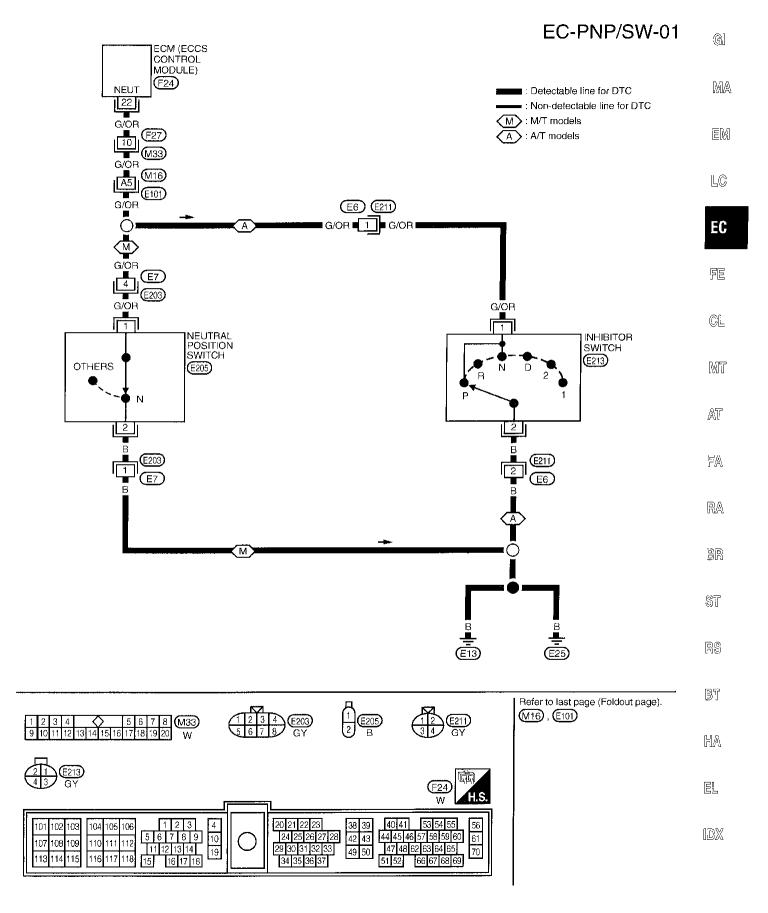
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the park/ neutral position switch circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Check voltage between ECM terminal ② and body ground under the following conditions.

Condition (Gear position)	Voltage (V) (Known good data)
"P" (A/T only) and "N" position	Approx. 0
Except the above position	A/T models: BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) M/T models: Approx. 5

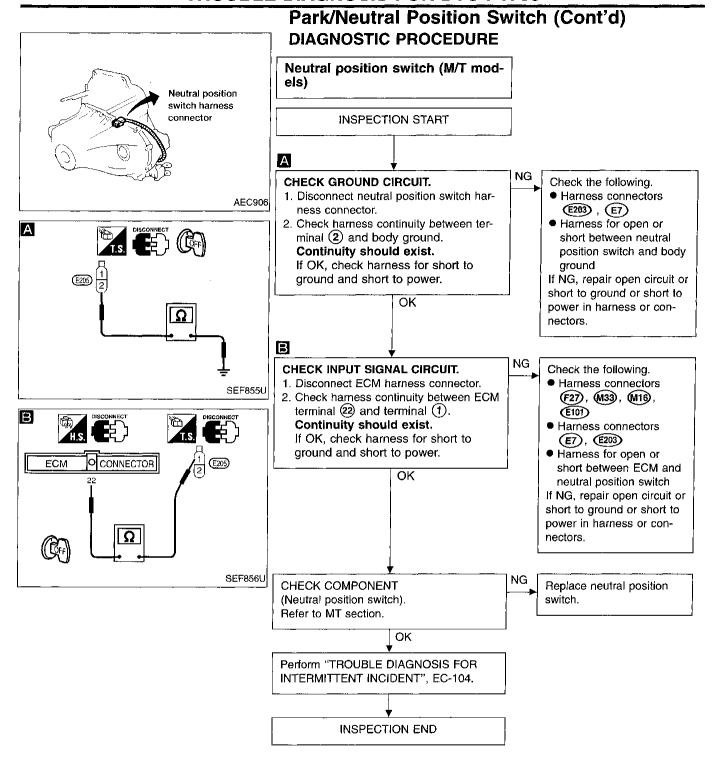
Park/Neutral Position Switch (Cont'd)

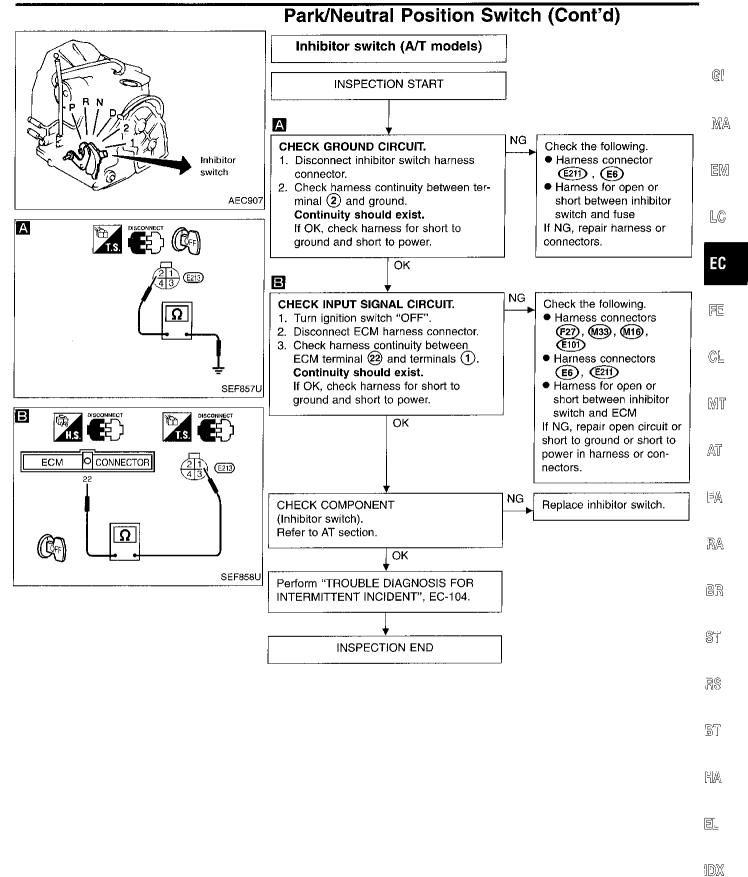


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EC-433

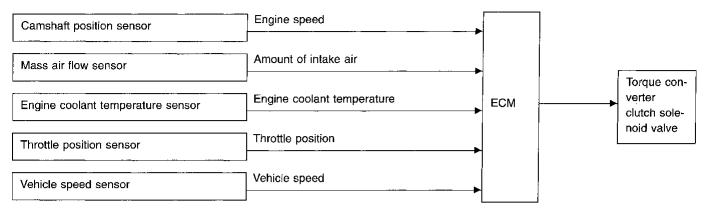




EC-435 597

Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The ECM controls torque converter clutch solenoid valve to cancel the lock-up condition of A/T. When the solenoid valve is **turned on**, lock-up is **cancelled**. When the solenoid valve is turned off, A/T lock-up is operational.

Conditions for lock-up cancel:

Torque converter clutch solenoid valve is turned "ON" when;

- Throttle valve is fully closed (during idling or deceleration)
- Engine coolant temperature is below 60°C (140°F)
- Vehicle speed is less than 64 km/h (40 MPH)
- During high-load operation

Conditions for lock-up operation:

Under 68 to 76 km/h (42 to 47 MPH) (2/8)

throttle on flat road), lock-up does not operate even when the torque converter clutch solenoid valve is "OFF".

 Over 106 to 114 km/h (66 to 71 MPH) (2/8 throttle on flat road), lock-up should operate because the torque converter clutch solenoid valve is "OFF".

To confirm vehicle lock-up, the torque converter clutch solenoid valve must be in operation ("ON" during idle and deceleration, and "OFF" during acceleration) and engine speed should drop.

When the accelerator pedal is depressed (less than 2/8) in lock-up, the engine speed should not change abruptly. If there is a big jump in engine speed, there will be no lock-up.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
		Idle	ON
TCC SOL/V	● Engine: After warming up	Vehicle speed is 64 km/h (40 MPH) or more in "D" position	OFF

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and
(3) (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
		Torque converter clutch	Engine is running. Idle speed	Approximately 0V
30	P/B	solenoid valve (A/T models only)	Engine is running.] (Warm-up condition) Vehicle speed is 64 km/h (40 MPH) or more in "D" position.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	GI
P1775 0904	 An excessively low voltage from the solenoid is sent to ECM. 	 Harness or connectors (The circuit is open or shorted.) Torque converter clutch solenoid valve 	MA
-			EM



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.





- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
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3) Wait at least 5 seconds. - OR -



TOOLS

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST. AT – OR –
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 sec-
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.



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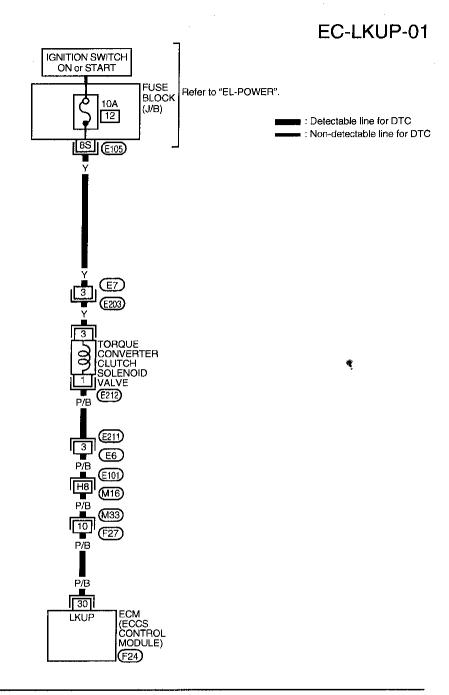
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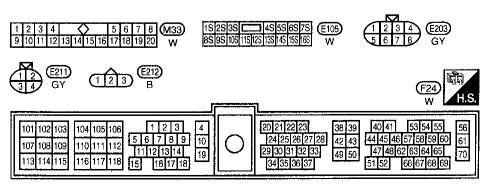
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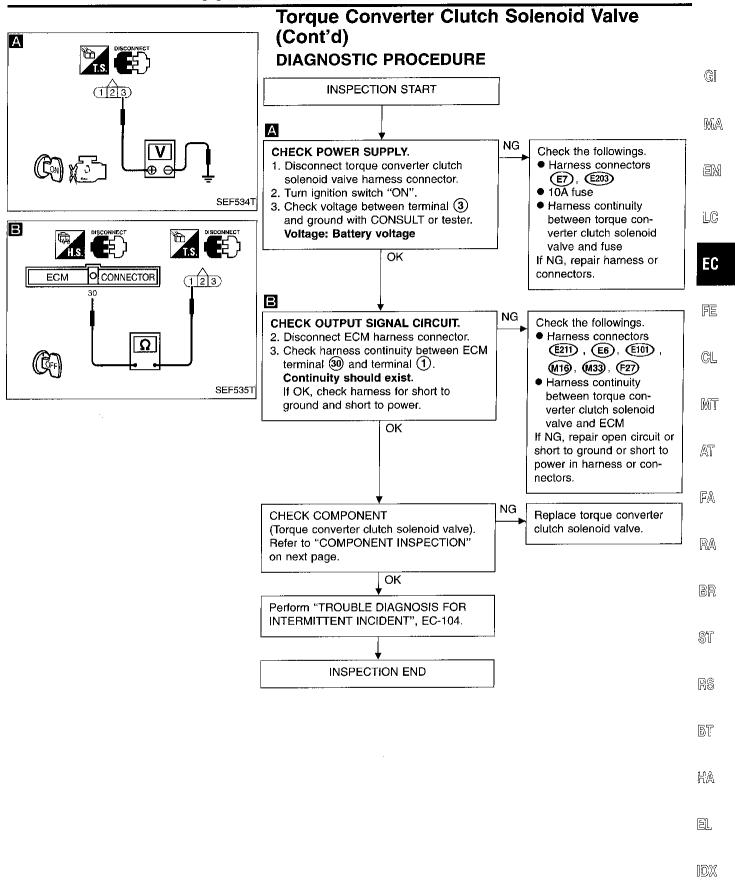
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Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

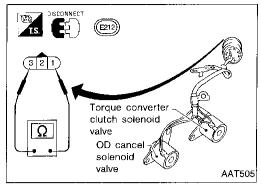


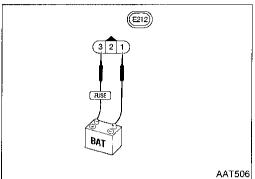


Refer to last page (Foldout page). M16 , E101



EC-439 601





Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

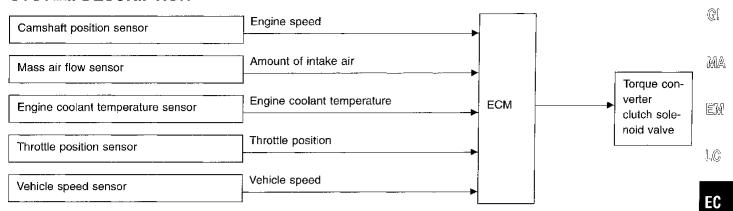
Torque converter clutch solenoid valve

- 1. Check resistance between torque converter clutch solenoid valve terminals ① and ③.
 - Resistance: Approximately 25Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
- 2. Remove torque converter clutch solenoid valve. Refer to "ON-VEHICLE SERVICE" in AT section.
- 3. Supply the solenoid valve terminals ① and ③ with battery voltage and check the solenoid valve operation.
 - Torque converter clutch solenoid valve should be operated.
- 4. If NG, replace torque converter clutch solenoid valve.

EC-440

Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The ECM controls torque converter clutch solenoid valve to cancel the lock-up condition of A/T. When the solenoid valve is **turned on**, lock-up is **cancelled**. When the solenoid valve is turned off, A/T lock-up is operational.

Conditions for lock-up cancel:

Torque converter clutch solenoid valve is turned "ON" when:

- Throttle valve is fully closed (during idling or deceleration)
- Engine coolant temperature is below 60°C (140°F)
- Vehicle speed is less than 64 km/h (40 MPH)
- During high-load operation

Conditions for lock-up operation:

Under 68 to 76 km/h (42 to 47 MPH) (2/8

throttle on flat road), lock-up does not operate even when the torque converter clutch solenoid valve is "OFF".

 Over 106 to 114 km/h (66 to 71 MPH) (2/8 throttle on flat road), lock-up should operate because the torque converter clutch solenoid valve is "OFF".

To confirm vehicle lock-up, the torque converter clutch solenoid valve must be in operation ("ON" during idle and deceleration, and "OFF" during acceleration) and engine speed should drop.

When the accelerator pedal is depressed (less than 2/8) in lock-up, the engine speed should not change abruptly. If there is a big jump in engine speed, there will be no lock-up.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

				L
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	
· · ·		Idle	ON	(
TCC SOL/V	Engine: After warming up	Vehicle speed is 64 km/h (40 MPH) or more in "D" position	OFF	

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECCS ground).

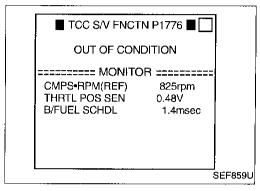
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TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	. [=] <u>A</u>
		Torque converter clutch	Engine is running. Idle speed	Approximately 0V	. []
30	P/B	solenoid valve (A/T models only)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Vehicle speed is 64 km/h (40 MPH) or more in "D" position.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	

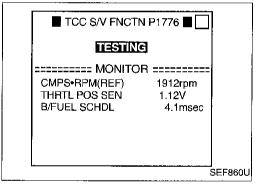
EC-441 603

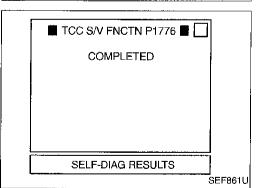
Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1776 0904		 Torque converter clutch solenoid valve A/T hydraulic control system Torque converter







DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

Always perform the test at a temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.

TESTING CONDITION:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine.
- 4) Select "TCC S/V FNCTN P1776" of "A/T (TCC S/V)" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Touch "START".
- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 20 seconds.)

Selector lever: D (OD "ON")

Vehicle speed: 76 - 100 km/h (47 - 62 MPH)

CMPS-RPM (REF): Less than 3,200 rpm

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.8 - 4.8 ms THRTL POS SEN: Less than 1.4V

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-444.



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR -

- 2) Select MODE 7 with GST.
- 3) Perform test drive in "D" position (OD "ON") at least 20 seconds continuously under the following conditions

Engine speed: Less than 3,200 rpm

Vehicle speed: 76 - 100 km/h (47 - 62 MPH)

— OR -

Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

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2) Perform test drive in "D" position (OD "ON") at least 20 seconds continuously under the following condi-

MA

Engine speed: Less than 3,200 rpm Vehicle speed: 76 - 100 km/h (47 - 62 MPH)

3) Stop the vehicle, turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at [M] least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

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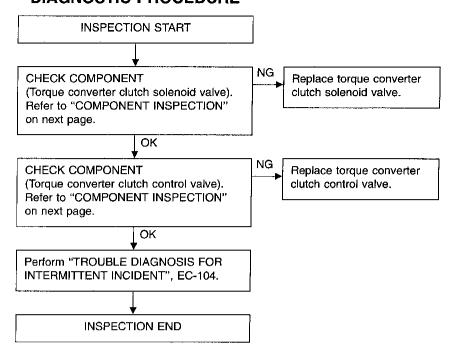
RS

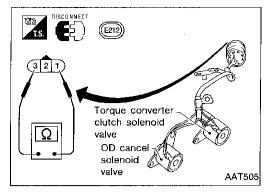
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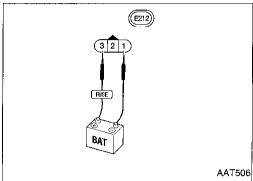
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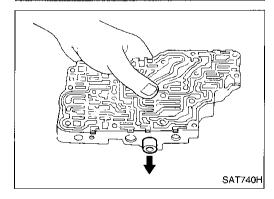
EC-443 605

Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE









Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Torque converter clutch solenoid valve

1. Check resistance between torque converter clutch solenoid valve terminals ① and ③.

Resistance: Approximately 25 Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]

- Remove torque converter clutch solenoid valve. Refer to "ON-VEHICLE SERVICE" in AT section.
- Supply the solenoid valve terminals ① and ③ with battery voltage and check the solenoid valve operation.
 Torque converter clutch solenoid valve should be operated.
- 4. If NG, replace torque converter clutch solenoid valve.



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Torque converter clutch control valve

- Disassemble torque converter clutch control valve assembly. Refer to "REPAIR FOR COMPONENT PARTS" on AT section.
- Check torque converter clutch control valve.
 - Valve, and sleeve slide along valve bore under their own weight.
 - Valve, and sleeve are free from burrs, dents and scratches.
 - Control valve springs are free from damage, deformation and fatigue.
 - Hydraulic line is free from obstacles.
- 3. If NG, replace torque converter clutch control valve.

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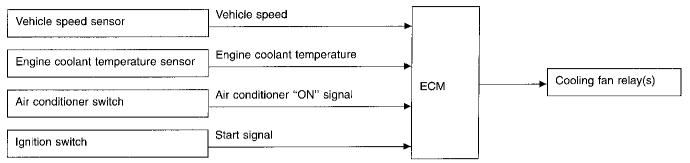
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EC-445 607

Overheat

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

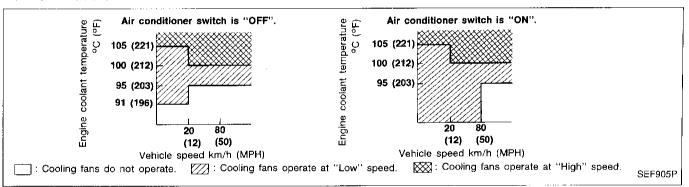
Cooling fan control



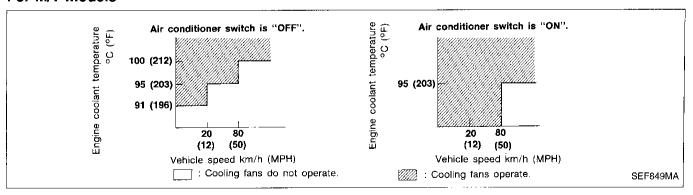
The ECM controls the cooling fan corresponding to the vehicle speed, engine coolant temperature, and air conditioner ON signal. The control system has 3-step control [HIGH/LOW/OFF] on A/T models and 2-step control [HIGH/OFF] on M/T models.

Operation

For A/T models



For M/T models



Overheat (Cont'd)

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	- - Gl
COOLING FAN	After warming up engine, idle the	Engine coolant temperature is 90°C (194°F) or less	OFF	
	engine. • Air conditioner switch: OFF	Engine coolant temperature is 91°C (196°F) or more	ON	MA

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (49) (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	
40	LG (A/T	Cooling for roley (High)	Engine is running. Cooling fan is not operating.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	E
*	(A/T models)	, , , , ,	Engine is running. Cooling fan (High) is operating.	0.07 - 0.10V	- [F[
1.4	LC/P	Cooling for valou	Engine is running. Cooling fan is not operating.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	- Cl
14	LG/R	Cooling fan relay	Engine is running. Cooling fan is operating.	0.07 - 0.30V	- M

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If the cooling fan or another component in the cooling system malfunctions, engine coolant temperature will rise.

When the engine coolant temperature reaches an abnormally high temperature condition, a malfunction is indicated.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	· Inva
0208	 Cooling fan does not operate properly (Overheat). Cooling fan system does not operate properly (Overheat). 	Harness or connectors (The cooling fan circuit is open or shorted.) Cooling fan	BR ST
	 Engine coolant was not added to the system using the proper filling method. 	Radiator hoseRadiatorRadiator cap	⊕)1
		Water pump Thermostat	RS
		For more information, refer to "MAIN 12 CAUSES OF OVERHEATING", EC-457.	BT

CAUTION:

When a malfunction is indicated, be sure to replace the coolant following the procedure in the MA section ("Changing Engine Coolant", "ENGINE MAINTENANCE"). Also, replace the engine oil.

- a. Fill radiator with coolant up to specified level with a filling speed of 2 liters per minute. Be sure to use coolant with the proper mixture ratio. Refer to MA section ("Anti-freeze Coolant Mixture Ratio", "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS").
- b. After refilling coolant, run engine to ensure that no water-flow noise is emitted.

EC-447 609

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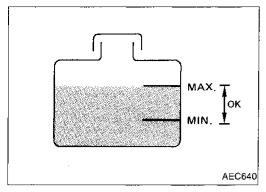
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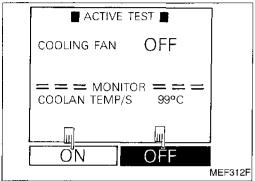
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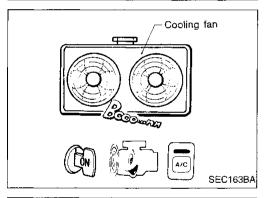
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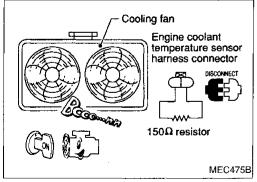
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Overheat (Cont'd)

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the cooling fan. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

WARNING:

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could be caused by high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator.

Wrap a thick cloth around cap. Carefully remove the cap by turning it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Then turn the cap all the way off.

- 1) Check the coolant level in the reservoir tank and radiator. Allow engine to cool before checking coolant level. If the coolant level in the reservoir tank and/or radiator is below the proper range, skip the following steps and go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" (EC-451).
- Confirm whether customer filled the coolant or not. If customer filled the coolant, skip the following steps and go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" (EC-451).



- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Perform "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

– OR –



3) Start engine.

Be careful not to overheat engine.

- 4) Set temperature control lever to full cold position.
- 5) Turn air conditioner switch "ON".
- 6) Turn blower fan switch "ON".
- 7) Run engine at idle for a few minutes with air conditioner operating.

Be careful not to overheat engine.

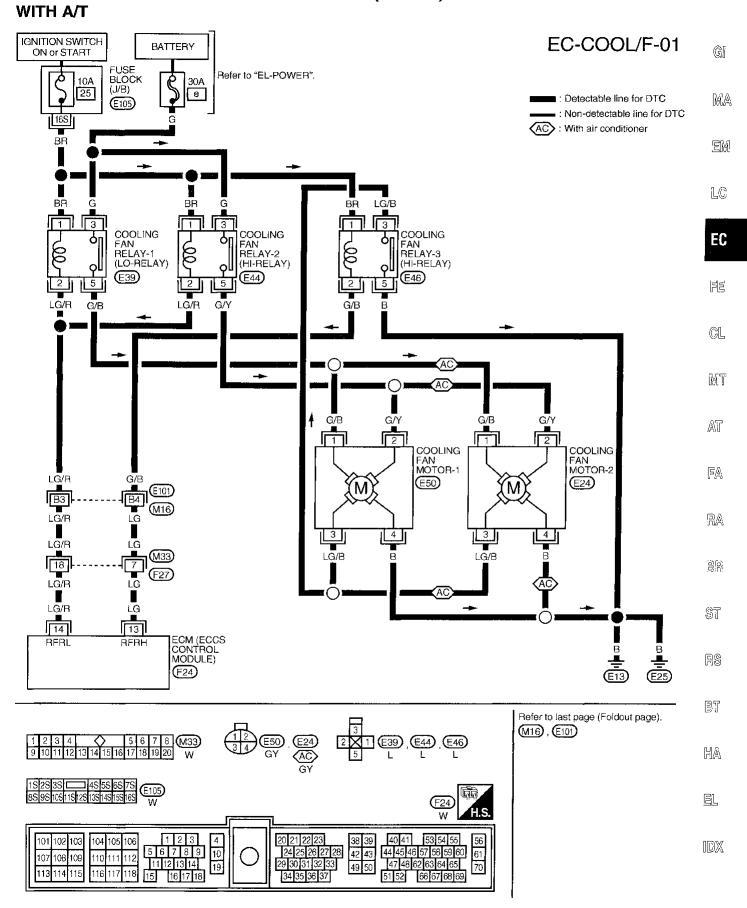
- 8) Make sure that cooling fan operates at low speed for A/T models and high speed for M/T models.
- 9) Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 10) Turn air conditioner switch and blower fan switch "OFF".

—A/T models only—

- 11) Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 12) Connect 150 Ω resistor to engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 13) Restart engine and make sure that cooling fan operates at higher speed than low speed.

Be careful not to overheat engine.

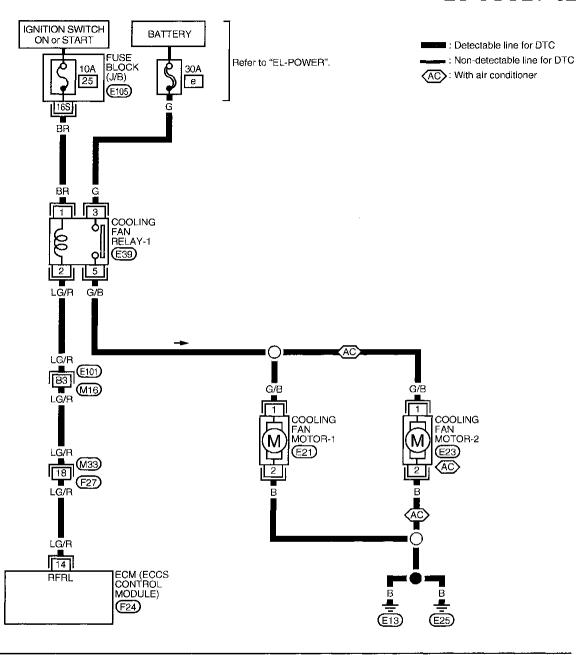
Overheat (Cont'd)

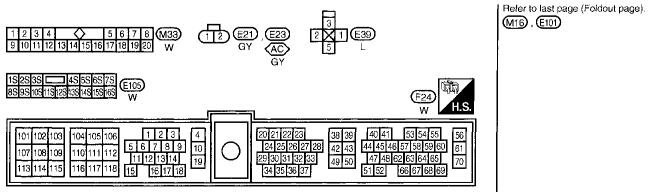


Overheat (Cont'd)

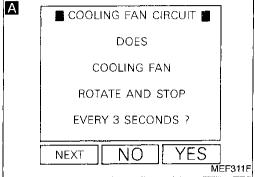
WITH M/T

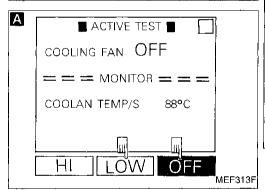
EC-COOL/F-02

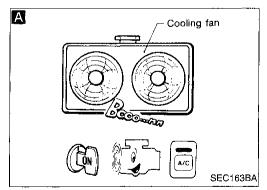




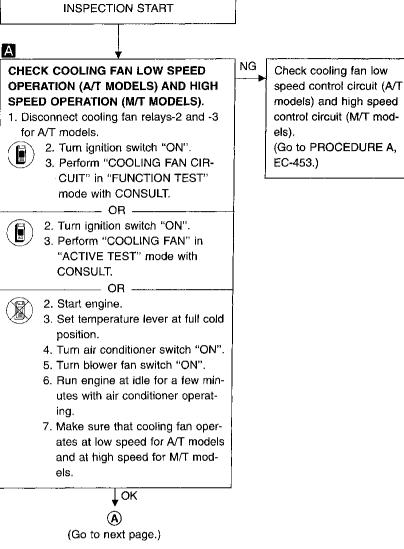
Cooling fan relay-3 Cooling fan relay-3 Cooling fan relay-2 AEC707







Overheat (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



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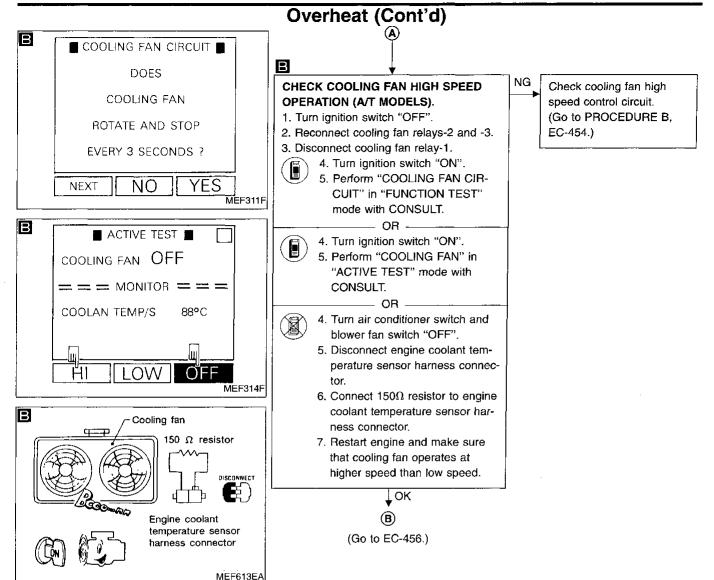
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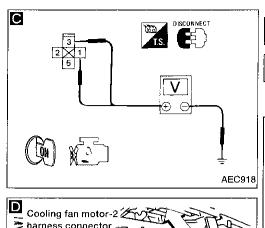
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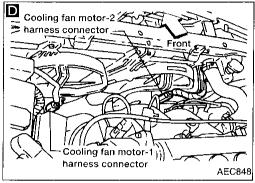
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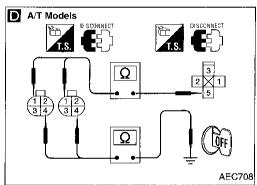
EC-451 613

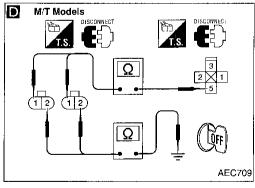


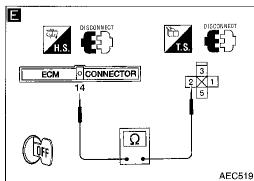
Overheat (Cont'd)

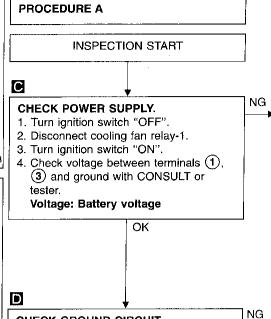












Check the following. • 10A fuse • 30A fusible link

• Harness for open or short between cooling fan relay-1 and fuse

(GI)

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MT

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 Harness for open or short between cooling fan relay-1 and battery If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

Repair harness or connectors.

CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT. 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF". 2. Disconnect cooling fan motor-1 harness

If OK, check harness for short. 4. Check harness continuity between terminal (4) (A/T models), (2) (M/T models) and body ground. Continuity should exist. If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.

terminal (14) and terminal (2).

Continuity should exist. If OK, check harness for short to

ground and short to power.

CHECK COMPONENT

(Cooling fan relay-1).

EC-458.

1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.

Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION",

Ų ok

(C) (Go to next page.)

EC-453

2. Check harness continuity between ECM

OK

OK

connector and cooling fan motor-2 har-

ness connector (with air conditioner). 3. Check harness continuity between ter-

minal 1 and terminal 5

Continuity should exist.

Ε

NG Check the following.

 Harness connectors (M16), (E101) Harness connectors

(F27), (M33) Harness for open or

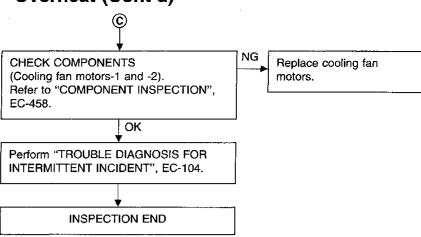
short between cooling fan relay-1 and ECM If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

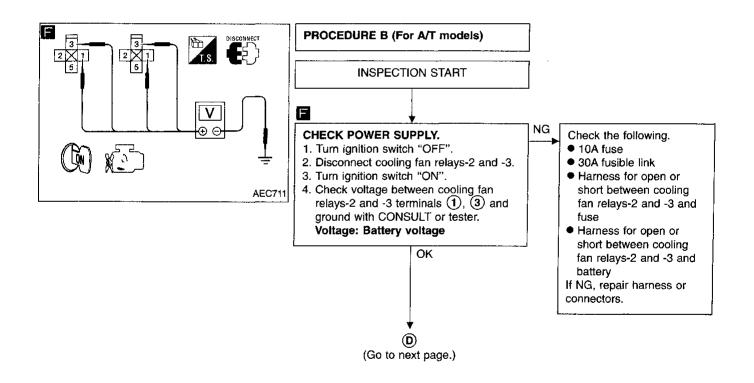
NG

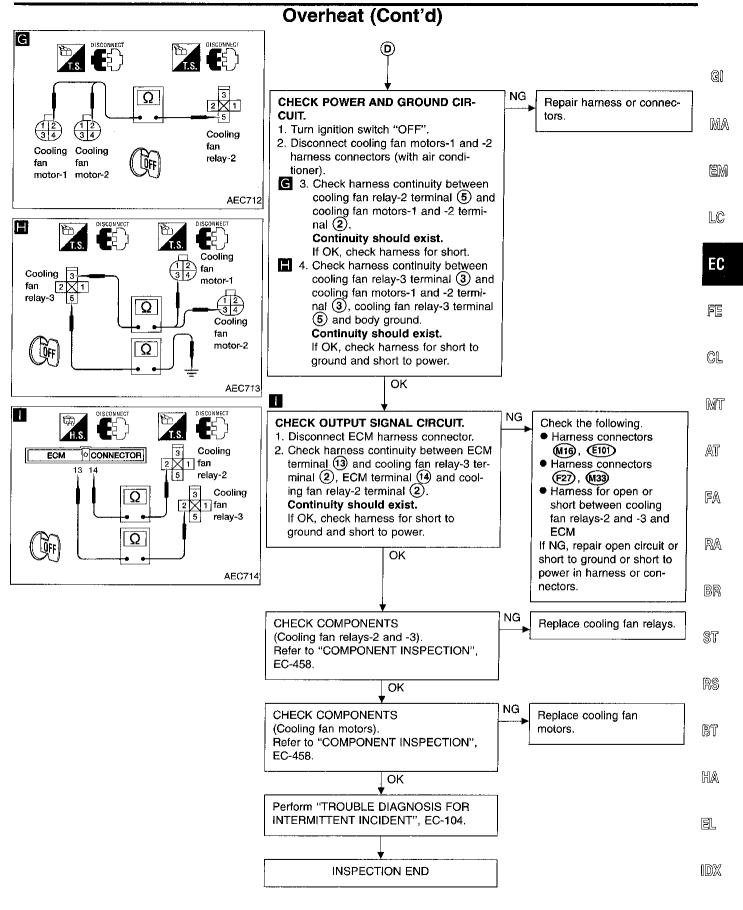
Replace cooling fan relay.

615

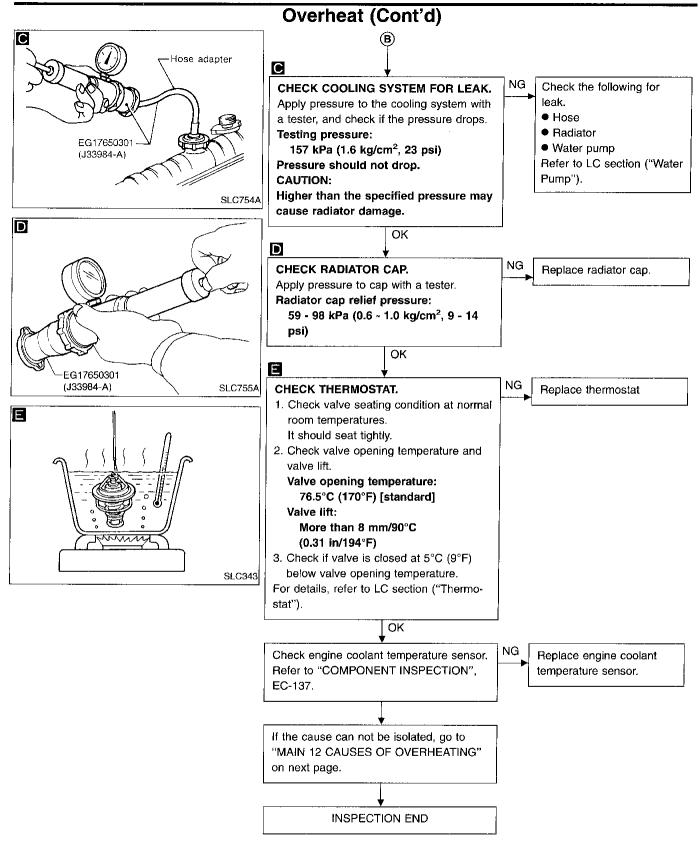
Overheat (Cont'd)







EC-455 617



Overheat (Cont'd)

MAIN 12 CAUSES OF OVERHEATING

Engine	Step	Inspection item	Equipment	Standard	Reference page	_ ^-
OFF	1	Blocked radiator Blocked condenser Blocked radiator grille	• Visual	No blocking	_	- (fi
		Blocked bumper				M
	2	Coolant mixture	Coolant tester	50 - 50% coolant mixture	See "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRI- CANTS" in MA section.	- [<u>=</u>](
	3	Coolant level	• Visual	Coolant up to MAX level in reservoir tank and radiator filler neck	See "Changing Engine Coolant", "ENGINE MAINTENANCE" in MA section.	- LQ
	4	Radiator cap	Pressure tester	59 - 98 kPa (0.6 - 1.0 kg/cm², 9 - 14 psi) (Limit)	See "System Check", "ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM" in LC section.	E
ON* ²	5	Coolant leaks	● Visual	No leaks	See "System Check", "ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM" in LC section.	· FE . Cl
ON* ²	6	Thermostat	Touch the upper and lower radiator hoses	Both hoses should be hot	See "Thermostat" and "Radiator", "ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM" in LC section.	MT.
ON*1	7	● Cooling fan	• CONSULT	Operating	See "TROUBLE DIAG- NOSIS FOR OVERHEAT" (EC-446).	AT
OFF	8	Combustion gas leak	Color checker chemical tester 4 Gas analyzer	Negative	_	FA
ON*3	9	Coolant temperature gauge	• Visual	Gauge less than 3/4 when driving	_	RA
		Coolant overflow to reservoir tank	● Visual	No overflow during driving and idling	See "Changing Engine Coolant", "ENGINE MAINTENANCE" in MA section.	99
OFF*4	10	Coolant return from reservoir tank to radiator	• Visual	Should be initial level in reservoir tank	See "ENGINE MAINTE- NANCE" in MA section.	ST
OFF	11	Cylinder head	Straight gauge feeler gauge	0.1 mm (0.004 in) Maximum distortion (warping)	See "Inspection", "CYL-INDER HEAD" in EM section.	RS
ļ	12	Cylinder block and pistons	● Visual	No scuffing on cylinder walls or piston	See "Inspection", "CYL-INDER BLOCK" in EM section.	B T

^{*1:} Turn the ignition switch ON.

EC-457 619

HA

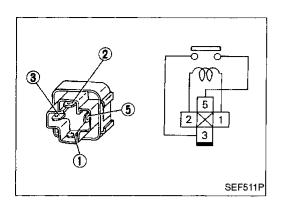
 $\mathbb{D}\mathbb{X}$

^{*2:} Engine running at 3,000 rpm for 10 minutes.

^{*3:} Drive at 90 km/h (55 MPH) for 30 minutes and then let idle for 10 minutes.

^{*4:} After 60 minutes of cool down time.

For more information, refer to "OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS" in LC section.



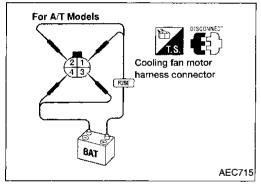
Overheat (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

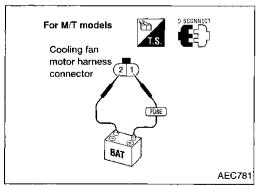
Cooling fan relays-1, -2 and -3

Check continuity between terminals 3 and 5.

Conditions	Continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes
No current supply	No

If NG, replace relay.





Cooling fan motors-1 and -2

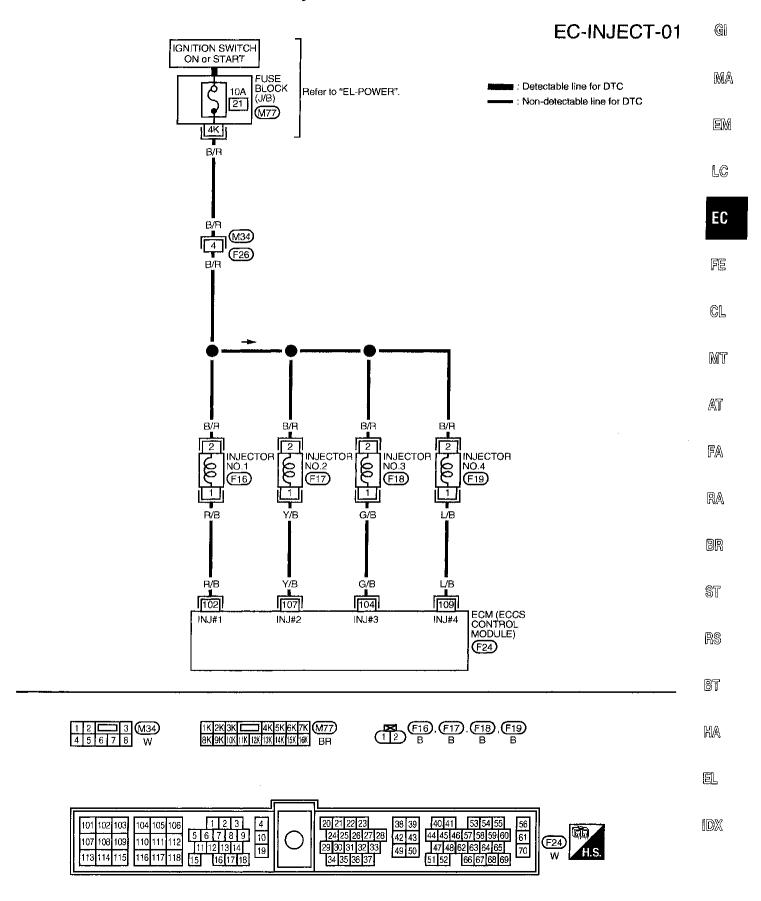
- 1. Disconnect cooling fan motor harness connectors.
- 2. Supply cooling fan motor terminals with battery voltage and check operation.

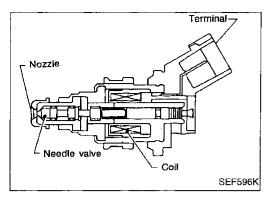
	Speed -	Tern	Terminals	
		(⊕)	(⊝)	
	Low (A/T models)	1	4	
Cooling fan motor	High (A/T models)	2	3	
	High (M/T models)	1	2	

Cooling fan motor should operate.

If NG, replace cooling fan motor.

Injector





Injector (Cont'd) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The fuel injector is a small, precise solenoid valve. When the ECM supplies a ground to the injector circuit, the coil in the injector is energized. The energized coil pulls the needle valve back and allows fuel to flow through the injector into the intake manifold. The amount of fuel injected depends upon the injection pulse duration. Pulse duration is the length of time the injector remains open. The ECM controls the injection pulse duration based on engine fuel needs.

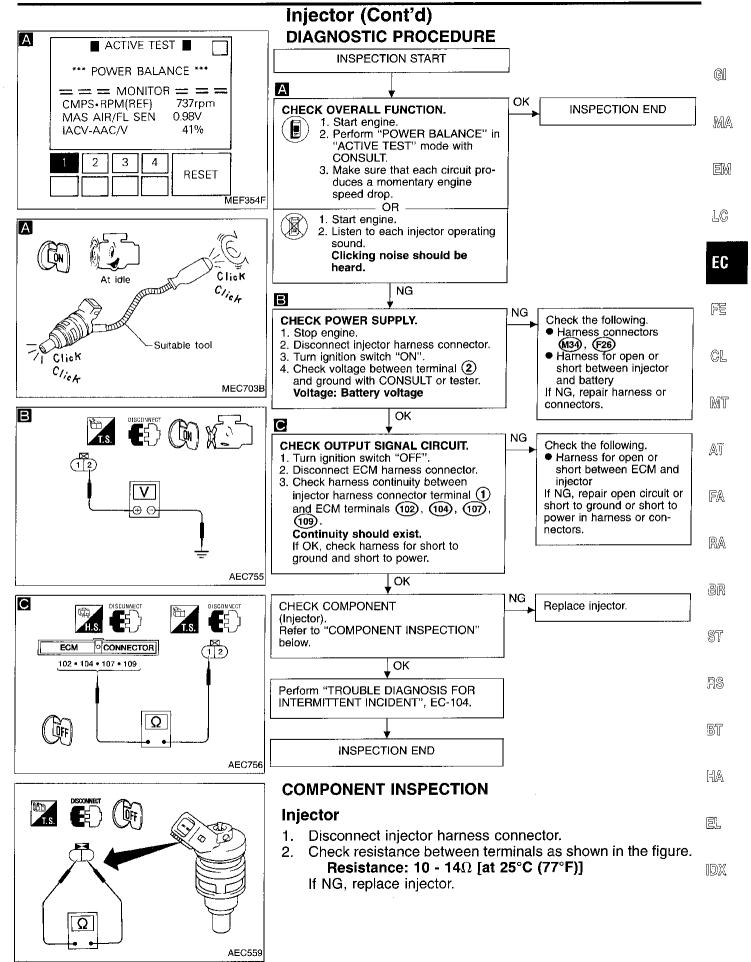
CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
IN I BUILDE	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF	Idle	2.4 - 3.2 msec.
INJ PULSE	Shift lever: "N" No-load	2,000 rpm	1.9 - 3.2 msec.
	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF	Idle	0.7 - 1.5 msec
B/FUEL SCHDL	Shift lever: "N" No-load	2,000 rpm	0.7 - 1.5 msec

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

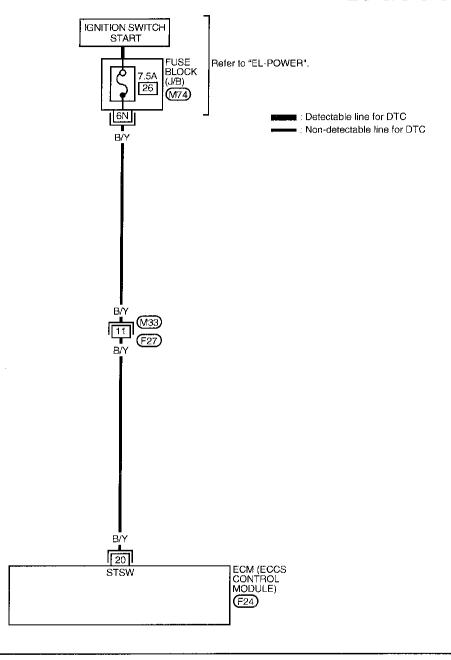
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
102 104	R/B G/B	Injector No. 1 Injector No. 3	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) (V) 40 20 0 20ms SEF204T
107 109	Y/B L/B	Injector No. 2 Injector No. 4	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) (V) 40 20 0 SEF205T

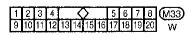


EC-461 623

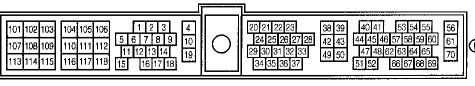
Start Signal

EC-S/SIG-01











Start Signal (Cont'd)

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

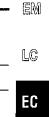
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	GI
START SIGNAL	● Ignition switch: ON → START → ON	$OFF \to ON \to OFF$	

MA

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

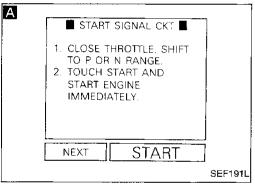
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (49) (ECCS ground).

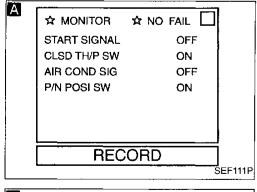
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
20			Ignition switch "ON"	
	B/Y	Start signal	Ignition switch "START"	

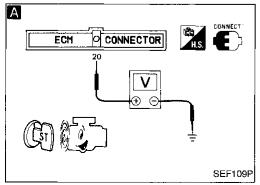


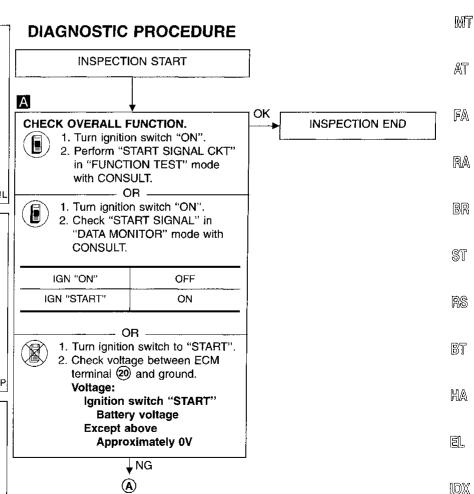
FE

CL.





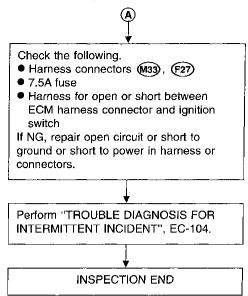




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EC-463 625

Start Signal (Cont'd)



Fuel Pump

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The ECM activates the fuel pump for several seconds after the ignition switch is turned on to improve engine startability. If the ECM receives a 180° signal from the camshaft position sensor, it knows that the engine is rotating, and causes the pump to perform. If the 180° signal is not received when the ignition switch is on, the engine stalls. The ECM stops pump operation and prevents battery discharging, thereby improving safety. The ECM does not directly drive the fuel pump. It controls the ON/OFF fuel pump relay, which in turn controls the fuel pump.

Condition	Fuel pump operation
Ignition switch is turned to ON.	Operates for 5 seconds
Engine running and cranking	Operates
When engine is stopped	Stops in 1 second
Except as shown above	Stops



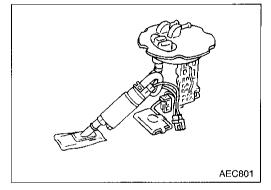
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COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

A turbine type design fuel pump is used in the fuel tank.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	BR
FUEL PUMP RLY	 Ignition switch is turned to ON (Operates for 5 seconds) Engine running and cranking When engine is stopped (stops in 1.0 seconds) 	ON	St
	Except as shown above	OFF	

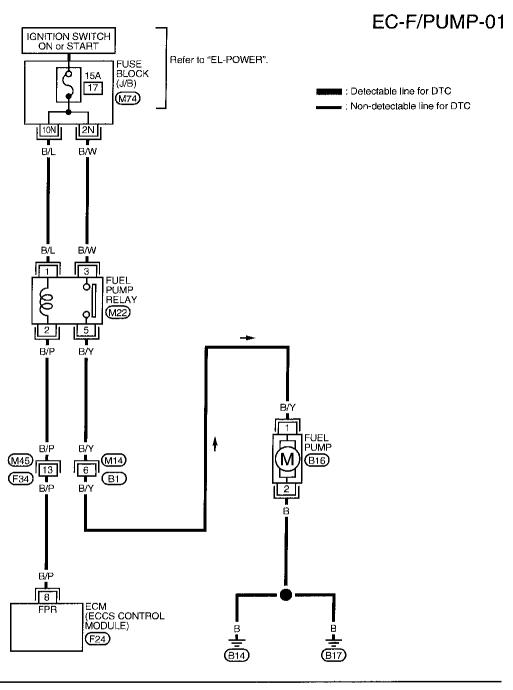
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

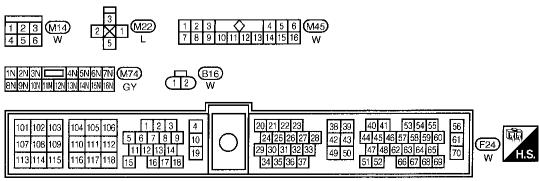
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

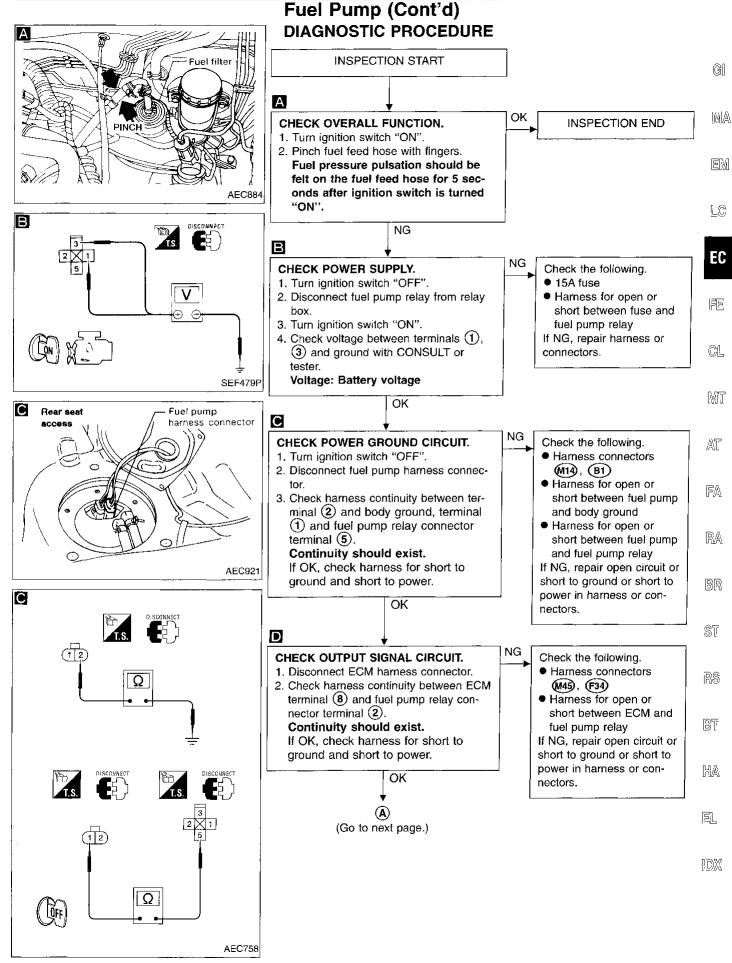
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	- 31 - 31 - 31
8 B/P	B/P	Fuel pump relay	Ignition switch "ON"	0 - 1V	
			Ignition switch "ON" More than 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	- IDX

EC-465 627

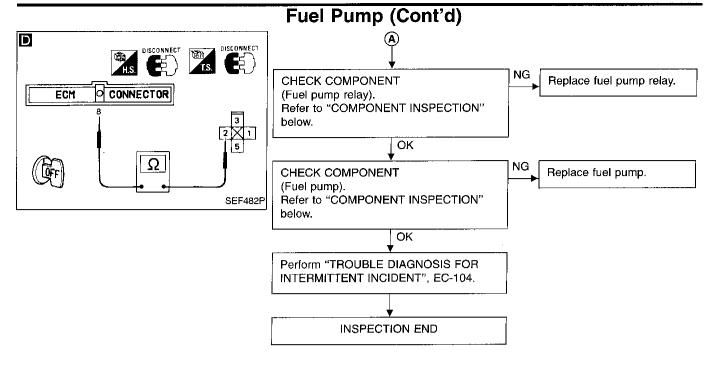
Fuel Pump (Cont'd)

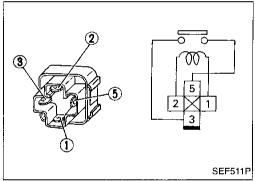


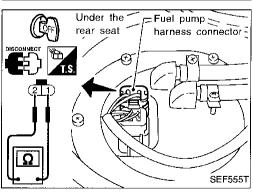




EC-467 629







COMPONENT INSPECTION

Fuel pump relay

Check continuity between terminals 3 and 5.

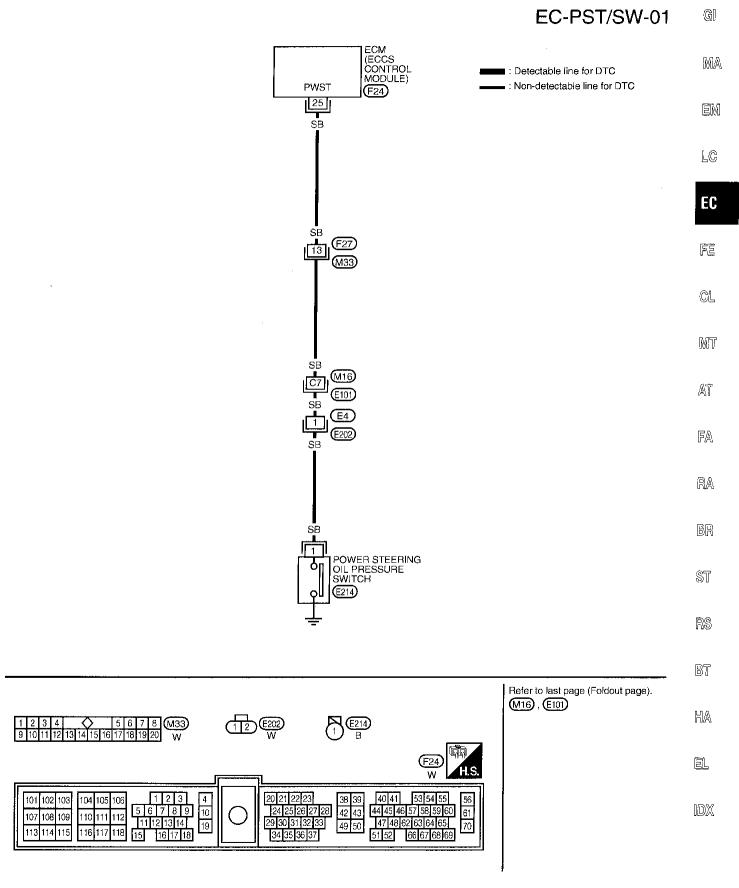
Conditions	Continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals ①and ②	Yes
No current supply	No

If NG, replace relay.

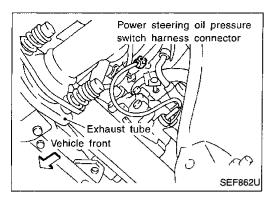
Fuel pump

- Disconnect fuel pump harness connector.
- Check resistance between terminals ①and ②.
 Resistance: 0.2 5.0Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
 If NG, replace fuel pump.

Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch



AEC434A



Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch (Cont'd) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The power steering oil pressure switch is attached to the power steering high-pressure tube and detects a power steering load. When a power steering load is detected, it signals the ECM. The ECM adjusts the IACV-AAC valve to increase the idle speed and adjust for the increased load.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

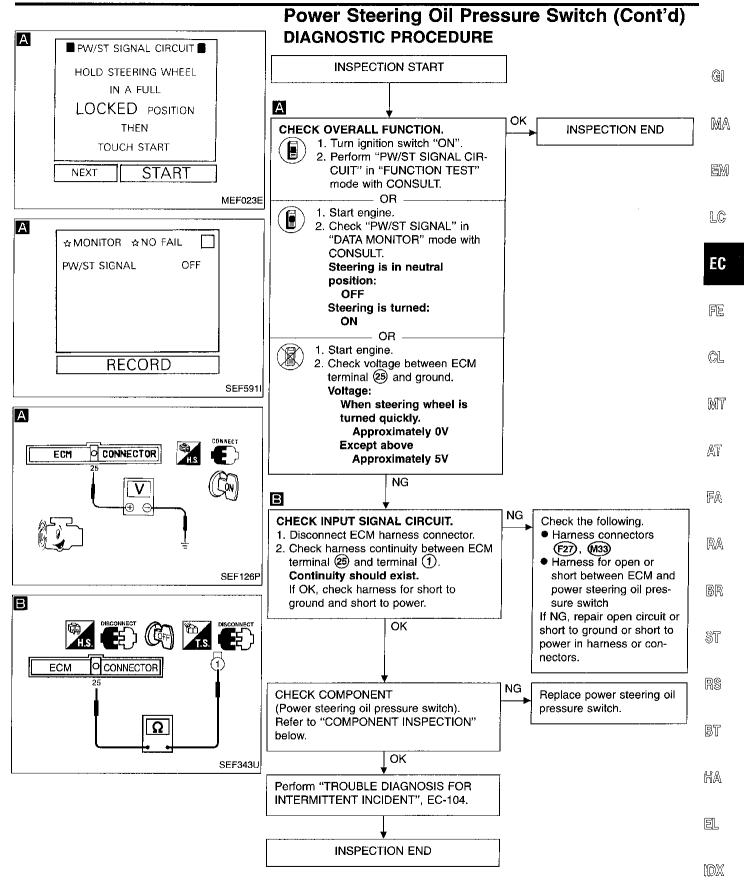
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
PW/ST SIGNAL • Engine: After warming up, idle	Steering wheel in neutral position (forward direction)	OFF	
	the engine	The steering wheel is fully turned	ON

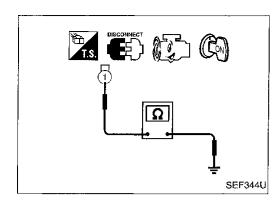
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
25	Power steering oil pres-		Engine is running. Steering wheel is fully turned.	Approximately 0V
25	SB	sure switch	Engine is running. Steering wheel is not turned.	Approximately 5V



EC-471 633



Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

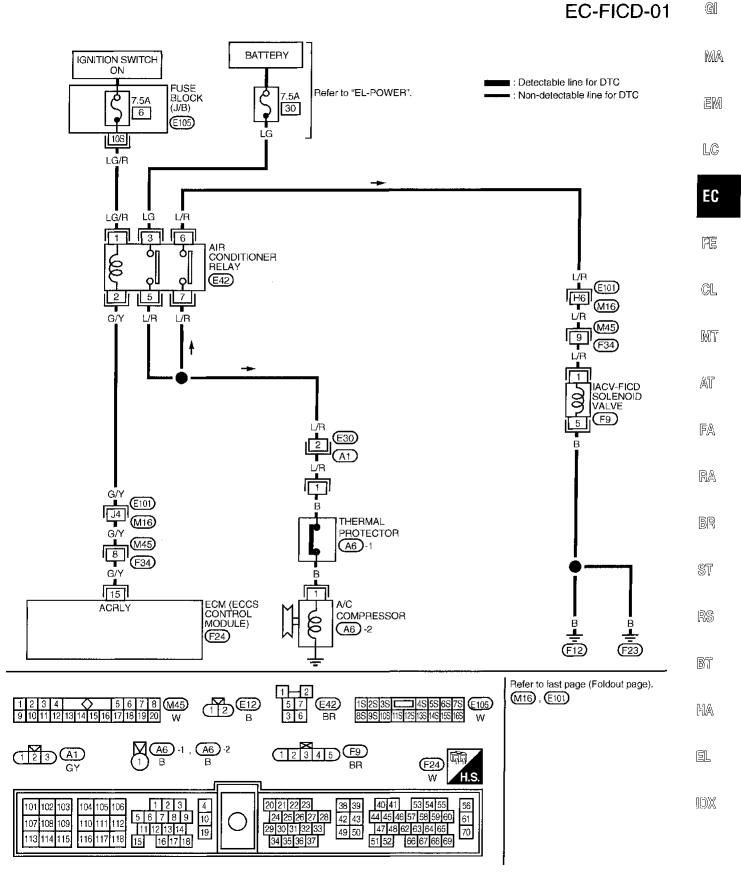
Power steering oil pressure switch

- Disconnect power steering oil pressure switch harness connector then start engine.
- 2. Check continuity between terminal 1 and ground.

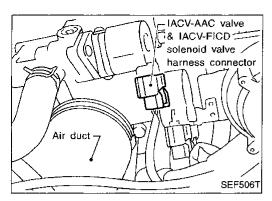
Conditions	Continuity
Steering wheel is being turned	Yes
Steering wheel is not being turned	No

If NG, replace power steering oil pressure switch.

IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve



AEC568A



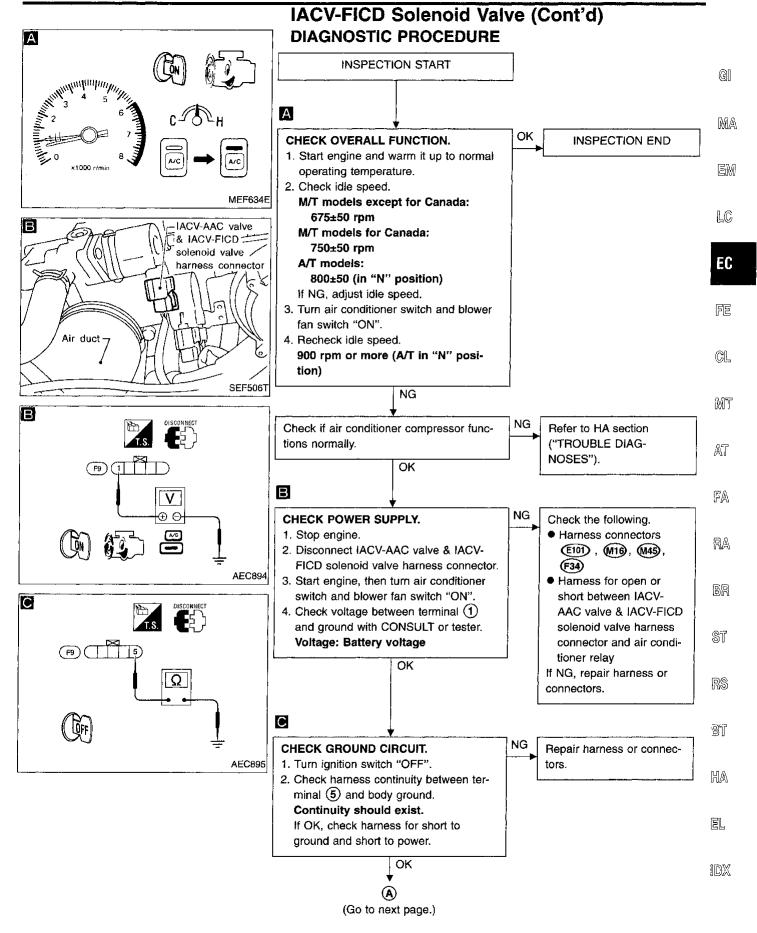
IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The IACV-FICD solenoid valve is built into the IACV-AAC valve body. When the air conditioner is on, the IACV-FICD solenoid valve supplies additional air to adjust to the increased load.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

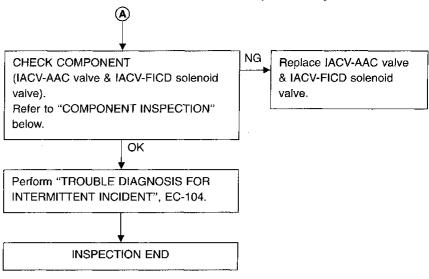
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

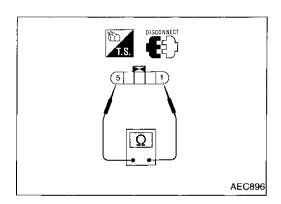
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
15	G/Y	Air conditionar voley	Engine is running. Both A/C switch and blower switch are "ON".	0 - 0.3V
15	G/T	Air conditioner relay	Engine is running. A/C switch is "OFF".	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)



EC-475 637

IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)





COMPONENT INSPECTION

IACV-FICD solenoid valve

- Disconnect IACV-AAC valve & IACV-FICD solenoid valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between terminals ① and ⑤.

Resistance:

Condition	Resistance (Ω) 138 - 238	
Cold	138 - 238	
Hot	175 - 280	

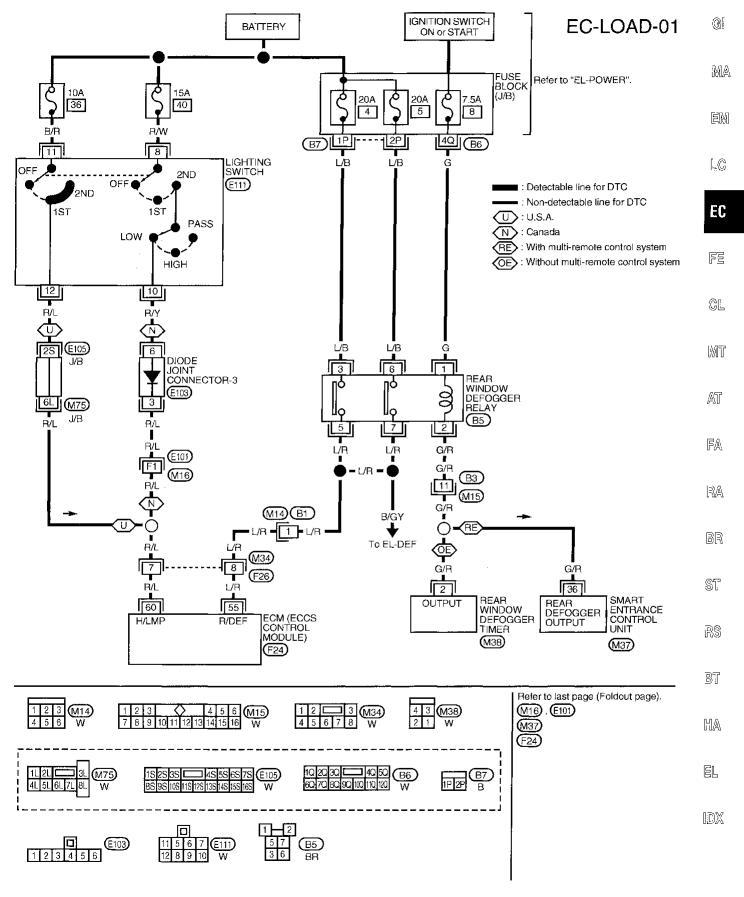
Note: "Cold" and "Hot" mean the temperature of coils in IACV-AAC valve.

"Cold": -10°C (14°F) - 50°C (122°F)

"Hot": 50°C (122°F) - 100°C (212°F)

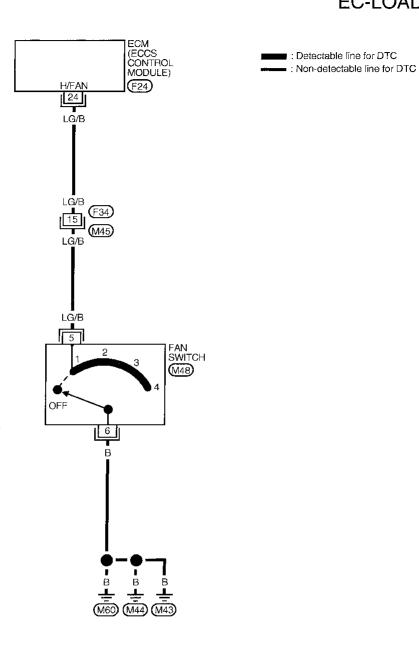
If NG, replace IACV-AAC valve & IACV-FICD solenoid valve.

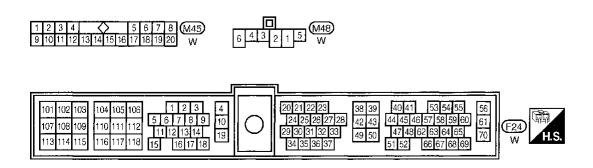
Electric Load Signal



Electric Load Signal (Cont'd)

EC-LOAD-02





Electric Load Signal (Cont'd)

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	· (£]
LOAD CICALA		Rear window defogger is operating and/or lighting switch* is on	ON	<u>G</u> II
LOAD SIGNAL	Ignition switch: ON	Rear window defogger is not operating and lighting switch is not on	OFF	MA

EM

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA	LC
NO.	COLOR			(DC voltage)	EC
24	LG/B	Blower fan switch	Ignition switch "ON" Blower fan switch is "ON".	Approximately 0V	
55	L/R	Rear window defogger	Ignition switch "ON" Rear window defogger is "OFF".	Approximately 0V	- FE
33		relay	Ignition switch "ON" Rear window defogger is "ON".	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	CL
60	R/L	Headlamp switch	Lighting switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	MT
			Lighting switch "OFF"	Approximately 0V	AT

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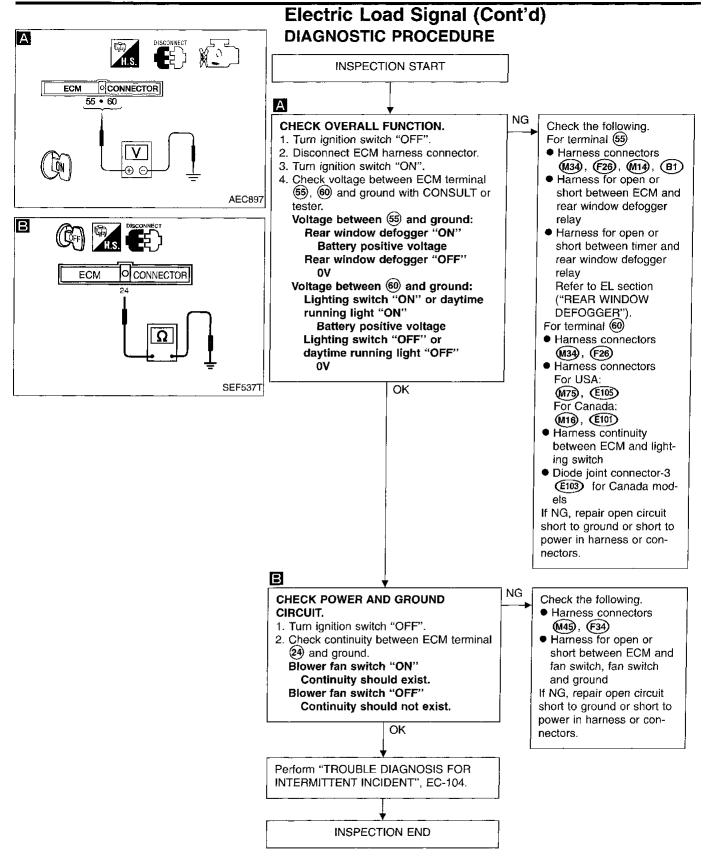
BT

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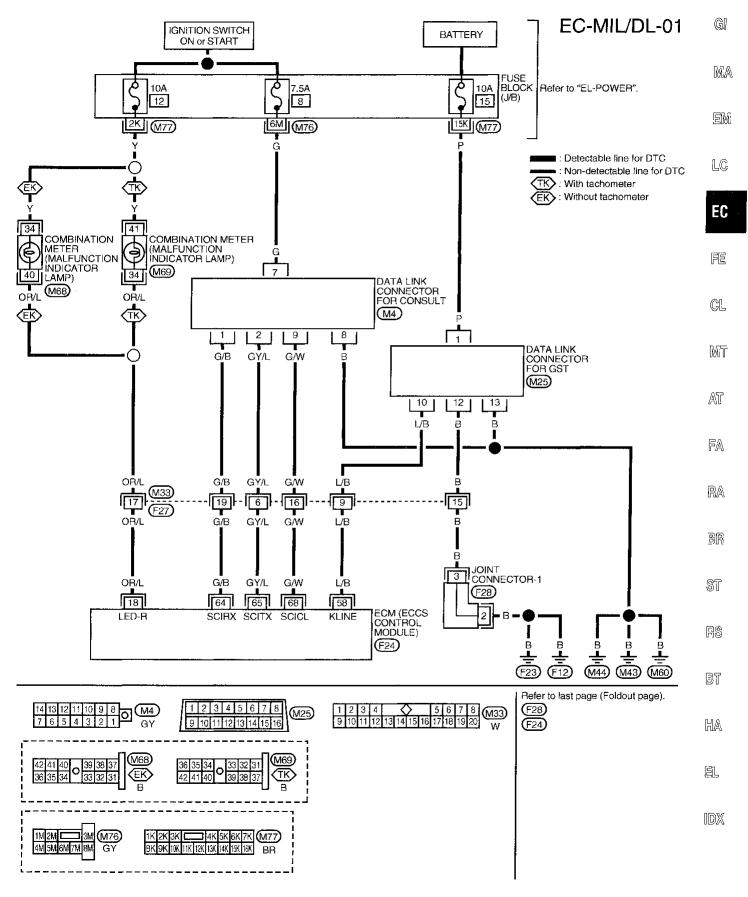
IDX

EC-479 641

^{*: 1}st position for USA models, 2nd position for Canada models.



MIL & Data Link Connectors



AEC438A

643

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

General Specifications

FUEL PRESSURE REGULATOR Fuel pressure at idling kPa (kg/cm², psi)	
Vacuum hose is connected	Approximately 235 (2.4, 34)
Vacuum hose is disconnected	Approximately 294 (3.0, 43)

Inspection and Adjustment

Idle	speed*1	rpm	
	No-load*2	(in "N" position)	M/T models except for Canada: 675±50 rpm M/T models for Canada: 750±50 rpm A/T models: 800±50 (in "N" position)
	Air conditioner	: ON (in "N" position)	900 or more
lgn	ition timing		8°±2° BTDC
	ottle position se sition	ensor idle V	0.35 - 0.65

^{*1:} Feedback controlled and needs no adjustments

- Air conditioner switch: OFF
- Electric load: OFF (Lights, heater fan & rear window defogger)

ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

	Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance $k\Omega$	
	20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9	
·	50 (122)	0.68 - 1.00	
•	90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260	

EGR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage (V)	Resistance (MΩ)
0 (32)	4.81	7.9 - 9.7
50 (122)	2.82	0.57 - 0.70
100 (212)	8.0	0.08 - 0.10

IGNITION COIL

		·
Primary voltage	V	Battery voltage (11 - 14)
Primary resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	Approximately 1.0
Secondary resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	kΩ	Approximately 10.0

MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Supply voltage \	Battery voltage (11 - 14)
Output voltage \	1.0 - 1.7
Mass air flow (Using CONSULT or GST) g·m/sec	1.0 - 4.0 at idle* 5.0 - 10.0 at 2,500 rpm*

^{*:} Engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature and idling under no-load.

FUEL PUMP

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	0.2 - 5.0

IACV-AAC VALVE

Condition	Resistance (Ω)
Cold	138 - 238
Hot	175 - 280

INJECTOR

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	10 - 14

RESISTOR

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	kΩ	Approximately 2.2

644 **EC-482**

^{*2:} Under the following conditions:

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Inspection and Adjustment (Cont'd)

THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Throttle valve conditions	Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]
Completely closed	Approximately 0.6 kΩ
Partially open	0.6 - 4.0 kΩ
Completely open	Approximately 4.0 k Ω

FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR HEATER

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)] Ω	2.3 - 4.3
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CALCULATED LOAD VALUE

	Calculated load value % (Using CONSULT or GST)
At idle	15.0 - 30.0
At 2,500 rpm	13.0 - 28.0

INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
80 (176)	0.27 - 0.38

EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL VALVE

Resistance [at 20°C (68°F)]	Approximately 41
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TORQUE CONVERTER CLUTCH SOLENOID VALVE

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	Approximately 25
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(Gi)

MA

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

BT

HA

EL

IDX

REAR HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR HEATER

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	2.3 - 4.3

CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (OBD)

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	M/T	432 - 528
		A/T	166.5 - 203.5

TANK FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90

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